

National Community Services Data Dictionary

Version 8



Authoritative information and statistics to promote better health and wellbeing

National Community Services Data Dictionary

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Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Canberra

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The Australian Institute of Health and Welfare is a major national agency which provides reliable, regular and relevant information and statistics on Australia's health and welfare. The Institute's mission is authoritative information and statistics to promote better health and wellbeing.

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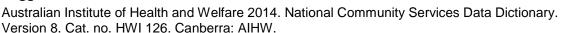
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Board Chair Director
Dr Mukesh Haikerwal AO David Kalisch

Any enquiries about or comments on this publication should be directed to: Digital and Media Communications Unit

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

GPO Box 570

Canberra ACT 2601 Tel: (02) 6244 1032

Email: info@aihw.gov.au

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	International Standards Organisation codes for the representation of names of count and their subdivisions, Part 1: Country codes (ISO 3166, 2006)	
	International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Ten Revision, Australian Modification 8th edition	
	National Classifications of Community Services version 2.0	. 1354
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Abbreviations

ABN Australian Business Number

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

AIHW Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification

ANZSCO Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations

AS Australian Standard

ASCDC Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern

ASCL Australian Standard Classification of Languages

ASGC Australian Standard Geographical Classification

ASGS Australian Statistical Geography Standard

CD Collection District

DSM Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders

DSS data set specification

ICD International Classification of Diseases

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission

ISO International Organisation for Standardisation

METeOR Metadata Online Registry

NCSIMG National Community Services Information Management Group

NMDS national minimum data set

REDWG Research Evaluation and Data Working Group

SACC Standard Australian Classification of Countries

SA1 Statistical Area Level 1

SA2 Statistical Area Level 2

SCCDSAC Standing Council on Community and Disability Services Advisory Council

SEIFA Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas

SLA Statistical Local Area

1 Introduction

The National Community Services Data Dictionary (NCSDD) is the authoritative source of information about endorsed national metadata standards for the community services sectors, and provides the basis for consistent national collection and reporting. This is the 8th biennial version of the NCSDD.

The release of version 8 of the NCSDD coincides with changes affecting the governance of national data standards in the community services sector. As a result of these changes, version 8 is the last NCSDD that will be released. More information about the changed governance arrangements is provided at Section 1.1.1 below.

NCSDD version 8 contains national standards grouped into the following metadata types:

- Data elements
- National minimum data set specifications
- Data set specifications
- Data element clusters
- Supporting metadata items:
 - Object classes
 - Properties
 - Classification schemes
 - Glossary items.

The standards have been endorsed by the Standing Council on Community and Disability Services Advisory Council's (SCCDSAC's) Research, Evaluation and Data Working Group (REDWG) or its predecessor, the National Community Services Information Management Group (NCSIMG) for inclusion in the data dictionary. The standards are also available on METeOR, the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare's online metadata registry, at www.meteor.aihw.gov.au.

It should be noted that only national standards that are generic, that is, of relevance to the broader community services sector, are included in the data dictionary. This means that data standards that are specific to the child protection sector or the disability sector are not included.

1.1 What are the national data dictionaries?

National data dictionaries contain standard data definitions and data elements for use in a particular sector. The three national data dictionaries produced by the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare contain national standards for use in Australian community services, health, and housing and homelessness data collections respectively. The National Community Services Data Dictionary, the National Health Data Dictionary, and the National Housing and Homelessness Data Dictionary are the authoritative sources of information about endorsed national metadata standards and provide the basis for consistent national collection and reporting. The national data dictionaries have been produced under the auspices of the relevant ministerial councils, with the standards contained within the data dictionaries having been approved by the relevant ministerial council endorsing body.

Where possible, metadata standards in the dictionary are consistent with other national standard classifications to ensure overall comparability of national data. The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) is the source of many key socioeconomic classifications used in data collections, for example, the Australian Standard Classification of Languages (ASCL), the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) and the Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO).

The national community services, health, and housing and homelessness data dictionaries are available online at <www.aihw.gov.au> and <www.meteor.aihw.gov.au>.

1.1.1 Governance

To-date, the national community services, health, and housing and homelessness data dictionaries have been produced as initiatives, respectively, under the National Community Services Information Infrastructure Agreement, the National Health Information Agreement; and the National Housing and Homelessness Information Infrastructure Agreement. Under these agreements, all parties commit to ensuring that collection, compilation and interpretation of national information are all appropriate and carried out efficiently. This requires agreement on definitions, standards and rules for collecting information, and on guidelines for coordinating the access, interpretation and publication of national community services, health, housing, and homelessness information.

Due to changes announced by the Council of Australian Governments (COAG) in December 2013 to the COAG Council system (COAG 2013)—in particular, the discontinuation of the Standing Council for Community and Disability Services Ministers—the national community services data dictionary can no longer be produced, nor approved, under the auspices of a ministerial council. As a result, future releases of national data dictionaries relevant to community services may take on a subject-specific focus rather than have a community services-wide approach.

1.2 METeOR

National data dictionaries are extracted from METeOR, the online metadata registry for developing, registering and disseminating metadata based on the second edition of the international standard ISO/IEC 11179 Information Technology — Metadata Registries in 2003 (ISO/IEC 11179:2003). The ISO standard was applied to METeOR to provide a detailed registry architecture in which metadata standards can be better defined, navigated and managed throughout the data development lifecycle.

METeOR integrates and presents information about:

- the National Community Services Data Dictionary
- the National Health Data Dictionary
- the National Housing and Homelessness Data Dictionary
- national minimum data sets
- data set specifications
- performance indicator specifications.

METeOR includes:

- data search and browse tools that allow navigation of data standards of varying levels of endorsement, and across the community services, health and housing assistance sectors
- data view, collation and download tools
- data development tools, including areas in which multiple data developers may collaborate on the development of data standards
- data submission tools that enable data developers to submit draft metadata standards for consideration as national standards
- data management tools that allow the registrar to change the registration status of metadata standards under authorisation of one or more registration authorities
- comprehensive guidelines for developing and reviewing metadata.

For information on metadata standards and the metadata development process, see the companion guide in Chapter 4.

2 Summary of updates to the *National* community services data dictionary since version 7

This chapter summarises the updates made to the NCSDD since version 7. This reflects changes to national community services data standards between July 2012 and the end of April 2014.

As shown in Table 1, two data set specifications, two data element clusters, 96 data elements, 2 classifications and 8 glossary items have been added to the NCSDD. Other changes include the revision of 1 national minimum data set, 3 data elements and 2 classifications. As a result of these revisions, 1 national minimum data set, 3 data elements and 2 classifications have been superseded.

Tables 2 to 9 provide details about the revised and new standards according to metadata type.

Table 1: Summary table of updates to the NCSDD since version 7

Registration status	National minimum data sets	Data set specifications	Data element clusters	Data elements	Classifications	Glossary items
Standards (new)	0	2	2	96	2	8
Standards (revised)	1	0	0	3	2	0
Superseded	1	0	0	3	2	0
Retired	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2: Revised national minimum data sets

National minimum data set	Description of change	
Disability Services NMDS 2012–14	Updates were made to existing data items and changes were also made to the way information is presented. Many of the data elements that are in the Disability Services 2011–12 NMDS have been grouped into three new disability-specific clusters in the Disability Services 2012–14 NMDS:	
	Activity and participation need for assistance cluster	
	Agency sector cluster	
	Funding jurisdiction cluster.	
	The Disability Services NMDS 2012–14 also contains a Statistical Linkage Key cluster which is a national standard.	

Table 3: New data set specifications

Name	Description
Adoptions DSS 2011–13	The Adoptions Australia collection contains data relating to 2 populations of children, those subject to:
	 Finalisations—children who were the subject of a finalised adoption order during the reporting period. This includes orders that were made in Australia and, in the case of some intercountry adoptions, where the full adoption order was made in the country of origin.
	 Placements—children, regardless of the status of their adoption order, who were placed with their adoptive family during the reporting period. 'Placed with their adoptive family' refers to when the child enters the home.
Standardised disability flag module	The Standardised disability flag is a module comprising questions and output data items to identify people with disabilities or long-term health conditions who experience difficulties and/or need assistance in various areas of their life. The module looks at how people function in everyday activities, as well as whether they have a specific restriction in participating in education or in employment.
	The module is designed to provide consistent and comparable information across services in all Australian jurisdictions over time, and across data collections. Services in scope are those that people encounter in everyday life—such as healthcare, education, housing, transport, and community services.

Table 4: New data element clusters

Name	Description
Activity and participation need for assistance cluster (disability flag)	The 'Activity and participation need for assistance' cluster is implemented in the Standardised Disability Flag module. The cluster consists of two data elements which are combined to assess the functional status of a person across a range of life areas, leading to a classification of 'Activity limitation' under the Standardised Disability Flag.
Cultural and language diversity cluster	Standards for Statistics on Cultural and Language Diversity have been developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) to provide a means of standardising the way the ABS and other agencies collect and disseminate information relating to the origins of individuals and cultural diversity in Australia.
	This cluster is a core set of data elements that may be collected to obtain information on cultural diversity.

Table 5: Revised data elements

Short name	Technical name	Description of change
Main occupation of person	Person—occupation (main), code (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2) N[NNN]{NN}	Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations updated
Provider occupation category (self-identified) (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2)	Individual service provider—occupation (self-identified), code (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2) N[NNN]{NN}	Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations updated
Religious affiliation	Person—religious affiliation, code (ASCRG 2011) N[NNN]	Australian Standard Classification of Religious Groups updated

Table 6: New data elements

Short name	Technical name
Activity and participation life area (Standardised Disability Flag)	Person—activity and participation life area, disability flag code N
Adoption arranging organisation sector	Adoption—adoption organisation sector, code N
Adoption consent	Adoption—adoption consent, code N
Adoption type	Person—adoption type, code N[N]
Adoptive family sibling composition	Adoptive family—sibling composition, type code N
Adoptive parent marital status	Person—adoptive parent marital status, code N
Age at onset of disability	Person—age at onset of disability, total years N[NN]
Age in months at onset of disability	Person—age at onset of disability, total months N[N]
Amount of assistance provided	Service event—amount of assistance, total hours and minutes NNNN
Application identifier	Adoption—application identifier, code N[N]
Approved intercountry adoption clients	Service provider organisation—number of approved intercountry adoption clients, total number N[N]
Area of usual residence (SA2)	Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)
Assistance with activities Standardised Disability Flag)	Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N
Birth mother marital status	Birth mother—marital status, code N
Carer benefit type	Informal carer—financial assistance type, carer benefit code N
Carer participation arrangement indicator	Service provider organisation—carer participation arrangement indicator, code N
Child indicator	Person—child indicator, code N
Client participation arrangements	Service provider organisation—client participation arrangements status, code N
Collection month	Service episode—reporting period, date MMYYYY
Common waitlist indicator	Service provider organisation—common waitlist indicator, yes/no code N
Country of origin	Person—country of origin, code (SACC 2011) NNNN
Derived activity limitation (disability flag)	Person—activity limitation, disability flag code N
Derived extent of activity limitation (disability flag)	Person—extent of activity limitation, disability flag code N
Derived extent of core activity limitation (disability lag)	Person—extent of core activity limitation, disability flag code N
Duration of service (days)	Service episode—duration of service, total days N[NN]
Education participation restriction indicator	Person—education participation restriction indicator, code N
Employment participation restriction indicator	Person—employment participation restriction indicator, code N
Feedback collection indicator	Service provider organisation—feedback collection indicator, yes/no code N
Feedback collection method	Service provider organisation—feedback collection method, code N[N
Funding status	Service provider organisation—government funding indicator, yes/no code N
Geocode latitude sexagismal	Address—geocode latitude, degrees minutes seconds Xd{d}{mm}{ss}{.ss}

(continued)

Table 6 (continued): New data elements

Short name	Technical name
Geocode longitude sexagismal	Address—geocode longitude, degrees minutes seconds Xd[dd]{mm}{ss}{.ss}
Geographic remoteness	Person—geographic remoteness, classification (ASGC-RA) N
Individualised disability funding indicator	Person—individualised disability funding indicator, code N
Informal carer available days	Informal carer—average number of days available to provide care, code N
Informal carer available hours	Informal carer—average number of hours available to provide care, hours NN
Informal carer hours of care provided	Informal carer—number of hours of care provided, total hours NNNNN
Intercountry adoption client files sent overseas	Service provider organisation—number of intercountry adoption client files sent overseas, number N[NN]
Intercountry adoption order type	Person—adoption order type, intercountry adoption code N
Length of service event	Service event—service event length, total minutes NNNNN
Living arrangement post arrival	Person—intercountry adoption living arrangement status post arrival, code N
Main carer indicator	Informal carer—main carer indicator, code N
Medical condition	Person—medical condition, diagnosis code (ICD-10-AM 8th edn) ANN{.N[N]}
Mental health services received indicator	Person—mental health services received indicator, yes/no code N
Number of adoption placements	Adoption—number of placements, total N[NN]
Number of adoptions finalised	Adoption—number of adoptions finalised, total N[NN]
Number of applicants on waiting list	Service provider organisation—waiting list, total people N[NNN]
Number of applications for information lodged	Adoption—number of applications for information lodged, total N[NN]
Number of bedrooms	Dwelling—number of bedrooms, total N[NN]
Number of children adopted as part of a sibling group	Adoption—number of children adopted as part of a sibling group, total N[N]
Number of intercountry adoption clients	Service provider organisation—number of intercountry adoption clients, total N[N]
Number of occupants	Dwelling—number of occupants, total N[N]
Number of placements not finalised	Adoption—number of placements not finalised, total N[NN]
Number of sibling groups	Adoption—number of sibling groups, total N[N]
Number of vetoes in place	Adoption—number of vetoes in place, total number N[NN]
Number of vetoes lodged	Adoption—number of vetoes lodged, total N[NN]
Other reason case management plan does not exist	Client—reason case management plan does not exist, text [A(50)]
Other sibling composition	Adoptive family—other sibling composition, text [X(200)]
Other support service type	Service provider organisation—support service type, text [X(40)]
Person identifier flag	Person—unique identifier used indicator, yes/no code N
Planned service event indicator	Service event—planned service event indicator, yes/no code N
Preschool program enrolment indicator	Child—preschool program enrolment indicator, yes/no code N
Preschool program hours enrolled (total)	Child—preschool program hours enrolled (per week), total hours N[N]

(continued)

Table 6 (continued): New data elements

Short name	Technical name
Principal income source	Person—principal source of cash income, code NNNN
Reason support plan does not exist	Client—reason support plan does not exist, code N
Receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator	Informal carer—receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator, code N
Recently left facility/institution indicator	Person—previously resided in institution/facility indicator, code N
Registered/awaiting government payment indicator	Person—registered/awaiting government payment indicator, code N
Relationship of person who lodged an application	Adoption—relationship of person who lodged an application, code N[N]
Relationship to adoptive parents	Person—pre-adoption relationship to adoptive parents, code N
Reporting period	Service episode—reporting period, YYYY-YY
Service cost	Service event—purchase of goods and services, total Australian currency N[NNNNN].NN
Service event duration	Service event—duration of service, total days N[NN]
Service event end date	Service event—service end date, DDMMYYYY
Service event end time	Service event—service end time, hhmm
Service event frequency	Service event—service event frequency, code N
Service event number of clients	Service event—number of clients receiving services, total number N[NNN]
Service event number of workers	Service event—number of workers providing services, total number $N[N]$
Service event start date	Service event—service commencement date, DDMMYYYY
Service event start time	Service event—service commencement time, hhmm
Service provider remuneration status	Service/care provider—remuneration indicator, code N
Source of information indicating mental illness indicator	Person—source of information on a mental health condition indicator, code N
Standards assessment date	Service provider organisation—standards assessment date, DDMMYYYY
Standards assessment indicator	Service provider organisation—standards assessment indicator, yes/no code N
Standards assessment level	Service provider organisation—standards assessment level, code N
Standards assessment method	Service provider organisation—standards assessment method, code N
Support goal status	Client—support plan goal status, code N
Support plan achievement level	Client—support plan achievement level, code N
Support plan goal achievement level	Client—support plan goal achievement level, code N
Support plan goal identifier	Client—support plan goal identifier, X[XXXXX]
Support plan indicator	Client—support plan indicator, yes/no code N
Support plan last review date	Client—support plan last review date, DDMMYYYY
Support service type	Service provider organisation—support service type, code N[N]
Type of access arrangement	Adoption—access arrangement type, code N
Type of application for information	Adoption—application for information type, code N
Veto type	Adoption—veto type, code N

Table 7: Revised classification schemes

Name	Description of change
Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, 2013, Version 1.2	The revised classification scheme replaced Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, First Edition, 2006
Australian Standard Classification of Religious Groups 2011	The revised classification scheme replaced Australian Standard Classification of Religious Groups 2005

Table 8: New classification schemes

Name	Definition
AS/NZS ISO 9999:2011 Assistive products for persons with disability—classification and terminology	The International Standard provides a logical and integrated taxonomy and terminology for assistive technology products
International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification 8th edition	The classification of diseases and related health problems maintained by National Centre for Classification in Health.

Table 9: New glossary items

Name	Definition
Boarding house building	A separate building (also referred to as a rooming or lodging house) containing multiple boarding/rooming/lodging house bedrooms and/or boarding house units.
Boarding house room	A bedroom within a boarding house (also referred to as a rooming or lodging house) that is not self-contained, and usually shares a common kitchen and/or bathroom. Boarding house bedrooms are usually accessed via a common entrance such as a foyer or hallway.
Boarding house unit	A self-contained unit within a boarding house (also referred to as a rooming or lodging house) with separate cooking, bathroom and toilet facilities. Boarding house units are usually accessed via a common entrance such as a foyer or hallway.
Carer allowance	A supplementary payment for parents or carers who provide daily care to an adult or dependent child who has a disability or medical condition or is frail aged.
Carer payment	Support if you are unable to work in paid employment because you provide full-time care to someone with a severe disability, medical condition, or is frail aged.
Head-leased dwelling (government)	Dwellings owned by state and territory governments that are leased to other government or non-government organisations via head-leasing arrangements.
Head-leased dwelling (private)	Dwellings owned by private individuals or private corporations that are leased to Commonwealth-State Housing Agreement (CSHA) housing providers via head-leasing arrangements. The CSHA housing provider is usually responsible for tenant selection and tenancy management functions.
Preschool program	A preschool program is a structured play-based learning program, delivered by a degree-qualified teacher, primarily aimed at children in the year before they commence full-time schooling, irrespective of the type of institution that provides it or whether it is government funded or privately provided. Programs may be delivered in a variety of service settings, including separate preschools or kindergartens, long day care centres, in association with a school, etc.

3 National community services data dictionary: version 8

Data elements

Accommodation offer accepted

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – accommodation offer accepted indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Accommodation offer taken up

METeOR identifier: 331514

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether the agency's offer of accommodation

was accepted by a person, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—accommodation offer accepted indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

Use this code if a person/group took up the offer of

accommodation.

CODE 2 No

Use this code if a person/group did not take up, or refused, the offer of accommodation, including those instances when a

person/group did not keep their appointment.

Comments: This item shows whether the agency's offer of accommodation

was or was not accepted by a person/group, including those instances when a person/group refused the offer or did not

12 National community services data dictionary: version 8

keep their appointment.

If the accommodation offer was not taken up (the person/group seeking accommodation did not become a client of the agency), this information will show that the accommodation or support requested was available. Such individuals would then be omitted from the total count of unmet need for accommodation.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Accommodation offered

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—accommodation offered indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 329986

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether an offer of accommodation was made to a person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—accommodation offered

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

Use this code if an agency offered accommodation. This option is used even if a person or group does not accept the offer of

accommodation.

CODE 2 No

Use this code where an agency did not offer any

accommodation to a person or a group.

Comments: Assists in counting how many people an agency offered

accommodation to, regardless of whether the offers were

accepted.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Accommodation period end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – accommodation period end date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 347334

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date at which an **accommodation period** was completed.

Data Element Concept: Service event—accommodation period end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element refers to a discrete accommodation period

within a service episode. There may be a number of accommodation periods within a service episode.

Collection methods: This data element is collected in conjunction with

the Accommodation period start date and supported

accommodation type.

Accommodation period start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – accommodation period start date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 348138

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date at which an **accommodation period** commences.

Data Element Concept: Service event – accommodation period start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element refers to a discrete accommodation period

> within a service episode. There may be a number of accommodation periods within a service episode.

Collection methods: This data element is collected in conjunction with

the Accommodation period end date and Supported

accommodation type.

Activity and participation life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – activity and participation life area, code (ICF 2001)

AN[NNN]

METeOR identifier: 320125

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The life area in which a person participates or undertakes

activities, as represented by a code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person – activity and participation life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AN[NNN]

Maximum character length: 5

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item contributes to the definition of the

concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the

experience of disability for a person.

The activities and participation codes are a neutral list that covers the full range of life areas in which a person can be involved. The domains can be used to record positive or neutral experience of functioning as well as limitations and

restrictions.

Data can be collected at the three digit level in one chapter and at the chapter level in another. However it is only possible to collect data at a single level of the hierarchy in a single chapter to maintain mutual exclusivity. For example, it is not permitted to collect both 'Self care' (chapter level) and 'Looking after one's health' (3 digit level) as the former includes the latter.

The value domain below refers to the highest hierarchical level (ICF chapter level). Data collected at this level, in association with respective qualifiers (Activity difficulty level, Activity Need for assistance, Participation extent and Participation satisfaction level) will use the codes as indicated.

CODE d1 Learning and applying knowledge

CODE d2 General tasks and demands

CODE d3 Communication

CODE d4 Mobility

CODE d5 Self-care

CODE d6 Domestic life

CODE d7 Interpersonal interactions and relationships

CODE d8 Major life areas

CODE d9 Community, social and civic life

Data collected at this level will provide a general description of functioning for the person and can only be compared with data collected at the same level.

Each chapter contains categories at different levels ordered from general to detailed. For specific more detailed information the user should follow the structure of the ICF; the codes should be drawn from the same hierarchical level within any particular chapter. The full range of permissible values is listed in the **Activities** and **Participation** component of the ICF.

An example of a value domain at the 3 digit level from the Self-care chapter may include:

CODE d510 Washing oneself

CODE d520 Caring for body parts

CODE d530 Toileting

CODE d540 Dressing

CODE d550 Eating

CODE d560 Drinking

CODE d570 Looking after one's health

An example of value domains at the 4 digit level from the Mobility chapter may include:

CODE d4600 Moving around within the home

CODE d4601 Moving around within buildings other than home

CODE d4602 Moving around outside the home and other buildings

CODE d4701 Using private motorized transportation

CODE d4702 Using public motorized transportation

The prefix *d* denotes the domains within the component of *Activities and Participation*. At the user's discretion, the

prefix d can be replaced by a or p, to denote activities or participation respectively.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AI

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian $\,$

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

 Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-

collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item, in conjunction with Activity difficulty

level code N, enables the provision of information about the presence and extent of activity limitation for any given life area; with Activity need for assistance code N, the provision of information about the need for assistance with

the given life area.

The extent of, and level of satisfaction with, participation in a given area are indicated by the use of this metadata item

with the qualifiers Participation extent code N and

Participation satisfaction level code N.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – extent of participation in a life area, code

(ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006,

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

See also <u>Person—level of difficulty with activities in life</u> <u>areas, code (ICF 2001) N</u> Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

See also $\underline{\text{Person-level of satisfaction with participation in a}}$ $\underline{\text{life area, code N}}$ Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

See also <u>Person—need for assistance with activities in a life</u> <u>area, code N</u> Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Activities and Participation cluster</u> Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity and participation life area (Standardised Disability Flag)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – activity and participation life area, disability flag

code N

METeOR identifier: 505720

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: The life area in which a person participates or undertakes

activities, as represented by a code.

Context: The standardised disability flag aims to identify people

with activity limitations through a functional/needs assessment approach across specified activity and

participation life areas.

Data Element Concept: Person—activity and participation life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Self-care

2 Mobility

3 Communication

4 Learning and applying knowledge

5 Managing things around the home

6 Managing tasks and handling situations

7 Personal relationships

8 Community life

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

CODE 1 Self-care

This includes showering or bathing; dressing or undressing; toileting; eating food.

CODE 2 Mobility

This includes moving around the house; moving around outside the home; getting in or out of a chair; using public transport.

Animals used for personal mobility (that is, guide dogs and companion animals) are generally considered to fall into the category of aids and/or equipment. Also included within this category are prosthetic and orthotic devices, wheelchairs, transfer devices, etc.

CODE 3 Communication

This includes understanding or being understood by other people, including people you know; using a telephone.

For this life area, a person's level of difficulty is assessed in terms of whether they can understand, or be understood, in their native language or preferred method of communication. This can include both written and verbal communication and it does not refer to situations where the respondent can't read or write because they did not have an opportunity to access education. Interpreters for language are considered to provide personal assistance, and are not considered aids and/or equipment.

CODE 4 Learning and applying knowledge

This includes keeping focused on things; learning new things; solving problems; making decisions.

CODE 5 Managing things around the home

This includes getting groceries; preparing meals; doing washing or cleaning; taking care of pets.

CODE 6 Managing tasks and handling situations

This includes managing daily routine; managing time; planning activities; coping with pressure or stressful situations.

CODE 7 Personal relationships

This includes making friends; meeting new people; showing respect to others; coping with feelings and emotions.

CODE 8 Community life

This includes participating in sports, leisure or religious activities; being part of a social club or organisation.

Collection methods: For each of the life areas, provide examples of activities and

explain to the respondent that the following questions are asked in the context of a long-term health condition or disability that has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or

more.

Note that this is seeking to identify if, due to a long-term health condition or disability, a respondent cannot

undertake everyday activities that other people in a similar

age group would normally be able to carry out.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: This codeset is based on the nine 'Activities and

participation' domains of the International Classification of

Functioning, Disability and Health (WHO 2001).

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element, along with Person—need for assistance

with activities in a life area, disability flag code N, enables an assessment of a person's level of difficulty and need for assistance in life areas, leading to classification of extent of

activity limitation.

In the context of health, an activity is the execution of a task or action by an individual. An activity limitation is a difficulty an individual may have in executing an activity. Activity limitation varies with the environment, and is assessed in relation to a particular environment; the absence or presence of assistance, including aids, equipment and medications, is an aspect of the

environment.

For the 'Communication' life area, a person's level of difficulty is assessed in terms of whether they can understand, or be understood, in their native language or

preferred method of communication.

Collection methods: This data element is designed for the whole mainstream

population and should be used to collect information directly from the respondent, or a

proxy/carer answering on their behalf. The responses are phrased in response to the question 'For each of the following activities, do you need help/supervision, have difficulty, or use aids/equipment/medication? (choose one

answer for each row)'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Is used in the formation of <u>Person – activity limitation</u>,

disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Is used in the formation of <u>Person – extent of activity</u> limitation, disability flag code N Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Is used in the formation of Person – extent of core activity limitation, disability flag code N Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

See also Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Activity and participation need for assistance cluster

(disability flag) Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Address currency

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – address currency status, code A

Synonymous names: Client address currency code

METeOR identifier: 428994

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The status of the person's or organisation's address at the time

of interchange, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – address currency status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: A

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

P Prior

C Current

F Future

T Temporary

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: It is usual to use the local time and date from where data is

interchanged.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications: 06/02/2012

National community services data dictionary: version 8 27

Address end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – address end date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 428717

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which an address ceased to be used, expressed as

DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Address – address end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Zeroes must be used where all or part of the date is unknown.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications:

06/02/2012

Address end time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – address end time, hhmmss

METeOR identifier: 428874

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The time of day an address ceased to be used, expressed as

hhmmss.

Data Element Concept: Address – address end time

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Time

Data type: Number

Format: hhmmss

Maximum character length: 6

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The time is to represent the hours, minutes and seconds past

midnight. The hour is to be recorded using 24-hour notation.

The numeric value nine (9) must be used where all or part of

the time is unknown.

163752: This indicates that the time for the record is the 16th

hour, 37th minute and 52nd second.

129999: This indicates that the time for the record is the 12th

hour with unknown minutes and seconds.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ISO 8601:2000: Data elements and interchange formats -

Information interchange - Representation of dates and times

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Address line (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (address) – address line, text [X(180)]

Synonymous names: Australian address line

METeOR identifier: 286620

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: A composite of one or more standard **address** components

> that describes a low level of geographical/physical description of a location, as represented by text. Used in conjunction with the other high-level address components

i.e. Suburb/town/locality, Postcode - Australian,

Australian state/territory, and Country, forms a complete

geographical/physical address of a person.

Data Element Concept: Person (address) – address line

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(180)]

Maximum character length: 180

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A high-level address component is defined as a broad

> geographical area that is capable of containing more than one specific physical location. Some examples of a broad

geographical area are:

- Suburb, town or locality

- Postcode - Australian or international

- State, Territory, local government area, electorate,

statistical local area

- Postal delivery point identifier

- Countries, provinces, etc other than in Australia

These components of a complete address do not form part of the Address line.

When addressing an Australian location, following are the standard address data elements that may be concatenated in the Address line:

- Building/complex sub-unit type
- Building/complex sub-unit number
- Building/property name
- Floor/level number
- Floor/level type
- House/property number
- Lot/section number
- Street name
- Street type code
- Street suffix code

One complete identification/description of a location/site of an address can comprise one or more than one instance of address line.

Instances of address lines are commonly identified in electronic information systems as Address-line 1, Addressline 2, etc.

The format of data collection is less important than consistent use of conventions in the recording of address data. Hence, address may be collected in an unstructured manner but should ideally be stored in a structured format.

Where Address line is collected as a stand-alone item, software may be used to parse the Address line details to separate the sub-components.

Multiple Address lines may be recorded as required.

The following concatenation rules should be observed when collecting address lines addressing an Australian location.

- Building/complex sub-unit type is to be collected in conjunction with Building/complex sub-unit number and vice versa.
- Floor/level type is to be collected in conjunction with Floor/level number and vice versa.
- Street name is to be used in conjunction with Street type code and Street suffix code.

Collection methods:

- Street type code is to be used in conjunction with Street name and Street suffix code.
- Street suffix code is to be used in conjunction with Street name and Street type code.
- House/property number is to be used in conjunction with Street name.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: Health Data Standards Committee

AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia.

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Is formed using Person (address) – building/complex sub-

unit type, code A[AAA] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Is formed using Person (address) – floor/level type, code

A[A] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Supersedes Person (address) – health address line, text

[X(180)] Health, Superseded 04/05/2005

Is formed using Person (address)—lot/section identifier,

N[X(14)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Is formed using Person (address) – street suffix, code A[A]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 01/03/2005

Address line (service provider organisation)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation (address) – address line, text

[X(180)]

METeOR identifier: 290315

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Superseded 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: A composite of one or more standard **address** components,

as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation (address) — address line

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(180)]

Maximum character length: 180

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A high-level address component is defined as a broad

geographical area that is capable of containing more than one specific physical location. Some examples of a broad

geographical area are:

Suburb, town or locality

Postcode

• Australian or international

• State, Territory, local government area, electorate,

statistical local area

Postal delivery point identifier

• Countries, provinces, etc. other than in Australia

These components of a complete address do not form part

of the Address line.

When addressing an Australian location, following are the standard address data elements that may be concatenated in the Address line:

- Building/complex sub-unit type
- Building/complex sub-unit number •
- Building/property name
- Floor/level number
- Floor/level type
- House/property number
- Lot/section number
- Street name
- Street type code
- Street suffix code

One complete identification/description of a location/site of an address can comprise one or more than one instance of address line. Instances of address lines are commonly identified in electronic information systems as Address-line 1, Address-line 2, etc. The format of data collection is less important than consistent use of conventions in the recording of address data. Hence, address may be collected in an unstructured manner but should ideally be stored in a structured format. Where Address line is collected as a stand-alone item, software may be used to parse the Address line details to separate the sub-components. Multiple Address lines may be recorded as required.

The following concatenation rules should be observed when collecting address lines addressing an Australian location.

- Building/complex sub-unit type is to be collected in conjunction with Building/complex sub-unit number and vice versa.
- Floor/level type is to be collected in conjunction with Floor/level number and vice versa.
- Street name is to be used in conjunction with Street type code and Street suffix code.
- Street type code is to be used in conjunction with Street name and Street suffix code.
- Street suffix code is to be used in conjunction with Street name and Street type code.
- House/property number is to be used in conjunction with Street name.

Collection methods:

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: Health Data Standards Committee

AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia.

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Is formed using Service provider organisation (address) —

building/complex sub-unit type, code A[AAA]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 04/05/2005

Is formed using Service provider organisation (address) —

floor/level type, code A[A] Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Is formed using Service provider organisation (address) — lot/section identifier, N[X(14)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Is formed using <u>Service provider organisation (address)</u> – street suffix, code A[A] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Address site name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – address site name, text X[(50)]

Synonymous names: Building property name; Primary complex name

METeOR identifier: 429252

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The official place name or culturally accepted common

usage name for an address site, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – address site name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(50)]

Maximum character length: 50

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element represents the name given to an entire

building or address site.

Names of persons, associations or businesses should not be

used as address site names.

Usage Examples:

• Parliament House (Name of the building)

University of Melbourne (Site name of university

campus - a complex)

Happy Valley Retirement Village (Site name of gated

property – a complex)

• Darwin Town Hall (Name of the building)

• Blue Hills Farm (Name of the property)

This data element is one of a number of items that can be

used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard. Components of the primary address are:

- Address site (or Primary complex) name
- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – building/property name,

text [X(30)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes <u>Service provider organisation (address) – building/property name, text [X(30)]</u> Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Address start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Address – address start date, DDMMYYYY Technical name:

METeOR identifier: 428668

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which an address was first utilised, expressed as

DDMMYYYY.

Address – address start date Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Address start time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – address start time, hhmmss

METeOR identifier: 428880

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The time of day an address was first utilised, expressed as

hhmmss.

Data Element Concept: Address—address start time

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Time

Data type: Number

Format: hhmmss

Maximum character length: 6

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The time is to represent the hours, minutes and seconds past

midnight. The hour is to be recorded using 24-hour notation.

The numeric value nine (9) must be used where all or part of

the time is unknown.

163752: This indicates that the time for the record is the 16th

hour, 37th minute and 52nd second.

129999: This indicates that the time for the record is the 12th

hour with unknown minutes and seconds.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ISO 8601:2000: Data elements and interchange formats -

Information interchange - Representation of dates and times

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Address status identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – address status identifier, code AAA

Synonymous names: Address official standing code

METeOR identifier: 428979

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An official identifier assigned to an address for categorisation

purposes, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – address status identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AAA

Maximum character length: 3

Permissible values: Value Meaning

OFF Official address

VAL Valid alias address

INV Invalid alias address

OBS Obsolete address

Supplementary values: UNK Not stated/Unknown

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE OFF Official address

This code indicates that the address and its component parts

have been formally assigned by the responsible state

jurisdiction/s.

CODE VAL Valid alias address

This code indicates that the address is an acceptable alias to the

official address by the responsible state jurisdiction/s.

CODE INV Invalid alias address

This code indicates a non-official address, for example, a vanity address where a perceived up-market locality name is incorrectly used in place of the officially assigned locality name.

CODE OBS Obsolete address

An address that is no longer valid, for example, where there is a change of street name, change of locality or where a RMB address previously used has been replaced by Rural Numbering.

CODE UNK Not stated/unknown

Where the Address Status is not stated or unknown a <null> entry will be recorded.

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 - 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

06/02/2012

Adoption arranging organisation sector

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – adoption organisation sector, code N

Synonymous names: Adoption arranging body

METeOR identifier: 470206

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The sector in which the organisation responsible for arranging

the finalised **adoption** operates as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – adoption organisation sector

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Government (public)

2 Non-government (private)

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated, /inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Government

The government (public) sector comprises all government units

and non-market non-profit institutions (NPIs) that are

controlled and mainly financed by government. This includes all public corporations and the general government sector

represented by the three levels of government.

CODE 2 Non-government

The non-government (private) sector comprises all non-profit institutions (NPIs) and corporations not controlled by the general government other than non-market NPIs that are

controlled and mainly financed by government.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic Sector

Classifications of Australia (SESCA), Cat No. 1218.0.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' adoption.

Adoption consent

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – adoption consent, code N

METeOR identifier: 468460

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of consent given for a child **adoption**, as represented

by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – adoption consent

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Consent from birth mother only (birth father's

consent dispensed/not required)

2 Consent from birth father only (with

dispensation of birth mother's consent)

3 Consent from both birth parents

4 Consent of both birth parents dispensed/not

required

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Consent from birth mother only (birth father's consent

dispensed/not required)

A child is legally available for adoption if all the necessary consents to the child's adoption have been obtained or

dispensed with.

Consent for local adoptions is usually required from both birth parents. Therefore, dispensation of consent is usually only provided by the relevant court in each state/territory when the birth parent(s) are unable to give consent themselves.

Dispensation is a legal process by which a court may declare that the consent of a parent is not required for an adoption order to be granted. Grounds for dispensation applications are set under individual state and territory legislation. In some jurisdictions, where the birth father's identity is unknown, his consent is not required and so it is not necessary to dispense with his consent. In these cases, consent is only required from the birth mother, and there is no dispensation of the birth father's consent.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' adoption.

Adoption type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—adoption type, code N[N]

METeOR identifier: 467562

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The **adoption** category a person is adopted under, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—adoption type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

'Known' adoption

1 Step-parent

2 Other relative(s)

3 Carer

4 Other

Local adoption

5 Local

Intercountry adoption

6 Hague

7 Non-Hague

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

'KNOWN' ADOPTION

'Known' child adoptions are adoptions of children who were born or permanently residing in Australia before the adoption, who have a pre-existing relationship with the adoptive parent(s) and who are generally not able to be adopted by anyone other than the adoptive parent(s). These types of adoptions are broken down into the following categories:

CODE 1 Step-parent

A step-parent is non-biological parent who is the spouse of the child's natural parent or previously adoptive parent. Foster parents are NOT included in this category.

CODE 2 Other relatives(s)

This category includes any relative of the child, other than stepparents. For Indigenous children, 'relative' includes those related through kinship arrangements.

CODE 3 Carer

Includes foster parents or other non-relatives who have been caring for the child and have had the responsibility for making decisions concerning the daily care and control of the child for the relevant period (as specified by the relevant state/territory department) before the adoption.

CODE 4 Other

Includes children adopted by commissioning (surrogate) parents, whether the commissioning parent is a relative or not.

LOCAL ADOPTION (EXCLUDES 'KNOWN')

A local adoption is the adoption of a child who was born or who was a permanently residing in Australia before the adoption, who is legally able to be placed for adoption, but who generally had no previous contact or relationship with the adoptive parents.

CODE 5 - Local

INTER-COUNTRY ADOPTION (EXCLDUES 'KNOWN')

An intercountry adoption is an adoption of a child from a country other than Australia who is legally able to be placed for adoption, but who generally has had no previous contact or relationship with the adoptive parents. Inter-country adoptions are broken down into the following categories:

CODE 6 Hague

A Hague intercountry adoption is where the adoptive child's country of origin has ratified or acceded to the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in

respect of Intercountry Adoption, and the applicant(s) file was sent after the Convention entered into force in this country.

CODE 7 Non-Hague

A non-Hague intercountry adoption is where the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in respect of Intercountry Adoption has not entered into force in the adoptive child's country of origin before the applicant(s) file was sent.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Data are collected on the type of adoption for all children for whom a final adoption order was made during a reporting period. This includes orders that were made in Australia, and, in the case of some intercountry adoptions, where the full adoption order was made in the country of origin.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Adoptive family sibling composition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoptive family – sibling composition, type code N

METeOR identifier: 468209

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The sibling composition of the **family** into which a child is

adopted, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoptive family – sibling composition

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 No other children in family

2 Biological children only

3 Adopted children only

4 Both biological and adopted children

8 Other

9 Unknown

Supplementary values: 99 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 2 Biological children only

A child is considered 'biological' if he/she is the biological

child of at least one of the parents.

CODE 8 Other

'Other' includes families with foster children or other non-

biological and non-adopted children.

CODE 9 Unknown

'Unknown' includes families for whom family composition can not be reported.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Family composition is at the time of the placement of the

adopted child in to the adoptive family.

If a family adopted more than one child during the reporting period, the family should be counted separately for each adoption. This includes multiple and serial

adoptions.

The composition of an adoptive family includes both resident and non-resident children. Jurisdictions that do not collect data on non-resident children, should include a note

to this effect.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Adoptive family — other sibling composition, text

[X(200)] Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' or an

'intercountry' adoption.

Adoptive parent marital status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—adoptive parent marital status, code N

METeOR identifier: 471018

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The relationship status of an adoptive parent at the time of

placement of the child, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—marital status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Never married

2 Widowed

3 Divorced

4 Separated

5 Married (registered and de facto)

Supplementary values: 6 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Refers to the current marital status of a person.

CODE 2 Widowed

This code usually refers to registered marriages but when self

reported may also refer to de facto marriages.

CODE 4 Separated

This code refers to registered marriages but when self reported

may also refer to de facto marriages.

CODE 5 Married (registered and de facto)

Includes people who have been divorced or widowed but have since re-married, and should be generally accepted as applicable to all de facto couples, including of the same sex.

CODE 6 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

The ABS standards for the collection of Social and Registered marital status appear on the ABS Website. Australian Bureau of Statistics. <u>Family, household and income unit variables. Cat. no.</u> 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Marital status should be counted at the time of the placement of

the child with the adopted family.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' or

'intercountry' adoption.

Age

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—age, total years N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 303794

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 08/02/2006

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 04/03/2014

Definition: The age of the person in (completed) years at a specific

point in time.

Context: Age is a core data element in a wide range of social, labour

and demographic statistics. It is used in the analyses of service utilisation by age group and can be used as an

assistance eligibility criterion.

Data Element Concept: Person—age

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

999 Unknown/not stated

Unit of measure: Year

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Age in single years (if aged under one year, record as zero).

If age (or date of birth) is unknown or not stated, and

cannot be estimated, use Code 999.

National community services and housing assistance data

dictionary specific:

If year of birth is known (but date of birth is not) use the date, 0101YYYY of the birth year to estimate age (where

YYYY is the year of birth).

National housing assistance data dictionary specific:

In the housing assistance data collections age is calculated

at 30 June for the corresponding year.

Collection methods: Although collection of date of birth allows more precise

> calculation of age, this may not be feasible in some data collections, and alternative questions are: Age last

birthday?

What was age last birthday?

What is age in complete years?

Comments: National community services data dictionary specific:

> Different rules for reporting data may apply when estimating the Date of birth of children aged under 2 years since the rapid growth and development of children within this age group means that a child's development can vary considerably over the course of a year. Thus, more specific

reporting of estimated age is recommended.

Those who need to conduct data collections for children where age is collected in months, weeks, or days should do so in a manner that allows for aggregation of those results

to this standard.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Public Health Information Working Group

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Standards for Social, Labour

and Demographic Variables. Reference through:

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/

DirClassManualsbyCatalogue/

76CD93AA32E74B29CA25713E0005A2EA?

OpenDocument

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person—age (community services), total years

N[NN] Community Services, Superseded 30/09/2005

Supersedes Person—age (housing assistance), total years N[NN] Housing assistance, Superseded 10/02/2006

Supersedes <u>Person – age, total years N[NN]</u> Health,

Superseded 08/02/2006

See also Person—date of birth, MMYYYY Health, Standard 10/12/2009

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Age at first pregnancy

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Female – age at first pregnancy, total years N[N]

METeOR identifier: 399602

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The age, in total years, of a female at the time of her first

pregnancy.

Data Element Concept: Female – age at first pregnancy

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

99 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Year

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Pregnancy includes babies carried full term, abortions and

miscarriages.

Collection methods: Responses must be in whole years only.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Female – ever been pregnant indicator, yes/no/not

stated/inadequately described code N Health, Standard

25/08/2011

Age at onset of disability

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—age at onset of disability, total years N[NN]

Synonymous names: Onset of disability

METeOR identifier: 490104

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The age at which a person first experiences an impairment,

activity limitation or participation restriction, represented as

total years.

Context: The onset of disability may indicate a current or future need for

assistance.

Data Element Concept: Person—age at onset of disability

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

999 Unknown/not stated

Unit of measure: Year

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element relates to the age of onset of an impairment,

activity limitation or participation restriction (including present at birth), which may be different from the age that a person needs assistance because of that impairment, limitation, or

restriction.

The onset of disability may be later than the first appearance of

a health condition that eventually results in disability.

Collection methods: Count age in completed years.

> If onset of disability occurs before the second birthday, record age in months (see the data element Person – age at

onset of disability, total months N[N]).

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Age in months at onset of disability

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—age at onset of disability, total months N[N]

Synonymous names: Onset of disability

METeOR identifier: 493210

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The age at which a person first experiences an impairment,

activity limitation or participation restriction, represented as

total months.

Context: The onset of disability may indicate a current or future need for

assistance.

Data Element Concept: Person—age at onset of disability

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Unit of measure precision: 0

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element relates to the age of onset of an impairment,

activity limitation or participation restriction (including present at birth), which may be different from the age that a person needs assistance because of that impairment, limitation, or

restriction.

The onset of disability may be later than the first appearance of

a health condition that eventually results in disability.

Count age in completed months if onset of disability occurs

after birth and before the second birthday. Record 0 months if disability was present at birth. Record age in completed years if

onset of disability occurs after second birthday (see the data element Person – age at onset of disability, total years N[NN]).

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Age range (employed)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – age range, code N[N]

Synonymous names: Labour force age range

METeOR identifier: 314877

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The age range that best accommodates a person, who is in the

labour force, completed age in years, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—age range

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 15-19

2 20-24

_ _ _ _

3 25-29

4 30-34

5 35-39

6 40-44

7 45-49

8 50-54

9 55-59

10 60-64

11 65 and over

Supplementary values:

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Children's Services Data Working Group.

Origin: Children's Services National Minimum Data Dictionary, AIHW

2005.

99

Reference documents: The ABS standards for the collection of labour force surveys

> appear on the ABS Website. Australian Bureau of Statistics. Demographic Variables. Cat No. 1285.0. Canberra: ABS.

Amount of assistance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—amount of assistance, total hours NNN

Synonymous names: Hours of assistance, Hours of support received, Amount of

support

METeOR identifier: 323093

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The number of hours of assistance received by a client of an

agency or organisation.

Data Element Concept: Client—amount of assistance

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: String

Format: NNN

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

999 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Total hours expressed as 000, 001 etc.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: As this data element is a measure of time (in hours) of services

directly received by clients it will not accrue to give a total of assistance provided on an agency or organisation (in terms of money, time or quantity of goods or services). Therefore it

should not be used for National Accounts reporting.

Collection methods: Where clients receive support in a group setting the hours

received in this setting for all attending service users should be reported (i.e. agencies should not apportion group hours across the number of clients attending). For example, where one worker is supplying services to 3 clients for 4 hours, each client

should be counted as receiving 4 hours of service.

Hours received during sleepover duties should be included in

the total hours received by the client.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Disability Services NMDS 2012-14</u> Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Amount of assistance provided

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—amount of assistance, total hours and minutes

NNNN

METeOR identifier: 498601

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The amount of assistance provided to a person in a service

event, reported in hours and minutes.

Context: The amount of assistance (in hours) is an aspect of the level of

assistance provided in a service event. Information on

additional factors, such as number of support workers, number

of clients, and service setting, may be required to fully understand the nature of the service provided/received.

Data Element Concept: Service event—amount of assistance

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length: 4

Unit of measure: Hour and minute

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The format NNNN should be populated with valid values to

represent the concept of hours and minutes. The first, second and fourth digits may be represented with values ranging from 0 to 9. The third digit may only be represented with values

between 0 and 5.

For example: A value of 9 hours and 59 minutes is a valid response, and would be represented as 0959. However a value of 12 hours and 68 minutes would not be a valid response.

This value domain was previously represented with a format of

HHMM.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set <u>Disability services/supports received cluster</u> Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Application identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – application identifier, code N[N]

512919 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The reason for which an application was lodged by a person in

relation to an adoption, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – application type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Number *Data type:*

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Application lodged for information

2 Application lodged for veto

99 Supplementary values: not stated/ inadequately described

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Approved intercountry adoption clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – number of approved

intercountry adoption clients, total number N[N]

METeOR identifier: 475585

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total count of intercountry adoption clients who were

approved to adopt a child.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of approved

intercountry adoption clients

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The number of applicants whose application to adopt was

> approved during the reporting period. An approval is when a formal decision is made by the responsible person that the applicant(s) are eligible and suitable to adopt a child. An applicant can be a married couple, a de facto couple or a single

person.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Area of usual residence

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – area of usual residence, geographical location code

(ASGC 2011) NNNNN

METeOR identifier: 455536

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Health, Standard 22/11/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Definition: Geographical location of usual residence of the person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—area of usual residence

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The geographical location is reported using a five digit

numerical code to indicate the Statistical Local Area (SLA) within the reporting state or territory, as defined in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) (Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), catalogue number 1216.0). It is a composite of state/territory identifier and SLA (first digit = state/territory identifier, next four digits

= SLA).

The Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) is updated by the ABS on an annual basis, with a date of effect of 1 July each year.

Up until 2007, the ABS's National Localities Index (NLI) (catalogue number 1252.0.55.001) was available as a coding tool designed to assist users assign the ASGC Main Structure codes to street address information. However, the NLI is no longer produced by the ABS. To replace the Localities file of the NLI, the ABS has created a Locality to SLA correspondence file for 2011. This file is available on request by contacting ABS Geography at geography@abs.gov.au.

Collection methods:

When collecting the geographical location of a person's usual place of residence, the ABS recommends that 'usual' be defined as: 'the place where the person has or intends to live for 6 months or more, or the place that the person regards as their main residence, or where the person has no other residence, the place they currently reside.' Apart from collecting a person's usual place of residence there is also a need in some collections to collect area of residence immediately prior to or after assistance is provided, or at some other point in time.

Comments:

Geographical location is reported using SLA to enable accurate aggregation of information to larger areas within the ASGC (such as Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Divisions) as well as detailed analysis at the SLA level. The use of SLA also allows analysis relating the data to information compiled by the ABS on the demographic and other characteristics of the population of each SLA. Analyses facilitated by the inclusion of SLA information include:

- comparison of the use of services by persons residing in different geographical areas;
- characterisation of catchment areas and populations for establishments for planning purposes; and
- documentation of the provision of services to residents of states or territories other than the state or territory of the provider.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Australian Standard Geographical Classification (Australian Bureau of Statistics catalogue number 1216.0)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person – area of usual residence, geographical</u>

location code (ASGC 2010) NNNNN Health, Superseded

22/11/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) cluster 2011

Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Conditional obligation:

Only collected for unit record level collection for Early

Childhood Education and Care

Area of usual residence (CD)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—area of usual residence, geographical location CD

code, (ASGC 2011) NNNNNNN

METeOR identifier: 455512

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/07/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: The geographical location of the usual residence of the

person, using a seven digit numerical code which indicates the **Collection District (CD)** within the state or territory of

Australia.

Data Element Concept: Person—area of usual residence

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNNNN

Maximum character length: 7

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The geographical location is reported using a seven digit

numerical code. The first digit is the single digit code to indicate state or territory. The remaining six digits are the numerical code for the Collection District (CD) within the

state or territory.

The single digit codes for the states and territories and the six digit codes for the CDs are as defined in the Australian

Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC).

The ASGC is updated on an annual basis with a date of

effect of 1 July each year. The codes for CDs are unique within each state and territory, but not within the whole country. Thus, to define a unique location, the code for the state or territory is required in addition to the code for the CD.

Collection methods:

When collecting the geographical location of a person's usual place of residence, the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) recommends that 'usual' be defined as: 'the place where the person has or intends to live for 6 months or more, or the place that the person regards as their main residence, or where the person has no other residence, the place they currently reside.' Apart from collecting a person's usual place of residence there is also a need in some collections to collect area of residence immediately prior to or after assistance is provided, or at some other point in time.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person—area of usual residence, geographical

location CD code, (ASGC 2010) NNNNNNN Community

Services, Superseded 14/07/2011, Early Childhood,

Superseded 09/03/2012

Area of usual residence (SA2)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2)

code (ASGS 2011) N(9)

METeOR identifier: 469909

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Definition: The geographical region in which a person or group of

people usually reside, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—area of usual residence

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N(9)

Maximum character length: 9

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: SA2 coding structure:

An SA2 is identifiable by a 9-digit fully hierarchical code. The SA2 identifier is a 4-digit code, assigned in alphabetical order

within an SA3. An SA2 code is only unique within a state/territory if it is preceded by the state/territory

identifier.

For example:

State/territory	SA4	SA3	SA2
N	NN	NN	NNNN

Comments: There are 2,196 SA2 spatial units. In aggregate, they cover the

whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. Jervis Bay

Territory, the Territory of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands and the

Territory of Christmas Island are each represented by an SA2.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

1270.0.55.001 - Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 1 - Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas, July 2011

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/

1270.0.55.001July%202011?OpenDocument

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The geographical location is reported using a nine digit numerical code to indicate the Statistical Area (SA) within the reporting state or territory, as defined in the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) (Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), catalogue number 1270.0.55.001).

Collection methods:

When collecting the geographical location of a person's usual place of residence, the ABS recommends that 'usual' be defined as: 'the place where the person has or intends to live for 6 months or more, or the place that the person regards as their main residence, or where the person has no other residence, the place they currently reside.' Apart from collecting a person's usual place of residence there is also a need in some collections to collect area of residence immediately prior to or after assistance is provided, or at some other point in time.

Comments:

Geographical location is reported using Statistical Area to enable accurate aggregation of information to larger areas within the ASGS as well as detailed analysis at the SA2 level. The use of SA2 also allows analysis relating the data to information compiled by the ABS on the demographic and other characteristics of the population of each SA2. Analyses facilitated by the inclusion of SA2 information include:

- comparison of the use of services by persons residing in different geographical areas;
- characterisation of catchment areas and populations for establishments for planning purposes; and
- documentation of the provision of services to residents of states or territories other than the state or territory of the provider.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – area of usual residence, geographical

location code (ASGC 2010) NNNNN Health, Superseded

22/11/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Arrival time at service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – arrival time at service, hhmm

METeOR identifier: 314962

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The time that a person arrives at the place of service delivery.

Data Element Concept: Person—arrival time at service

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Time

Data type: Date/Time

Format: hhmm

Maximum character length: 4

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ISO 8601:2000 : Data elements and interchange formats -

Information interchange - Representation of dates and times

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This data element may be used in conjunction with the data

element *Departure time from service* as a measure of the patterns

of service utilisation.

Comments: In addition, this data element can be used to calculate the

number of hours per day, hours per week and days per week a

person uses services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Children's Services NCSIMG Data Working Group

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Assessment date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—assessment date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 269943

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The date(s) on which the agency undertook an assessment

of the client(s) need for assistance, appropriateness of

service provision and/or circumstances.

Data Element Concept: Service event—assessment date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item should always be recorded as an 8-digit

valid date comprising day, month and year. Year should always be recorded in its full 4-digit format. For days and months with a numeric value of less than 10, zeros should be used to ensure that the date contains the required 8 digits. For example, if a person was last assessed by an agency on 1 July 2000 the Assessment date should be recorded as 01072000 as specified in the representational

layout.

Collection methods: When an agency undertakes an assessment of client needs

and the adequacy and appropriateness of service provision, the agency should also record or update information about the client's circumstances. While agency practice tends to differ, most clients undergo some form of assessment process when they first become involved with the agency. This process may vary from a relatively simple assessment of eligibility or need for assistance to a comprehensive

functional assessment of the person's ability to undertake tasks of daily living. Agency practice related to the timing and process for re-assessing clients also varies. Although the extent and nature of assessment processes vary depending on the type of assistance provided by the agency, this process does serve as a primary point of data capture/update about the client.

HACC have this metadata item as being derived from Date of assistance received and Primary type of assistance received (where 'assessment' is coded).

Comments: If records have been linked, the last assessment date is a

key piece of information that facilitates analysis by providing a clearly defined basis for the selection of data (i.e. the most recently recorded information) where conflicting values are recorded in the linked file.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assessment date, version 1, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.4 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Assistance not provided reason

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—reason assistance not provided, code N

METeOR identifier: 270040

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The reason assistance was not provided to a person by a

community services agency, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service event—reason assistance not provided

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Service not offered by agency

2 Person not eligible/wrong target group

3 Outlet refused service to person/offer

refused

4 Person or service provider unable to attend

5 Assistance currently not available

6 Facilities for special needs not

available/service inaccessible

7 Referred to other more appropriate agency

8 Other

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Record main reason assistance not provided.

More specific categories in the data domain (that can map

to this data domain) can also provide useful information at an agency or locality level about service gaps and resource limitations. For example code 6 can be broken up into a number of more specific categories to ascertain whether people are having trouble accessing services due to lack of interpreter services, disabled access to a building, etc. This information can help individual agencies better allocate their resources.

Examples of the above categories are:

CODE 3 Outlet refused service to person/offer refused

Due to inappropriate behaviour or person failed to present and did not contact the agency.

CODE 4 Person or service provider unable to attend

For example, unscheduled staff absence or unscheduled events such as bad weather or electricity failure.

CODE 5 Assistance currently not available

The place, service or resource is not currently available or a waiting period applies.

CODE 6 Facilities for special needs not available/service inaccessible

Facilities for special needs such as disability, cultural, language etc, not available; no disabled access to building; too far away; service not provided in days or hours required.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

This item should at the least be collected for the primary reason that assistance is not provided. Other reasons can also be collected, but the primary reason should also be specified.

This item should be linked to a type of services or a particular event (such as a referral/contact event or a particular request for service).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assistance - reason not provided, version 1,

DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (17.1

KB)

Assistance received date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – assistance received date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 270042

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The date on which a client **receives assistance** from an

agency.

Data Element Concept: Service event—assistance received date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item should always be recorded as an 8-digit

valid date comprising day, month and year. Year should always be recorded in its full 4-digit format. For days and months with a numeric value of less than 10, zeros should be used to ensure that the date contains the required 8 digits. For example if a person received assistance from an agency on 1 July 2000 the Assistance receipt date should be recorded as 01072000 as specified in the representational

layout.

Collection methods: The date recorded should reflect the date on which the

client received any type of assistance. Where a client receives more than one occasion of service on the same day,

the agency should separately record each occasion of

service against the same date.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Assistance received date, version 1, DE,</u>

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.2 KB)

Assistance request date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—assistance request date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 270043

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date on which assistance was requested.

Context: Service provision and planning:

This item can be useful for measuring the immediacy of response times and the responsiveness to people's requests for assistance (in conjunction with the date the assistance commenced and the **reason assistance was requested**). It also has important uses in measuring actual assistance

provided and unmet demand.

Data Element Concept: Service event—assistance request date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item should always be recorded as an 8-digit

valid date comprising day, month and year. Year should always be recorded in its full 4-digit format. For days and months with a numeric value of less than 10, zeros should be used to ensure that the date contains the required 8 digits. For example if a person requested assistance from an agency on 1 July 2000 the Date assistance requested should be recorded as 01072000 as specified in the representational

layout.

Collection methods: This item should be collected on the date on which a

person(s) made the initial request for assistance. The person(s) requesting assistance need not necessarily be a client as a request does not necessarily result in provision of

a service.

May be collected for individual types of assistance or

service requested.

Comments: A request does not necessarily result in provision of a

service.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program (SAAP)

National Data Collection Agency 2001. National Data Collection Data Dictionary. Version 2. Unpublished

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assistance request date, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.9 KB)

Assistance urgency

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – assistance urgency, code N{.N}

270102 *METeOR identifier:*

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The assessed time period within which assistance is needed

by a person, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service event – assistance urgency

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: $N\{.N\}$

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Within 48 hours

1.1 **Immediate**

1.2 Within 24 hours

1.3 More than 24 hours but within 48 hours

2 More than 2 days but within 14 days

2.1 3-4 days

2.2 5-6 days

2.3 More than 6 days but within 14 days

3 More than 14 days

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item measures a perceived need by the

service provider and/or professional making the

assessment, not a perceived want.

Collection methods: Determination of 'urgency' should follow an assessment

event or some determination by the agency of need.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Data Dictionary Version

1.1, July 1999. Draft Aged Care Assessment Program

Minimum Data Set, version 2.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assistance urgency, version 1, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.1 KB)

Assistance with activities

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area,

code N

METeOR identifier: 320213

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The level of help and/or supervision a person requires (or

would require if the person currently helping/supervising

was not available) to perform tasks and actions in a

specified life area, as represented by a code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person – need for assistance with activities in a life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

O Does not need help/supervision

1 Sometimes needs help/supervision

2 Always needs help/supervision

3 Unable to do this task or action, even with

assistance

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

In the context of health, an activity is the execution of a task or action by an individual. Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing an activity.

Activity limitation varies with the environment and is assessed in relation to a particular environment; the absence or presence of assistance, including aids and equipment, is an aspect of the environment.

This value domain records the level of a person's need for help or supervision, in a specified domain, in their overall life. This means that the need for assistance may not be directly relevant to the health or community care service being provided.

Where a life area includes a range of examples, (e.g. domestic life includes cooking, cleaning and shopping), if a person requires assistance in any of the areas then the highest level of assistance should be recorded.

Where need for assistance varies markedly over time (e.g. episodic psychiatric conditions) please record the average level of assistance needed.

The presence of an activity limitation with a given domain is indicated by a non-zero response in this value domain. Activity is limited when an individual, in the context of a health condition, either has need for assistance in performing an activity in an expected manner, or cannot perform the activity at all.

CODE 0 is used when the person has no need for supervision or help and can undertake the activity independently.

CODE 1 is used when the person sometimes needs assistance to perform an activity.

CODE 2 is used when the person always needs assistance to undertake the activity and cannot do the activity without assistance.

CODE 3 is used when the person cannot do the activity even with assistance

CODE 8 is used when a person's need for assistance to undertake the activity is unknown or there is insufficient information to use codes 0-3.

CODE 9 is used where the need for help or supervision is due to the person's age. For example, Education for persons less than 5 years and work for persons less than 15 years.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-

collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element, in conjunction with Person—activities

> and participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN], indicates a person's need for assistance in a given domain

of activity.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – activity and participation life area, code

(ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Activities and Participation cluster Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Assistance with activities (Standardised Disability Flag)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area,

disability flag code N

METeOR identifier: 520803

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: The level of help and/or supervision a person requires (or

would require if the person currently helping/supervising

was not available) to perform tasks and actions in a

specified life area, as represented by a code.

Context: The Standardised Disability Flag aims to identify people

with activity limitations through a functional/needs assessment approach across specified activity and

participation life areas.

Data Element Concept: Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Always/sometimes need help and/or

supervision

2 Have difficulty, but don't need

help/supervision

3 Don't have difficulty, but use

aids/equipment/medications

4 Have no difficulty

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Activity is limited when an individual, in the context of a health condition, either has need for assistance in performing an activity in an expected manner, or cannot perform the activity at all.

CODE 1 is used when the person always needs or sometimes needs help or supervision in this life area. CODE 2 is used when the person has difficulty but does not need help or supervision in this life area. CODE 3 is used when the person does not have difficulty in this life area, but uses aids, equipment and/or medications. CODE 4 is used when the person has no difficulty in this life area and does not need help or supervision and does

not use aids, equipment or medications.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This data element, along with Person—activity and participation life area, disability flag code N, enables an assessment of a person's level of difficulty and need for assistance in life areas, leading to classification of level of activity limitation.

In the context of health, an activity is the execution of a task or action by an individual. An activity limitation is a difficulty an individual may have in executing an activity. Activity limitation varies with the environment, and is assessed in relation to a particular environment; the absence or presence of assistance, including aids, equipment and/or medications, is an aspect of the environment.

Collection methods:

This data element is designed for the whole mainstream population and should be used to collect information from the respondent, or a proxy/carer answering on their behalf. The responses are phrased in response to the question 'For each of the following activities, do you need help/supervision, have difficulty, or use aids/equipment/medications? (choose one answer for each

row)'.

Where a life area includes a range of examples, (for example, 'Self-care' lists showering or bathing, dressing or undressing, toileting, eating food), if a person requires

assistance in more than one of these areas, record the highest level of assistance needed.

Where need for assistance varies markedly over time (for example, episodic psychiatric conditions), record the average level of assistance needed.

Animals used for personal mobility (for example, guide dogs and companion animals) are considered to be aids and/or equipment. Also included in this category are prosthetic and orthotic devices, wheelchairs, transfer devices, etc.

For the 'Communication' life area, a person's level of difficulty is assessed in terms of whether they can understand, or be understood, in their native language or preferred method of communication. This can include both written and verbal communication and it does not refer to situations where the respondent can't read or write because they did not have an opportunity to access education. Interpreters for language are considered to provide personal assistance, and are not considered aids and/or equipment.

Note that this is seeking to identify if, due to a long-term health condition or disability, a person cannot undertake everyday activities that other people in a similar age group would normally be able to carry out.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Comments:

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – activity and participation life area</u>,

disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Is used in the formation of <u>Person – activity limitation</u>, disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Is used in the formation of <u>Person – extent of activity</u> limitation, disability flag code N Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Is used in the formation of <u>Person – extent of core activity</u> <u>limitation</u>, <u>disability flag code N</u> Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Activity and participation need for assistance cluster

(disability flag) Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Australian area code

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Australian area code, code NN

METeOR identifier: 434284

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The standard Australian area code, used in conjunction with

contact telephone and facsimile numbers, that also describes

the location of an entity, as represented by a two-digit

number.

Data Element Concept: Address – Australian area code

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

New South Wales/Australian Capital

Territory

03 Victoria/Tasmania

07 Oueensland

08 South Australia/Northern Territory/Western

Australia, including Christmas Island and

Cocos (Keeling) Islands

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Australian Communications Media Authority

(ACMA) 2011. 8-digit numbering: four area codes. Canberra:

ACMA. Viewed 11 July 2011,

http://www.acma.gov.au/WEB/STANDARD/pc=PC_2466

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: The two-digit area code should be abbreviated to one-digit

when used in conjunction with leading country code. If this

is the case, the leading '0' in the area code should be removed, e.g. 03 55551234 becomes 61 3 55551234.

When a country code is used in conjunction with an area code and phone number it should be arranged in the following order: (Country Code) + (Area Code) + Phone

Number.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address—international country code, N[NNNN]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Address – telephone number, text X[(16)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Australian business number (ABN)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Entity – Australian business number (ABN), identifier N(11)

METeOR identifier: 429148

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Candidate 08/02/2013

Early Childhood, Proposed 31/05/2011

Definition: A unique identifier allocated to an individual, association, or

other legal or administrative unit for the purposes of

identification in dealings with the Australian Government, or for other Commonwealth purposes, in particular with respect

to taxation laws.

Data Element Concept: Entity – Australian business number (ABN)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: Number

Format: N(11)

Maximum character length: 11

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Australian business number (ABN) was introduced on 1

July 2000 to enable businesses in Australia to deal with a range

of government departments and agencies using a single

identification number.

An entity receives one ABN, regardless of the number of commercial activities or enterprises it undertakes. However, if the enterprise is carried on by a number of different entity

types, each entity needs to register in its own right.

When used in relation to an ABN, an entity is defined in section 184-1 of the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act* 1999

(Cwth)

as the following:

- (a) an *individual;
- (b) a body corporate;
- (c) a corporation sole;
- (d) a body politic;
- (e) a *partnership;
- (f) any other unincorporated association or body of persons;
- (g) a trust;
- (h) a *superannuation fund.

*This does not apply in all cases. See subsection 184-1 of the GST Act.

The terms 'individual', 'partnership' and 'superannuation fund' are defined in the Dictionary to the GST Act (section 195-1).10 Where terms are not defined they take their meaning from the general law.

In some cases particular organisations are treated as if they are entities. This applies to government entities and non-profit subentities. In the absence of this treatment some of these organisations would only be part of another entity. For a further discussion of these entities, see paragraphs 87 to 91 of the Ruling MT 2006/1 The New Tax System: the meaning of entity carrying on an enterprise for the purposes of entitlement to an Australian Business Number.

A legal person, including a company, is an entity in itself and can also be a part of another entity. For example, an individual is an entity and can be a partner in a partnership. Further, a legal person is taken to be a separate entity in a different role or capacity from itself when that person is a trustee of a trust or a superannuation fund. For further information about multiple roles, see paragraphs 81 to 86 of the Ruling.

A similar definition of 'entity' can be found in section 960-100 of the ITAA 1997. It is intended that the term 'entity' has a common meaning across the ABN, GST and income tax Acts. However, the particular definition of 'entity' still needs to be considered in the context of the Act in which it is found. Also note for ABN and GST purposes a defined part of an entity may be taken to be an entity in itself.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Taxation Office 2006. The New Tax System: the

meaning of entity carrying on an enterprise for the purposes of entitlement to an Australian Business Number. Australian Taxation Office, Canberra. Viewed 21 February 2011,

http://law.ato.gov.au/atolaw/

view.htm?Docid=MXR%2FMT20061%

2FNAT%2FATO%2F00001

Australasian Legal Information Institute 1999. A new tax system (goods and services tax) ACT 1999. A NEW TAX SYSTEM (GOODS AND SERVICES TAX) ACT 1999. Australasian Legal Information Institute, NSW. Viewed 21 February 2011,

http://www.austlii.edu.au/au/legis/cth/consol_act/antsasta1999402/

Australian postcode (address)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Australian postcode, code (Postcode datafile)

{NNNN}

429894 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012 WA Health, Endorsed 04/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

31/10/2012

Definition: The Australian numeric descriptor for a postal delivery

area for an address.

Data Element Concept: Address – Australian postcode

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Postcode datafile

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: {NNNN}

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Australian postal addresses should include a valid

> postcode. Refer to the Australia Post Address Presentation Standard for rules on presentation and positioning of

postcodes on mail.

For a full list of Australian postcodes visit the Australia

Post website: www.auspost.com.au

This data element may be used in the analysis of data on a geographical basis which involves coding data containing

an address with a postcode to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) areas. The ABS provides a number of coding indexes and correspondences to undertake this conversion from postcode to ASGS areas. (See the correspondences section of ABS geography portal www.abs.gov.au/geography).

A more accurate way to convert address data to ASGS geography is to use the locality to SA2 coding index, available from ABS, where the locality, postcode and state, (which are all part of an address), used in conjunction can effectively code data to the SA2 level and above in the ASGS. Note that it is not possible to code to SA1 level using these correspondences or indexes.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard. Components of the primary address are:

- Address site (or Primary complex) name
- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

See also <u>Address – statistical area, level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)</u> Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011, Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – Australian postcode, code (Postcode datafile) {NNNN} Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Superseded 30/05/2013, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012, Homelessness, Superseded 30/05/2013

Supersedes <u>Service provider organisation (address)</u> — <u>Australian postcode, code (Postcode datafile) {NNNN}</u> Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Superseded 01/05/2013, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) cluster 2011

Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Australian state/territory identifier (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Person – Australian state/territory identifier, code N Technical name:

286919 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The Australian state or territory where a person can be located,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – Australian state/territory identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> **New South Wales** 1

2 Victoria

3 Oueensland

South Australia 4

Western Australia 5

Tasmania

7 Northern Territory

8 **Australian Capital Territory**

9 Other territories (Cocos (Keeling) Islands,

Christmas Island and Jervis Bay Territory)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The order presented here is the standard for the Australian

> Bureau of Statistics (ABS). Other organisations (including the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) publish data in state order based on population (that is, Western Australia before South Australia and Australian Capital Territory before

Northern Territory).

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australian Standard

Geographical Classification (ASGC). Cat No. 1216.0. Canberra:

ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Irrespective of how the information is coded, conversion of the

codes to the ABS standard must be possible.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2004. Australian Standard

Geographical Classification (ASGC) (Cat No. 1216.0). Viewed 13

October 2005.

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

In AS4846 and AS5017 alternative codes are presented. Refer to

the current standard for more details.

Australian state/territory identifier (service provider organisation)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – Australian state/territory

identifier, code N

METeOR identifier: 289083

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 07/12/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: An identifier of the Australian state or territory where an

organisation or agency can be located, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – Australian state/territory

identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 New South Wales

2 Victoria

3 Queensland

4 South Australia

5 Western Australia

6 Tasmania

7 Northern Territory

8 Australian Capital Territory

9 Other territories (Cocos (Keeling) Islands, Christmas Island and Jervis Bay Territory)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The order presented here is the standard for the Australian

> Bureau of Statistics (ABS). Other organisations (including the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) publish data

in state order based on population (that is, Western Australia before South Australia and Australian Capital

Territory before Northern Territory).

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australian Standard

Geographical Classification (ASGC). Cat No. 1216.0.

Canberra: ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Irrespective of how the information is coded, conversion of

the codes to the ABS standard must be possible.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Health Data Standard Committee Origin:

National Community Services Data Committee

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

In AS4846 and AS5017 alternative codes are presented.

Refer to the current standard for more details.

Relational attributes

Supersedes Housing assistance agency – Australian Related metadata references:

state/territory identifier, code N Housing assistance,

Superseded 01/05/2013

Australian state/territory identifier of address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Australian state/territory identifier, code AA[A]

Synonymous names: State/territory code

METeOR identifier: 430134

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standardisation pending 19/10/2012

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: An identifier of the state or territory of an address, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – Australian state/territory identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AA[A]

Maximum character length: 3

Permissible values: Value Meaning

NSW New South Wales

VIC Victoria

QLD Queensland

SA South Australia

WA Western Australia

TAS Tasmania

NT Northern Territory

ACT Australian Capital Territory

AAT Australian Antarctic Territory

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: These Australian state/territory codes are used for addressing

purposes only. The codes are listed in the order commonly used

for statistical reporting by ABS and used in the National

Standard for Australian state/territory identifier.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is one of a number of items that can be used

> to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 Interchange of client information standard. Components of

the primary address are:

Address site (or Primary complex) name

Address number or number range

Road name (name/type/suffix)

Locality

State/Territory

• Postcode (optional)

Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Funding jurisdiction cluster Community Services, Standard

13/03/2013

Birth mother marital status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Birth mother—marital status, code N

METeOR identifier: 468508

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The marital status of the birth (biological) mother of a child at

the time of the child's birth, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Birth mother—marital status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Never married

2 Widowed

3 Divorced

4 Separated

5 Married (registered and de facto)

Supplementary values: 6 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Refers to the current marital status of a person.

CODE 2 Widowed

This code usually refers to registered marriages but when self

reported may also refer to de facto marriages.

CODE 4 Separated

This code refers to registered marriages but when self reported

may also refer to de facto marriages.

CODE 5 Married (registered and de facto)

Includes people who have been divorced or widowed but have since re-married, and should be generally accepted as applicable to all de facto couples, including of the same sex.

CODE 6 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

The ABS standards for the collection of Social and Registered marital status appear on the ABS Website. Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and income unit variables. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Marital status of the birth mother is at the time the child was Guide for use:

born.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' adoption.

Blow to the head indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – blow to the head indicator, yes/no/not

stated/inadequately described code N

METeOR identifier: 358833

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has ever received a blow to

the head resulting in a loss of consciousness, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—blow to the head indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This information is based on self-reporting. Only record blows

to the head which resulted in a loss of consciousness.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Body function

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – body function, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN]

Synonymous names: Body function code

METeOR identifier: 320141

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The physiological or psychological function of a person's

body system, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – body function

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AN[NNNN]

Maximum character length: 6

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item contributes to the definition of the

concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the

experience of disability for a person.

Data can be collected at the three digit level in one chapter and at the chapter level in another. However it is only possible to collect data at a single level of the hierarchy in a single chapter to maintain mutual exclusivity. For example,

it is not permitted to collect both Exercise tolerance functions (3 digit level) and 'fatigability' (4-digit level) as

the former includes the latter.

The value domain below refers to the highest hierarchical level (ICF chapter level). Data collected at this level, in association with *Impairment extent code N* will use the codes

as indicated.

CODE b1 Mental functions CODE b2 Sensory functions and pain CODE b3 Voice and speech functions CODE b4 Functions of the cardiovascular, haematological, immunological and respiratory systems CODE b5 Functions of the digestive, metabolic and the endocrine system Genitourinary and reproductive functions CODE b6 Neuromusculoskeletal and movement-related CODE b7 functions CODE b8 Functions of the skin and related structures

Data collected at this level will provide a general description of the structures and can only be compared with data collected at the same level.

Each chapter contains categories at different levels ordered from general to detailed. For more detailed information the user should follow the structure of the ICF; the codes should be drawn from the same hierarchical level within any particular chapter. The full range of permissible values together, with definitions is listed in the **Body** *Functions* component of the ICF.

An example of a value domain at the 3 digit level from the Sensory functions and pain chapter may include:

CODE b210 Seeing functions CODE b230 Hearing functions CODE b235 Vestibular functions CODE b250 Taste functions CODE b255 Smell functions CODE b260 Proprioceptive functions CODE b265 Touch functions

CODE b270 Sensory functions related to temperature and other stimuli

CODE b279 Additional sensory functions, other specified and unspecified

An example of a value domain at the 4 digit level from the body function component may include:

CODE b1300 Energy level CODE b1400 Sustaining attention CODE b1442 Retrieval of memory CODE b1521 Regulation of emotion CODE b1641 Organization and planning

The prefix *b* denotes the domains within the component of Body Functions.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare which is the

Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This data element can be used to record positive or neutral body function, as well as impairment of body function when used in conjunction with the metadata item Person – extent of impairment of body function, code (ICF 2001)N.

Where multiple body functions or impairments of body functions are recorded, the following prioritising system should be useful.

- The first recorded body function or impairment of body function is the one having the greatest impact on the individual.
- Second and subsequent body function or impairment of body function is also of relevance to the individual.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – extent of impairment of body function,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Body functions cluster Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – body structure, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN]

Synonymous names: Body structure code

METeOR identifier: 320147

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: An anatomical part of a person's body such as organs, limbs or

their components, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—body structure

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AN[NNN]

Maximum character length: 6

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept

disability and gives an indication of the experience of disability

for a person.

Data can be collected at the three digit level in one chapter and at the chapter level in another. However it is only possible to collect data at a single level of the hierarchy in a single chapter to maintain mutual exclusivity. For example, it is not permitted to collect both 'Skin and related structures' (chapter level) and 'Structure of nails' (3 digit level) as the former includes the

latter.

The value domain below refers to the highest hierarchical level (ICF chapter level). Data collected at this level, in association with respective qualifiers (*Impairment extent code N*, *Impairment nature code N*, *Impairment location code N*) will use the codes as

indicated.

CODE s1 Structures of the nervous system

CODE s2 The eye, ear and related structures

CODE s3 Structures involved in voice and speech

CODE s4 Structures of the cardiovascular, immunological and respiratory systems

CODE s5 Structures related to the digestive, metabolic and endocrine systems

Structures related to the genitourinary and CODE s6 reproductive systems

CODE s7 Structures related to movement

CODE s8 Skin and related structures

Data collected at this level will provide a general description of the structures and can only be compared with data collected at the same level.

Each chapter contains categories at different levels ordered from general to detailed. For more detailed information the user should follow the structure of the ICF; the codes should be drawn from the same hierarchical level within any particular chapter. The full range of permissible values together with definitions is listed in the Body Structures component of the ICF.

An example of a value domain at the 3 digit level from the Structures of the nervous system chapter may include:

CODE s110 Structure of the brain

CODE s120 Spinal cord and related structures

CODE s130 Structure of the meninges

CODE s140 Structure of sympathetic nervous system

CODE s150 Structure of parasympathetic nervous system

CODE s198 Structure of the nervous system, other specified

CODE s199 Structure of the nervous system, unspecified

An example of a value domain at the 4 digit level from the Structures related to movement chapter may include:

CODE s7300 Structure of upper arm

CODE s7301 Structure of forearm

CODE s7302 Structure of hand

CODE s7500 Structure of thigh

CODE s7501 Structure of lower leg

CODE s7502 Structure of ankle and foot

CODE s7600 Structure of vertebral column

The prefix *s* denotes the domains within the component of *Body* Structures.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare which is the

Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra:

AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed codes,

can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User

Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This data element consists of a single, neutral list of body structures that can be used to record positive or neutral body function. In conjunction with *Impairment extent code N*, it enables the provision of information about the presence and extent of impairment for any given body structures; with *Impairment nature code N*, the provision of information about the nature of the impairment for given body functions; and *Impairment location code N*, the location of the impairment for given body functions.

Where multiple body structures or **impairments of body structures** are recorded, the following prioritising system should be useful:

- The first recorded body structure or impairment of body function is the one having the greatest impact on the individual.
- Second and subsequent body structure or impairment of body function is also of relevance to the individual.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the

Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Body structures cluster Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Building/complex sub-unit type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – building/complex sub-unit type, code AA[AA]

Synonymous names: Sub-complex unit type code

METeOR identifier: 429004

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: Within a complex, an abbreviation used to distinguish the

type of address found within a building/sub-complex or

marina.

Data Element Concept: Address – building/complex sub-unit type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AA[AA]

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

ANT Antenna

APT Apartment

ATM Automated Teller Machine

BBQ Barbecue

BTSD Boatshed

BLDG Building

BNGW Bungalow

CAGE Cage

CARP Carpark

CARS Carspace

CLUB Club

COOL Coolroom

CTGE Cottage

DUPL Duplex

FCTY Factory

FLAT Flat

GRGE Garage

HALL Hall

HSE House

KSK Kiosk

LSE Lease

LBBY Lobby

LOFT Loft

LOT Lot

MSNT Maisonette

MBTH Marine Berth

OFFC Office

RESV Reserve

ROOM Room

SHED Shed

SHOP Shop

SHRM Showroom

SIGN Sign

SITE Site

STLL Stall

STOR Store

STR Strata unit

STU Studio/studio apartment

SUBS Substation

SE Suite

TNCY Tenancy

TWR Tower

TNHS Townhouse

UNIT Unit

VLT Vault

VLLA Villa

WARD Ward

WHSE Warehouse

WKSH Workshop

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Addresses may contain multiple instances of

building/complex type. Record each instance of building/complex type with its corresponding building/complex number when appropriate.

Examples:

APT 6

SHOP 3A

UNIT 6

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of

secondary address sites within a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and

primary) to provide unique definition.

Usage examples: Mrs Joyce Citizen

Apartment 7 (Sub-dwelling unit type code is APT)

Level 3

Apex Building 48 Johnson Rd

CLAYTON VIC 3168

Mr XYZ

Suite 54 (Sub-dwelling unit type code is SE)

Beacon Cove Foodstore

103 Beach Road

PORT MELBOURNE VIC 3207

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – building/complex sub-unit

type, code A[AAA] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – building/complex sub-unit type, code A[AAA]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Carer Allowance (Child) receipt indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Parent/guardian – receipt of Carer Allowance (Child) indicator,

code N

Synonymous names: Receipt of Carer Allowance (Child)

METeOR identifier: 323286

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether a parent or guardian of a person is in receipt of the

'Carer Allowance (Child)', as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Parent/guardian – receipt of Carer Allowance (Child) indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should not be reported if the service user is

aged 16 years or more, even if the person's parent or guardian

receives 'Carer Allowance (Child)'.

This data element does not refer to the 'Carer Payment'

(formerly 'Carer Pension'), even though some parents or carers of children aged less than 16 years may receive 'Carer Payment' as well as 'Carer Allowance (Child)' (formerly the 'Child Disability Allowance').

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code should only be recorded when it has not been possible for the service user or their carer/family/advocate to provide the information (i.e., they have been asked but do not

know).

Comments: Used to assess the relationship between receipt of 'Carer

Allowance (Child)' and receipt of other services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2006.

> Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection Data Guide: Data items and definitions, 2006-07. Australian Institute of Health and Welfare,

Canberra. Viewed 20 November 2006.

http://www.aihw.gov.au/disability/csda_public/06-

07_data/data_guide_2006-07.doc>

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Carer benefit type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – financial assistance type, carer benefit code N

METeOR identifier: 509172

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The type of carer benefit provided to an informal carer, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer – financial assistance type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

Code 1 Carer Allowance (caring for a person 16 years or

over)

Code 2 Carer Allowance (caring for a child under 16

years)

Code 3 Carer Payment (caring for a person 16 years or

over)

Code 4 Carer Payment (caring for a child under 16 years)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Carer Allowance is a supplementary payment for parents or

carers who provide daily care to an adult or dependent child who has a disability or medical condition or is frail aged.

Carer Payment is support if you are unable to work in paid employment because you provide full-time care to someone with a severe disability, medical condition, or is frail aged.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Informal carer benefits cluster Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 10/04/2013

Carer participation arrangement indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—carer participation arrangement

indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Carer participation arrangements

METeOR identifier: 498456

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Whether a service provider has arrangements in place to

encourage the involvement of carers in the planning, delivery

and evaluation of a service, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—carer participation arrangement

indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

<u>Disability services/supports outcomes cluster</u> Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Case management goal status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – case management goal status, code N

Synonymous names: Extent case management goals achieved

METeOR identifier: 401048

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The extent to which a client has achieved his/her case

management goals, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client – case management goal status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Not at all

2 Up to half

3 Half or more

4 All

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Not at all

This option is selected if no case management goals were

achieved.

CODE 2 Up to half

This option is used if less than half the case management

goals were achieved.

CODE 3 Half or more

This option is selected if at least half the case management goals were achieved.

CODE 4 All

This option is used if all case management goals were achieved.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to

form the response categories to the question:

"To what extent does the case worker think the client has achieved their goals over the past reporting period?"

Comments: This item is answered from the perspective of the agency

worker. It is answered at the end of a reporting period as to

whether the case management goals were achieved.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Client—case management plan goal status,

code N Community Services, Superseded 02/11/2010

See also Client—case management plan indicator, yes/no code N Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

See also Client—reason case management plan does not exist, code N Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

See also <u>Client – reason case management plan does not</u>

exist, text [A(50)] Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013,

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Case management plan indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—case management plan indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 321129

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether or not a current (at the time of recording) case

management plan has been developed for the client, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client – case management plan indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This metadata item would be collected either at an initial

assessment or subsequent assessments of a person(s).

Due to the variety across community services as to what constitutes a case management plan, and whether it is

considered to be developed, agreed to and implemented, it is up to individual collections to further clearly specify these aspects when collecting data for their individual purposes. This could include whether or not the plan is written.

An example of a question used by the Day Therapy Centre program (DTC) to establish whether a care plan has been developed for the client is:

Was a care plan developed for the person?

- Yes
- No

Individual collections may also have certain quality issues regarding case management plans that may be as important as whether or not one has been developed.

A case management plan is a personal plan or a support agreement that usually has a statement of the person(s) problems or needs, some goals for the person(s) and strategies to achieve those goals. It is usually developed between the person and agency as a result of an assessment process.

The plan or agreement can relate to services provided by one agency or a number of agencies.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Submitting organisation:

Origin: National Community Services Data Dictionary Version 2,

2000

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Client – case management goal status, code N

> Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard

23/08/2010

Supersedes Client – case management plan indicator, code

N Community Services, Superseded 29/04/2006

See also Client—reason case management plan does not exist, code N Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

See also Client—reason case management plan does not exist, text [A(50)] Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013,

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Comments:

Case plan review date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—case plan review date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Date of case plan review

METeOR identifier: 316408

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 18/12/2007

Definition: The date on which a written plan of action for the client was

reviewed.

Data Element Concept: Client—case plan review date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: The date the case plan was actually reviewed or revised may

not be the same as when any action specified in the plan was

initiated or actually occurred.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Child Protection and Support Services (NCPASS) data

group.

Origin: National Child Protection and Support Services National

Minimum Data Set data collection manual, AIHW. September

2005.

Caseworker allocation date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – caseworker allocation date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 317373

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 18/12/2007

Definition: The date a client is allocated a caseworker.

Data Element Concept: Client – caseworker allocation date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This data item may be collected for the date on which the initial

case worker was allocated and for subsequent dates on which a

client may be allocated a new case worker.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Child Protection and Support Services (NCPASS) data

group.

Origin: Child protection and support services national minimum data

set data collection manual, AIHW September 2005.

Centrelink customer reference number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – government funding identifier, Centrelink

customer reference number N(9)A

Synonymous names: CRN; Centrelink reference number

METeOR identifier: 369274

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 12/08/2008

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A unique identifier allocated to a customer or organisation,

or other item of interest.

Data Element Concept: Person—government funding identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: N(9)A

Maximum character length: 10

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This identifier is assigned by Centrelink. The CRN consists

of nine digits and one alphabetic character, generated and

validation by an internal Centrelink Algorithm.

Comments: The Centrelink Reference Number (CRN) is a unique

identifier assigned to people and certain organisations that have one or more recognised relationships with Centrelink. In most cases, these entities receive services provided by Centrelink. It is used by Centrelink as the primary key for a

customer's record.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Centrelink.

Origin: AS5017 Health Care Client Identification

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – government funding identifier,

Centrelink customer reference number {N(9)A} Health,

Standard 01/03/2005

Change to body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—nature of impairment of body structure, code (ICF

2001) N

METeOR identifier: 320171

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The qualitative or quantitative change of a person's

impairment in a specified body structure, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—nature of impairment of body structure

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 No change in structure

1 Total absence

2 Partial absence

3 Additional part

4 Aberrant dimensions

5 Discontinuity

6 Deviating position

7 Qualitative changes in structure

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

Impairments of body structure are problems in body structure such as a loss or significant departure from population standards or averages.

CODE 0 No change in structure

Used when the structure of the body part is within the range of the population standard.

CODE 1 Total absence

Used when the body structure is not present. For example total absence of the structures of the lower leg following a thorough knee amputation.

CODE 2 Partial absence

Used when only part of a body structure is present. For example partial absence of the bones of the lower leg following below knee amputation.

CODE 3 Additional part

Used when a structure, not usually present in the population is present, for example a sixth lumbar vertebra or an sixth digit on one hand.

CODE 4 Aberrant dimensions

Used when the shape and size of a body structure is significantly different from the population standard. For example radial aplasia where the shape and size of the radial bone does not develop.

CODE 5 Discontinuity

Used when parts of a body structure are separated, for example cleft palate or fracture.

CODE 6 Deviating position

Used when the location of a structure is not according to population standard; for example, transposition of the great vessels, where the aorta arises from the right ventricle and the pulmonary vessels from the left ventricle.

Qualitative changes in structure

Used when the structure of a body part is altered from the population standard. This includes accumulation of fluid, changes in bone structure as a result of osteoporosis or Paget's disease.

CODE 8 Not specified

Used when there is a change to a body structure, but the nature of the change is not described.

CODE 9 Not applicable

Used when it is not appropriate to code the nature of the change to a body structure.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is used in conjunction with specified

body structures, for example 'partial absence of structures related to movement'. This data element may also be used in conjunction with Person—extent of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) N and Person—location of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) N.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – extent of impairment of body structure</u>,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

See also Person—location of impairment of body structure,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Body structures cluster Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Child abuse and neglect type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Child—abuse and neglect type, code N

METeOR identifier: 270166

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type of physical, sexual or emotional actions or

inactions which have resulted in, or are likely to result in, significant harm or injury to a child, or risk of significant harm or injury to a child, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Child—abuse and neglect type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Physical abuse

2 Emotional abuse

3 Sexual abuse

4 Neglect

5 Other

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/ inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: These categories may be used in different ways by different

jurisdictions, depending on the state or territories own definitions, policies and practices. In addition, a child subject to abuse and neglect is often subject to more than one type of abuse and neglect (for example, sexual abuse is often also associated with emotional abuse).

Comments: The National Child Protection and Support Services

Working Group, is undertaking considerable work to improve the comparability of child protection data. This work will impact upon the definitions and data collections

in the child protection area.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Child protection, Australia, 1997–98 (AIHW)

Comparability of Child Protection Data 1999 (AIHW)

Children Protection Australia: data collection standards,

tables, & counting rules 1998–1999 (AIHW)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Child abuse and neglect type, version 2, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.3 KB)

Child indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—child indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 491672

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an individual is under 18 years of age,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—child indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

Person is aged under 18 years.

CODE 2 No

Person is not aged under 18 years.

Citizenship country

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – citizenship country, country code (SACC 2011) NNNN

METeOR identifier: 431026

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The country in which a person has acquired citizenship, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—citizenship country

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011 *Classification scheme:*

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: **NNNN**

Maximum character length:

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

> (SACC) is a four-digit, three-level hierarchical structure specifying major group, minor group and country.

A country, even if it comprises other discrete political entities such as states, is treated as a single unit for all data domain purposes. Parts of a political entity are not included in different groups. Thus, Hawaii is included in Northern America (as part of the identified country United States of America), despite being geographically close to and having similar social and cultural characteristics as the units classified to Polynesia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: A person may have multiple or dual citizenships. Each should

be recorded separately.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Person details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Client participation arrangements

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – client participation

arrangements status, code N

METeOR identifier: 498465

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Whether a service provider has arrangements in place to

encourage the involvement of clients in the planning, delivery

and evaluation of a service.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—client participation

arrangements

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability services/supports outcomes cluster Community

Specifications:

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Collection month

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode—reporting period, date MMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 508383

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The calendar month and year during which service episode

information is collected, represented as MMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Service episode—reporting period

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: MMYYYY

Maximum character length: 6

Common waitlist indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Service provider organisation – common waitlist indicator, Technical name:

yes/no code N

463305 *METeOR identifier:*

Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 *Registration status:*

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a service provider organisation waitlist

is part of a consolidated jurisdiction waiting list, as represented

by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – common waitlist indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Communication method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—communication method, code N

METeOR identifier: 345093

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The method of communication, including sign language,

most effectively used by the person, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—communication method

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Spoken language

2 Sign language

3 Other effective non-spoken communication

(e.g. Canon Communicator, Compic)

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1, 2 and 3

The communication must be effective in that the person must be able to communicate more than just basic needs, to

unfamiliar people, using this method.

This item is considered 'not applicable' to young children,

i.e. children aged 0-4 years.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Method of communication is an important indicator of

> potential barriers to social inclusion, particularly in conjunction with data on country of birth and interpreter

services required.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – communication method, code N

Community Services, Superseded 27/04/2007

See also Person – effective communication indicator, code

N Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Complex road name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – complex road name, text X[(45)]

Synonymous names: Complex street name

METeOR identifier: 429376

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The name of the road/thoroughfare of an address within a

complex, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—complex road name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(45)]

Maximum character length: 45

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of

secondary address sites within a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and

primary) to provide unique definition.

Within a road name it is possible to find what appears to be a Road type. It is also possible to have a null Road type.

Usage Examples:

Biology Building B

20-24 Genetics Lane North (Complex road name is

Genetics)

Blamey Research Institute

1-131 Sunshine Rd CAIRNS QLD 4870 Rose Cottage

9 Garden Walk (Complex road name is Garden)

Happy Valley Retirement Village

75 Davis Street

NORWOOD SA 5067

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address—complex road type, code AA[AA]

> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – street name, text [A(30)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – street

name, text [A(30)] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Complex road number 1

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – complex road number 1, road number X[(6)]

Synonymous names: Complex house number 1; Complex street number 1

METeOR identifier: 429268

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An alphanumeric identifier of an address, or the start

number for a ranged address, in the road or thoroughfare

within a complex.

Data Element Concept: Address—complex road number 1

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: X[(6)]

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of

secondary address sites within a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and

primary) to provide unique definition.

In the case of a ranged address within a complex, this data element is used in combination with the Address - complex road number 2, road number X[(6)] data element to obtain the

first and last numbers of the address.

Usage Examples:

Biology Building B

20-24 Genetics Lane North (Complex road number 1 is 20)

Blamey Research Institute

1-131 Sunshine Rd

CAIRNS QLD 4870

Rose Cottage

9 Garden Walk (Complex road number 1 is 9)

Happy Valley Retirement Village

75 Davis Street

Guide for use/examples NORWOOD SA 5067

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 Interchange of client information standard.

Components of the primary address are:

Address site (or Primary Complex) name

Address number or number range Road name (name/type/suffix)

Locality

State/Territory

Postcode (optional)

Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – complex road number 2, road number

X[(6)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing

assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – house/property identifier,

text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Complex road number 2

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – complex road number 2, road number X[(6)]

Synonymous names: Complex house number 2; Complex street number 2

METeOR identifier: 429264

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An alphanumeric identifier for the last number for a ranged

address in the road or thoroughfare in which a complex is

located.

Data Element Concept: Address—complex road number 2

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: X[(6)]

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of

secondary address sites within a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and

primary) to provide unique definition.

In the case of a ranged address within a complex, this data element is used in combination with the Address - complex road number 1, road number X[(6)] data element to obtain the

first and last numbers of the address.

Usage Example:

Biology Building B

20-24 Genetics Lane North (Complex road number 2 is 24)

Blamey Research Institute

1-131 Sunshine Rd

CAIRNS QLD 4870

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 Interchange of client information standard.

Components of the primary address are:

Address site (or Primary Complex) name Address number or number range

Road name (name/type/suffix)

Locality

State/Territory Postcode (optional) Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – complex road number 1, road number

X[(6)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing

assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Complex road suffix

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—complex road suffix, street suffix code A[A]

Synonymous names: Complex road suffix code; Complex street suffix code

METeOR identifier: 429397

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An abbreviation representing the suffix of the

road/thoroughfare of an address within a complex, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address—complex road suffix

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: A[A]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

CN Central

E East

EX Extension

LR Lower

N North

NE North East

NW North West

S South

SE South East

SW South West

UP Upper

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of

> secondary address sites within a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and

primary) to provide unique definition.

Usage Example:

Biology Building B

20-24 Genetics Lane North (Complex road suffix code is N)

Blamey Research Institute

1-131 Sunshine Rd CAIRNS QLD 4870

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – street suffix, code A[A]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 01/03/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – street

suffix, code A[A] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Complex road type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – complex road type, code AA[AA]

Synonymous names: Complex street type code; Complex road type code

METeOR identifier: 429387

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An abbreviation used to distinguish the type of road or

thoroughfare of an address within a complex.

Data Element Concept: Address—complex road type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: AA[AA]

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

ACCS Access

ALLY Alley

ALWY Alleyway

AMBL Amble

APP Approach

ARC Arcade

ARTL Arterial

ARTY Artery

AV Avenue

BA Banan

BEND Bend

BWLK Boardwalk

BVD Boulevard

BR Brace

BRAE Brae

BRK Break

BROW Brow

BYPA Bypass

BYWY Byway

CSWY Causeway

CTR Centre

CH Chase

CIR Circle

CCT Circuit

CRCS Circus

CL Close

CON Concourse

CPS Copse

CNR Corner

CT Court

CTYD Courtyard

COVE Cove

CR Crescent

CRST Crest

CRSS Cross

CSAC Cul-de-sac

CUTT Cutting

DALE Dale

DIP Dip

DR Drive

DVWY Driveway

EDGE Edge

ELB Elbow

END End

ENT Entrance

ESP Esplanade

EXP Expressway

FAWY Fairway

FOLW Follow

FTWY Footway

FORM Formation

FWY Freeway

FRTG Frontage

GAP Gap

GDNS Gardens

GTE Gate

GLDE Glade

GLEN Glen

GRA Grange

GRN Green

GR Grove

HTS Heights

HIRD Highroad

HWY Highway

HILL Hill

INTG Interchange

JNC Junction

KEY Key

LANE Lane

LNWY Laneway

LINE Line

LINK Link

LKT Lookout

LOOP Loop

MALL Mall

MNDR Meander

MEWS Mews

MTWY Motorway

NOOK Nook

OTLK Outlook

PDE Parade

PWY Parkway

PASS Pass

PSGE Passage

PATH Path

PWAY Pathway

PIAZ Piazza

PLZA Plaza

PKT Pocket

PNT Point

PORT Port

PROM Promenade

QDRT Quadrant

QYS Quays

RMBL Ramble

REST Rest

RTT Retreat

RDGE Ridge

RISE Rise

RD Road

RTY Rotary

RTE Route

ROW Row

RUE Rue

SVWY Serviceway

SHUN Shunt

SPUR Spur

SQ Square

ST Street

SBWY Subway

TARN Tarn

TCE Terrace

THFR Thoroughfare

TLWY Tollway

TOP Top

TOR Tor

TRK Track

TRL Trail

TURN Turn

UPAS Underpass

VALE Vale

VIAD Viaduct

VIEW View

VSTA Vista

WALK Walk

WKWY Walkway

WHRF Wharf

WYND Wynd

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The recommended code description is the list of standard street type abbreviations in AS/NZS 4819.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of

> secondary address sites within a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and

primary) to provide unique definition.

NOTE: Within a Road name it is possible to find what appears to be a Road type (e.g. The Boulevard). It is also

possible to have a null Road type.

Usage Example: Biology Building B

20-24 Genetics Lane North (Complex road type code is LA)

Blamey Research Institute

1-131 Sunshine Rd CAIRNS QLD 4870

Rose Cottage

9 Garden Walk (Complex road type code is WK)

Happy Valley Retirement Village

75 Davis Street

NORWOOD SA 5067

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – complex road name, text X[(45)]

> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – street type, code A[AAA] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – street type, code A[AAA] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Address details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Consent obtained indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – consent obtained indicator, yes/no code N

Synonymous names: Consent obtained

METeOR identifier: 338737

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether the client has agreed to have personal information

recorded, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client - consent indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Boolean *Data type:*

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Code 1 Yes

> Information has been provided to the client about the recording of personal information and they have given their consent to

being involved.

Code 2 No

The client has been asked to give consent but has refused, or if

consent was not obtained for other reasons.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Corporation indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – corporation indicator, yes/no

code N

315191 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether the group or organisation which is

responsible for managing the service is legally termed a

corporation, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – corporation indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A corporation is a legal entity that:

is created for the purpose of producing goods and services

for the market;

may be a source of profit or other financial gain to its

- owner(s); and
- is collectively owned by shareholders who have the authority to appoint directors responsible for its general management.

Respondents should choose 'no' if the legal entity of their service's owner or management group does not reflect the definition.

Country code of address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – country identifier, country code (ISO 3166) AA

METeOR identifier: 430165

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The country identifier of an address, as represented by the

International Standards Organisation code for countries.

Data Element Concept: Address – country identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Standards Organisation codes for the

representation of names of countries and their subdivisions,

Part 1: Country codes (ISO 3166, 2006)

Identifier *Representation class:*

Data type: String

Format: AA

2 *Maximum character length:*

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: AUSTRALIA should not be printed on domestic mail.

For international mailing purposes the full country name

must be used.

Mail for Australian Island Territories (e.g. Christmas Island, Norfolk Island) is treated as Australian domestic mail with the name of the island included as the locality

information.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard. Components of the primary address are:

- Address site (or Primary complex) name
- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Collection methods: If this data element is blank the address is by default an

Australian address.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person (address) – country identifier, code</u>

(SACC 2008) NNNN Community Services, Superseded

28/02/2012, Health, Superseded 28/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Country identifier (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (address) – country identifier, code (SACC 2011)

NNNN

459971 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 28/02/2012

Health, Standard 28/02/2012

Definition: The country component of the address of a person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (address) – country identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length:

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

> (SACC) is a four-digit, three-level hierarchical structure specifying major group, minor group and country.

A country, even if it comprises other discrete political entities such as states, is treated as a single unit for all data domain purposes. Parts of a political entity are not included in different groups. Thus, Hawaii is included in Northern America (as part of the identified country United States of America), despite being geographically close to and having similar social and cultural characteristics as the units

classified to Polynesia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Collect the data at the 4-digit level.

Comments: Note that the Standard Australian Classification of

Countries (SACC) is mappable to but not identical to Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social

Statistics (ASCCSS).

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Standard Australian Classification of Countries Edition 1,

Catalogue number 1269.0, 2011, Canberra: Australian

Bureau of Statistics

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person (address) – country identifier, code</u>

(SACC 2008) NNNN Community Services, Superseded

28/02/2012, Health, Superseded 28/02/2012

Country of birth

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – country of birth, code (SACC 2011) NNNN

METeOR identifier: 459973

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Definition: The country in which the person was born, as represented

by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—country of birth

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length: 4

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

> (SACC) is a four-digit, three-level hierarchical structure specifying major group, minor group and country.

A country, even if it comprises other discrete political entities such as states, is treated as a single unit for all data domain purposes. Parts of a political entity are not included in different groups. Thus, Hawaii is included in Northern America (as part of the identified country United States of America), despite being geographically close to and having

similar social and cultural characteristics as the units

classified to Polynesia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Some data collections ask respondents to specify their country of birth. In others, a pre-determined set of countries is specified as part of the question, usually accompanied by an 'other (please specify)' category.

Recommended questions are:

In which country were you/was the person/was (name)

born?

Australia

Other (please specify)

Alternatively, a list of countries may be used based on, for example common Census responses.

In which country were you/was the person/was (name)

born?

Australia

England

New Zealand

Italy

Viet Nam

India

Scotland

Philippines

Greece

Germany

Other (please specify)

In either case coding of data should conform to the SACC.

Sometimes respondents are simply asked to specify whether they were born in either 'English speaking' or 'non-English speaking' countries but this question is of limited use and this method of collection is not recommended.

Comments:

This metadata item is consistent with that used in the <u>ABS</u> collection methods and is recommended for use whenever there is a requirement for comparison with ABS data (last viewed 2/6/2008).

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person – country of birth, code (SACC 2008)</u>

NNNN Community Services, Superseded 13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Superseded 13/10/2011, Health, Superseded 22/11/2011, Homelessness, Superseded 13/10/2011

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Cultural and language diversity cluster Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Person details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Country of origin

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – country of origin, code (SACC 2011) NNNN

METeOR identifier: 471367

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The country of habitual residence of a person, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—country of origin

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: **NNNN**

Maximum character length:

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

(SACC) is a four-digit, three-level hierarchical structure

specifying major group, minor group and country.

A country, even if it comprises other discrete political entities such as states, is treated as a single unit for all data domain purposes. Parts of a political entity are not included in different groups. Thus, Hawaii is included in Northern America (as part of the identified country United States of America), despite being geographically close to and having similar social and cultural characteristics as the units classified to Polynesia.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' or

'intercountry' adoption.

Date accommodation sought

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—date accommodation sought, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 336188

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date a person sought accommodation from an agency.

Data Element Concept: Person—date accommodation sought

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: SAAP demand collection DSS specific information:

The date must be within the specified collection period.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Date accuracy indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Date – accuracy indicator, code AAA

METeOR identifier: 294429

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator of the accuracy of the components of a

reported date, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Date – accuracy indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AAA

Maximum character length: 3

Permissible values: Value Meaning

AAA Day, month and year are accurate

AAE Day and month are accurate, year is

estimated

AAU Day and month are accurate, year is

unknown

AEE Day is accurate, month and year are

estimated

AEU Day is accurate, month is estimated, year is

unknown

AUU Day is accurate, month and year are

unknown

AUA Day is accurate, month is unknown, year is

accurate

AUE	Day is accurate, month is unknown, year is estimated
AEA	Day is accurate, month is estimated, year is accurate
EAA	Day is estimated, month and year are accurate
EAE	Day is estimated, month is accurate, year is estimated
EAU	Day is estimated, month is accurate, year is unknown
EEA	Day and month are estimated, year is accurate
EEE	Day, month and year are estimated
EEU	Day and month are estimated, year is unknown
EUA	Day is estimated, month is unknown, year is accurate
EUE	Day is estimated, month is unknown, year is estimated
EUU	Day is estimated, month and year are unknown
UAA	Day is unknown, month and year are accurate
UAE	Day is unknown, month is accurate, year is estimated
UAU	Day is unknown, month is accurate, year is unknown
UEA	Day is unknown, month is estimated, year is accurate
UEE	Day is unknown, month and year are estimated
UEU	Day is unknown, month is estimated, year is unknown
UUA	Day and month are unknown, year is accurate
UUE	Day and month are unknown, year is estimated

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Any combination of the values A, E, U representing the corresponding level of accuracy of each date component of the reported date.

This data element consists of a combination of three codes, each of which denotes the accuracy of one date component:

A – the referred date component is accurate

E – the referred date component is not known but is estimated

U – the referred date component is not known and not estimated.

This data element contains positional fields (DMY) that reflects the order of the date components in the format (DDMMYYYY) of the reported date:

Field 1 (D) – refers to the accuracy of the day component;

Field 2 (M) – refers to the accuracy of the month component;

Field 3 (Y) – refers to the accuracy of the year component.

Data domain	Date component (for a format DDMMYYYY)		
	(D)ay	(M)onth	(Y)ear
Accurate	A	A	A
Estimated	Е	Е	Е
Unknown	U	U	U

This data element is valid only for use with dates that are reported/exchanged in the format (DDMMYYYY).

Example 1: A date has been sourced from a reliable source and is known as accurate then the Date accuracy indicator should be informed as (AAA).

Example 2: If only the age of the person is known and there is no certainty of the accuracy of this, then the Date accuracy indicator should be informed as (UUE). That is the day and month are "unknown" and the year is "estimated".

Example 3: If a person was brought in unconscious to an emergency department of a hospital and the only information available was from a relative who was certain

of the age and the birthday's 'month' then the Date accuracy indicator should be informed as (UAA). A year derived from an accurate month and accurate age is always an accurate year.

The Date accuracy indicator can be useful for operational purposes to indicate the level of accuracy that a date has been collected at any point in time. It can indicate whether the stored date needs to be followed up until it reaches the intended minimal required accuracy. For example, if a person was brought in unconscious to an emergency department of a hospital the level of accuracy of the date collected at that point may not be satisfactory. It is likely that the correct date of birth can be obtained at a later date. The Date accuracy indicator provides information on the accuracy of the entered dates that may require further action.

For future users of the data it may also be essential they know the accuracy of the date components of a reported date.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Collection constraints:

If constraints for the collection of the date are imposed, such as 'a valid date must be input in an information system for unknown date components', the Date accuracy indicator should be used along with the date as a way of avoiding the contamination of the valid dates with the same value on the respective date components.

Example:

Some jurisdictions use 0107YYYY and some use 0101YYYY when only the year is known. When month and year are known some use the 15th day as the date i.e. 15MMYYYY. Where this occurs in a data collection that is used for reporting or analysis purposes there will be dates in the collection with the attributes 0107YYYY etc., that are accurate and some that are not accurate. Without a corresponding flag to determine this accuracy the analysis or report will be contaminated by those estimated dates.

Provision of a date is often a mandatory requirement in data collections.

Most computer systems require a valid date to be recorded in a date field i.e. the month part must be an integer between 1 and 12, the day part must be an integer between 1 and 31 with rules about the months with less than 31

Comments:

days, and the year part should include the century. Also in many systems, significant dates (e.g. date of birth) are mandatory requirements.

However, in actual practice, the date or date components are often not known (e.g. date of birth, date of injury) but, as stated above, computer systems require a valid date. This means that a date MUST be included and it MUST follow the rules for a valid date. It therefore follows that, while such a date will contain valid values according to the rules for a date, the date is in fact an 'unknown' or 'estimated' date. For future users of the data it is essential they know that a date is accurate, unknown or estimated and which components of the date are accurate, unknown or estimated.

Source and reference attributes

Standards Australia *Submitting organisation:*

Reference documents: AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Individual service provider – occupation end date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005,

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

See also Individual service provider – occupation start date, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

See also Person—date of birth, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010, Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012, Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

See also Record – linkage key, code 581

XXXXXDDMMYYYYN Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

See also <u>Statistical linkage key 581 cluster</u> Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Statistical linkage key 581 cluster Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010
Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010
Health, Standard 07/12/2011
Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010
Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Conditional obligation:
Where a date of birth is estimated the date accuracy indicator should be used

Date estimate indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Date – estimate indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Date estimate flag, Birth date estimate flag, Estimate

indicator, Date accuracy flag

METeOR identifier: 329314

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007 Registration status:

Definition: An indicator of whether any component of a reported date

was estimated.

Context: Record linkage and statistical linkage key.

Data Element Concept: Date – estimate indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Estimated

Not estimated 2

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This data element may be reported in conjunction with the

date of birth when any part of the date represents an

estimate rather than the actual or known date.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NCSIMG Children Services Data Working Group

CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: National Community Services Data Dictionary V3, 2004.

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – date of birth, DDMMYYYY</u> Community

Services, Standard 25/08/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010, Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012, Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

See also Record – linkage key, code 581

XXXXXDDMMYYYYN Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard

21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Date of birth

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—date of birth, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 287007

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: The date of birth of the person, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Person—date of birth

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: If date of birth is not known or cannot be obtained,

provision should be made to collect or estimate age. Collected or estimated age would usually be in years for adults, and to the nearest three months (or less) for children aged less than two years. Additionally, an estimated date flag or a date accuracy indicator should be reported in

conjunction with all estimated dates of birth.

For data collections concerned with children's services, it is suggested that the estimated date of birth of children aged under 2 years should be reported to the nearest 3 month period, i.e. 0101, 0104, 0107, 0110 of the estimated year of

birth. For example, a child who is thought to be aged 18 months in October of one year would have his/her estimated date of birth reported as 0104 of the previous year. Again, an estimated date flag or date accuracy indicator should be reported in conjunction with all estimated dates of birth.

Collection methods:

Information on date of birth can be collected using the one question:

What is your/(the person's) date of birth?

In self-reported data collections, it is recommended that the following response format is used:

Date of birth: __/ __/

This enables easy conversion to the preferred representational layout (DDMMYYYY).

For record identification and/or the derivation of other metadata items that require accurate date of birth information, estimated dates of birth should be identified by a date accuracy indicator to prevent inappropriate use of date of birth data. The linking of client records from diverse sources, the sharing of patient data, and data analysis for research and planning all rely heavily on the accuracy and integrity of the collected data. In order to maintain data integrity and the greatest possible accuracy an indication of the accuracy of the date collected is critical. The collection of an indicator of the accuracy of the date may be essential in confirming or refuting the positive identification of a person. For this reason it is strongly recommended that the data element Date – accuracy indicator, code AAA also be recorded at the time of record creation to flag the accuracy of the data.

Comments:

Privacy issues need to be taken into account in asking persons their date of birth.

Wherever possible and wherever appropriate, date of birth should be used rather than age because the actual date of birth allows a more precise calculation of age.

When date of birth is an estimated or default value, national health and community services collections typically use 0101 or 0107 or 3006 as the estimate or default for DDMM.

It is suggested that different rules for reporting data may apply when estimating the date of birth of children aged under 2 years because of the rapid growth and development of children within this age group which means that a child's development can vary considerably over the course of a year. Thus, more specific reporting of

estimated age is suggested.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Reference documents: AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Date – accuracy indicator</u>, code <u>AAA</u> Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Housing assistance,

Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard

23/08/2010

See also Date – estimate indicator, code N Community

Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Supersedes Person – date of birth, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Superseded 25/08/2005, Health,

Superseded 04/05/2005

Is used in the formation of Record – linkage key, code 581 XXXXXDDMMYYYYN Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard

21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Statistical linkage key 581 cluster Community Services,

Standard 21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Date of death

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – date of death, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 287305

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date of death of the person, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Person – date of death

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Recorded for persons who have died.

Where Date of birth is collected, Date of death must be equal to or greater than Date of birth for the same person.

Collection methods: It is recommended that in cases where all components of

the date of death are not known or where an estimate is arrived at from age, a valid date be used together with a

flag to indicate that it is an estimate.

For record identification and/or the derivation of other metadata items that require accurate date of death information, estimated dates of death should be identified by a date accuracy indicator to prevent inappropriate use of date of death data. The linking of client records from diverse sources, the sharing of patient data, and data

analysis for research and planning all rely heavily on the accuracy and integrity of the collected data. In order to maintain data integrity and the greatest possible accuracy an indication of the accuracy of the date collected is critical.

The collection of Date accuracy indicator may be essential in confirming or refuting the positive identification of a person. For this reason it is strongly recommended that the data element Date accuracy indicator also be recorded at the time of record creation to flag the accuracy of the data.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Health Data Standards Committee Origin:

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Date of death, version 1, DE, NHDD, NHIMG,

<u>Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf</u> (13.5 KB)

Implementation in Data Set Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 06/02/2012

Date of initial case plan

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—initial case plan date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Initial case plan date

METeOR identifier: 316402

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 18/12/2007

Definition: The date on which a client's first case plan was developed and

agreed to by relevant parties.

Data Element Concept: Client – initial case plan date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A case management plan is a written plan or a support

agreement that usually has a statement of the person's

problems or needs, some goals for the person and strategies to achieve those goals. It is usually developed between the person and agency as a result of an assessment process. The plan or agreement can relate to services provided by on agency or a

number of agencies.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Child Protection and Support Services (NCPASS) data

group.

Origin: National Child Protection and Support Services National

Minimum Data Set data collection manual, AIHW, September

2005.

Day of operation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – day of operation, code N

METeOR identifier: 315122

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The day of the week an agency or organisation is open for the

provision of service, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—day of operation

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Monday

2 Tuesday

3 Wednesday

4 Thursday

5 Friday

6 Saturday

7 Sunday

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: More than one option can be selected.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NCSIMG Children's Services Data Working Group

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Department of Veterans' Affairs file number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – government funding identifier, Department of

Veterans' Affairs file number AAXXNNNNA

339127 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: A unique personal identifier issued to a veteran by the

Department of Veterans' Affairs.

Person – government funding identifier Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Identifier *Representation class:*

Data type: String

Format: AAXXNNNN[A]

Maximum character length:

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: 1st character is the state code (an alphabetic character) - N,

> V, Q, W, S or T for the appropriate state/territory. Australian Capital Territory is included in New South Wales (N) and Northern Territory with South Australia (S).

Next 7 characters are the file number, made up of:

War code + numeric digits, where:

if War code is 1 alphabetic character, add 6 numeric

characters (ANNNNNN)

Where there is no war code as is the case with World War 1 veterans, insert a blank and add 6 numeric characters (

NNNNNN)

if War code is 2 alphabetic characters, add 5 numeric

characters (AANNNN)

if War code is 3 alphabetic characters, add 4 numeric

characters (AAANNNN)

The 9th character is the segment link. For dependents of

veterans, the 9th character is always an alphabetic character. The alphabetic code is generated in the order by which the cards are issued. For example A, B, C, D etc.

CAUTIONARY NOTE: For veterans the 9th character is left blank.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

The Department of Veterans' Affairs file number should only be collected from persons eligible to receive health services that are to be funded by the DVA. The number may be reported to the appropriate government agency to reconcile payment for the service provided.

DVA card number:

This number is the digitised version of the file number. If paper claims are optically scanned by the Health Insurance Commission, the digitised version of the file number is picked up by the scanner and converted to the normal file number format. For manual claims, the gold and white cards may be used in conjunction with the data element and an imprinter. This method records the DVA file number and other card details on a manual voucher.

The data should not be used by private sector organisations for any purpose unless specifically authorised by law. For example, private sector organisations should not use the DVA file number for data linking unless specifically authorised by relevant privacy legislation.

This number must be recorded by a service provider each time a service is provided to a person who holds the entitlement for reimbursement purposes.

All veterans and veteran community clients are issued with a DVA file number. The veteran community may access many different benefits, ranging from pensions to health services, through their DVA file number.

Note that Veterans may have a Medicare card number and a Department of Veterans Affairs (DVA) number or only a DVA number.

DVA has three (3) types of health cards:

- Gold Card
- White Card
- Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Card.

Each card indicates, to the health provider, the level of health services the holder is eligible for, at the DVA

Comments:

expense.

The Gold card enables the holder to access a comprehensive range of health care and related services, for all conditions, whether they are related to war service or not.

The White card enables the holder to access health care and associated services for war or service-related conditions. Veterans of Australian forces may also be issued this card to receive treatment for malignant cancer, pulmonary tuberculosis and post traumatic stress disorder and, for Vietnam veterans only, anxiety or depression, irrespective of whether these conditions are related to war service or not.

The white card holders are eligible to receive, for specific conditions, treatment from registered medical, hospital, pharmaceutical, dental and allied health care providers with whom DVA has arrangements.

A white card is also issued to eligible ex-service personnel who are from other countries, which enter into arrangements with the Australian government for the treatment of the conditions that these countries accept as war related.

When a gold/white card holder accesses health services at DVA expense, the DVA File Number is critical and should be used. The person's Medicare card number is not required or relevant.

It should be noted that there are a number of gold card holders who do not have a Medicare card.

The Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits card is an orange coloured card issued to eligible veterans and merchant mariners from Britain and the Commonwealth and other allied countries. This card enables the holder to access the range of pharmaceutical items available under the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme. It does not provide access to other health services.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Department of Veterans' Affairs

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person – government funding identifier</u>,

Department of Veterans' Affairs file number

AAXXNNNN[A] Health, Superseded 29/11/2006

Departure time from service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—departure time from service, hhmm

METeOR identifier: 314976

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The time that a person leaves the place of service delivery.

Data Element Concept: Person—departure time from service

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Time

Data type: Date/Time

Format: hhmm

Maximum character length: 4

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ISO 8601:2000: Data elements and interchange formats -

Information interchange - Representation of dates and times

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This data element may be used in conjunction with the data

element Arrival time at service as a measure of the patterns of

utilisation of services.

Comments: In addition, this data element can be used to calculate the

number of hours per day, hours per week and days per week a

person uses services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NCSIMG Children's Services Data Working Group

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Derived activity limitation (disability flag)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—activity limitation, disability flag code N

Synonymous names: Derived participation restriction (disability flag)

METeOR identifier: 533815

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person is limited in undertaking

activities or participating in life areas, as represented by a

code.

Context: This item is used to identify people with disabilities or long

term health conditions who experience difficulties and/or need assistance in various areas of their life, and demarcate

them from people without such limitations or needs.

Data Element Concept: Person—activity limitation indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Has activity limitation or participation

restriction

2 Does not have activity limitation or

participation restriction

Supplementary values: 9 Inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Derivation of this data element combines two data elements: Person—activity and participation life area, disability flag code N and Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N, to complete the following matrix. The values in the matrix are used for this data element to show the derivation of the extent of activity limitation below.

	Always/ sometimes need help and/ or supervision	Have difficulty, but don't need help/supervision	Don't have difficulty, but use aids/ equipment/ medications	Have no difficulty
Self-care	1a	1b	1c	1d
Mobility	2a	2b	2c	2d
Communication	3a	3b	3c	3d
Learning, applying knowledge	4a	4b	4c	4d
Managing things around the home	5a	5b	5c	5d
Managing tasks and handling situations	6a	6b	6с	6d
Personal relationships	7a	7b	7c	7d
Community life	8a	8b	8c	8d

CODE 1

Use if any of 1a to 8c

CODE 2

Use if all of 1d to 8d.

CODE 9

Use if any rows missing and other answers only in range of 1d to 8d.

Collection methods:

This data element is derived to identify people with activity limitations reported in the <u>Activity and participation need for assistance cluster (Standardised Disability Flag)</u>.

Comments: The Activities and Participation list in the International

> Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health can be viewed as either individual functioning (activities) or societal

functioning (participation) (WHO 2001).

Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Is formed using Person—activity and participation life area,

disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Is formed using Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Standardised disability flag module Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Derived extent of activity limitation (disability flag)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – extent of activity limitation, disability flag code N

Synonymous names: Derived extent of participation restriction (disability flag)

METeOR identifier: 521009

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: The extent to which a person is limited in undertaking

activities or participating in life areas, as represented by a

code.

Context: This information is derived to help assess access to and use of

mainstream services by the general public, including people

with varying levels of support need.

Data Element Concept: Person – extent of activity limitation in a life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Profound/severe limitation or restriction

2 Moderate limitation or restriction

3 Mild limitation or restriction

4 No limitation or restriction

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Activities and Participation list in the International Classification of

Functioning, Disability and Health—the list of life areas—can be viewed as

either individual functioning (activities) or societal functioning

(participation) (WHO 2001).

Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva: WHO.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Derivation of this data element combines two data elements: Person – activity and participation life area, disability flag code N and Person – need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N, to complete the following matrix. The values in the matrix are used for this data element to show the derivation of the extent of activity limitation below.

	Always/ sometimes need help and/ or supervision	Have difficulty, but don't need help/supervision	Don't have difficulty, but use aids/ equipment/ medications	Have no difficulty
Self-care	1a	1b	1c	1d
Mobility	2a	2b	2c	2d
Communication	3a	3b	3c	3d
Learning, applying knowledge	4a	4b	4c	4d
Managing things around the home	5a	5b	5c	5d
Managing tasks and handling situations	6a	6b	6с	6d
Personal relationships	7a	7b	7c	7d
Community life	8a	8b	8c	8d

CODE 1

Use if any of 1a to 8a

CODE 2

Use if none of 1a to 8a AND any of 1b to 8b.

CODE 3

Use if none of 1a to 8a AND none of 1b to 8b AND any of 1c to 8c.

CODE 4

Use if all of 1d to 8d.

CODE 9

Use if any rows missing and other answers only in range of 1d to 8d.

Collection methods: This data element is derived to identify people with activity

limitations reported in the Activity and participation need for

assistance cluster (Standardised Disability Flag)

Comments: The Activities and Participation list in the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health can be viewed as either individual functioning (activities) or societal

functioning (participation) (WHO 2001).

Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva: WHO.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Is formed using <u>Person – activity and participation life area</u>, disability flag code N Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Is formed using <u>Person – need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N</u> Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Standardised disability flag module Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 19/09/2013

Derived extent of core activity limitation (disability flag)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – extent of core activity limitation, disability flag code

N

Synonymous names: Derived extent of core participation restriction (disability flag)

METeOR identifier: 541585

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: The extent to which a person is limited in undertaking

activities or participating in the core life areas of self-care, mobility and communication, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—extent of core activity limitation

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Profound/severe limitation or

restriction

2 Moderate limitation or restriction

3 Mild limitation or restriction

4 No limitation or restriction

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Activities and Participation list in the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health—the list of life areas—can be viewed as either individual functioning (activities) or societal functioning (participation) (WHO 2001).

Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This data element conceptually aligns with the measure of profound/severe core activity limitation in the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This survey determines levels of core activity limitation based on whether a person needs help, has difficulty, or uses aids or equipment with core activities, which are defined as communication, mobility or self-care.

Derivation of this data element combines two data elements: Person—activity and participation life area, disability flag code N (the subset of life areas comprising self-care, mobility and communication) and Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N, to complete the following matrix. The values in the matrix are used for this data element to show the derivation of the extent of activity limitation below.

	Always/ sometim es need help and/or supervisi on	Have difficulty, but don't need help/ supervision	Don't have difficulty, but use aids/ equipment/medications	Have no difficulty
Self-care	1a	1b	1c	1d
Mobility	2a	2b	2c	2d
Communication	3a	3b	3c	3d

CODE 1

Use if any of 1a to 3a

CODE 2

Use if none of 1a to 3a AND any of 1b to 3b.

CODE 3

Use if none of 1a to 3a AND none of 1b to 3b AND any of 1c to 3c.

CODE 4

Use if all of 1d to 3d.

CODE 9

Use if any rows missing and other answers only in range of 1d to 3d.

Collection methods: This data element is derived to identify people with core

> activity limitations reported in the Activity and participation need for assistance cluster (Standardised Disability Flag)

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) 2010. Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2009. ABS Cat.

No. 4430.0. Viewed September 2013,

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/Latestprodu cts/4430.0Glossary12009?opendocument&tabname=Notes&pr

odno=4430.0&issue=2009&num=&view=>.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Is formed using Person—activity and participation life area,

disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Is formed using Person—need for assistance with activities in a

life area, disability flag code N Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Standardised disability flag module Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Design capacity

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – design capacity, total beds

N[NNNNN]

METeOR identifier: 314052

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Definition: The useable design capacity of the service provider

organisation measured in total bed numbers.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – design capacity

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNNNN]

Maximum character length: 6

Unit of measure: Bed

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Note that this refers to the capacity for which the agency/centre

was designed.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Corrections Advisory Group 1999. National

Corrections Advisory Group Data Collection Manual 1998-99.

Canberra. Viewed 21 May 2008,

http://www.pc.gov.au/gsp/reports/rogs/2000/factsheets

Difficulty with activities

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Person – level of difficulty with activities in life areas, code Technical name:

(ICF 2001) N

320120 METeOR identifier:

Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 *Registration status:*

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The level of difficulty a person has in performing the tasks

and actions involved in specified life areas, as represented

by a code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person – level of difficulty with activities in a life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Code Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 0 No difficulty

1 Mild difficulty

2 Moderate difficulty

3 Severe difficulty

4 Complete difficulty

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

> 9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

In the context of health, an activity is the execution of a task or action by an individual. Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing an activity.

Difficulties with activities can arise when there is a qualitative or quantitative alteration in the way in which these activities are carried out. Difficulty includes matters such as 'with pain', 'time taken', 'number of errors', clumsiness', 'modification of manner in which an activity is performed' e.g. sitting to get dressed instead of standing. 'Difficulty' is a combination of the frequency with which the problem exists, the duration of the problem and the intensity of the problem. Activity limitations are assessed against a generally accepted population standard, relative to cultural and social expectations.

Activity limitation varies with the environment and is assessed in relation to a particular environment; the absence or presence of **assistance**, including aids and equipment, is an aspect of the environment.

The user will select the code that most closely summarises, in terms of duration, frequency, manner or outcome, the level of difficulty of the person for whom the data is recorded.

CODE 0 No difficulty in this life area

Is used when there is no difficulty in performing this activity. This scale has a margin of error of 5%. [0-4%]

CODE 1 Mild difficulty

Is recorded for example, when the level of difficulty is below the threshold for medical intervention, the difficulty is experienced less than 25% of the time, and/or with a low alteration in functioning which may happen occasionally over the last 30 days. [5-24%]

CODE 2 Moderate difficulty

Is used for example when the level of difficulty is experienced less than 50% of the time and/or with a significant, but moderate effect on functioning (Up to half the scale of total performance) which may happen regularly over the last 30 days. [25-49%]

CODE 3 Severe difficulty

Is used for example when performance in this life area can

be achieved, but with only extreme difficulty, and/or with an extreme effect on functioning which may happen often over the last 30 days. [50-95%]

CODE 4 Complete difficulty

Is used when the person can not perform in this life area due of the difficulty in doing so. This scale has a margin of error of 5%. [96-100%]

CODE 8 Not specified

Is used where a person has difficulty with activities in a life area but there is insufficient information to use codes 0-4.

CODE 9 Not applicable

Is used where a life area is not applicable to this person, e.g. domestic life for a child under 5.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element, in conjunction with Person—activities

and participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN], indicates the presence and extent of activity limitation in a

given domain of activity.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – activity and participation life area, code</u>

(ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Activities and Participation cluster Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Disability group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – disability group, code N

METeOR identifier: 337532

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The disability group that most clearly expresses the

experience of disability by a person as represented by a

code.

Context: Disability groupings constitute a broad categorisation of

disabilities in terms of the underlying health condition, impairment, activity limitations, participation restrictions,

environmental factors and support needs.

Disability is the umbrella term for any or all of: an impairment of **body structure** or function, a limitation in **activities**, or a restriction in **participation**. Disability is defined in terms of three components: 'Body functions and

structures', 'Activity and Participation' and

'Environmental factors'.

Data Element Concept: Person—disability group

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Intellectual/learning

2 Psychiatric

3 Sensory/speech

4 Physical/diverse

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Code 1 Intellectual/learning

Intellectual/learning disability is associated with impairment of intellectual functions with limitations in a range of daily activities and restrictions in participation in a range of life areas. Supports may be needed throughout life; the level of support tends to be consistent over a period of time but may change in association with changes in life circumstances.

This grouping includes:

Developmental delay is applicable to children aged 0-5 only. Conditions appearing in the early developmental period, with no specific diagnosis.

Intellectual disability applies to conditions appearing in the developmental period (age 0–18) associated with impairment of mental functions, difficulties in learning and performing certain daily life skills and limitation of adaptive skills in the context of community environments compared to others of the same age. Includes Down syndrome, tuberous sclerosis, cri-du-chat syndrome etc.

Specific learning/Attention Deficit Disorder (other than intellectual). A general term referring to a group of disorders, presumed due to central nervous system dysfunction rather than an intellectual disability, covering significant difficulties in the acquisition and use of listening, speaking, reading, writing, reasoning or mathematical skills.

Autism (including Asperger syndrome and Pervasive Developmental Delay) is used to describe pervasive developmental disorder involving disturbances in cognition, interpersonal communication, social interactions and behaviour (in particular obsessional, ritualistic, stereotyped and rigid behaviours).

Code 2 Psychiatric

Psychiatric disability is associated with clinically recognisable symptoms and behaviour patterns frequently associated with distress that may impair personal functioning in normal social activity. Impairments of global or specific mental functions may be experienced, with associated activity limitations and participation restrictions in a range of areas. Supports needed may vary in range, and may be required with intermittent intensity during the course of the condition. Change in level of supports tends to be related to changes in the extent of the impairment and the environment. Psychiatric disability may be associated with schizophrenias, affective disorders, anxiety disorders,

addictive behaviours, personality disorders, stress, psychosis, depression and adjustment disorders.

Code 3 Sensory/speech

This grouping includes:

Deafblind is used to describe dual sensory impairments causing severe restrictions in communication, and in the ability to participate in community life.

Vision disability encompasses blindness and vision impairment (not corrected by glasses or contact lenses), which can cause severe restrictions in communication, and in the ability to participate in community life.

Hearing disability encompasses deafness, hearing impairment, hearing loss, which can cause severe restrictions in communication, and in the ability to participate in community life.

Speech disability encompasses speech loss, impairment and/or difficulty in communication which can cause severe restrictions in communication, and in the ability to participate in community life.

Code 4 Physical/diverse

Physical/diverse disability is associated with the presence of an impairment, which may have diverse effects within and among individuals, including effects on physical activities such as mobility. The range and extent of activity limitations and participation restrictions will vary with the extent of impairment and the environment. Environmental factors and support needs are related to areas of activity limitation and participation restrictions, and may be required for long periods. Level of supports may vary with both life changes and extent of impairment.

This grouping includes:

Physical disability is used to describe conditions that are attributable to a physical cause or impact on the ability to perform physical activities, such as mobility. Physical disability includes paraplegia, quadriplegia, muscular dystrophy, motor neurone disease, neuromuscular disorders, cerebral palsy, absence or deformities of limbs, spina bifida, arthritis, back disorders, ataxia, bone formation or degeneration, scoliosis etc. Impairments may affect internal organs such as lung or liver.

Acquired brain injury is used to describe multiple disabilities arising from damage to the brain acquired after birth. It results in deterioration in cognitive, physical, emotional or independent functioning. It can be as a result of accidents, stroke, brain tumours, infection, poisoning,

lack of oxygen, degenerative neurological disease etc.

Neurological disability applies to impairments of the nervous system occurring after birth, and includes epilepsy and organic dementias (e.g. Alzheimer disease) as well as such conditions as multiple sclerosis and Parkinson disease.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set 2002-2003 Data Guide.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement *Reference documents:*

National Minimum Data Set 2005-06 Data Guide.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Collection methods:

This metadata item may be used as a basis for the broad description of similar experiences of disability and patterns of impairments, activity limitations, participation restrictions, support needs and related health conditions. 'Disability group' is not a diagnostic grouping, and there is not a one-to-one correspondence between a health condition and a disability group. Where a precise diagnosis is to be recorded, Episode of care – principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 6th edn) ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care – additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 6th edn) ANN{.N[N]} may be used. The collection of data on disability-related metadata items and diagnosis, together, allows the relationship of the components of disability and related health conditions to be more thoroughly explored.

Consumer groups, service providers and governments may use these groupings to make national and international comparisons.

The experience of disability is complex and multidimensional. It can be described using impairments of structure and/or function, patterns of activity limitation, participation restrictions, environmental factors and support needs.

Each of these dimensions can inform the decision on which group to use.

Data collections may report at a lower level of detail.

However, it is important that the two levels of classification

can be mapped to each other.

Code 1 Intellectual /learning

Intellectual

Specific learning

Autism

Developmental delay

Code 2 Psychiatric

Psychiatric

Code 3 Sensory/speech

Deafblind

Vision

Hearing

Speech

Code 4 Physical/diverse

Physical

Acquired brain impairment

Neurological

Specific collections may require information on all disabilities of person, on only one primary disability or on both.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Disability grouping, version 2, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (28.2 KB)

Duration of service (days)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode – duration of service, total days N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 322248

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A count of the number of days during which a person received

services.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – duration of service

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Unit of measure: Day

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Measuring the duration of service, in conjunction with Reason

for cessation of services, assists in assessing the appropriateness and effectiveness of these services. This information also facilitates interstate and cross regional comparisons of accommodation support and comparisons between different

service user sub-populations.

Duration of service for a particular service type is calculated by subtracting *Service commencement date* from *Last service date*. Or, for service users who have ceased to receive services during a reporting period, *Service commencement date* should be

subtracted from Service exit date.

For service users who received services on only one day during the reporting period (and whose *Service commencement date* and *Last service date* are reported as the same date), the duration of

service should be calculated as '1'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

National Disability Administrators

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

 $\frac{Disability\ services/supports\ received\ cluster}{Services,\ Standard\ 10/04/2013}$ *Specifications:*

Education at presentation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—school enrolment and attendance status, code N

METeOR identifier: 401809

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The school enrolment and attendance status of a person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—school enrolment and attendance status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Enrolled and attending school

2 Enrolled in school but not always attending

3 Enrolled in school but not attending

4 Enrolled in school but waiting to commence

5 Home schooled

6 Neither enrolled nor home schooled

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Enrolled and attending school

This option is used when the person is enrolled in school and

regularly attends school.

CODE 2 Enrolled in school but not always attending

This option is used when the person is enrolled in school but regularly does not attend school for reasons other than health related reasons.

CODE 3 Enrolled in school but not attending

This option is used when the person is not attending school and the school year or term is considered to be fully commenced.

CODE 4 Enrolled in school but waiting to commence

This option is used when the person is enrolled in school but the school year or term has not yet commenced.

CODE 5 Home schooled

This option is used when the person is educated at home, typically by parents but sometimes by tutors, rather than in other formal settings of public or private school. It may also refer to instruction in the home under the supervision of correspondence schools, distance education, or School of the Air.

CODE 6 Neither enrolled nor home schooled

This option is used when the person is neither enrolled in a school, nor is home schooled.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This item is collected at the time of presentation to an agency

for assistance.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Education participation restriction indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – education participation restriction indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Education participation restriction flag

METeOR identifier: 520889

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person's ability to participate

in schooling or training is limited in any way, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—education participation restriction indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No.

Supplementary values: 7 Not applicable

9 Not stated/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This item is collected for people aged 5 years or over. It is

expected that for children aged 5–14 years, this item would be collected from a proxy (parent/guardian/carer answering on

the child's behalf).

CODE 1 Yes

Use if a person's ability to participate in school or another educational institution is restricted.

CODE 2 No

Use if a person's ability to participate in school or another educational institution is not restricted.

CODE 7 Not applicable

Use if a person is aged under 5 years.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Use if the response is missing.

Participation in education is defined as the ability to take part in activities and tasks or take actions to perform at school or another educational institution (such as TAFE, university, or skills centre). Participation in education is considered to be affected if a person:

- is attending a special school/institution or special class, or
- needs special support or equipment to learn, or
- needs special access or transport arrangements, or
- needs special assessment procedures, or
- frequently needs time off (one day per week or more), or
- is unable to attend school/institution full-time or at all.

The nature of the restriction may differ across early childhood, primary, secondary education, tertiary and vocational education.

Collection methods:

This data element is applicable to all people aged 5 and above, irrespective of actual attendance and/or enrolment at any educational institution. The concept focuses on restrictions affecting a respondent's ability to participate in education. Prior to asking the question, ensure that the respondent is 5 years or older and explain that the question is asked in the context of a long-term condition or disability that has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or more.

Ouestion:

Does a long term-term health condition or disability affect your participation in education?

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 2006. Disability variables, 2006. ABS cat. no. 1200.0.55.001. Canberra: ABS. Viewed 24th August 2011,

http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/Latestproducts/ 3FB70A28F5A1DC89CA2571F4007AA85F?opendocument

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 2009. Disability, aging and

carers, Australia: user guide. ABS cat. no. 4431.0.55.001.

Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Standardised disability flag module Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Conditional obligation:

This item applies to people aged 5 years or older.

Effective communication indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Person – effective communication indicator, code N Technical name:

METeOR identifier: 345049

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether a person is able to communicate more than just

basic needs to unfamiliar people, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – effective communication indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Number *Data type:*

Format: N

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Effective communication

2 Little or no effective communication

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is not applicable to young children aged

0-4 years.

CODE 1 Effective communication

Ability to communicate more than just basic needs, to

unfamiliar people.

CODE 2 Little or no effective communication

Little or no ability to communicate more than just basic

needs, to unfamiliar people.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Reference documents: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2006.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: data guide – data

items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—communication method, code N

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Electronic communication address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – electronic communication address, text X[(1100)]

Synonymous names: Electronic communication details; Electronic mail address;

Email address

METeOR identifier: 452649

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An electronic internet contact address, used for

communication purposes, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—electronic communication address

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(1100)]

Maximum character length: 1100

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The following rules are to assist in data exchange and

should not be considered as a standard for the creation of

email addresses.

An email address cannot have any white space.

An email address can come in many different formats each

can be valid, but look quite different.

All email addresses will begin with a Username followed

by an '@' symbol.

The rest of the email address depends on whether it is

Domain-Defined or IP-Address Defined.

Alphanumeric in the format

Username@(subdomain.)domain.topleveldomain

(.countrydomainExtension)

Or

Username@IPAddress

Domain Defined:

Following the @ symbol is the sub-domain which could be the name of a department in a business for example. This is not compulsory. There may be many sub-domains in any email address. After the sub-domain(s) is a '.' followed by the domain. The domain could be the name of the company for example. This is compulsory. There is only ever one domain name.

Following the domain is another '.' and the topleveldomain name. This is usually the type of business e.g. '.com' stands for a commercial business, '.edu' stands for an educational institution, etc. This is compulsory. There is only ever one topleveldomain name.

After the topleveldomain is another '.' And the countrydomainextension. This is an abbreviation code for the country in which the business originated or is hosted. For an Australian business this would be '.au'. This is not compulsory. There is only ever one countrydomainextention.

An example Domain-Defined name with user name could be

FirstName.LastName@BusinessUnit.Company.com.au

IP-Address Defined:

A domain name is basically an IP address with a logical name. An IP address is a series of four numbers (only numbers) separated by dots.

Each of the four numbers can have a maximum of 3 numbers. If any of the numbers have less than 3 digits then no leading characters should be entered. Each of the digits must be between 0 and 255, they cannot be lower than 0 or higher than 255.

An example IP Address-Defined name with user name could be: FirstName.LastName@255.0.178.96

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address—electronic contact preference indicator,

code NN Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Supersedes Person (address) – electronic communication address, text [X(250)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) electronic communication address, text [X(250)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Electronic communication medium (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (address) – electronic communication medium, code N

METeOR identifier: 287519

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: A type of communication mechanism used by a person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (address) — electronic communication medium

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Telephone (excluding mobile telephone)

2 Mobile (cellular) telephone

3 Facsimile machine

4 Pager

5 e-mail

6 URL

8 Other

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS 4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Electronic communication medium (service provider organisation)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation (address) – electronic

communication medium, code N

METeOR identifier: 287521

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: A type of communication mechanism used by an organisation,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation (address) — electronic

communication medium

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Telephone (excluding mobile telephone)

2 Mobile (cellular) telephone

3 Facsimile machine

4 Pager

5 e-mail

6 URL

8 Other

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Multiple electronic communication addresses (for example,

multiple phone numbers, fax numbers and e-mail) may be recorded as required. Each instance should have an appropriate

Electronic communication medium and Electronic

communication usage code assigned.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS 4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

In AS4846 alternative alphabetic codes are presented. Refer to

the current standard for more details.

Electronic communication usage

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – electronic communication usage code, code NN

METeOR identifier: 452746

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The primary usage of an electronic communication address,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – electronic communication usage code

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

01 Personal use

02 Business use

88 Other

Supplementary values: 98 Unknown

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) — electronic communication

usage, code N Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Electronic contact preference indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – electronic contact preference indicator, code NN

Synonymous names: Electronic contact preference code

METeOR identifier: 433720

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An indicator of whether one electronic contact address is

preferred over any other electronic contact address, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address—electronic contact preference indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

01 Preferred

02 Not preferred

03 Not defined

Supplementary values: 98 Unknown

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should be used in conjunction with

Address – telephone number, text X[16] or Address – electronic

communication address, text X[1100].

Example:

A party provided a mobile phone number and landline phone number and has indicated that the mobile phone

number is the preferred means of contact.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – electronic communication address, text

X[(1100)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Address – telephone number, text X[(16)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Eligibility for subsidy indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—eligibility for subsidy indicator,

yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 395878

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: Whether a service provider organisation is entitled to receive

subsidies, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—eligibility for subsidy indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Eligibility status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – eligibility status, code N

METeOR identifier: 304556

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: Eligibility of a person as determined by an assessment to

receive a service from an agency as represented by a code.

Context: This metadata item may be used in calculating unmet

demand and need for existing community services.

Data Element Concept: Person—eligibility status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> Eligible 1

2 Not eligible

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The actual eligibility criteria may differ according to the

type of assistance and the agency.

Collection methods: To be measured only where the person's eligibility for

assistance has been assessed.

Instances in which a client who has been assisted on a previous occasion and subsequently seeks further assistance, should generally be considered as another

occasion of assistance, and a new 'eligibility status' should be recorded. For example, instances where a significant amount of time has lapsed since previous assistance or where the reasons for seeking assistance have changed should be regarded as additional occasions of assistance.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian institute of health and welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person</u> (assessed) — assistance eligibility status,

code N Community Services, Superseded 29/04/2006

Employment participation restriction indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – employment participation restriction indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Employment participation restriction flag

METeOR identifier: 520912

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person's ability to participate in work

is restricted, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – employment participation restriction indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 7 Not applicable

9 Not stated/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This item is collected for people who are aged 15 years or over.

Use CODE 7 for people aged under 15 years.

Participation in work is not restricted to economic activities and

is defined as the ability to take actions, perform tasks and

exhibit behaviours to obtain and retain paid and/or unpaid employment (including volunteering).

Participation in work is considered to be affected if a person:

- needs their employer to provide special equipment, modify the work environment or make special arrangements, or
- needs a support person at work, or needs ongoing assistance/supervision, or
- receives assistance from a disability job placement service, or
- frequently needs time off work or is unable to work fulltime or at all.

Collection methods:

Prior to asking the question, ensure that the respondent is 15 years or older and explain that the question is asked in the context of a long-term condition or disability that has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or more. This data item is applicable to all people aged 15 and above, irrespective of actual participation in work. The concept focuses on restrictions affecting the respondent's ability to participate in work.

Note that:

- Respondents using special equipment to modify the work environment for work health and safety or preventative purposes only should respond 'No' to this question.
- Respondents frequently needing time off work or working part-time for reasons other than a long-term health condition or disability (such as caring for a child or parent) should respond 'No' to this question.

Question:

Does a long term-term health condition or disability affect your participation in work?

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 2006. Disability variables, 2006. ABS cat. no. 1200.0.55.001. Canberra: ABS. Viewed 24th August 2001,

http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/Latestproducts/ 3FB70A28F5A1DC89CA2571F4007AA85F?opendocument

Reference documents:

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 2009. Disability, aging and carers, Australia: user guide. ABS cat. no. 4431.0.55.001.

Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Standardised disability flag module Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Conditional obligation:

This item applies to people aged 15 years or older.

Employment related study indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – employment related study indicator, code

N[N]

METeOR identifier: 355555

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether an employed person is undertaking education or

training in an employment-related field, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) — employment related study indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No.

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The person may be a **student**, and or engaged in training.

Employment type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – employment type, code N

METeOR identifier: 314867

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The nature of a person's employment in relation to his or her

expected continuity of employment and eligibility for basic

leave entitlements, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) — employment type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Permanent

2 Fixed term contract

3 Casual

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Permanent

Permanent employees are those employees who are entitled to either paid sick leave, or paid holiday leave, or both and are not

employed on a fixed term contract or casual basis.

CODE 2 Fixed term contract

Fixed-term-contract employees are those employees who have a written agreement to work a minimum number of days over a specified period of time. They do not receive paid sick or

annual leave entitlements.

CODE 3 Casual

Casual employees are those employees who do not have a written agreement on the minimum number of days that will be worked. They are usually paid a higher rate of pay, to compensate for lack of permanency and leave entitlements. Casuals may be full-time or part-time, according to the hours they have agreed to work.

The leave entitlements that a worker is eligible for should be used as the basis for choosing which category each worker belongs to.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Labour Statistics Concepts, Sources and Methods, Australia 2001. Cat no. 6102.0. Canberra: ABS Reference through:

http://www.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/abs@.nsf. Select: ABS concepts, sources, methods and statistical frameworks.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Question: Is the worker employed on a permanent, fixed term contract or casual basis?

Fields are those listed in the data domain.

CODE 9

Not stated/inadequately described, is not to be used on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Environmental factor

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—environmental factor, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN]

METeOR identifier: 320207

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The physical, social and attitudinal environment in which

people live and conduct their lives, as represented by a

code.

Context: The environment in which a person functions or

experiences disability.

Data Element Concept: Person—environmental factor

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AN[NNN]

Maximum character length: 5

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item contributes to the definition of the

concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the

experience of disability for a person.

Environmental factors represent the circumstances in which

the individual lives. These factors are conceived as

immediate (e.g. physical features of the environment, social environment) and societal (formal and informal social structures, services and systems). Different environments may have a very different impact on the same individual

with a given health condition.

Facilitators are features of the environment that have a positive effect on **disability**. Barriers are features of the

environment that have a negative effect on disability.

Data can be collected at the three digit level in one chapter and at the chapter level in another. However it is only possible to collect data at a single level of the hierarchy in a single chapter to maintain mutual exclusivity. For example, it is not permitted to collect both 'Attitudes' (chapter level) and 'Social, norms, practices and ideology' (3 digit level) as the former includes the latter.

The value domain below refers to the highest hierarchical level (ICF chapter level). Data collected at this level, in association with *Extent of environmental factor influence code* [X]N will use the codes as indicated. The full range of the permissible values together with definitions can be found in the *Environmental Factors* component of the ICF.

CODE e1 Products and technology

CODE e2 Natural environment and human-made changes to environment

CODE e3 Support and relationships

CODE e4 Attitudes

CODE e5 Services, systems and policies

Data collected at this level will provide a general description of the environmental factors and can only be compared with data collected at the same level.

An example of a value domain at the 3 digit level from the Environmental factors component may include:

CODE e225 Climate

CODE e240 Light

CODE e250 Sound

CODE e255 Vibration

CODE e260 Air quality

An example of a value domain at the 4 digit level from the environmental factors component may include:

CODE e1151 Assistive products and technology for personal use in daily life

CODE e1201 Assistive products and technology for personal indoor and outdoor mobility and transportation CODE e2151 Assistive products and technology for communication

CODE e1301 Assistive products and technology for education

CODE e1351 Assistive products and technology for employment

CODE e1401 Assistive products and technology for culture, recreation and sport

CODE e1451 Assistive products and technology for the practice of religion and spirituality

The prefix *e* denotes the domains within the component of

Environmental Factors.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare which is the

> Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Further information on the ICF, including more detailed Reference documents:

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is a neutral list of environmental factors.

> It may be used, in conjunction with Person – extent of environmental factor influence, code (ICF 2001) [X]N, in health, community services and other disability-related data collections to record the environmental factors that facilitate or inhibit optimum functioning at the body, person or societal level. Identification of environmental factors may assist in determining appropriate interventions to support the person to achieve optimum functioning.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – extent of environmental factor influence,

code (ICF 2001) [X]N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Environmental factors cluster Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Episode end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Service episode – episode end date, DDMMYYYY Technical name:

Synonymous names: Service exit date, Exit date, End date, Support period end date,

Date of expiry, Date of exit, Order end date, Detention end date

METeOR identifier: 270160

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date on which a service episode was completed.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – episode end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: May occur after or on the same day as date of last delivery of

service.

Due to the considerable variation in the types of services provided in the community services sector, it is not possible at this stage to define in generic terms what will constitute completion of a service episode. Individual collections should however define what constitutes completion for their own

purposes.

This metadata item should always be recorded as an 8 digit valid date comprising day, month and year. Year should always be recorded in its full 4 digit format. For days and months with a numeric value of less than 10, zeros should be used to ensure that the date contains the required 8 digits. For example if a service episode is completed on July 1 2000 the

date assistance completed should be recorded as 01072000 as

specified by the format.

Collection methods: The end date must be related to a particular service episode. For

each separate service episode a separate end date should be

recorded.

Comments: This metadata item may be used in the calculation of measures

of periods of support and duration of assistance.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, *Specifications:*

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Episode start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode – episode start date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Service start date, Entry date, Support period start date,

Date of effect, Date of entry, Order start date, Detention

start date

METeOR identifier: 338558

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/05/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date on which a service episode commenced.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – episode start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Due to the considerable variation in the types of services

provided in the community services sector, it is not possible at this stage to define in generic terms what will constitute commencement of a service episode. Individual collections should however define what constitutes commencement for their own purposes. For example, it may be at contact stage in some instances or in others when a case plan is

formulated.

Collection methods: Date assistance commenced must be related to a particular

service episode.

For each separate service episode a separate 'service episode – start date, DDMMYYYY' should be recorded.

Comments: This metadata item is used in calculation of measures of

periods of support and duration of assistance.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes First service contact date, version 2, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.7 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Estimated resident population

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—estimated resident population of Australia, total

people N[N(7)]

METeOR identifier: 388656

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Health, Proposed 09/04/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: The official measure of the population of Australia, as a

number.

Data Element Concept: Person – Estimated resident population of Australia

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N(7)]

Maximum character length: 8

Unit of measure: Person

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The official measure of the population of Australia is based on

the concept of usual residence. It refers to all people, regardless of nationality or citizenship, who usually live in Australia, with

the exception of foreign diplomatic personnel and their families. It includes usual residents who are overseas for less than 12 months. It excludes overseas visitors who are in Australia for less than 12 months. Estimates of the Australian resident population are generated on a quarterly basis by adding natural increase (the excess of births over deaths) and net overseas migration (NOM) occurring during the period to the population at the beginning of each period. This is known

as the cohort component method, and can be represented by the following equation:

 $P_{t+1} = P_t + B - D + NOM$, where:

 P_t = the estimated resident population at time point t

 P_{t+1} = the estimated resident population at time point t+1

B =the number of births occurring between t and t+1

D = the number of deaths occurring between t and t+1

NOM = net overseas migration occurring between t and t+1.

For state and territory population estimates, an additional term is added to the equation representing net interstate migration (NIM) occurring between t and t+1, represented by the following equation:

$$P_{t+1} = P_t + B - D + NOM + NIM.$$

Collection methods:

The estimates by age of the population of Australia and the states and territories at the date of the Census are derived from the Census counts by place of usual residence, by adjusting for under-enumeration and adding the number of Australian residents estimated to have been temporarily overseas at the time of the Census.

Post-censal population estimates are obtained by advancing the previous year's estimates to the next year by subtracting deaths and adding births and net estimated interstate and overseas migration. After each Census, estimates for the preceding intercensal period are revised by incorporating an additional adjustment (intercensal discrepancy) to ensure that the total intercensal increase at each age agrees with the difference between the estimated resident populations at the two respective Census dates.

Net overseas migration

Conceptually, net overseas migration (NOM) is the difference between permanent and long-term arrivals, and permanent and long-term departures. Estimates of NOM are derived from information provided on incoming and outgoing passenger cards, as well as other data supplied by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA). Data on the intended duration of stay of overseas visitors arriving in Australia and the intended duration of absence of Australian residents travelling overseas are used to determine the numbers of permanent and long-term arrivals, and permanent and long-term departures. Passenger card data are also used to calculate migration adjustments and determine the state and territory distribution of NOM. The processes of adjusting movement data on travellers' stated intentions to reflect their actual behaviour are complex, and depend upon

the amount and type of movement data available at a particular

point in time.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2009

(ABS cat no 3228.0.55.001)

Australian Demographic Statistics (ABS cat no 3101.0)

Extent of participation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – extent of participation in a life area, code (ICF

2001) N

METeOR identifier: 320219

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree of participation by an individual in a specified

life area, as represented by a code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person—extent of participation in a life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 Full participation

1 Mild participation restriction

2 Moderate participation restriction

3 Severe participation restriction

4 Complete participation restriction

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

In the context of health, participation is involvement in a life situation. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement of life situations.

This metadata item may be used to describe the extent of participation in life situations for an individual with a health condition. The standard or norm to which an individual's participation is compared is that of an individual without a similar health condition in that particular society. The participation restriction records the discordance between the experienced participation and the expected participation of an individual without a health condition. The definition of 'particular society' is not specified and will inevitably give rise to different interpretations. If limiting the interpretation, it will be necessary to state the factors which are taken into account, for example, age, gender, ethnicity, religion, education, locality (town, state, rural, remote, urban).

The user will select the code that most closely summarises, in terms of duration, frequency, manner or outcome, the level of participation of the person for whom the data is recorded.

CODE 0 Full participation

Used when the person participates in this life area in the same way in terms of duration, frequency, manner or outcome as other individuals without a similar health condition in that particular society

CODE 1 Mild participation restriction

Used for example, when the person is restricted in their participation less than 25% of the time, and/or with a low alteration in functioning which may happen occasionally over the last 30 days

CODE 2 Moderate participation restriction

Used for example, when the person is restricted in their participation between 26% and 50% of the time with a significant, and/or with a moderate effect on functioning (Up to half the total scale of performance) which may happen regularly over the last 30 days

CODE 3 Severe participation restriction

Used for example, when participation in this life area can be achieved, but only rarely and/or with an extreme effect on functioning which may happen often over the last 30 days

CODE 4 Complete participation restriction

Used when the person can not participate in this life area. This scale has a margin of error of 5%

CODE 8 Not specified

Used when a person's participation in a life area is restricted but there is insufficient information to use codes 0-4

CODE 9 Not applicable

Used when participation in a life area is not relevant, such as employment for an infant.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Extent of participation is always associated with a health condition. For example, a restriction in participation in 'community, social and civic life' may be recorded when the person has had a stroke, but not when the restriction is associated only with personal preferences, without a related health condition. A value is attached to restriction of participation (i.e. a participation restriction is a disadvantage). The value is dependent on cultural norms, so that an individual may be disadvantaged in one group or location and not in another place.

This data element is used in conjunction with a specified Activities and participation life area (ICF 2001) AN[NNN].

For example, a 'mild restriction in participation in exchange of information'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – activity and participation life area, code</u>

(ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Activities and Participation cluster Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)]

Synonymous names: Surname; Last name

METeOR identifier: 453750

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: That part of a name a person usually has in common with

some other members of his/her family, as distinguished

from his/her given names, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) – family name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(40)]

Maximum character length: 40

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A person's family name is one of the following:

- The hereditary or tribal surname of a person's family.
- Acquired by a person in accordance with a due process defined in a State or Territory Act relating to the registration of births, deaths, marriages and changes of name and sex, and for related purposes, such as the ACT Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration.
- Any other name distinguished from a person given name.

The agency or establishment should record the person's full

family name on their information systems.

Collection methods: Family name cannot be a repeated data element.

There are no universal verification rules for a person

Family Name.

This metadata item should be recorded for all persons who receive services from or are of interest to an organisation. For the purposes of positive identification, it may also be recorded for providers of those services who are individuals.

Mixed case should be used.

Family name should be recorded in the format preferred by the person. The format should be the same as that written by the person on a (pre) registration form or in the same format as that printed on an identification card, such as a Medicare card, to ensure consistent collection of name data.

A person is able to change his or her name by usage in all States and Territories of Australia with the exception of Western Australia, where a person may only change his or her name under the Change of Name Act. Care should be taken when recording a change of name for a minor. Ideally, the name recorded for the minor should be known to both of his/her parents, so the minor's records can be retrieved and continuity of care maintained, regardless of which parent accompanies the minor to the agency or establishment.

The following format may assist with data collection:

What is your family name?

J J

Punctuation:

If special characters form part of the family name they should be included, e.g. hyphenated names should be entered with a hyphen.

Examples:

- hyphen, e.g. Wilson-Phillips

Do not leave a space before or after a hyphen, i.e. between the last letter of 'Wilson' and the hyphen, nor a space between the hyphen and the first letter of 'Phillips'.

- apostrophe, e.g. O'Brien, D'Agostino

Do not leave a space before or after the apostrophe, i.e. between the 'O' and the apostrophe, or a space between the apostrophe and 'Brien'.

- full stop, e.g. St. John, St. George

Do not leave a space before a full stop, i.e. between 'St' and the full stop. Do leave a space between the full stop and 'John'.

- space, e.g. van der Humm, Le Brun, Mc Donald

If the client has recorded their family name as more than one word, displaying spaces in between the words, record their family name in the same way leaving one space between each word.

Registered unnamed newborn babies:

When registering a newborn, use the mother's family name as the baby's family name unless instructed otherwise by the mother. Record unnamed babies under the newborn identification name Name type.

Persons with only one name:

Some people do not have a family name and a given name, they have only one name by which they are known. If the person has only one name, record it in the 'Family name' field and leave the 'Given name' field blank.

Registering an unidentified person:

The default for unknown family name should be unknown in all instances and the name recorded as an alias name. Don't create a 'fictitious' family name such as 'Doe' as this is an actual family name. When the person's name becomes known, record it as the preferred family name and do not overwrite the alias name of unknown.

Registering clients from disaster sites:

Persons treated from disaster sites should be recorded under the alias Name Type. Local business rules should be developed for consistent recording of disaster site person details.

Care should be taken not to use identical dummy data (family name, given name, date of birth, sex) for two or more persons from a disaster site.

If the family name needs to be shortened:

If the length of the family name exceeds the length of the field, truncate the family name from the right (that is, dropping the final letters). Also, the last character of the name should be a hash (#) to identify that the name has been truncated.

Use of incomplete names or fictitious names:

Some organisations permit persons to use a pseudonym (fictitious or partial name) in lieu of their full or actual name. It is recommended that the person be asked to record both the pseudonym (Alias name) in addition to the person's legal name.

Baby for **adoption**:

The word adoption should not be used as the family name,

given name or alias for a newborn baby. A newborn baby that is for adoption should be registered in the same way that other newborn babies are registered. However, if a baby born in the hospital is subsequently adopted, and is admitted for treatment as a child, the baby is registered under their adopted (current) name, and the record should not be linked to the birth record. This should be the current practice. Any old references to adoption in client registers (for names) should also be changed to unknown. Contact your State or Territory adoption information service for further information.

Prefixes:

Where a family name contains a prefix, such as one to indicate that the person is a widow, this must be entered as part of the 'Family name' field. When widowed, some Hungarian women add 'Ozvegy' (abbreviation is 'Ozy') before their married family name, e.g. 'Mrs Szabo' would become 'Mrs Ozy Szabo'.

A useful resource when capturing ethnic names is the referenced Naming Systems of Ethnic Groups produced by Centrelink, Canberra, AGPS.

Misspelled family name:

If the person's family name has been misspelled in error, update the family name with the correct spelling. The misspelled name should not be deleted as recording misspelled names is important for filing documents that may be issued with previous versions of the person's name. Discretion should be used regarding the degree of recording that is maintained.

Comments:

Often people use a variety of names, including legal names, married/maiden names, nicknames, assumed names, traditional names, etc. Even small differences in recording such as the difference between MacIntosh and McIntosh can make record linkage impossible. To minimise discrepancies in the recording and reporting of name information, agencies or establishments should ask the person for their full (formal) 'Given name' and 'Family name'. These may be different from the name that the person may prefer the agency or establishment workers to use in personal dealings. Agencies or establishments may choose to separately record the preferred names that the person wishes to be used by agency or establishment workers. In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies or establishments should always ask the person to specify their first given name and their family name or surname separately. These should then be

recorded as 'Given name' and 'Family name' as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (name) – family name, text X[X(39)]

> Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard

04/05/2005

See also Person (name) – given name, text [X(40)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person – name usage type start date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type, code AAA Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Proposed

11/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Fee schedule amount

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – fee schedule amount, total

Australian currency N[NNNNN].NN

METeOR identifier: 354640

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Definition: The standard fee schedule amount reported by an agency,

measured in Australian dollars and cents.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – fee schedule amount

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[NNNN].NN

Maximum character length: 8

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Unit of measure precision: 2

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This value domain must be expressed to two decimal places.

Where there is a dollar value and no cent value, the cents must

be expressed as .00 (e.g. 100.00).

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NCSIMG Children's Services Data Working Group

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Feedback collection indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – feedback collection indicator,

yes/no code N

290438 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Whether feedback relating to services and service delivery is *Definition:*

actively and routinely collected from clients and staff within a

service provider organisation, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – feedback collection indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The active and routine collection of feedback from clients

> and/or staff means that, as a matter of routine, the agency initiates and implements feedback mechanisms and does not

rely on mechanisms such as ad hoc comments, ad hoc

questionnaires, informal debriefing sessions, or similar casual

arrangements.

Active mechanisms include the use of periodic questionnaires that are implemented through either face-to-face interviews, by telephone or by mail, focus groups aimed at collecting feedback from the participants, established debriefing sessions, or other

routine procedures the agency has in place to collect feedback.

CODE 1 Yes

The service provider organisation actively and routinely collects feedback relating to services and service delivery from clients <u>and</u> staff within the service provider organisation. If feedback is actively and routinely collected from clients only or staff only, this should be recorded as 'No' (Code 2).

CODE 2 No

The service provider organisation does not actively and routinely collect feedback relating to services and service delivery from clients and staff within the service provider organisation.

Collection methods: Record only one code.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Palliative Care Intergovernmental Forum

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports outcomes cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Feedback collection method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – feedback collection method,

code N[N]

527157 *METeOR identifier:*

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 *Registration status:*

Definition: The method the service provider organisation employs to

actively and routinely collect feedback on services and service

delivery, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – feedback collection method

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Questionnaire - periodic face-to-face interview

2 Questionnaire - face-to-face interview on exit

3 Questionnaire - periodic telephone interview

4 Questionnaire - telephone interview on exit

5 Questionnaire - periodic written survey

6 Questionnaire - written survey on exit

7 Questionnaire - on-line feedback survey

8 Feedback focus group

88 Other

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The activ

The active and routine collection of feedback means that, as a matter of routine, the agency initiates and implements feedback methods and does not rely on mechanisms such as ad hoc comments, ad hoc questionnaires, informal debriefing sessions, or similar casual arrangements.

Active methods include the use of periodic questionnaires that are implemented through either face-to-face interviews, by telephone, by mail or by on-line methods, focus groups aimed at collecting feedback from the participants, established debriefing sessions, or other routine procedures the agency has in place to collect feedback.

The aim of the method used must be to collect feedback on services and service delivery.

'Periodic' may mean at set intervals or at (a) specified points in time during the service episode.

'On exit' refers to the closure of the service episode (for clients or related people), or (for staff) the time at which the staff member ceases to be employed by the agency.

CODE 8 Feedback focus group

An in-depth qualitative interview with a small number of persons, held specifically to collect feedback from the participants.

Collection methods: More than one code can be recorded.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports outcomes cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Field of education

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – field of education, code (ASCED 2001)

 $NN[\{NN\}\{NN\}]$

270172 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The main field of education undertaken by a person in

relation to current study or completed education, as

represented by a code.

Person – field of education Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Classification of Education 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: $NN[\{NN\}\{NN\}]$

Maximum character length: 6

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

> 99(9999) Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Code 99(9999), Not stated/inadequately described, is not

> for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the metadata item has not been collected.

Collection methods: A standard question module for self-enumerated

collections is not available for this metadata item.

Accurate data is best achieved using computer-assisted coding of both the field of education and the level of highest educational attainment at the same time.

Computer-assisted coding will return a nine-digit code comprising both the field of education and level of highest

educational attainment codes.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This is a three-level hierarchical classification specifying

broad, narrow and detailed fields of study. For example, social work is coded to the broad field 09 'Society and Culture', the narrow field 0905 'Human Welfare Studies and Services' and the detailed field 090501 'Social Work'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Standards Classification of Education (ASCED

2001). Australian Bureau of Statistics Cat. no 1272.0 (last

viewed 21 Dec 2005)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Field of education, version 2, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.6 KB)

Financial assistance amount

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – financial assistance amount, total Australian

currency N[NNNN]

401991 METeOR identifier:

Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010 Registration status:

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The amount of financial assistance provided to a person, in

Australian dollars.

Person – financial assistance amount Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[NNNN]

Maximum character length:

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is collected in whole dollar amounts. If

vouchers are given instead of cash the value of the voucher

is to be recorded.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – financial assistance type, homelessness

code N Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010,

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

First accommodation attempt indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – first accommodation attempt indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 329736

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether this is the first request for accommodation by a person

for a particular day, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – first accommodation attempt

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Don't know

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Used to clarify why a person had been unsuccessful earlier that

day in getting accommodation. Allows estimates for the actual number of people seeking accommodation on any one day by taking into account the number of multiple requests made by a

person on that day.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July 2005.

First language spoken

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – first language spoken, code (ASCL 2011) NN{NN}

METeOR identifier: 460120

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Definition: The language the person identifies as being the first

language that they could understand to the extent of being able to conduct a conversation, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—first language spoken

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Classification of Languages 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN{NN}

Maximum character length: 4

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Australian Standard Classification of Languages

(ASCL) has a three-level hierarchical structure. The most detailed level of the classification consists of base units (languages) which are represented by four-digit codes. The second level of the classification comprises narrow groups of languages (the Narrow group level), identified by the first two digits. The most general level of the classification consists of broad groups of languages (the Broad group level) and is identified by the first digit. The classification includes Australian Indigenous languages and sign

languages.

For example, the Lithuanian language has a code of 3102. In this case 3 denotes that it is an Eastern European language, while 31 denotes that it is a Baltic language. The Pintupi Aboriginal language is coded as 8713. In this case 8 denotes

that it is an Australian Indigenous language and 87 denotes that the language is a Western Desert language.

Language data may be output at the Broad group level, Narrow group level or base level of the classification. If necessary, significant languages within a Narrow group can be presented separately while the remaining languages in the Narrow group are aggregated. The same principle can be adopted to highlight significant Narrow groups within a Broad group.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Data should be captured, classified and stored at the base level of the classification wherever possible as this allows the greatest flexibility for output.

Recommended question:

Which language did you/did the person/did (name)/will (name of child under two years) first speak as a child?

While agencies are encouraged to use the recommended question described above, it is acknowledged that this is not always possible in practice. For example, where the data collection is a by-product of the provision of a health or community service, the information may be ascertained using different means. However, this standard should be used wherever practically possible.

Response options for detailed data:

The above list includes languages based on their statistical significance in the Australian context. The list is reviewed when data indicate that different languages have been more or less frequently reported in the Census of Population and Housing.

Alternative 2

English []

Other - please specify

Response option for minimum data:

English [] Other []

Comments:

Persons whose first language is not English have been identified by service providers as a population group that may experience disadvantage when seeking to obtain equal access to government and community programs and services in Australia. Data relating to 'First language spoken' may thus provide a surrogate indicator of disadvantage potentially associated with a lack of English competence or with other factors associated with cultural background.

The ABS Language Standards, 2012, Version 1.1 (cat. no. 1200.0.55.005) was released in September 2012. The recommended question recognises children under two years of age.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. Australian Standard

Classification of Languages (ASCL) 2011. Cat. no.

1267.0. Canberra: ABS.

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2012. Language Standards,

2012, Version 1.1. Cat. no. 1200.0.55.05. Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – first language spoken, code (ASCL

2005) NN{NN} Community Services, Superseded

13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Superseded 30/05/2013,

Health, Superseded 13/10/2011

See also <u>Person – main language other than English spoken</u> at home, code (ASCL 2011) NN{NN} Community Services,

Standard 13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011, Health, Standard 13/10/2011, Homelessness,

Standard 13/10/2011

See also <u>Person – proficiency in spoken English, code N</u> Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006, Health, Standard

01/03/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

<u>Cultural and language diversity cluster</u> Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

First service contact date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—first service contact date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 270163

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date on which the agency provides the first service to

the client.

Data Element Concept: Service event – first service contact date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Due to the considerable variation in the types of services

provided in the community services sector, it is not possible at this stage to define in generic terms what will constitute

the first service contact date.

Collection methods: For each separate service episode a separate 'Service

event-first service contact date, DDMMYYYY' should be

recorded.

Comments: This metadata item is used in calculation of measures of

periods of support and duration of assistance.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>First service contact date, version 2, DE,</u>

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.7 KB)

First service request indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – first service request indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 400276

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator that a request for service is the first request made

by a person to an Agency, as represented by a code.

Person – first service request indicator Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Number Data type:

Format: Ν

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 3 Unknown

> 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Floor/level type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – floor/level type, code A[AAA]

Synonymous names: Floor type code; Level type code

METeOR identifier: 429016

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An abbreviation, forming part of an address within a

complex, used to distinguish the type of floor/level within a multi-storey building or sub-complex, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Address – floor/level type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: A[AAA]

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

B Basement

FL Floor

G Ground

L Level

LG Lower ground floor

M Mezzanine

OD Observation deck

P Parking

PTHS Penthouse

PLF Platform

PDM Podium

RT Rooftop

SB Sub-basement

UG Upper ground floor

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The 'Ground' floor of a building is that on or nearest

ground level.

The uppermost level of a building may sometimes be referred to as the 'Penthouse', 'Roof'/'Rooftop' or

'Observation Deck'.

Where a building has entrances on two different floors, such as those built into a hill, the lower floor is known as 'Lower Ground' floor and higher may be referred to either

as the 'Ground' floor or 'Upper-Ground' floor.

The floor immediately below the ground floor/s is the 'Basement'. There may be instances where it is referred to

as 'Lower Level' (a non-preferred term).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Usage Examples:

Mrs Joyce Citizen Apartment 7

Level 3 (Level type code is L)

Apex Building 48 Johnson Rd

CLAYTON VIC 3168

Level 2 (Level type code is L)

Building 75

Monash University 1-131 Wellington Road CLAYTON VIC 3168

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – floor/level type, code A[A]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 01/03/2005

Supersedes <u>Service provider organisation (address)</u> – <u>floor/level type, code A[A]</u> Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Full financial year funding indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – full financial year funding

indicator, yes/no code N

Synonymous names: Full financial year of funding

METeOR identifier: 322176

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether the agency has received funding for the full financial

year, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – full financial year funding

indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: If an agency received funding in December but intends to

operate for 52 weeks per year, 'No' should be reported for this data element and '52' should be reported for Service operation weeks. An agency may be funded for the entire financial year but only operates for, say, four school holiday periods of 2 weeks each. In this situation, the agency should report that it is

funded for the full financial year.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Disability Services NMDS 2012-14</u> Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Full-time equivalent paid staff

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – full-time equivalent staff

(paid), total N[NNN{.N}]

METeOR identifier: 270213

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The aggregate full-time equivalent staff units for all paid

staff.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—full-time equivalent staff

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: $N[NNN{.N}]$

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Full-time equivalent (FTE) staff

Unit of measure precision: 1

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Calculated number of staff (full-time equivalents) for each

staffing category.

The ordinary time hours normally worked may differ according to the type of work. The hours under the relevant award or agreement should be used if known. If the relevant award or agreement staff hours for an occupation is not known, or the worker is undertaking a variety of tasks, 38 hours per week should be used as a substitute.

Hours of unpaid leave are to be excluded.

Contract staff employed through an agency are included where the contract is for the supply of labour (e.g. nursing) rather than of products (e.g. provision of photocopies). In the former case, the contract would normally specify the amount of labour supplied and could be reported as fulltime equivalent units.

If under the relevant award of agreement a full-time nurse is paid for an 80 (ordinary time) hour fortnight, the full-time equivalent for a part-time nurse who works 64 hours is 0.8 (64 divided by 80). If a full-time nurse under the same award is paid for a 100 hours for that fortnight (20 hours overtime), then the full-time equivalent is 100 divided by 80 = 1.25. This number would then be added to the full-time equivalent staff units for all other staff and the number rounded to one decimal place.

Where staff provide services to more than one establishment, full-time equivalent staff members should be apportioned between all establishments to which services are provided on the basis of hours paid for in each. (Salary costs should be apportioned on the same basis).

This metadata item is not intended to be a completely accurate calculation of staff hours, but a general indication of the number of hours an agency is staffed by paid staff.

This metadata item may be calculated over weeks, fortnights, months or an annual basis.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Collection methods:

Related metadata references: Supersedes Full-time equivalent paid staff, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.3 KB)

Full-time equivalent volunteer/unpaid staff

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – full-time equivalent staff

(volunteer/unpaid), total N[NNN{.N}]

METeOR identifier: 270214

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The aggregate full time equivalent staff units for all

volunteer/unpaid staff.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation — full-time equivalent staff

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: $N[NNN{.N}]$

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Full-time equivalent (FTE) staff

Unit of measure precision: 1

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The ordinary time hours normally worked may differ

according to the type of work a **volunteer** is doing. The hours under the relevant award or agreement should be used if known. If the relevant award or agreement staff hours for an occupation is not known, or the volunteer is undertaking a variety of tasks, 38 hours per week should be

used as a substitute.

Example:

A volunteer kitchen hand works 10 hours over a week. The relevant award specifies that a full time kitchen hand

usually works 38 hours in a week.

Full time equivalent staff units = 10/38 = 0.263 (for that

person for a week) This number would then be added to the full time equivalent staff units for all other staff and the

number rounded to one decimal place.

Collection methods: This metadata item is not intended to be a completely

accurate calculation of staff hours, but a general indication of the number of volunteer hours an agency is staffed.

This metadata item may be calculated over weeks,

fortnights, months or an annual basis.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Full-time equivalent volunteer/unpaid staff,

version 1, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (14.9 KB)

Full-time/part-time status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – full-time/part-time status, code N

METeOR identifier: 269950

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether a person in paid employment is employed full-

time or part-time, as represented by a code.

Context: Labour force characteristics.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) — full-time/part-time status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Full-time

2 Part-time

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Applies only to people whose labour force status is

employed. (See metadata item Person—labour force status, code N for a definition of 'employed'). Paid employment includes persons who performed some work for wages or salary, in cash or in kind, and persons temporarily absent from a paid employment job but who retained a formal

attachment to that job.

Code 1 Full-time:

Employed persons are working full-time if they:

- (a) usually work 35 hours or more in a week (in all paid jobs) or
- (b) although usually working less than 35 hours a week, actually worked 35 hours or more during the reference period.

Code 2 Part-time:

Employed persons are working part-time if they usually work less than 35 hours a week (in all paid jobs) and either did so during the reference period, or were not at work in the reference period.

Code 9 Not stated/inadequately described:

Is not to be used on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Can be collected for an actual week (e.g. a particular reference period), or a usual week (e.g. a person usually works part time though they worked full-time in the last

week). Note: if collected for a particular reference period, respondents may report 0 hours if on leave for the reference period. For most purposes the hours usually worked will

be more appropriate.

This metadata item should be based on the number of hours worked by the person (either actual or usual). It should not be based on the self-enumerated question suggested in the Collection methods of metadata item Person—labour force status, code N. Doing so would result

in inaccurate information.

See the Australian Bureau of Statistics website for details regarding labour force data items and standard questions.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Standards for Social,

Labour and Demographic Variables, Labour Force

Variables. Full-Time/Part-Time Status.

Relational attributes

Collection methods:

Related metadata references: Supersedes Employed - working full-time/ part-time,

version 2, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded

<u>01/03/2005.pdf</u> (16.5 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Comments:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

 $\frac{Disability\ services\ client\ details\ cluster}{Services, Standard\ 10/04/2013}$

Funding allocated

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—funding allocated, total

Australian currency N[N(8)]

Synonymous names: Total NDA funds

METeOR identifier: 321039

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The total amount of money allocated to an agency or

organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – funding allocated

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[N(8)]

Maximum character length: 9

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) Data Dictionary Version 1.1. July 2004. Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Disability services provider details cluster Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Funding end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – funding end date,

DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 336775

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which funding ceased for a service provider

organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—funding end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation—funding start date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Funding source

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Service provider organisation – funding source, level of Technical name:

government code N

355759 METeOR identifier:

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007 *Registration status:*

Definition: The level of government responsible for provision of funds

to an agency.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – funding source

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 National (Australian government)

2 State/Territory government

3 Local government

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic

Sector Classifications of Australia (SESCA), Cat No. 1218.0.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Service provider organisation – Australian</u>

state/territory identifier, code N Community Services, Standard 07/12/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early

Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Funding start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—funding start date,

DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 336746

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which funding commenced for a service

provider organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—funding start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation—funding end date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Funding status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – government funding indicator,

yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 388518

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a service provider organisation is

currently receiving government funding to assist with

providing services, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation — funding indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 YES

Record if the service provider organisation received funding.

CODE 2 NO

Record if the service provider organisation did not receive

funding.

Geocode containment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode containment indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 430494

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An indicator of whether the **geocode** for an address is

contained within the address site, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode containment indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Boolean Data type:

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

> Indicates that the geocode is within an area described by the feature, for example, House - within the bounds of the house

footprint, Property centroid - within the bounds of the

property.

CODE 2 No

Indicates that the geocode is not within an area described by

the feature, for example, House - driveway access.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Geocode feature

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode feature, text [X(30)]

METeOR identifier: 430313

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The physical or virtual features associated with the **geocode** for

an address point, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode feature

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(30)]

Maximum character length: 30

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Physical features associated with the address point may include

mailbox, driveway, water meter or building.

Virtual features are mathematically or geometrically derived spatial reference points such as the centroid of a lot or property or the closest point on a road centreline to property centroid.

Usage Example: Property access point setback, water meter, access point, building, property centroid, lot centroid.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

 $\frac{Address\ details\ data\ dictionary}{06/02/2012}\ Community\ Services,\ Standard$

Geocode geographic datum

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode geographic datum, text [X(10)]

Synonymous names: Horizontal datum; Map datum

METeOR identifier: 430325

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The reference model of the earth's surface used in the

measurement of the geocode position of the address point, as

represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode geographic datum

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(10)]

Maximum character length: 10

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Geocentric Datum of Australia (GDA94) is a coordinate

reference system that best fits the shape of the earth as a whole. It has an origin that coincides with the centre of mass of the

earth, hence the term 'geocentric'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications:

06/02/2012

Geocode height

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode height, total metres N[NNNN].NNN

Synonymous names: Height and elevation

METeOR identifier: 430483

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The height of an address point on the earth, measured in

metres, above or below a specified reference vertical

datum.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode height

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN].NNN

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Usage Example: 1023.378

Comments: This is considered an optional data element, but with the

increased amount of high-density population and the emergence of three-dimension modelling and geographic information systems, an accurate height for an address will

be increasingly in demand.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – geocode vertical datum, text [X(10)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode latitude decimal degrees

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode latitude, decimal degrees XN[N][.N(9)]

Synonymous names: Latitude

METeOR identifier: 430445

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The geographic latitude of an address point on the earth,

measured in decimal degrees north or south of the equator.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode latitude

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: Geospatial

Format: XN[N][.N(9)]

Maximum character length: 12

Unit of measure: Decimal degree

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The 'X' in the latitude format symbolises the designator

symbol "+" or "-" and should be placed prior to the first number. Latitudes north of the equator are positive and shall be designated by use of the plus sign (+), latitudes south of the equator are negative and shall be designated

by use of the minus sign (-). The equator shall be

designated by use of the plus sign (+).

The format XN[N][.N(9)] allows for 1 or 2 digit latitudes (i.e. degree values) with the option of 0 to 9 decimal places

(i.e. decimal degree values).

Usage examples:

- +14.091360569
- +2
- -50.321

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2008.

> AS/NZS ISO6709:2008 - Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point

locations. Sydney/Wellington: Standards

Australia/Standards NZ.

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Geographical coordinates (latitudes and longitudes) are the

> universal system for defining spatial position. A set of geographic coordinates on a datum is complete and unique,

worldwide.

Positions of geographic features can be defined in space by a set of coordinates. In order for coordinates to be unique, the coordinate reference system needs to be fully defined.

A coordinate reference system is realised by a reference frame, which comprises a datum and a coordinate system.

Latitudes can also be expressed in degrees, minutes and seconds (e.g. + 66° 33′ 39″), see METeOR for this related item. A conversion to decimal degrees from the degrees, minutes and seconds format can be calculated with the following formula: Decimal Degrees = Degrees + ((Minutes

/ 60) + (Seconds / 3600)). (REF:

https://www2.landgate.wa.gov.au/slip/portal/

home/Graticule.html)

Usage example: -75° 59' 32.483" converts to -75.992356389 in

decimal degrees (rounded up to 9 decimal places).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – geocode latitude, degrees minutes

seconds Xd{d}{mm}{ss}{.ss} Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

See also <u>Address – geocode longitude, decimal degrees</u> <u>XN[NN][.N(9)]</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

See also <u>Address – geocode longitude, degrees minutes seconds Xd[dd]{mm}{ss}{.ss} Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013</u>

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Address details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode latitude sexagismal

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode latitude, degrees minutes seconds

 $Xd{d}{mm}{ss}{.ss}$

Synonymous names: Latitude

METeOR identifier: 469923

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The geographic latitude of an address point on the earth,

measured in degrees, minutes and seconds north or south of the

equator.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode latitude

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: Geospatial

Format: $Xd{d}{mm}{ss}{.ss}$

Maximum character

length:

Unit of measure: Degree Minute Second

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The 'X' in the latitude format symbolises the designator symbol "+" or "-

> " and should be placed prior to the first number. Latitudes north of the equator are positive and shall be designated by use of the plus sign (+), latitudes south of the equator are negative and shall be designated by use of the minus sign (-). The equator shall be designated by use of the plus

sign (+).

The 'd' should be used to represent the degrees as a one or two digit number. The 'm' should be used to represent minutes as a two digit number (i.e. a place holding zero should be used for minute values under 10 for clarity). The 's' should be used to represent seconds (before the decimal) and decimal seconds (after the decimal), as a two digit number

(i.e. a place holding zero should be used for second and decimal

second values under 10 for clarity). Zero may also be a valid value, such

as where there is no minute value but there is a second value.

As a minimum the designator and a one digit representation for degrees must be populated. The remaining brackets are optional, however, if seconds or decimal seconds are to be used the preceeding values must also be populated (i.e. seconds cannot be populated without minutes being populated, and decimal seconds cannot be populated without a seconds value).

Usage example: a traditional degrees, minutes & seconds representation for latitude of -40° 09' 09.05" should be represented as a string format - 400909.05 (Note: this is not a decimal representation, but a concatenation of the degree, minute, second and decimal second values).

Comments:

The ISO 6709 standard recommends leading zeroes for degree values less than 100, however this has not been implemented in the METeOR standard, in accordance with METeOR business rules.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2008. AS/NZS ISO6709:2008 — Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point locations. Sydney/Wellington: Standards Australia/Standards NZ.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

Geographical coordinates (latitudes and longitudes) are the universal system for defining spatial position. A set of geographic coordinates on a datum is complete and unique, worldwide.

Positions of geographic features can be defined in space by a set of coordinates. In order for coordinates to be unique, the coordinate reference system needs to be fully defined.

A coordinate reference system is realised by a reference frame, which comprises a datum and a coordinate system.

Latitude can also be expressed in decimal degrees (e.g. -40.090905), see METeOR for this related item. A conversion to decimal degrees from the degrees, minutes and seconds format can be calculated with the following formula: Decimal Degrees = Degrees + ((Minutes / 60) + (Seconds / 3600)). (REF:

https://www2.landgate.wa.gov.au/slip/portal/home/Graticule.html)

Example: DMS: -75° 59' 32.483" converts to -75.992356389 decimal degrees (rounded up to 9 decimal places).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

organisation:

Origin: Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2008. AS/NZS

> ISO6709:2008 - Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point locations. Sydney/Wellington: Standards

Australia/Standards NZ.

Relational attributes

Related metadata See also Address – geocode latitude, decimal degrees XN[N][.N(9)] references: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance,

Standard 01/05/2013

See also Address – geocode longitude, decimal degrees XN[NN][.N(9)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance,

Standard 01/05/2013

See also Address – geocode longitude, degrees minutes seconds Xd[dd]{mm}{ss}{.ss} Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Geocode longitude decimal degrees

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode longitude, decimal degrees

XN[NN][.N(9)]

Synonymous names: Longitude

METeOR identifier: 430469

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The geographic longitude of an address point on the earth,

measured in decimal degrees east or west of the Greenwich

Meridian.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode longitude

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: Geospatial

Format: XN[NN][.N(9)]

Maximum character length: 13

Unit of measure: Decimal degree

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The 'X' in the longitude format symbolises the designator

symbol "+" or "-" and should be placed prior to the first

number.

The designator symbol for longitudes east of Greenwich are positive and shall be designated by use of the plus sign (+), while longitudes west of Greenwich are negative and shall be designated by use of the minus sign (-). The Prime Meridian shall be designated by use of the plus sign (+). The 180th meridian shall be designated by use of the minus

sign (-).

The format XN[NN][.N(9)] allows for 1, 2 and 3 digit longitudes (ie. degrees) with the option of 0 to 9 decimal

places (ie. decimal degrees).

Usage examples:

- +149.091360569
- +2
- -50.321-

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2008.

> AS/NZS ISO6709:2008 - Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point

locations. Sydney/Wellington: Standards

Australia/Standards NZ.

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Geographical coordinates (latitudes and longitudes) are the

> universal system for defining spatial position. A set of geographic coordinates on a datum is complete and unique,

worldwide.

Positions of geographic features can be defined in space by a set of coordinates. In order for coordinates to be unique, the coordinate reference system needs to be fully defined.

A coordinate reference system is realised by a reference frame, which comprises a datum and a coordinate system.

Longitudes can also be expressed in degrees, minutes and seconds (e.g. 150° 54' 45".98), see METeOR for this related item. A conversion to decimal degrees from the degrees, minutes and seconds format can be calculated with the following formula: Decimal Degrees = Degrees + ((Minutes

/ 60) + (Seconds / 3600)). (REF:

https://www2.landgate.wa.gov.au/slip/portal/home/

Graticule.html)

Usage example: -75° 59' 32.483" converts to -75.992356389 in

decimal degrees (rounded up to 9 decimal places).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Address – geocode latitude</u>, <u>decimal degrees</u>

XN[N][.N(9)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012,

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

See also Address – geocode latitude, degrees minutes

seconds Xd{d}{mm}{ss}{.ss} Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

See also <u>Address – geocode longitude, degrees minutes</u> seconds Xd[dd]{mm}{ss}{.ss} Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode longitude sexagismal

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode longitude, degrees minutes seconds

 $Xd[dd]\{mm\}\{ss\}\{.ss\}$

Synonymous names: Longitude

METeOR identifier: 469925

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The geographic longitude of an address point on the earth,

measured in degrees, minutes and seconds east or west of the

Greenwich Meridian.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode longitude

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: Geospatial

Format: $Xd[dd]{mm}{ss}{.ss}$

Maximum character

length:

10

Unit of measure: Degree Minute Second

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The 'X' in the longitude format symbolises the designator symbol "+" or

"-" and should be placed prior to the first number. The designator symbol for longitudes east of Greenwich are positive and shall be designated by use of the plus sign (+), while longitudes west of

Greenwich are negative and shall be designated by use of the minus sign (-). The Prime Meridian shall be designated by use of the plus sign (+). The 180th meridian shall be designated by use of the minus sign (-).

The 'd' should be used to represent the degrees as a one, two or three digit number. The 'm' should be used to represent minutes as a two digit number (i.e. a place holding zero should be used for minute values under 10 for clarity). The 's' should be used to represent seconds (before the decimal) and decimal seconds (after the decimal), as a two digit number (i.e. a place holding zero should be used for second and decimal

second values under 10 for clarity). Zero may also be a valid value, such

as where there is no minute value but there is a second value.

As a minimum the designator and a one digit representation for degrees must be populated. The remaining brackets and braces are optional, however, if seconds or decimal seconds are to be used the preceeding values must also be populated (i.e. seconds cannot be populated without minutes being populated, and decimal seconds can not be populated without a seconds value).

Usage example: a traditional degrees, minutes & seconds representation for longitude of $+40^{\circ}$ 09' 09.05" should be represented as a string format +400909.05 (Note: this is not a decimal degrees representation format, but a concatenation of the degree, minute, second and decimal second values).

Comments:

The ISO 6709 standard recommends leading zeroes for degree values less than 100, however this has not been implemented in the METeOR standard, in accordance with METeOR business rules.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2008. AS/NZS ISO6709:2008 – Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point locations. Sydney/Wellington: Standards Australia/Standards NZ.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

Geographical coordinates (latitudes and longitudes) are the universal system for defining spatial position. A set of geographic coordinates on a datum is complete and unique, worldwide.

Positions of geographic features can be defined in space by a set of coordinates. In order for coordinates to be unique, the coordinate reference system needs to be fully defined.

A coordinate reference system is realised by a reference frame, which comprises a datum and a coordinate system.

Longitudes can also be expressed in degrees decimal degrees (e.g. 150.987123), see METeOR for this related item. A conversion to decimal degrees from the degrees, minutes and seconds format can be calculated with the following formula: Decimal Degrees = Degrees + ((Minutes / 60) + (Seconds / 3600)). (REF:

https://www2.landgate.wa.gov.au/slip/portal/home/Graticule.html)

Example: DMS: -75° 59' 32.483" converts to -75.992356389 decimal degrees (rounded up to 9 decimal places).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

organisation:

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

See also Address – geocode latitude, decimal degrees XN[N][.N(9)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance,

Standard 01/05/2013

See also Address – geocode latitude, degrees minutes seconds Xd{d}{mm}{ss}{.ss} Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

See also Address – geocode longitude, decimal degrees XN[NN][.N(9)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance,

Standard 01/05/2013

Implementation in

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Data Set 06/02/2012

Specifications:

Geocode positional uncertainty

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode positional uncertainty, total metres

N[NNN].NNN

Synonymous names: Positional uncertainty

METeOR identifier: 430490

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The horizontal uncertainty of the **geocode** for an address site,

measured in total metres.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode positional uncertainty

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN].NNN

Maximum character length: 7

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The positional uncertainty is measured in metres at the 95%

confidence level, with respect to the defined reference frame. It is intended to be a measure for physical address point features.

Usage Example: 10.000

Comments: This is a measure of the closeness of the location of the point in

relation to true position on the earth. That is, we are 95% confident that the true position lies within 10 metres of the

position given by the geocode.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode vertical datum

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – geocode vertical datum, text [X(10)]

Synonymous names: Vertical datum

METeOR identifier: 430339

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The reference datum of the height above sea level, used in

the measurement of the **geocode** position of the address

point, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – geocode vertical datum

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(10)]

Maximum character length: 10

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: In Australia, the reference datum for height is the

Australian Height Datum (AHD71). In general terms it is commonly interpreted as being height above sea level.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Address</u> – geocode height, total metres

N[NNNN].NNN Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Address details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geographic location of organisation (CD)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – geographic location (CD),

code (ASGC 2011) NNNNNNN

METeOR identifier: 455515

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: The geographical location of an agency using a seven digit

numerical code which indicates the Collection District

(CD) within the state or territory of Australia.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – geographic location

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNNNN

Maximum character length: 7

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The geographical location is reported using a seven digit

numerical code. The first digit is the single digit code to indicate state or territory. The remaining six digits are the numerical code for the Collection District (CD) within the

state or territory.

The single digit codes for the states and territories and the six digit codes for the CDs are as defined in the Australian

Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC).

The ASGC is updated on an annual basis with a date of effect of 1 July each year. The codes for CDs are unique

within each state and territory, but not within the whole country. Thus, to define a unique location, the code of the state or territory is required in addition to the code for the CD.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation – geographic

location (CD), code (ASGC 2010) NNNNNNN Community

Services, Superseded 21/02/2012, Early Childhood,

Superseded 09/03/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) cluster 2011

Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Geographic location of organisation (SLA)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – geographic location (SLA),

code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN

Synonymous names: Statistical local area of service provider

METeOR identifier: 455566

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 26/10/2011

Health, Proposed 14/07/2011

Definition: The geographical location of an agency using a five digit

numerical code which indicates the Statistical Local Area

(SLA) within the state or territory of Australia.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – geographic location

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Details on which edition was used in a particular data set

should be included in the documentation of metadata accompanying that data set. Coding to ASGC codes is preferably done using the ABS National Localities Index, to map actual address. In some data collections, a compromise

has to be made and the ASGC code derived from suburb/town/locality and Postcode-Australian only. However, this solution results in some inaccuracy of

information.

The accurate recording of the state or territory is essential.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Standard Geographical Classification

(Australian Bureau of Statistics catalogue number 1216.0)

Relational attributes

Supersedes Service provider organisation – geographic Related metadata references:

location (SLA), code (ASGC 2010) NNNNN Community Services, Superseded 26/10/2011, Health, Standardisation

pending 14/11/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Geographic location of person

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – geographic location (SLA), code (ASGC 2011)

NNNNN

METeOR identifier: 455542

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Definition: The geographical location of a person using a five digit

numerical code which indicates the Statistical Local Area

(SLA) within the state or territory of Australia.

Data Element Concept: Person – geographic location

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The geographical location is reported using a five digit

numerical code to indicate the Statistical Local Area (SLA) within the reporting state or territory, as defined in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) (Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), catalogue number 1216.0). It is a composite of state/territory identifier and SLA (first digit = state/territory identifier, next four digits

= SLA).

The Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) is updated by the ABS on an annual basis, with a

date of effect of 1 July each year.

Up until 2007, the ABS's National Localities Index (NLI) (catalogue number 1252.0.55.001) was available as a coding tool designed to assist users assign the ASGC Main Structure codes to street address information. However, the NLI is no longer produced by the ABS. To replace the Localities file of the NLI, the ABS has created a Locality to SLA correspondence file for 2011. This file is available on request by contacting ABS Geography at geography@abs.gov.au.

For the majority of localities, the locality name (suburb or town, for example) is sufficient to assign an SLA code. However, some localities have the same name. For most of these, limited additional information such as the postcode or state/territory can be used with the locality name to assign an SLA code. In addition, other localities cross one or more SLA boundaries and are referred to as split localities. For these, the more detailed information of the number and street of the person's residence is used to assign an SLA code.

If the information available on the person's address indicates that it is in a split locality but is insufficient to assign an SLA code, the code for the SLA which includes most of the split locality should be reported.

An SLA cannot be assigned if the information about the address is insufficient to identify a locality, or the locality is not an Australian locality. In these cases, the appropriate codes should be used for either undefined SLA within Australia (state/territory unstated), undefined SLA within a stated state/territory, no fixed place of abode (within Australia or within a stated state/territory) or overseas.

Geographical location is reported using SLA to enable accurate aggregation of information to larger areas within the ASGC (such as Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Divisions) as well as detailed analysis at the SLA level. The use of SLA also allows analysis relating the data to information compiled by the ABS on the demographic and other characteristics of the population of each SLA. Analyses facilitated by the inclusion of SLA information include:

- comparison of the use of services by persons residing in different geographical areas;
- characterisation of catchment areas and populations for establishments for planning purposes; and
- documentation of the provision of services to residents of states or territories other than the state or territory of the provider.

Comments:

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Standard Geographical Classification

(Australian Bureau of Statistics catalogue number 1216.0)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – geographic location (SLA), code

(ASGC 2010) NNNNN Community Services, Superseded

26/10/2011

Geographic remoteness

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – geographic remoteness, classification (ASGC-RA) N

Synonymous names: Geographic remoteness of person

METeOR identifier: 489826

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Proposed 15/01/2014

Definition: The remoteness of a location at which a person lives, based on the

physical road distance to the nearest urban centre and its

population size, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – geographic remoteness

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2010

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N

Maximum character

length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1

1 Major cities of Australia

2 Inner regional Australia

3 Outer regional Australia

4 Remote Australia

5 Very remote Australia

6 Migratory

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Major cities of Australia

'Major cities of Australia' includes Census Collection Districts (CDs) with an average Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA+) index value of 0 to 0.2.

CODE 2 Inner regional Australia

'Inner regional Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 0.2 and less than or equal to 2.4.

CODE 3 Outer regional Australia

'Outer regional Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 2.4 and less than or equal to 5.92.

CODE 4 Remote Australia

'Remote Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 5.92 and less than or equal to 10.53.

CODE 5 Very remote Australia

'Very remote Australia' includes CDs with an average ARIA+ index value greater than 10.53.

CODE 6 Migratory

'Migratory' is composed of off-shore, shipping and migratory CDs.

Collection methods:

In this value domain, physical distance is defined in terms of ARIA+ codes, rather than a simple linear distance between points.

The list of permissible values for this value domain, i.e. codes 1 to 6, is intended to be directly mappable to the values used by the ABS to describe remoteness areas, i.e. codes 0 to 5.

Comments:

In its initial form, as developed by GISCA and the then Department of Health and Aged Care in 1999, ARIA scores ranged from 0 to 12 and were based on proximity to 4 points of reference.

A new version, ARIA+, was introduced in 2003, with ARIA+ scores now based on proximity to 5 points of reference. Also, changes were made to allow for more accurate estimation of the cost of travelling from Tasmania to the mainland, and to increase accuracy for locations at the urban fringe.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin:

Information relating to remoteness is available from the Geography portal on the ABS website:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. ABS Geography. Viewed 14 November 2011,

http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/D3310114.nsf/home/Geography

Information relating to the development of the ARIA and ARIA+ scores by the National Centre for Social Applications of Geographic Information Systems (GISCA) is available from the GISCA website:

National Centre for Social Applications of Geographic Information Systems 2011. ARIA - Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia. Viewed 14 November 2011,

http://gisca.adelaide.edu.au/projects/aria_project.html

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The remoteness classification of an entity can be derived using characteristics of its physical location, e.g. its postcode or other address details.

The remoteness classification (RA1 to RA5) can be found by entering the postcode or other address details of the person's residence into the Department of Health and Ageing's Remoteness area locator, available on the DoctorConnect website. The website can be accessed via the following link:

http://www.doctorconnect.gov.au/internet/otd/Publishing.nsf/Content/l ocator>

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Reference documents: Department of Health and Ageing 2012. DoctorConnect. Viewed

23 February 2012.

http://www.doctorconnect.gov.au/internet/otd/Publishing.ns

f/Content/locator>

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Given name sequence number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – given name sequence number, code N

METeOR identifier: 287595

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The numerical order of the given names or initials of a person,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) – given name sequence number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 First given name

2 Second given name

3 Third given name

4 Fourth given name

5 Fifth given name

6 Sixth given name

7 Seventh given name

8 Eighth given name

9 Ninth and subsequent given name

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: To be used in conjunction with Given name.

Example: Mary Georgina Smith

In the example above 'Mary' would have a given name sequence number of 1 and 'Georgina' would have a given name sequence number of 2.

Example: Jean Claude Marcel Moreaux

If the person has recorded a single given name as more than one word, displaying spaces in between the words(e.g. Jean Claude), their given names are recorded in data collection systems in the same way (i.e. Jean Claude is one given name and Marcel is another given name). 'Jean Claude' would have a Given name sequence number of '1' and 'Marcel' would have a Given name sequence number of '2'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Given name(s)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – given name, text [X(40)]

Synonymous names: First name; Forename; Christian name; Middle name; Second name;

Other given name

METeOR identifier: 453734

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The person's identifying name within the family group or by which

the person is socially identified, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) – given name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(40)]

Maximum character

length:

40

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A person's given name can be:

- Assigned by a person parents shortly after birth or adoption or other cultural ceremony.
- Acquired by a person in accordance with a due process defined in a State or Territory Act relating to the registration of births, deaths, marriages and changes of name and sex, and for related purposes, such as the ACT Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act.
- Attained by a person within the family group or by which that person is socially identified.

The agency or establishment should record the person's full given name(s) on their information systems.

Collection methods: This metadata item should be recorded for all clients.

There are no universal verification rules for a person's given name.

Given name(s) should be recorded in the format preferred by the person. The format should be the same as that indicated by the person (for example written on a form) or in the same format as that printed on an identification card, such as Medicare card, to ensure consistent collection of name data.

It is acknowledged that some people use more than one given name (for example formal name, birth name, nickname or shortened name, or tribal name) depending on the circumstances. A person is able to change his or her name by usage in all States and Territories of Australia with the exception of Western Australia, where a person may only change his or her name under the Change of Name Act.

A person should generally be registered using their preferred name as it is more likely to be used in common usage and on subsequent visits to an agency or establishment. The person's preferred name may in fact be their legal name. The *Person – name usage type, code* AAA metadata item can be used to distinguish between the different types of names that may be used by the person.

The following format may assist with data collection:

What is the given name you would like to be known by?

Are you known by any other given names that you would like recorded?

If so, what are they

Whenever a person informs the agency or establishment of a change of given name (for example prefers to be known by their middle name), the former name should be recorded according to the appropriate name type. Do not delete or overwrite a previous given name. For example 'Mary Georgina Smith' informs the hospital that she prefers to be known as 'Georgina'. Record 'Georgina' as her preferred given name and record 'Mary' as the name at birth.

Similarly the establishment is informed that 'Baby of Louise Jones' has been named 'Mary Jones'. Retain 'Baby of Louise' as the newborn name and also record 'Mary' as the preferred 'Given name'.

Registering an unidentified client:

If the person is a client and her/his given name is not known, record unknown in the 'Given name' field and use alias Name type. When the person's name becomes known, add the actual name as preferred Name type (or other as appropriate). Do not delete or overwrite the alias name of unknown.

Use of first initial:

If the person's given name is not known, but the first letter (initial) of

the given name is known, record the first letter in the preferred 'Given name' field. Do not record a full stop following the initial.

Persons with only one name:

Some people do not have a **family** name and a given name: they have only one name by which they are known. If the person has only one name, record it in the 'Family name' field and leave the 'Given name' blank.

Record complete information:

All of the person's given names should be recorded.

Shortened or alternate first given name:

If the person uses a shortened version or an alternate version of their first given name, record their preferred name, the actual name as an appropriate name type e.g. name at birth, and any alternative versions as alias names as appropriate.

Example - The person's given name is Jennifer but she prefers to be called Jenny. Record 'Jenny' as the preferred 'Given name' and 'Jennifer' as If a person has only one name it should be recorded as the family name not the given name.

A useful resource when capturing ethnic names is the referenced Naming Systems

of Ethnic Groups produced by Centrelink, Canberra, AGPS.

Example - The person's given name is 'Giovanni' but he prefers to be called 'John'.

Record 'John' as the preferred 'Given name' and 'Giovanni' as the name at birth.

Punctuation:

If special characters form part of the given names they shall be included, e.g. hyphenated names shall be entered with the hyphen.

• Hyphen, for example Anne-Maree, Mary-Jane

Do not leave a space before or after the hyphen, that is between last letter of 'Anne' and the hyphen, nor a space between the hyphen and the first letter of 'Maree'.

• spaces, for example Jean Claude Marcel Moreaux

If the person has recorded their given name as more than one word, displaying spaces in between the words, record their given names in data collection systems in the same way (that is Jean Claude is one given name and Marcel is another given name).

Names not for continued use:

For cultural reasons, a person such as an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander may advise that they are no longer using the given name they previously used and are now using an alternative current

name. Record their current name as their preferred given name and record their previously used name as an alias name.

Composite name:

If a person identifies their first name as being a composite word, both parts should be recorded under the first Given Name (rather than the first and second Given Name).

If 'Anne Marie Walker' notes her preferred Given Name to be 'Anne Marie', then 'Anne Marie' is recoded as (first) Given Name, and (second) Given Name is left blank.

Registering an unnamed newborn baby:

An unnamed (newborn) baby is to be registered using the mother's given name in conjunction with the prefix 'Baby of'. For example, if the baby's mother's given name is Fiona, then record 'Baby of Fiona' in the preferred 'Given name' field for the baby. This name is recorded under the newborn identification name type. If a name is subsequently given, record the new name as the preferred given name and retain the newborn name.

Registering unnamed multiple births:

An unnamed (newborn) baby from a multiple birth should use their mother's given name plus a reference to the multiple births. For example, if the baby's mother's given name is 'Fiona' and a set of twins is to be registered, then record 'Twin 1 of Fiona' in the Given name field for the first born baby, and 'Twin 2 of Fiona' in the 'Given name' field of the second born baby. Arabic numbers (1, 2, 3 ...) are used, not Roman Numerals (I, II, III).

In the case of triplets or other multiple births the same logic applies. The following terms should be use for recording multiple births:

Twin:

use Twin, that is Twin 1 of Fiona

Triplet:

use Trip, that is Trip 1 of Fiona

Quadruplet:

use Quad, that is Quad 1 of Fiona

Quintuplet:

use Quin, that is Quin 1 of Fiona

Sextuplet:

use Sext, that is Sext 1 of Fiona

Septuplet:

use Sept, that is Sept 1 of Fiona.

These names should be recorded under the newborn identification name Person name type. When the babies are named, the actual names should be recorded as the preferred name. The newborn

name is retained.

Ethnic Names:

A useful resource when capturing ethnic names is the referenced Naming Systems of Ethnic Groups produced by Centrelink, Canberra, AGPS.

Misspelled given names:

If the person's given name has been misspelled in error, update the Given name field with the correct spelling and record the misspelled given name as an Alias name. Recording misspelled names is important for filing documents that may be issued with previous versions of the client's name. Discretion should be used regarding the degree of recording that is maintained.

Comments:

Often people use a variety of names, including legal names, married/maiden names, nicknames, assumed names, traditional names, etc. Even small differences in recording - such as the difference between Thomas and Tom - can make Record linkage impossible. To minimise discrepancies in the recording and reporting of name information, agencies or establishments should ask the person for their full (formal) Given name and Family name. These may be different from the name that the person may prefer the agency or establishment workers to use in personal dealings. Agencies or establishments may choose to separately record the preferred name that the person wishes to be used by agency or establishment workers. In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies or establishments should always ask the person to specify their first given name and their family or surname separately. These should then be recorded as Given name and Family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

organisation:

Origin:

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata See also <u>Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)]</u> Community references: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Supersedes Person (name) – given name, text [X(40)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

See also Person—name usage type end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type start date, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Person – name usage type, code AAA</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Proposed 11/04/2013

Implementation in Data *Set Specifications:*

Person details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Goods and equipment received (service episode)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode – type of goods and equipment received,

code N

METeOR identifier: 323299

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The types of goods or equipment received by the client (by

purchase, loan, or gift) during a service episode, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – type of goods and equipment received

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Self-care aids (e.g. button hook for dressing

or bowl care for eating)

2 Support and mobility aids (e.g. walking

frame, manual wheelchair)

3 Communication aids (e.g. hearing aids,

mouthstick)

4 Reading aids (e.g. magnifying glass, braille

books)

5 Medical care aids (e.g. ventilator, pacemaker)

6 Car modifications (e.g. car ramp, room for

wheelchair)

8 Other goods and equipment (other goods

and equipment not elsewhere classified)

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

CODE 1 Self-care aids

Eating aids - crockery, cutlery, plate guard, bowl guard Dressing aids - button hook, clothes tongs, zip pull Washing aids - bathrails/hoist/seat, shower rails/fitting/seat

Bag, urinal, incontinence pad, uredome, urinary appliances Bowel appliances - colostomy bag, bowel pad

Toilet chair, commode, frame, conventional toilet use aids

Cooking aids (excl. eating utensils), special iron

Other aids for self care

CODE 2 Support and mobility aids

Callipers, splints

Belts, braces, neck collar, corsets

Crutches for support, walking frame/stick

Ankle/knee strap, built up shoe, foot/leg support NEC

Transporter chair, pusher, tricycle Wheelchair manual or unspecified

Wheelchair, motorised

Henry lifter, hoist, patient lifter Scooter

Ejector chair, hard-back chair, made to measure chair, chair **NEC**

Special bed, cushions/pillows for support

White cane

Sonic beam, laser cane, optacon

Guide dog

bars/hooks/rails/straps, attached to walls, etc., for support and mobility

Other aids for support or mobility

CODE 3 Communication aids

Aid, hearing

Teletext

Telephone attachment or adaptation (e.g. answering service, flashing light, headpiece, TTY telephone) Writing aids (mouthstick, writing pad, typewriter, communication board)

Computers - Kurzweil personal reader, communication Speaking aids - electrolarynx

CODE 4 Reading aids

Contact lenses, reading/magnifying glasses

Braille books/items/watch

Books, large print/talking, cassette recorders/players Reading frame, page turners, reading aids not associated with loss of sight

Other reading or sight aids

Dwelling modification to aid communication – intercom Other aids for communication

CODE 5 Medical care aids

Breathing pumps – oxygen masks, ventilator Dialysis machine, kidney functioning machines Heart stimulus/functioning machines, pacemaker Ostomy appliances/Stoma appliances, excluding colostomy bag

Other aids for medical care

CODE 6 Car modifications

Accelerator/brake/controls, hand – car modifications Handles/lifter/rails/ramps – car modifications Mirrors/steering/windows, power – car modifications Other car modifications – automatic transmission, room for wheelchair

CODE 8 Other goods/equipment

Other goods/equipment NEC

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National HACC Minimum Data Set User Guide Version 2.0

2005. Home and Community Care (HACC) Program

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: The agency should record the type of goods or equipment

received by the client (on loan or by purchase) on each instance of assistance. This information can then be amalgamated to provide a measure of the types of goods and equipment received by a client over a reporting period (which will vary according to collection requirements).

Where the client receives more than one of the same type of good or equipment (e.g. several food packets) on the same occasion, the agency should only record this once. Where the client receives different types of goods or equipment on the same occasion, the agency should separately record each type of goods or equipment against the same date.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 1998. Home and

Community Care (HACC) data dictionary, version 1.0. Commonwealth Department of Health and Family

Services, Canberra

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Goods and equipment received, version 1, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.9 KB)

 $Supersedes \ \underline{Service \ episode-type \ of \ goods \ and \ equipment}$

received, code N Community Services, Superseded

29/04/2006

Government funding allocated (agency level)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – government funding allocated,

total Australian currency N[N(8)]

METeOR identifier: 336819

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The total amount of funds allocated by government to an

agency, as represented in Australian dollars.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—funding allocated

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[N(8)]

Maximum character length: 9

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Gross income (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – gross income (weekly), total Australian currency

N[NNNNN].NN

METeOR identifier: 302481

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Definition: The value of income per week from all sources before any

deductions such as income tax and superannuation for a

person expressed as dollars and cents.

Data Element Concept: Person—gross income

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[NNNN].NN

Maximum character length: 8

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Unit of measure precision: 2

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This value domain must be expressed to two decimal

places. Where there is a dollar value and no cent value, the

cents must be expressed as .00 (e.g. 100.00).

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The main components of gross income are:

wages and salary

• income derived from self-employment

government pensions, benefits and allowances

• other income comprising investments (including

interest, dividends, royalties and rent) and other regular income (including superannuation, private scholarships received in cash, workers' compensation, accident compensation, maintenance or alimony, and any other allowances regularly received).

Gross income is regarded as all receipts which are received regularly and are of a recurring nature. Certain receipts such as lump sum receipts, windfall gains and withdrawals from savings are not considered to conform to these criteria and are not included as income.

Where household or income unit gross income is required, the gross income of each person is summed.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Housing Data Development Committee

Origin: CSHA Public rental housing data manual 2001-02

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Household – principal source of cash income</u>,

(housing assistance) code N[.N.N] Housing assistance,

Standard 01/05/2013

See also Person—assessable income (weekly), total

Australian currency N[NNNNN].NN Housing assistance,

Standard 10/02/2006

Supersedes Person – gross income (weekly), total

Australian currency N[NNNNN].NN Housing assistance,

Superseded 10/02/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Highest year of school completed

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – highest year of school completed, code N

Synonymous names: Highest level of schooling completed

METeOR identifier: 375998

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The highest level of schooling that a person has completed, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – highest year of school completed

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

3

1 Year 12

Year 11

Year 9 4

Year 8 or below 5

Year 10

No schooling 6

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Highest level of schooling includes study at a secondary

> education level which might, for example, be undertaken at a Technical and Further Education (TAFE) institution (ABS,

2002).

Record the code for the highest year of schooling completed, regardless of the institution or location where that study took place. If a year of schooling had been commenced but not completed, the code for the year below should be used.

Only one option may be selected.

Comments: This metadata item maps to the Australian Bureau of Statistics

standard 'Highest year of school completed'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Education variables. ABS

cat. no. 1246.0. Canberra: ABS

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Education variables. ABS

cat. no. 1246.0. Canberra: ABS

Hours of service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—amount of assistance, total hours and minutes NNNN

METeOR identifier: 404961

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The total amount of assistance received by a client during a

reporting period, represented in hours and minutes.

Data Element Concept: Client—amount of assistance

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length: 4

Unit of measure: Hour and minute

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The format NNNN should be populated with valid values to

represent the concept of hours and minutes. The first, second and fourth digits may be represented with values ranging from 0 to 9. The third digit may only be represented with values

between 0 and 5.

For example: A value of 9 hours and 59 minutes is a valid response, and would be represented as 0959. However a value of 12 hours and 68 minutes would not be a valid response.

This value domain was previously represented with a format of

HHMM.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This data element refers to the number of hours of service (support) received by an individual client during a reporting period. Time measured includes:

- (a) time spent directly assisting a client and
- (b) time spent by an agency worker in arranging a service for the client, which may include arranging accommodation

The agency should record the amount of assistance in hours and minutes- rounding up to the nearest 15 minutes. Include any contact with a client that is 15 minutes or greater. Include time spent on arranging accommodation for a client but exclude time spent in that accommodation by the client.

Do not record the time the client receives from partnering agencies who provide the services purchased, arranged or brokered by your agency.

Collection methods:

This measure refers to the direct hours of support that are provided to clients. This may include time spent in face-to-face service delivery, meetings or phone contact with a client or time spent undertaking tasks on behalf of a client (e.g. time spent on preparation of documents, file notes, correspondence, phone calls or liaison with other service providers in relation to the client).

Activities to include:

Time spent with client

- face-to-face time spent providing a specific service (individually or in a group setting)
- assessment
- case management
- community education
- phone contact with a client

Time spent on behalf of the client (or which can be attributed to a client)

- arranging a referral
- writing file notes
- participating in case conferences directly related to a client, which may include contact with other agencies – e.g. interagency meetings, case planning meetings
- review of case plans
- recording data at time of assessment
- mobile service delivery
- telephone calls made on behalf of a client

- preparation for group activities or training events.
- Not counted in hours of service:
- team meetings
- travel
- training
- networking meetings
- getting supervision
- compiling or entering data for reporting
- collating data.

This measure excludes time spent on things that cannot be directly attributed to clients, such as: administration, business planning, staff training, travel to and from a client, record keeping not directly related to a client, compiling data for reporting purposes, inter-agency meetings not directly related to a client, team meetings and professional supervision. It includes time spent on behalf of a client having accommodation arranged but excludes the actual time spent by the client in that accommodation.

Where clients receive support in a group setting, record the hours received for all attending clients (i.e. do not divide group hours by the number of clients. For example, where a staff member runs a 2-hour group activity for 3 clients, count each client as receiving 2 hours of service. If a client spends an hour with two workers, record this as 1 hour received by the client.). This approach ensures a consistent focus on the hours of assistance received by clients.

Example: a client receives 11 hours of assistance from an agency over a 4-week period, which includes time spent on needs assessment, assistance in accessing community services, counselling and advocacy. This is counted as 1100 hours.

Hours worked by worker

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – hours worked, total hours NNN

METeOR identifier: 314817

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The total number of hours worked by a person over a specified

period.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) — hours worked

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: String

Format: NNN

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

999 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Total hours expressed as 000, 001 etc.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set <u>Disability services client details cluster</u> Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 10/04/2013

Hours worked—paid staff

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – hours worked (paid staff),

total NNNNN

METeOR identifier: 347870

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The total number of hours actually worked by all paid staff

in an agency or organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – hours worked

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Total hours expressed as 00000, 00001, 00425 etc.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item is asking for actual staff hours worked,

not the rostered hours or full-time equivalent staff.

Contract staff employed through an agency are included where the contract is for the supply of labour (e.g. nursing) rather than of products (e.g. photocopier maintenance).

Collection methods: In some collections this metadata item may be collected for

a specified week. Other collections may specify a 'usual' week or an average week calculated from a number of

weeks or the entire year.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2002.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: Data guide-data

items and definitions 2002-03. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation – hours worked

(paid staff), total NNNNN Community Services,

Superseded 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Hours worked—volunteer/unpaid staff

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – hours worked

(volunteer/unpaid staff), total NNNNN

METeOR identifier: 347882

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The total number of hours actually worked by all

volunteer/unpaid staff in an agency or organisation.

Context: To assist in the analysis of staffing inputs and to enable a

comparison of the staffing requirements of different service types. It is important to include volunteers due to the significant contribution they make within many

organisations.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—hours worked

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Total hours expressed as 00000, 00001, 00425 etc.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item is asking for actual staff hours worked

by volunteer staff, not the rostered hours or full-time

equivalent staff.

Collection methods: In some collections this metadata item may be collected for

a specified week. Other collections may specify a 'usual'

week or an average week calculated from a number of weeks or the entire year.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2002.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: Data guide-data

items and definitions 2002-03. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation – hours worked

(volunteer/unpaid staff), total NNNNN Community

Services, Superseded 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Household family composition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Household—family composition, code N[NNN]

METeOR identifier: 343206

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The composition of the **family** within the household, as

represented by a code.

Context: Household and family statistics.

Data Element Concept: Household—family composition

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Family, household and income unit variables (family

composition) 2005

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Couple family with no children

2 Couple family with children

3 One parent family

9 Other family

Supplementary values: 8 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Children refers to children of any age, dependent and non-

dependent.

The basis of a family is formed by identifying the presence of a couple relationship, lone parent-child relationship or other blood relationship. Some households will, therefore, contain more than one family.

The classification is based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics Standards for Statistics on Families (ABS Cat. No. 1286.0) which contains a 4-level hierarchical classification. Only level 1 of this classification has been adopted for this metadata item. If individual agencies need to classify family types at a lower level of detail than specified in this metadata item (for example, if they wish to split children into dependent and non-dependent children), they should ensure that the more detailed ABS classification is used.

CODE 8 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the metadata item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and

income unit variables. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Viewed on 29/09/2006

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and

income unit variables. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Viewed on 29/09/2006

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Household – family type, code N</u> Community

Services, Superseded 27/04/2007

Household type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Household – household type, code N

METeOR identifier: 351188

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: A categorisation of a household based on the presence or

absence of family members, as represented by a code.

Context: Household and family statistics.

Data Element Concept: Household – household type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Household containing family members only

2 Household containing a mixture of family

and non-family members

3 Household containing non-family members

only

4 Not classifiable

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The classification is based on a combination of the first and

second levels of the ABS 3-level hierarchy. This

classification differs from the ABS classification in that it seeks to determine whether there are non-family persons co-resident with the person of concern. Care should be taken in making comparisons with the ABS data for

Household composition.

If individual agencies need to classify household types at a lower level of detail, they should ensure that the more detailed ABS classification 'Household composition' is used. The lower levels in the classification cover detail on the number of families or the number of household members. Thus, household type is allocated dependent on the basis of the number of families and whether unrelated household members are present (if it is a family household), or the number of household members if it is a non-family household.

It should be noted that only usual residents of a household are considered when describing and categorising households by Household type. Since households are differentiated in terms of families, and visitors to a household are excluded from family coding, the identification of usual residence is essential to determine the household type.

CODE 4 Not Classifiable

Operationally, all households must contain at least one member 15 years of age or older. Any household consisting only of a person or persons all under 15 years of age is coded to 'Not classifiable'. This approach is consistent with that used in the family type classification, in which a family is likewise not defined unless it consists of at least one member aged 15 years or older.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and

income unit variables. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Viewed on 29/09/2006

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: At least one member of the household must be over 15

years of age.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and

income unit variables. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Viewed on 29/09/2006

Relational attributes

Supersedes Household – household type, code N Related metadata references:

Community Services, Superseded 27/04/2007

Housing tenure type (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – housing tenure type, code N

METeOR identifier: 368085

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 12/08/2008

Definition: A description of a person's legal right to occupy a dwelling in

which he/she lives as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—housing tenure type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Owner without a mortgage

2 Owner with a mortgage

Purchaser/renter under a rent/buy scheme

4 Renter

5 Occupier under a rent free accommodation

6 Occupier under a life tenure scheme

7 Other tenure type

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Tenure type of persons in caravans and manufactured

homes is determined according to the tenure of the dwelling structure and not the land. Thus, a person who owns a caravan and rents a site in a caravan park is regarded as an owner.

Code 1. Owner without a mortgage:

A person who owns their dwelling and is not making any payments on mortgages or loans secured against the dwelling. (Thus persons who have repaid a loan but technically not discharged the associated mortgage are included in this category).

Code 2. Owner with a mortgage:

A person who owns their dwelling and is repaying a mortgage or loans secured against the dwelling, regardless of the purpose of the mortgage or secured loan.

Code 3. Purchaser/renter under a rent/buy scheme: A person purchasing a proportion of the equity in the dwelling, and paying rent for the remainder.

Code 4. Renter:

A person paying money to another person/organisation in return for accommodation. Included in this category are: Boarder, a person who is provided with meals and lodging in return for money; and Lodger, a person who is provided with lodging only (a room or rooms) in return for money.

Code 5. Occupier under rent free accommodation: A person paying no money in exchange for accommodation. Exclude owners with or without a mortgage, house-sitters, and those paying accommodation in goods and services.

Code 6. Occupier under a life tenure scheme:

A person with a contract to live in the dwelling for the term of his/her life but without the full rights of ownership and usually has/have limited or no equity in the dwelling. This is a common arrangement in retirement villages.

Code 7. Other tenure type:

The tenure does not fit any of the above categories. For example: house-sitting, payment in kind, for a specific service.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Populations tabulated for these categories may not correspond to populations in household level collections. In particular, a person classified as a 'Renter', 'Rent-free', and 'Other' may correspond to 'Owners with/out a mortgage'. For example, a dependent student pays rent to their parents in the same

household, may report their tenure type as 'Renter' or 'Boarder' in a person level collection, whereas in a Household level collection, they would be assigned the 'highest' tenure type in the household, for example 'Owner with a mortgage'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Community Services Data Committee

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics: 2006 Census Data Dictionary

(Cat. no. 2901.0). 2901.0 - Census Dictionary, 2006 (Reissue)

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Identifier designation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Identifier – identifier designation, text [X(20)]

Synonymous names: Identifier value; Party identifier

METeOR identifier: 466235

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An alphanumeric identifier, assigned by an organisation,

establishment or agency, used to uniquely identify an entity, as

represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Identifier – identifier designation

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(20)]

Maximum character length: 20

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Any interchange of identifier designations shall be performed

in accordance with privacy guidelines and legislation defined in the Interchange of Client Information, Appendix G , Privacy

principles:

"The Privacy Act 1988 (Commonwealth) is the principal piece of legislation providing protection of personal information in the federal public sector and in the private sector. The Privacy Act provides eleven Information Privacy Principles (IPPs) for the federal public sector and ten National Privacy Principles (NPPs)

for private sector organisations. 'Organisation' is defined broadly to include a body corporate, an unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust or an individual.

http://www.privacy.gov.au./"

The possible values are not standardised or codified, as the data

is dependent on the issuer and type of identifier.

Examples:

• A business's Australian business number (ABN): 85 087 326 690

• An individual's Medicare card number (MCN): 2345 56789 8

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Party identifier details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Identifier issuer

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Identifier – identifier issuer, text [X(200)]

Synonymous names: Issuing party name

METeOR identifier: 466241

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name of the party that issues the identifier that is used to

establish the identity of an entity, as represented by text.

Identifier – identifier issuer Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: String

Format: [X(200)]

Maximum character length: 200

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: An identifier issuer may include an association, organisation or

government agency e.g.

Australian Taxation Office

Centrelink

National Australia Bank

Medicare Australia

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

 $\frac{Party\ identifier\ details\ data\ dictionary}{Standard\ 06/02/2012}\ Community\ Services,$

Identifier name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Identifier – identifier name, text [A(50)]

Synonymous names: Card name; Identification name

METeOR identifier: 466224

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name or label of the identifier that establishes the identity

of an entity, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Identifier – identifier name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [A(50)]

Maximum character length: 50

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Examples of an identifier name include:

• Australian business number (ABN)

• Driver's licence number

• Medicare card number (MCN)

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Party identifier details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 06/02/2012

Identifier status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Identifier – identifier status, code N

METeOR identifier: 466249

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The status of an identifier that is used to establish the identity

of an entity, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Identifier – identifier status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Active

2 Suspended

3 Not defined

4 Cancelled

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/Inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A party may have multiple identifier statuses.

No attempt has been made to enumerate all codes that can be Comments:

associated with the identifier status code.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Party identifier details data dictionary Community Services,

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications: Standard 06/02/2012

Identifier status end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Identifier – identifier status end date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 466264

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the status of an identifier ceased to be in

effect, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Identifier – identifier status end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This date can be used separately or in conjunction with

Identifier – identifier status start date, DDMMYYYY so as to provide a timeframe that an identifier status was/is in

effect from/to.

The absence of this data element in a collection implies that

the recorded status is still in effect.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Identifier – identifier status start date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Party identifier details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Identifier status start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Identifier – identifier status start date, DDMMYYYY Technical name:

METeOR identifier: 466256

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the status of an identifier came into

effect, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Identifier – identifier status start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Date/Time Data type:

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This date can be used separately or in conjunction with

> *Identifier – identifier status end date, DDMMYYYY* so as to provide a timeframe that an identifier status was/is in

effect from/to.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Identifier – identifier status end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Party identifier details data dictionary Community

Implementation in Data Set

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Specifications:

Impairment of body function

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – extent of impairment of body function, code (ICF

2001) N

METeOR identifier: 320138

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: A person's degree of impairment in a specified

body function, as represented by a code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person—extent of impairment of body function

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 No impairment

1 Mild impairment

2 Moderate impairment

3 Severe impairment

4 Complete impairment

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

Impairments of body structure or body function are problems in body structure or function such as a loss or significant departure from population standards or averages.

CODE 0 No impairment

Used when there is no significant variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [0-4%].

CODE 1 Mild impairment

Used when there is a slight or low variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [5-24%].

CODE 2 Moderate impairment

Used when there is a medium (significant but not severe) variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [25-49%].

CODE 3 Severe impairment

Used when there is an extreme variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [50-95%].

CODE 4 Complete impairment

Used when there is a total variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [96-100%].

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents:

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare which is the

> Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Further information on the ICF including more detailed codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/ Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This coding is to be used in conjunction with specified

Body Functions domains. For example, 'a mild impairment of functions related to the brain' to indicate the area of impairment and, potentially, the sorts of interventions that may result in improved functioning. The body function in which an individual experiences an impairment is

indicated using the metadata item Person – body function,

code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN].

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – body function, code (ICF 2001)

AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006,

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Body functions cluster Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment of body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—extent of impairment of body structure, code (ICF

2001) N

METeOR identifier: 320165

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: A person's degree of impairment in a specified body

structure, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—extent of impairment of body structure

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 No impairment

1 Mild impairment

2 Moderate impairment

3 Severe impairment

4 Complete impairment

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item contributes to the definition of the

concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the

experience of disability for a person.

Impairments of body structure or body function are problems in body structure or function such as a loss or significant departure from population standards or averages.

CODE 0 No impairment

Used when there is no significant variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [0-4%].

CODE 1 Mild impairment

Used when there is a slight or low variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [5-24%].

CODE 2 Moderate impairment

Used when there is a medium (significant but not severe) variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [25-49%].

CODE 3 Severe impairment

Used when there is an extreme variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [50-95%].

CODE 4 Complete impairment

Used when there is a total variation from accepted population standards in the biomedical status of the body structure or its functions [96-100%].

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare which is the

Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF including more detailed codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

 Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is used in conjunction with specified

body structures, for example 'mild impairment of structures related to movement'. This data element may also be used in conjunction with Person—nature of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) N and Person—location of impairment of body structure, code

(ICF 2001) N.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person—location of impairment of body structure</u>,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

See also Person—nature of impairment of body structure,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Body structures cluster Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Income unit composition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Income unit – income unit composition, code N

METeOR identifier: 351139

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Definition: The composition of the **income unit** within a household, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Income unit – income unit type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N{.N}

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Couple only

2 Couple with dependent children

3 One parent

4 One person

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Couple only

An income unit comprising two partners in a couple

relationship.

CODE 2 Couple with dependent children income unit

An income unit comprising two partners in a couple relationship and all of their dependent children.

CODE 3 One parent

An income unit comprising a lone parent and all of his or her

dependent children.

CODE 4 One person income

An income unit comprising a person who is not party to either a couple or parent/dependent child relationship. Specifically this includes all persons identified as a non-dependent child, other related individual or non-family member.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This option refers to those cases where there is insufficient data to identify and classify the component income unit.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

'Income unit composition' is coded from data obtained from 'Relationship in household'. The procedures for allocation of individuals to income units follow the same rules and procedures as the rules for identifying families explained in detail in the ABS Standard Variable 'Family composition', with the exception that persons not in couple income units or one-parent income units are not allocated to any form of 'Other family' income unit. Such persons form One person income units. The procedures are as follows:

Where a *couple* relationship is identified, the couple will form the nucleus of an *Income unit*. If 'Relationship in household' data reveal the presence of one or more natural, adopted, step, or foster dependent children of that couple, the couple and the dependent children will be coded as a *Couple with dependent children income unit*. A couple without dependent children will be coded as a *Couple only* income unit.

Once any couple relationships have been identified in the household, if there is a lone parent with one or more natural, adopted, step, or foster dependent children, that parent and the children will be coded as a *One parent* income unit.

Any person in a household aged 15 or over who is not allocated to an income unit using these procedures will be coded as a *One person* income unit. Specifically, non-dependent children of any age, lone parents without dependent children, other related individuals and non-family persons in family households; and all persons in group households and lone person households comprise *One person* Income units.

Any child under 15, who is not the natural, adopted, step or foster child of anyone in the household, is allocated to an income unit as a 'nominal child'. The ABS uses the concepts of the 'nominal child' and 'nominal parent' where to all intents and purposes a 'parent-child' relationship exists, to facilitate a more accurate and analytically useful picture of the arrangements

that may exist in the household. Children under 15 who are not the natural, adopted, step or foster child of anyone in the household are allocated to an income unit in the same way as a 'nominal child' is allocated to a 'nominal parent' in family coding. See the ABS Standard Variable 'Family composition' for more detail. The rules for allocating a nominal child are applied in the following order:

- Sibling aged 25 or more. The nominal child's eldest sibling who is over the age of 25 is assigned as the nominal parent.
- Closest other relative. The nominal child's closest nonsibling relative aged 25 or more is assigned as the nominal parent. If necessary relationships by lineage (vertical) take precedence over other types of relationships. For example, grandmother over aunt, or aunt over cousin.
- Couple relationship. Persons in a couple relationship are assigned as the nominal parents of the nominal child.
- Child to female parent. The nominal child is assigned a female nominal parent in preference to a male nominal parent. For example, aunt over uncle.
- Eldest person rule. The nominal child is assigned the eldest person usually resident in the dwelling as their nominal parent.

Where an unattached child under 15 is allocated to an income unit in accordance with the procedures detailed above, the child is treated in the same way as a natural, adopted, step or foster child. The income unit composition of the nominal parent's income unit is then established in accordance with the procedures set out above. This may result in a Couple only income unit becoming a Couple with dependent children income unit or a One person income unit becoming a One parent income unit.

In summary:

- Couple relationships are identified first. Each identified couple, along with their own dependent children, comprises a separate Couple only or Couple with dependent children income unit.
- Any lone parents and their own dependent children form separate One parent income units.
- Any other person aged 15 or over forms a separate One person income unit.
- Children under 15 who are not the children of any couple or lone parent in the household are attached to an income unit as prescribed above.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 1995. <u>Standards for Statistics on the Family 1995. Cat. no. 1286.0.</u> Canberra: ABS.

Indigenous specific agency indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – Indigenous specific

organisation indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 456799

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Indigenous, Endorsed 11/09/2012

Definition: An indicator of whether an organisation provides services

specifically for and by Indigenous people, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—Indigenous specific

organisation indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 7 Not applicable

9 Not stated/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Performance and Data Working Group

Origin:

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2010. Child protection and support services National Minimum Data Set, data collection manual for the 2010 pilot collection. AIHW: Canberra.

Indigenous status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – Indigenous status, code N

METeOR identifier: 291036

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 15/04/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 04/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Indigenous, Endorsed 11/09/2012

Definition: Whether a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or

Torres Strait Islander origin, as represented by a code. This is in accord with the first two of three components of the

Commonwealth definition.

Data Element Concept: Person—Indigenous status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Aboriginal but not Torres Strait Islander

origin

2 Torres Strait Islander but not Aboriginal

origin

3 Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander

origin

4 Neither Aboriginal nor Torres Strait Islander

origin

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item is based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) standard for Indigenous status. For detailed advice on its use and application please refer to the ABS Website as indicated in the Reference documents.

The classification for Indigenous status has a hierarchical structure comprising two levels. There are four categories at the detailed level of the classification which are grouped into two categories at the broad level. There is one supplementary category for 'not stated' responses. The classification is as follows:

Indigenous:

- Aboriginal but not Torres Strait Islander origin.
- Torres Strait Islander but not Aboriginal origin.
- Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin.

Non-Indigenous:

• Neither Aboriginal nor Torres Strait Islander origin. Not stated/ inadequately described:

This category is not to be available as a valid answer to the questions but is intended for use:

- Primarily when importing data from other data collections that do not contain mappable data.
- Where an answer was refused.
- Where the question was not able to be asked prior to completion of assistance because the client was unable to communicate or a person who knows the client was not available.

Only in the last two situations may the tick boxes on the questionnaire be left blank.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:	The standard	l question f	or Ind	igenous	Status	is as	foll	lows
		*		C				

[Are you] [Is the person] [Is (name)] of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?

(For persons of both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin, mark both 'Yes' boxes.)

No	
Yes, Aboriginal	

Yes, Torres Strait Islander.....

This question is recommended for self-enumerated or interview-based collections. It can also be used in circumstances where a close relative, friend, or another member of the household is answering on behalf of the subject. It is strongly recommended that this question be asked directly wherever possible.

When someone is not present, the person answering for them should be in a position to do so, i.e. this person must know well the person about whom the question is being asked and feel confident to provide accurate information about them.

This question must always be asked regardless of data collectors' perceptions based on appearance or other factors.

The Indigenous status question allows for more than one response. The procedure for coding multiple responses is as follows:

If the respondent marks 'No' and either 'Aboriginal' or 'Torres Strait Islander', then the response should be coded to either Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander as indicated (i.e. disregard the 'No' response).

If the respondent marks both the 'Aboriginal' and 'Torres Strait Islander' boxes, then their response should be coded to 'Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Origin'.

If the respondent marks all three boxes ('No', 'Aboriginal' and 'Torres Strait Islander'), then the response should be coded to 'Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Origin' (i.e. disregard the 'No' response).

This approach may be problematical in some data collections, for example when data are collected by interview or using screen based data capture systems. An additional response category

Yes, both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander...

may be included if this better suits the data collection practices of the agency or establishment concerned.

The following definition, commonly known as 'The Commonwealth Definition', was given in a High Court judgement in the case of Commonwealth v Tasmania (1983) 46 ALR 625.

'An Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander is a person of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander descent who identifies as an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander and is accepted as such by the community in which he or she lives'.

Comments:

There are three components to the Commonwealth definition:

- descent:
- self-identification; and
- community acceptance.

In practice, it is not feasible to collect information on the community acceptance part of this definition in general purpose statistical and administrative collections and therefore standard questions on Indigenous status relate to descent and self-identification only.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Standards for Social,

Labour and Demographic Variables. Cultural Diversity

Variables, Canberra. Viewed 3 August 2005.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person—Indigenous status, code N Community

Services, Superseded 25/08/2005, Health, Superseded

04/05/2005

See also Service provider organisation – number of Indigenous children attending a preschool program, total

<u>number N[NNN]</u> Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011, Indigenous, Endorsed 11/09/2012

See also Service provider organisation – number of

Indigenous children enrolled in a preschool program, total

N[NNNN] Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013,

Indigenous, Endorsed 08/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Cultural and language diversity cluster Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Individual funding indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—funding indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 323170

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether a person is currently receiving individualised funding

from a service provider/program as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—funding indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Individualised funding should have all of the following

characteristics:

• the funding dollars are provided from with program funds;

• funding dollars are allocated to an individual on the basis of needs assessment, funding application or similar process;

• these funding dollars may be directly under the control

of the individual or their carer/advocate; or may be managed by or in consultation with a service provider to access a range of services for the individual; or may be given directly to the service provider who providers the service to the individual;

- the funding is transportable and able to move with the individual if they choose to use another service;
- the individual funding package is generally related to a policy ethos of fostering individual choice and autonomy.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Individualised disability funding indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—individualised disability funding indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Individualised disability funding status

METeOR identifier: 473762

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Whether a person is the recipient of an individualised funding

package for provision of their disability service, as represented

by a code.

Context: Individualised funding is one of a range of ways to effect a

person-centred approach.

A person centred approach requires the flexible use of

resources to achieve what is important to the person. It requires services to work, adjust and provide to the person what they want in life, rather than the person being expected to fit into an

existing service.

Data Element Concept: Person—individualised disability funding indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 3 Unknown

9 Not stated/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Individualised funding packages are a portable package of funds allocated for or tied to a particular person that facilitates control and choice over how the person meets their disability support needs.

The way individual funding is organised can vary in relation to who holds the funds, which parts are portable and what disability supports can be purchased from which parts of the market, that is, from approved service providers or the open market.

There is wide variation in individualised funding models; however, common characteristics include:

- allocation of an individual budget based on assessed need
- development of a personal plan specifying goals and needs
- portability and choice in how funds are spent.

Funds can be held by the person or their family, a facilitator/intermediary or service providers.

Individualised funding packages are also known as:

- **Individual Support Packages**
- Programs with individualised support
- Individualised support arrangements
- Self-directed funding
- Self-managed funding.

Individualised funding packages do not include:

- block funding
- funding that is allocated to an individual for a one-off purchase.

Each jurisdiction has its own policies, programs and approaches for individualised funding – all with subtle differences in terminology and approach.

In general, differences between jurisdictions refer to differences in:

- who holds and manages the funding
- who directs how the funding is to be used
- which parts of the funding are portable
- which disability support types it can be spent on from which parts of the market.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Effectiveness of individual funding approaches for disability

support, 2010, Occasional paper no. 29, Department of

Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs

Strategic Direction paper: Supporting Mechanisms for

Individualised Funding in the Disability Sector, 2011, Disability

Policy and Research Working Group

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Standard 10/04/2013

<u>Disability services client details cluster</u> Community Services,

Industry of operation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation—industry of operation, industry type (ANZSIC

2nd edition) code NN[NN]

Synonymous names: Organisation industry code; Organisation ANZSIC code

METeOR identifier: 453870

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The classification of the type of industry in which an

organisation operates, as represented by an ANZSIC code.

Data Element Concept: Organisation—industry of operation

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification,

Second edition, 2006

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NN[NN]

Maximum character length: 4

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 06/02/2012

Influence of environmental factor

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—extent of environmental factor influence, code

(ICF 2001) [X]N

METeOR identifier: 320198

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree to which a specified environmental factor

influences the body function or structure, the activity or participation of a person, as represented by a code.

Context: The environment in which a person functions or

experiences disability.

Data Element Concept: Person—extent of environmental factor influence

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: [X]N

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 No barrier

1 Mild barrier

2 Moderate barrier

3 Severe barrier

4 Complete barrier

+0 No facilitator

+1 Mild facilitator

+2 Moderate facilitator

+3 Substantial facilitator

+4 Complete facilitator

Supplementary values: 8 Barrier not specified

> +8 Facilitator not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

Extent of influence of environmental factors corresponds to the degree, strength or magnitude of the influence and the amount of time the influence is experienced by the person. It is essentially a summary measure, in which are embedded the concepts of availability, quality and importance, that indicates the effect the specified environmental factor has on the person.

Whether, and by how much, environmental factors are influencing an individual's level of functioning, and whether the influence is a facilitator or barrier, may indicate the sorts of interventions that will optimise the individual's functioning. This information may be for policy development, service provision, or advocacy purposes. Preventative strategies could be indicated by this information.

This value domain can be used to collect information across the whole spectrum of influence, for example, tactile flooring may be a facilitator to a person with visual impairment and a barrier to a person with mobility impairments. In line with the ICF approach to functioning and disability, this value domain recognises, and gives the means to record, the positive influence of environmental factors as well as those factors that limit the level of functioning of a person.

The codes are mutually exclusive. The choice of codes depends on the context of the data collection. For example; if collecting information about the positive influence of an environmental factor such as a community service it would be appropriate to use Code 0 No facilitator if the service was not influencing the person's level of functioning (even if the service were not a barrier to the person's functioning).

Code +0 No facilitator:

Used when the environment factor does not impact in a positive way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person.

Code +1 Mild facilitator:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a positive way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 5-24% of the time the person participates in the specified domain of functioning or has a low level of impact on the person's functioning.

Code +2 Moderate facilitators:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a positive way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 25-49% of the time the person participates in the specified domain of functioning or has a significant, but moderate impact on the person's functioning.

Code +3 Substantial facilitators:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a positive way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 50-95% of the time the person participates in the specified domain of functioning or has an extreme effect on the person's functioning.

Code +4 Complete facilitators:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a positive way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 96-100% of the time the person participates in the specified domain of functioning or the person functions optimally with this environmental factor.

Code +8 Facilitator not specified:

Used when there is insufficient information to record the Extent of environmental influence code (ICF 2001) N in classes +1 to +4.

Code 0 No barrier:

Used when the environment factor does not impact in a negative way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person.

Code 1 Mild barriers:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a negative way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 5-24% of the time the person participates in the specified domain of functioning or has a low level of impact on the person's functioning.

Code 2 Moderate barriers:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a negative way on the body structure or function, activity or

participation of a person between 25-49% of the time the person participates in that specified domain of functioning or has a significant, but moderate impact on the person's functioning.

Code 3 Severe barriers:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a negative way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 50-95% of the time the person participates in that specified domain of functioning or has an extreme effect on the person's functioning.

Code 4 Complete barriers:

Used when the environmental factor impacts in a negative way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person between 96-100% of the time the person participates in the specified domain of functioning or is of such magnitude that the person is unable to function.

Code 8 Barrier not specified:

Used when there is insufficient information to record the Extent of environmental influence code (ICF 2001) N in classes 1 to 4.

Code 9 Not applicable:

Used when environmental factors impacts in neither a positive or negative way on the body structure or function, activity or participation of a person or for between 0-4% of the time the person participates in that specified area and has minimal impact on the person's level of functioning in the specified domain.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO AIHW 2003. ICF

Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Further information on the ICF, including more detailed codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

- WHO ICF website http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/
- Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Reference documents:

Origin:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Environmental factors represent the circumstances in which

the individual lives. These factors are conceived as

immediate (e.g. physical features of the environment, social environment) and societal (formal and informal social structures, services and systems). Different environments may have a very different impact on the same individual

with a given health condition.

The influence of environmental factors may be positive, increasing the level of functioning (a facilitator), or negative, decreasing the level of functioning (a barrier).

The extent of influence of the **Environmental factors** is affected both by the degree, strength of influence, and the amount of time the influence is experienced by the person.

This metadata item is recorded in conjunction with *Environmental factor code N* to indicate the extent to which specified environmental factors influence the body function or structure, the activity or participation of a person.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare which is the

Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – environmental factor, code (ICF 2001)

AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006,

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Environmental factors cluster Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Informal carer available days

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Informal carer – average number of days available to Technical name:

provide care, code N

496111 *METeOR identifier:*

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 *Registration status:*

Definition: The average number of days per week an informal carer is

available to provide care.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer – number of days available to provide care

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 1 day per week

2 2 days per week

3 3 days per week

4 4 days per week

5 5 days per week

6 6 days per week

7 7 days per week

Supplementary values: Less than 1 day per week 0

> Not known 9

Unit of measure: Day

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The number of days may vary across a reference period, so

an estimate of the usual or typical days available should be

provided.

Collection methods: This item should be collected along with <u>Informal carer</u>

available hours to provide an indication of the total hours

available to provide care in a period.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Informal carer—average number of hours available

to provide care, hours NN Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer available hours

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – average number of hours available to

provide care, hours NN

496100 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The average number of hours a carer is available to provide

physical needs, help, or comfort.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer – number of hours available to provide care

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Average

Data type: Number

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

> 99 Unknown/not stated/inadequately

> > described

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The number of hours may vary across a reference period, so

an estimate of the usual or typical hours available should

be provided.

Collection methods: This item should be collected along with <u>Informal carer</u>

available days to provide an indication of the total hours

available to provide care in a typical week.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Informal carer – average number of days available</u>

to provide care, code N Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer co-residency

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – co-residency status, code N

Carer residency status Synonymous names:

METeOR identifier: 270167

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: Whether or not an informal carer lives with the person for

whom they care, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer - co-residency status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Co-resident carer

2 Non-resident carer

9 Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A co-resident carer is a person who provides care and

> assistance on a regular and sustained basis to a person who lives in the same household. A non-resident carer is a person who provides care and assistance on a regular and sustained basis to someone who usually lives in a different

household.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item is usually used to record residency

status of the person who provides most care to the person.

If a client has both a co-resident (e.g. a spouse) and a visiting carer (e.g. a daughter or son), the coding response should be related to the carer who provides the most significant care and assistance related to the client's capacity to remain living at home. The expressed views of the client and/or their carer(s) or significant other should

be used as the basis for determining this.

Collection methods: This item can be collected when either the carer or the

person being cared for is the client of an agency.

Agencies may be required to collect this item at the beginning of each service episode. Agencies should also assess the currency of this information at subsequent

assessments or re-assessments.

Some agencies may record this information historically so that they can track changes over time. Historical recording refers to the practice of maintaining a record of changes over time where each change is accompanied by the

appropriate date.

This item helps to establish a profile of the characteristics of informal carers and as such increases knowledge about the dynamics and patterning of the provision of informal care. In particular, whether the informal carer lives with the person for whom they care or not is one indication of the level of informal support available to clients and of the

intensity of care provided by the carer.

This data element can be used to identify whether the carer is a co-resident carer (as per the Australian Bureau of Statistics Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers) and thereby facilitates comparisons with population estimates of the number of informal carers who are also co-resident carers. This is important in the estimation of need for

services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Comments:

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Carer co-residency, version 1, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.8 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Conditional obligation:

This data element should only be reported in relation to service users that have a carer (Person – Informal

carer existence indicator, code N = 1).

Informal carer existence indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – informal carer existence indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Informal carer availability, Informal carer existence flag,

Carer arrangements (informal)

METeOR identifier: 320939

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Definition: Whether a person has an **informal carer**, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—informal carer existence indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Informal carers may include those people who receive a

pension or benefit for their caring role and people providing care under family care agreements. Excluded

from the definition of informal carers are volunteers organised by formal services and paid workers.

This metadata item is purely descriptive of a client's circumstances. It is not intended to reflect whether the informal carer is considered by the service provider to be capable of undertaking the caring role. The expressed views of the client and/or their carer should be used as the basis for determining whether the client is recorded as having an informal carer or not.

When asking a client whether they have an informal carer, it is important for agencies or establishments to recognise that a carer does not always live with the person for whom they care. That is, a person providing significant care and assistance to the client does not have to live with the client in order to be called an informal carer.

Agencies or establishments and service providers may collect this item at the beginning of each service episode and /or assess this information at subsequent assessments.

Some agencies, establishments/providers may record this information historically so that they can track changes over time. Historical recording refers to the practice of maintaining a record of changes over time where each change is accompanied by the appropriate date.

Examples of questions that have been used for data collection include:

Home and Community Care NMDS

'Do you have someone who helps look after you?'

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement **NMDS**

'Does the service user have an informal carer, such as **family** member, friend or neighbour, who provides care and assistance on a regular and sustained basis?

Recent years have witnessed a growing recognition of the critical role that informal support networks play in caring for frail older people and people with disabilities within the community. Not only are informal carers responsible for maintaining people with often high levels of functional dependence within the community, but the absence of an informal carer is a significant risk factor contributing to institutionalisation. Increasing interest in the needs of carers and the role they play has prompted greater interest in collecting more reliable and detailed information about carers and the relationship between informal care and the provision of and need for formal services.

Collection methods:

Comments:

This definition of informal carer is not the same as the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) definition of principal carer, 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers and primary carer used in the 1998 survey. The ABS definitions require that the carer has or will provide care for a certain amount of time and that they provide certain types of care.

The ABS defines a primary carer as a person of any age who provides the most informal assistance, in terms of help or supervision, to a person with one or more disabilities. The assistance has to be ongoing, or likely to be ongoing, for at least six months and be provided for one or more of the core activities (communication, mobility and self care). This may not be appropriate for community services agencies wishing to obtain information about a person's carer regardless of the amount of time that care is for, or the types of care provided.

Information such as the amount of time for which care is provided can of course be collected separately but, if it were not needed, it would place a burden on service providers.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 1993 Disability,

Ageing and Carers Survey and 2003 Survey of Disability,

Ageing and Carers.

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (2005) Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection (CSTDA NMDS)

Data Guide: 2005-06.

National HACC Minimum Data Set User Guide Version 2 July 2005. Home and Community Care (HACC) Program.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person (requiring care) – carer availability</u>

status, code N Community Services, Superseded 29/04/2006, Health, Superseded 04/07/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

<u>Disability Services NMDS 2012-14</u> Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Informal carer hours of care provided

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – number of hours of care provided, total hours

NNNNN

METeOR identifier: 498129

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The total number of hours of physical needs, help, or comfort

were actually provided by an informal carer.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer—number of hours of care provided

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Total hours expressed as 00000, 00001, 00425 etc.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The number of hours may vary across a reference period, so an

estimate of the usual or typical hours available may need to be

provided.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability services carer details cluster Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer primary status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – primary status, code N

Synonymous names: Carer primary status

METeOR identifier: 323760

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether the informal carer provides assistance with one or

more core activities (communication, mobility and self-care), as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer – primary status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No.

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should only be reported in relation to service

users that have a carer.

Self-care includes activities such as bathing, dressing, eating

and/or toileting.

Mobility includes moving around the home and/or moving around away from home (including the ability to use transport or drive a motor vehicle) and getting in or out of bed or a chair.

If the only support provided to a service user is in the area of public transport or driving a motor vehicle and this support is not required every time the service user uses these modes of transport, then a person is not generally considered to be a primary carer. For example, if a person drives the service user to the shops every second Wednesday to go shopping, and the service user can normally move/get around on their own using public transport or a motor vehicle, then the person would not be considered a 'primary carer'.

Communication includes making oneself understood by strangers/family/friends/staff, in own native language if applicable, and understanding others.

Comments: This data element can be used to identify whether the carer is a

primary carer (as per the Australian Bureau of Statistics Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers) and thereby facilitates comparisons with population estimates of the number of informal carers who are also primary carers. This is important

in the estimation of need for services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Conditional obligation:

This data element should only be reported in relation to service users that have a carer (Person – Informal carer

existence indicator, code N = 1).

Injecting drug use status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—injecting drug use status, code N

METeOR identifier: 270113

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The client's use of injection as a method of administering

drugs, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—injecting drug use status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Last injected three months ago or less

2 Last injected more than three months ago but

less than or equal to twelve months ago

3 Last injected more than twelve months ago

4 Never injected

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: To be collected on commencement of treatment with a

service.

For clients whose treatment episode is related to the alcohol and other drug use of another person, this metadata item

should not be collected.

Comments: This metadata item has been developed for use in clinical

settings. A code that refers to a three-month period to define 'current' injecting drug use is required as a clinically

relevant period of time.

The metadata item may also be used in population surveys that require a longer timeframe, for example to generate 12month prevalence rates, by aggregating Codes 1 and 2. However, caution must be exercised when comparing

clinical samples with population samples.

This metadata item is important for identifying patterns of drug use and harms associated with injecting drug use.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs National

Minimum Data Set Working Group

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Injecting drug use status, version 2, DE,

NHDD, NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.8 KB)

Intercountry adoption client files sent overseas

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – number of intercountry

adoption client files sent overseas, number N[NN]

475642 METeOR identifier:

Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013 Registration status:

Definition: The total count of intercountry adoption client files that were

sent overseas by a service provider organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of intercountry

adoption client files sent overseas

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications: 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Intercountry adoption order type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—adoption order type, intercountry adoption code N

METeOR identifier: 470242

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of **adoption** order under which an overseas child

enters Australia, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—adoption order type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Full adoption order in the country of origin

2 Guardianship order

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Full adoption order in the country of origin

An adoption made in the child's country of origin is a full adoption if the order that is made creates (between the child and the adoptive parent(s)) the relationships of parent and child, and severs the relationship between the child and the

biological parent(s).

CODE 2 Guardianship order

A guardianship order is a simple adoption order made in the child's country of origin that creates a custodial relationship between the adoptive parent(s) and the child, but does not create the relationship of parent and child. In these cases, the parent/child link between the biological parent and the child is

not severed. The child enters Australia under a guardianship order, and the full adoption order must be made in Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Data are collected on the type of adoption arrangement under

> which a child enters Australia, for adoption orders finalised within the reporting period for intercountry adoptions.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being an 'intercountry'

adoption.

International country code

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—international country code, N[NNNN]

Synonymous names: Country code

METeOR identifier: 434151

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The standard international country code, used in

conjunction with landline telephone, mobile telephone and facsimile numbers that also describes the location of an entity, as represented by a one-to-five digit number.

Data Element Concept: Address—international country code

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]

Maximum character length: 5

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A list of the standard international country codes can be

found at:

http://www.itu.int/dms_pub/itu-t/opb/sp/T-SP-E.164D-

2011-PDF-E.pdf

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: International Telecommunication Union 2011. List of ITU-T

recommendation E.164 assigned country codes. Geneva: International Telecommunication Union. Viewed 11 July 2011, http://www.itu.int/dms_pub/itu-t/opb/sp/T-SP-

E.164D-2011-PDF-E.pdf

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: A country code can consist of one-digit up to five-digits; no

leading numbers should be entered if the number is less

than 5 digits.

When a country code is used in conjunction with an area code and phone number it should be arranged in the

following order.

(Country code) + (Area Code) + phone number

Usage Example:

Code 61 - Australia

Country codes should be stored as the 1-5 numbers in a row, but rules can be set up to display the number in a

different format, e.g. ## ###.

Country codes are also usually defined with a '+' prefix, this is common for all country codes and can be added to

the display via a rule. It should not be stored.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Address – Australian area code, code NN</u>

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Address – telephone number, text X[(16)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Internet voice product identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Internet voice product user identifier, text [X(500)]

Synonymous names: Internet voice address

METeOR identifier: 433826

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An address that uniquely identifies an Internet voice product

user, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – Internet voice product user identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: String

Format: [X(500)]

Maximum character length: 500

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Example of an Internet voice product address:

David JONES 456

John 1 DOE

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 06/02/2012

Internet voice product name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Internet voice product name, text X[(256)]

METeOR identifier: 452880

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name of an Internet voice product that enables contact and

communication with an entity, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—Internet voice product name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(256)]

Maximum character length: 256

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Examples of Internet voice products:

SKYPE-to-SKYPE

GoogleTalk

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 06/02/2012

Internet voice service provider

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Internet voice service provider, text [X(200)]

METeOR identifier: 433814

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name of the organisation that provides an Internet voice

service, which enables contact and communication with an

entity, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—Internet voice service provider

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(200)]

Maximum character length: 200

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Usage Example:

SKYPE Google

America Online (AOL)

Yahoo

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 06/02/2012

Interpreter service type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – type of interpreter service required, code N

Synonymous names: Type of interpreter service

METeOR identifier: 323185

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether an interpreter service required by a person is for

spoken language or non-spoken communication, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – type of interpreter services required

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Spoken language other than English

2 Non-spoken communication

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 2 Non-spoken communication

If a person communicated with the assistance of a signer (i.e. not necessarily arranged by the agency/service

provider) this code should be used.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – interpreter service required Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2006, Health, Standard

08/02/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Conditional obligation:

This data element must be completed if a response of 'yes' is recorded in response to 'Interpreter services

required, yes/no'.

Interpreter services required

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—interpreter service required, yes/no code N

Synonymous names: Need for interpreter service

METeOR identifier: 304294

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2006

Health, Standard 08/02/2006

Definition: Whether an interpreter service is required by or for the

person, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—interpreter service required

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Includes verbal language, non verbal language and

languages other than English.

CODE 1 Yes

Use this code where interpreter services are required.

CODE 2 No

Use this code where interpreter services are not required.

Persons requiring interpreter services for any form of sign

language should be coded as Interpreter required.

Collection methods: Recommended question:

Do you [does the person] require an interpreter?

Yes

No

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – interpreter service required

(community services), code N Community Services,

Superseded 01/05/2006

Supersedes Person – interpreter service required status

(health), code N Health, Superseded 08/02/2006

See also Person – type of interpreter service required, code

N Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Labour force status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—labour force status, code N

METeOR identifier: 270112

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The self reported status the person currently has in being either

in the labour force (employed/unemployed) or not in the labour

force, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—labour force status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Employed

2 Unemployed

3 Not in the labour force

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Employed:

Persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week:

(a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising 'Employees', 'Employers' and 'Own Account Workers'); or

(b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. 'Contributing Family Worker'); or

- (c) were 'Employees' who had a job but were not at work and were:
- on paid leave
- on leave without pay, for less than four weeks, up to the end of the reference week
- stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment, for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week
- on strike or locked out
- on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job, or
- receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study;
 or
- (d) were 'Employers', 'Own Account Workers' or 'Contributing Family Workers' who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

CODE 2 Unemployed:

Unemployed persons are those aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the reference week, and:

- (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week. Were available for work in the reference week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the reference week). Or were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then; or
- (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown. Note: Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work. It also includes answering a newspaper advertisement for a job, checking factory or job placement agency notice boards, being registered with a job placement agency, checking or registering with any other employment agency, advertising or tendering for work or contacting friends or relatives.

CODE 3 Not in the Labour Force:

Persons not in the labour force are those persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of

contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary

work for a charitable organisation.

Collection methods: For information about collection, refer to the ABS website:

http://www.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/abs@.nsf/0/AEB5AA310D

68DF8FCA25697E0018FED8?Open

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 1995. Directory of Concepts and

Standards for Social, Labour and Demographic Variables. Australia 1995. Cat. no. 1361.0.30.001. Canberra: AGPS.

http://www.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/abs@.nsf/0/AEB5AA310D68 DF8FCA25697E0018FED8?Open (last viewed 21 December 2005)

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Labour force status is one indicator of the socio-economic status

of a person and is a key element in assessing the circumstances

and needs of individuals and families.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Health Data Standards Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Labour force status, version 3, DE, Int. NCSDD &

NHDD, NCSIMG & NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (19.5

KB)

See also Person—occupation (main), code (ANZSCO 2013

Version 1.2) N[NNN]{NN} Community Services, Standard

01/10/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

<u>Disability Services NMDS 2012-14</u> Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Last service provision date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—last service provision date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Last service contact date, Date service last received

METeOR identifier: 323253

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date on which a service was last provided.

Data Element Concept: Service event—last service provision date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Last service contact date must be related to a particular

service event.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Last service contact date, version 2, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.6 KB)

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Disability Services NMDS 2012-14</u> Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

 $Implementation\ start\ date: 01/07/2012$

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Legal order

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – legal order/arrangement type, code N

METeOR identifier: 324835

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The type of legal order or legal arrangement, to which a

person is a subject of, or party to, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—legal order/arrangement type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Number Data type:

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 0 Not applicable

1 Care and protection order

2 Juvenile justice order

3 Involuntary mental health patient (under

mental health legislation)

4 Restraining order

5 Other legal order

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The legal orders and arrangements listed above are a state

> responsibility and may vary across jurisdictions (for example, the number and type of care and protection orders vary quite considerably). As a result care should be taken in interpreting data differences across jurisdictions.

CODE 0 Not applicable

To be used where there is no legal order/arrangement in effect.

CODE 1 Care and protection orders:

A legal order for the care and protection of a child under 18 years of age. Care and protection orders comprise the following:

- finalised guardianship or finalised custody orders sought through a court, or administrative arrangements that have the impact of transferring custody or guardianship;
- finalised supervisory and other finalised court orders which give the department some responsibility for the child's welfare; and
- interim and temporary orders and care applications.

Care and protection orders exclude administrative and voluntary arrangements with the community services departments that do not have the effect of transferring custody or guardianship.

There is a wide range of orders and arrangements included as care and protection orders, such as guardianship, custody, supervisory, undertakings, interim and temporary orders and undertakings. The types and numbers of orders vary considerably across states and territories.

CODE 2 Juvenile Justice orders:

Legal orders or arrangements under state and territory juvenile justice legislation. Includes orders involving detention and non-detention (non-detention orders may require supervision, commitments or undertakings from young people, fines and good behaviour bonds).

CODE 3 Involuntary mental health patient:

Approval is required under the state or territory mental health legislation in order to detain patients for the provision of mental health care or for patients to be treated compulsorily in the community. Each state and territory mental health legislation differs in the number of categories of involuntary patient that are recognised, and the specific titles and legal conditions applying to each type. The legal status categories, which provide for compulsory detention or compulsory treatment of the patient can be readily differentiated within each jurisdiction. These include special categories for forensic patients who are charged with or convicted of some form of criminal activity.

The mental health legal status of admitted patients treated within approved hospitals may change many times throughout the episode of care. Patients may be admitted to hospital on an involuntary basis and subsequently be changed to voluntary status; some patients are admitted as voluntary but are transferred to involuntary status during the hospital stay. Multiple changes between voluntary and involuntary status during an episode of care in hospital or treatment in the community may occur depending on the patient's clinical condition and his/her capacity to consent to treatment.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A person may be the subject of, or party to, more than one

of the legal orders or legal arrangements at the same time

(and may therefore have multiple codes).

Collection methods: This metadata item will be collected at different times

> depending on the requirements of the data collection. For some it may be at the time a person is seeking a service while for others it may be at regular or irregular intervals.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: National Health Data Dictionary Version 8.0 Children of

> care and protection orders, Australia: data collection standards, tables and counting rules, 1998-99 Supported Accommodation Assistance Program (SAPP) National Data

Collection Data Dictionary Version 1.1, 1999

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Legal order, version 1, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG,

Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (20.4 KB)

Length of employment in current service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed)—length of employment in current service,

total years code N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 315084

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The number of years a person is employed in the service they

are currently employed.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed)—length of employment in current service

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

999 Unknown/not stated

Unit of measure: Year

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: AIHW

Length of experience in industry sector

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – length of experience in industry sector,

total years code N[NN]

315089 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The length of experience in years that a person has acquired in

a particular industry sector of employment.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) — length of experience in industry sector

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

> 999 Unknown/not stated

Year *Unit of measure:*

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: **AIHW**

Length of service event

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – service event length, total minutes NNNNN

METeOR identifier: 503266

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The duration of time measured between the

commencement and the end of a service event, represented

by total minutes.

Data Element Concept: Service event – service event length

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NNNNN

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Minute (m)

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service event—duration of service, total days

N[NN] Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Specifications:

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Letters of family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—letters of family name, text XXX

METeOR identifier: 349481

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The combination of 2nd, 3rd and 5th letters of a person's

family name.

Data Element Concept: Person—letters of family name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: XXX

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: In the three spaces, the agency should record the 2nd, 3rd

and 5th letters of the client's family name.

For example: If the client's family name is Brown, the reported value should be RON. If the client's family name

is Thompson, the reported value should be HOP.

If the client's family name includes non-alphabetic characters—for example hyphens (as in Lee-Archer), apostrophes (as in O'Mara) or blank spaces (as in De Vries)—these non-alphabetic characters should be ignored

when counting the position of each character.

Regardless of the length of a person's name, the reported value should always be three characters long. If the legal

family name is not long enough to supply the requested letters (i.e. a legal family name of less than five letters) then agencies should substitute the number '2' to reflect the missing letters. The placement of a number '2' should always correspond to the same space that the missing letter would have within the 3-digit field. A number (rather than a letter) is used for such a substitution in order to clearly indicate that an appropriate corresponding letter from the person's name is not available.

For example: If a person's family name is Farr, then value reported would be AR2 because the 2 is substituting for a missing 5th letter of the family name. Similarly, if the person's family name was Hua, then the value reported would be UA2 because the 2 is substituting for the missing 5th letter of the family name.

If a client's family name is missing altogether the agency should record the number 999 for all three spaces associated with the family name, (not the number 2). In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies should always ask the person to specify their legal first given name and their legal family name separately. These should then be recorded as first given name and family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

The selected *Letters of family name* can be used in combination with *Letters of given name*, *Date of birth* and *Sex* to develop a statistical linkage key to facilitate the linkage of records for statistical purposes only. This key will also enable linkage to other related databases that either have the same linkage key or the fundamental information to form the same key. The linkage is to assist research and analysis of the data, not for tracking of individuals through the system for case management.

The provision of letters of a person's name can be a sensitive issue because of privacy and confidentiality concerns. The use of this information will be in accordance with privacy principles.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Is formed using Person (name) — family name, text X[X(39)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Is used in the formation of Record – linkage key, code 581 XXXXXDDMMYYYYN Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010,

Comments:

Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Statistical linkage key 581 cluster Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Health, Standard 07/12/2011 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Letters of given name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—letters of given name, text XX

METeOR identifier: 349483

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The combination of the 2nd and 3rd letters of a

person's given name.

Data Element Concept: Person—letters of given name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: XX

Maximum character length: 2

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: In the two spaces the agency should record the 2nd and 3rd

letters of the client's given name.

For example: If the client's given name is Elizabeth the reported value should be LI. If the client's given name

is Robert the reported value should be OB.

If the client's given name includes non-alphabetic characters—for example hyphens (as in Jo-Anne) or

apostrophes (as in D'Arcy), these non-alphabetic characters should be ignored when counting the position of each

character.

Regardless of the length of a person's given name, the reported value should always be two characters long. If the given name of the person is not long enough to supply the

requested letters (i.e. a name of less than three letters) then agencies should substitute the number '2' to reflect the missing letters. The placement of a number '2' should always correspond to the same space that the missing letter would have within the 2-digit field. A number (rather than a letter) is used for such substitutions in order to clearly indicate that an appropriate corresponding letter from the person's name is not available.

For example: If the person's legal name was Jo then the value reported would be O2 because the 2 is substituting for the missing 3rd letter of the given name.

If the person's given name is missing altogether the agency should record 99 for the two spaces associated with the given name. In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies should always ask the person to specify their given name and their family name separately. These should then be recorded as first given name and family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

The selected Letters of given name can be used in combination with *Letters of family name*, *Date of birth* and *Sex* to develop a statistical linkage key to facilitate the linkage of records for statistical purposes only. This key will also enable linkage to other related databases that either have the same linkage key or the fundamental information to form the same key. The linkage is to assist research and analysis of the data, not for tracking of individuals through the system for case management.

The provision of letters of a person's name can be a sensitive issue because of privacy and confidentiality concerns. The use of this information will be in accordance with privacy principles.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Is formed using Person (name) – family name, text X[X(39)]Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Is formed using Person (name) – given name, text [X(40)]Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Is used in the formation of Record – linkage key, code 581 XXXXXDDMMYYYYN Community Services, Standard

Comments:

21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Statistical linkage key 581 cluster Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010
Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010
Health, Standard 07/12/2011
Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010
Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Level number identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – level number, identifier X[XXXX]

Synonymous names: Floor number

METeOR identifier: 429068

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A number, forming part of the address within a

complex, used to identify a floor or level of a multi-storey

building/sub-complex.

Data Element Concept: Address – level number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: X[XXXX]

5 *Maximum character length:*

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The data element may include a leading alphabetic prefix

or a trailing alphabetic suffix.

Usage Examples:

Mrs Joyce Citizen Apartment 7

Level 3 (Level number is 3)

Apex Building 48 Johnson Rd

CLAYTON VIC 3168

Level 2 (Level number is 2)

Building 75

Monash University 1-131 Wellington Road CLAYTON VIC 3168

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person (address) – floor/level identifier</u>,

[NNNA] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes <u>Service provider organisation (address) – floor/level identifier, [NNNA]</u> Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Level of government

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—level of government, code

Synonymous names: Funding jurisdiction, funding agency, funding source

METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The level of government associated with a service provider

organisation, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation — level of government

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 National (Australian government)

2 State/Territory government

3 Local government

Source and reference attributes

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic *Reference documents:*

Sector Classifications of Australia (SESCA), Cat No. 1218.0.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Level of government is relevant to agencies that are defined

as belonging to the government or public sector only.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation—sector, code N

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Agency sector cluster Community Services, Standard

13/03/2013

Level of highest educational attainment

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – level of highest educational attainment, code NN

METeOR identifier: 321069

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The highest level of education achieved by a person in

relation to completed education, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – level of highest educational attainment

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Australian Standard Classification of Education 2001 *Classification scheme:*

Representation class: Code

Number *Data type:*

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 01 Postgraduate Degree Level

02 Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate

Level

03 Bachelor Degree Level

04 Advanced Diploma and Diploma Level

Certificate Level 05

06 Senior Secondary Education (e.g. Year 12,

Senior Secondary Certificate of Education)

07 Junior Secondary Education (e.g. Year 10)

08 **Primary Education**

09 Pre-primary Education

Other education 10

88 No Education

Supplementary values: 99 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 01 Postgraduate Degree Level

Includes Higher Doctorate, Doctorate by Research,
Doctorate by Coursework, Professional Specialist
Qualification at Doctoral Degree Level, Statement of
Attainment at Doctoral Degree Level, Bridging and
Enabling Course at Doctoral Degree Level, Master Degree
by Research, Master Degree by Coursework, Professional
Specialist Qualification at Master Degree Level, Statement
of Attainment at Master Degree Level, Bridging and
Enabling Course at Master Degree Level.

CODE 02 Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate Level

Includes Graduate Diploma, Graduate Qualifying or Preliminary, Professional Specialist Qualification at Graduate Diploma Level, Statement of Attainment at Graduate Diploma Level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Graduate Diploma Level, Graduate Certificate, Professional Specialist Qualification at Graduate Certificate Level, Statement of Attainment at Graduate Certificate Level, and Bridging and Enabling Course at Graduate Certificate Level.

CODE 03 Bachelor Degree Level Includes Bachelor (Honours) Degree, Bachelor (Pass) Degree, Statement of Attainment at Bachelor Degree Level, and Bridging and Enabling Course at Bachelor Degree Level.

CODE 04 Advanced Diploma and Diploma Level

Includes Advanced Diploma, Statement of Attainment at Advanced Diploma Level, Associate Degree, Statement of Attainment at Associate Degree Level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Advanced Diploma and Associate Degree Level, Diploma, Statement of Attainment at Diploma Level, and Bridging and Enabling Course at Diploma Level.

CODE 05 Certificate Level

Includes Certificate IV, Statement of Attainment at Certificate IV Level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate IV Level, Certificate III, Statement of Attainment at Certificate III Level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate II Level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate II Level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate II Level, Certificate, and Statement of Attainment at Certificate I Level.

CODE 06 Senior Secondary Education Includes Year 12, Bridging and Enabling Course at Senior Secondary Level, and Year 11.

CODE 07 Junior Secondary Education Includes Year 7 (NSW, Vic., Tas., ACT), and year 8 to 10.

CODE 08 **Primary Education** Includes Pre-Year 1, Years 1 to 6, and year 7 (QLD, SA, WA, NT).

CODE 09 **Pre-primary Education** Includes Pre-primary Education.

CODE 10 Other education

Includes Non-award Courses in Higher Education, Nonaward Courses in Higher Education, Statements of Attainment not Identifiable by Level, Bridging and Enabling Courses not Identifiable by Level and Education, n.e.c.

CODE 88 No education

Applies only when the person reports that they have not completed any level of education whatsoever.

Not stated/inadequately described This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Comments:

This codeset allows for data on Junior secondary education and Senior secondary education to be collected at the first level of detail along with the other first level detail data in the ASCED. The ASCED allows for collection of the junior and senior secondary education data at the second level of the classification.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED) 2001. Cat. no. 1272.0. Canberra: ABS.

Online reference through:

Level of Education Structure - Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED)

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The highest level of educational attainment is the highest

qualification reported by a person in any field of study, or the highest year of school completed, whichever is the

higher.

This value domain allows for mapping of data to data obtained using the Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED) 2001 from the Australian Bureau of

Statistics.

There are two exceptions to this:

1. Data using this codeset cannot be mapped to the ASCED for codes 06 and 07 unless the data from both is combined.

When combined this data maps to ASCED code 6.

2. The ASCED does not collect information about a person

having no educational qualifications whatsoever.

Collection methods: The recommended question wording for this metadata item

is as follows:

'What is the highest level of education you/the person/(name) has completed?' (Mark one box only).

The focus of the item is completed education, so if the person is in Year 11, then the category Junior Secondary Education (Year 10) should be marked as the highest level

of education completed.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Level of highest educational attainment</u>,

version 2, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (16.4 KB)

Supersedes Person – level of highest educational

attainment, code N Community Services, Superseded

29/04/2006

Level of highest non-school qualification

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – level of highest non-school qualification, code N

Synonymous names: Level of education

METeOR identifier: 398769

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The highest non-school qualification attained by a person,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – level of highest non-school qualification

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Trade Certificate (Certificate I-IV)

> 2 Advanced Diploma and Diploma

3 Bachelor degree

4 Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate

5 Postgraduate degree

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Non-school qualifications are awarded for educational

> attainments other than those of pre-primary, primary or secondary education. They include qualifications at the Postgraduate Degree level, Master Degree level, Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate level, Bachelor Degree

level, Advanced Diploma and Diploma level, and

Certificates I, II, III and IV levels.

CODE 1 Trade Certificate (Certificate I-IV)

Includes Certificate IV, Statement of Attainment at Certificate IV level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate IV level, Certificate III, Statement of Attainment at Certificate III level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate III level, Certificate II, Statement of Attainment at Certificate II level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Certificate II level, Certificate I, and Statement of Attainment at Certificate I level.

CODE 2 Advanced Diploma and Diploma

Includes Advanced Diploma, Statement of Attainment at Advanced Diploma Level, Associate Degree, Statement of Attainment at Associate Degree level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Advanced Diploma and Associate Degree level, Diploma, Statement of Attainment at Diploma level, and Bridging and Enabling Course at Diploma level. Excludes Graduate Diploma.

CODE 3 Bachelor degree

Includes Bachelor (Honours) Degree, Bachelor (Pass) Degree, Statement of Attainment at Bachelor Degree level, and Bridging and Enabling Course at Bachelor Degree level.

CODE 4 Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate

Includes Graduate Diploma, Graduate Qualifying or Preliminary, Professional Specialist Qualification at Graduate Diploma level, Statement of Attainment at Graduate Diploma level, Bridging and Enabling Course at Graduate Diploma level, Graduate Certificate, Professional Specialist Qualification at Graduate Certificate level, Statement of Attainment at Graduate Certificate level, and Bridging and Enabling Course at Graduate Certificate level.

CODE 5 Postgraduate degree

Includes Higher Doctorate, Doctorate by Research,
Doctorate by Coursework Professional Specialist
Qualification at Doctoral Degree level, Statement of
Attainment at Doctoral Degree level, Bridging and
Enabling Course at Doctoral Degree level, Master Degree
by Research, Master Degree by Coursework, Professional
Specialist Qualification at Master Degree level, Statement of
Attainment at Master Degree level, Bridging and Enabling
Course at Master Degree level.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Comments: The categories in this metadata item are based on the

Australian Bureau of Statistics Australian Standard Classification of Education, Level of Education (ASCED)

2001.

CODE 1 Trade Certificate (Certificate I-IV) maps to Broad

Level, 5 Certificate Level of the ASCED

CODE 2 Advanced Diploma and Diploma maps to Broad Level 4, Advanced Diploma and Diploma of the ASCED

CODE 3 Bachelor Degree maps to Broad Level 3 Bachelor

degree of the ASCED

CODE 4 Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate maps

to Broad Level 2, Graduate Diploma and Graduate

Certificate of the ASCED

CODE 5 Postgraduate degree maps to Broad Level 1

Postgraduate Degree level

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Australian Standard

Classification of Education (ASCED) 2001. Cat. no. 1272.0.

Canberra: ABS

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Operationally, 'level of highest non-school qualification' is

defined as the highest completed non-school qualification reported for a person in any field of education except General Primary and Secondary Education Programmes. Data are obtained by direct question and often sequenced to follow a direct question on 'Highest year of school completed'. The question is worded in terms of

qualifications attained and when information is not collected about multiple qualifications, the result is dependent on respondent perception of 'highest'.

The 'Level of highest non-school qualification' excludes partial completion of or current participation in a course of study and Statements of attainment awarded for partial completion of a course of study at a particular level.

Qualifications generally associated with school education, such as the Senior Secondary Certificate of Education, are excluded from this data element even if they are awarded as the result of study at a non-school institution (ABS 2001).

Comments: The level of non-school qualification categories are based

on the ABS Australian Standard Classification of Education, Level of Education (ASCED) 2001.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) 2001. Australian

Standard Classification of Education (ASCED) 2001. ABS

cat. no. 1272.0. Canberra: ABS

ABS 2002. Education variables. ABS cat. no. 1246.0.

Canberra: ABS

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—non-school qualification indicator,

<u>yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 25/08/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Living arrangement

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—living arrangement, code N

METeOR identifier: 270385

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: Whether a person usually resides alone or with others, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—living arrangement

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Lives alone

2 Lives with family

3 Lives with others

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 2 Lives with **family**:

If the person's household includes both family and nonfamily members, the person should be recorded as living with family. 'Living with family' should be considered to

include de facto and same sex relationships.

On occasion, difficulties can arise in deciding the living

arrangement of a person due to their type of

accommodation (e.g. boarding houses, hostels, group homes, retirement villages, residential aged care facilities).

In these circumstances the person should be regarded as

living alone, except in those instances in which they are sharing their own private space/room within the premises with a significant other (e.g. partner, sibling, close friend).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Generally this metadata item is collected for the person's

usual living arrangement, but may also, if required, be collected for a person's main living arrangement or living

arrangement at a particular time reference point.

Comments: It is important to record the type of living arrangement for

a person in order to develop a sense of the level of support, both physically and emotionally, to which a person may

have access.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Commonwealth and State/Territory Home and

Community Care Officials

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Commonwealth Department of Health and Family Services 1998. Home and Community Care Data Dictionary. Version

1.0. Canberra: DHFS.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Living arrangement, version 3, DE, NCSDD</u>,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.6 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

<u>Disability services client details cluster</u> Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Living arrangement post arrival

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—intercountry adoption living arrangement status post

arrival, code N

METeOR identifier: 471074

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The status of a living arrangement for an adoption 12 months

after an adopted child entered Australia, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—intercountry adoption living arrangement post arrival

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Living with the original adoptive parent(s) -

family structure unchanged

2 Living with the original adoptive parent(s) -

family structure changed

3 Living with another adoptive family

4 Returned to country of origin

5 No longer living (deceased)

8 Other

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 2 - Living with the original adoptive parent(s) - family

structure changed

This category refers to situations where the adoptive parents

have separated or divorced, or where one partner has died, in the 12 months after the child entered Australia. This category does not include the addition of children.

CODE 8 - Other

The category includes foster care, state ward or independent living.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Adoptions DSS 2011-13</u> Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being an 'intercountry' adoption.

National community services data dictionary: version 8 469

Local Government Area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – geographic location (LGA),

code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN

455559 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Definition: The geographical location of an agency using a five digit

numerical code which indicates the Local Government

Area (LGA).

Service provider organisation – geographic location Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: **NNNNN**

Maximum character length:

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Australian Standard Geographical Classification

(ASGC) is a hierarchical classification system of

geographical areas and consists of a number of interrelated structures. It provides a common framework of statistical geography and enables the production of statistics which

are comparable.

The product ASGC contains four comma delimited files showing the levels and hierarchy of those ASGC structures current for the edition: the Local Government Area (LGA) Structure, the Main Structure, the Statistical District (SD)

Structure and the Statistical Region (SR) Structure.

The LGA Structure covers only incorporated areas of Australia. The major areas of Australia not administered by incorporated bodies are the northern parts of South Australia, most of the Northern Territory and all of the Australian Capital Territory and the Other Territories.

Collection methods:

In Population Census years the LGA Structure has four levels of hierarchy. In ascending order these are: CDs-SLAs-LGAs-S/Ts (Incorporated areas). Codes are unique only within a state/territory. For unique Australia-wide LGA code identification, the four digit code must be preceded by the state/territory code. All LGA codes end

with the digit 0.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program

Information Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Reference documents: SAAP National Data Collection Data Dictionary, Version 2,

November 2001.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation – geographic

location (LGA), code (ASGC 2010) NNNNN Community

Services, Superseded 14/07/2011

Location descriptor

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – location descriptor, text X[(50)]

METeOR identifier: 430302

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A description of the location of an address relative to another

physical site, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – location descriptor

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(50)]

Maximum character length: 50

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Usage example

NEAR THE NORTHBRIDGE OVERPASS

Via Blackmans Rd

OFF PRINCESS ST Rear 150 Smith St

OVER SWANPORT BRIDGE

3 km PAST THE BLACK STUMP SIGN

DIAGONALLY OPPOSITE TOWN HALL

CORNER SMITH STREET

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Location of impairment

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—location of impairment of body structure, code

(ICF 2001) N

METeOR identifier: 320177

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The location of a person's impairment in a specified

body structure, as represented by a code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person—location of impairment of body structure

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health 2001

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 More than one region

1 Right

2 Left

3 Both sides

4 Front

5 Back

6 Proximal

7 Distal

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept '**Disability**' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

Impairments of body structure are problems in body structure such as a loss or significant departure from population standards or averages.

Use only one code. Select the one that best describes the situation with this structure. Combinations are not possible.

CODE 0 More than one region (except both sides)

Used when the impairment is present in more than one body location (but not bilaterally see code 3); for example when burn scars affect many areas of skin.

CODE 1 Right

Used when the impairment is present to the right of the midline of the person's body.

CODE 2 Left

Used when the impairment is present to the left of the midline of the person's body.

CODE 3 Both sides (bilateral)

Used when the impairment is two-sided and disposed on opposite sides of the midline axis of the body, for example bilateral joint deformities.

CODE 4 Front

Used when the impairment is present in front of a line passing through the midline of the body when viewed from the side.

CODE 5 Back

Used when the impairment is present behind a line passing through the midline of the body when viewed from the side.

CODE 6 Proximal

Used when the impairment is situated towards the point of origin or attachment, as of a limb or bone (opposed to distal), for example the end of the structure that is closer to the centre of the body.

CODE 7 Distal

Used when the impairment is situated away from the point of origin or attachment, as of a limb or bone (opposed to proximal), for example the end of structure that is further away from the centre of the body.

CODE 8 Not specified

Used when there is an impairment of body structure but the location of the impairment is not recorded.

Not applicable CODE 9

Used when it is not appropriate to code the location of an impairment of body structure.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed

> codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is to be used in conjunction with

> specified body structures, for example, 'impairment of proximal structures related to movement'. This data element may also be used in conjunction with Person – extent of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) N and Person – nature of impairment of body structure, code

(ICF 2001).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—extent of impairment of body structure,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

See also Person—nature of impairment of body structure,

code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Body structures cluster Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Lot number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—lot number, identifier X[XXXXX]

Synonymous names: Allotment number

METeOR identifier: 429543

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The reference number, forming part of an address,

allocated to a property for subdivision administration purposes prior to road numbering, as represented by an

alphanumeric identifier.

Data Element Concept: Address—lot number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: X[XXXXX]

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Where an official Road number has not been assigned, this

field may be used for postal purposes as well as the

physical identification of an address site.

Collection methods: While the word 'LOT' should not appear within this data

element, for identification purposes, the word 'LOT' must

precede the lot number.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) — lot/section identifier,

N[X(14)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) lot/section identifier, N[X(14)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 06/02/2012

Main carer indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Informal carer – main carer indicator, code N Technical name:

Synonymous names: Main carer flag

METeOR identifier: 496088

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an informal carer is a main carer, as

represented by a code.

Informal carer – main carer indicator *Data Element Concept:*

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: Boolean

Format: Ν

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: Don't know

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A main carer is a carer who provides the most significant care

and assistance related to a care recipient's capacity to remain

living in their current environment.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

 $\frac{Disability\ services\ carer\ details\ cluster}{Standard\ 10/04/2013}\ Community\ Services,$

Main language other than English spoken at home

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – main language other than English spoken at

home, code (ASCL 2011) NN{NN}

METeOR identifier: 460125

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Definition: The language reported by a person as the main language

other than English spoken by that person in his/her home (or most recent private residential setting occupied by the person) to communicate with other residents of the home or setting and regular visitors, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—main language other than English spoken at home

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Classification of Languages 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN{NN}

Maximum character length: 4

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Australian Standard Classification of Languages

(ASCL) has a three-level hierarchical structure. The most detailed level of the classification consists of base units (languages) which are represented by four-digit codes. The second level of the classification comprises narrow groups of languages (the Narrow group level), identified by the first two digits. The most general level of the classification consists of broad groups of languages (the Broad group level) and is identified by the first digit. The classification includes Australian Indigenous languages and sign

languages.

For example, the Lithuanian language has a code of 3102. In this case 3 denotes that it is an Eastern European language, while 31 denotes that it is a Baltic language. The Pintupi Aboriginal language is coded as 8713. In this case 8 denotes that it is an Australian Indigenous language and 87 denotes that the language is a Western Desert language.

Language data may be output at the Broad group level, Narrow group level or base level of the classification. If necessary, significant languages within a Narrow group can be presented separately while the remaining languages in the Narrow group are aggregated. The same principle can be adopted to highlight significant Narrow groups within a Broad group.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Recommended question:

Do you/Does the person/Does (name)/ Will (name of child under two years) speak a language other than English at home? (If more than one language, indicate the one that is spoken most often.)

Response options for detailed data:

Alternative 1

No, (English only) []

Yes, Mandarin []

Yes, Italian []

Yes, Arabic []

Yes, Cantonese []

Yes, Greek []

Yes, Vietnamese []

Yes, Spanish []

Yes, Hindi []

Yes, Tagalog []

Yes, Other (please specify)

The above list includes languages based on their statistical significance in the Australian context. The list is reviewed when data indicate that different languages have been more or less frequently reported in the Census.

Alternative 2

No, English only []

Yes, Other - please specify

Response option for minimum data:

No, English only []

Yes, Other []

Comments:

This metadata item is consistent with that used in the Australian Census of Population and Housing and is recommended for use whenever there is a requirement for comparison with Census data.

This data element is important in identifying those people most likely to suffer disadvantage in terms of their ability to access services due to language and/or cultural difficulties. In conjunction with Indigenous status, Proficiency in spoken English and Country of birth this data element forms the minimum core set of cultural and language indicators recommended by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS).

Data on main language other than English spoken at home are regarded as an indicator of 'active' ethnicity and also as useful for the study of inter-generational language retention. The availability of such data may help providers of health and community services to effectively target the geographic areas or population groups that need those services. It may be used for the investigation and development of language services such as interpreter/translation services.

The ABS Language Standards, 2012, Version 1.1 (cat. no. 1200.0.55.005) was released in September 2012. The recommended question recognises children under two years of age.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Health Data Standards Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. <u>Australian Standard</u> <u>Classification of Languages (ASCL) 2011.</u> Canberra: ABS.

16/8/2011.

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2012. Language Standards,

2012, Version 1.1. Cat. no. 1200.0.55.05. Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—first language spoken, code (ASCL 2011)

NN{NN} Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011, Health,

Standard 13/10/2011, Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Supersedes Person—main language other than English spoken at home, code (ASCL 2005) NN{NN} Community Services, Superseded 13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Superseded 30/05/2013, Health, Superseded 13/10/2011

See also Person – preferred language, code (ASCL 2011)

NN{NN} Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011,
Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011, Health,

Standard 13/10/2011, Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Cultural and language diversity cluster</u> Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Main occupation of person

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – occupation (main), code (ANZSCO 2013 Version

1.2) N[NNN]{NN}

METeOR identifier: 566159

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/10/2013

Definition: The job in which the person is principally engaged, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—occupation (main)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of

Occupations, 2013, Version 1.2

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]{NN}

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A job in any given establishment is a set of tasks designed

to be performed by one individual in return for a wage or salary. For persons with more than one job, the main job is

the one in which the person works the most hours.

Caution is advised in its use with regard to service

providers as their activity as a service provider may not be

their main occupation.

Collection methods: This metadata item should only be collected from people

whose Labour force status is employed.

Occupation is too complex and diverse an issue to fit neatly into any useable small group of categories. Therefore ABS recommend that this metadata item be collected by using

the following two open-ended questions:

Q1. In the main job held last week (or other recent reference period), what was your/the person's occupation?

Q2. What are the main tasks that you/the person usually perform in that occupation? The information gained from these two questions can then be used to select an appropriate code from the ANZSCO at any of the available levels (see Guide for use section).

If only one question is asked, question one should be used. The use of question one only, however, sometimes elicits responses which do not provide a clear occupation title and specification of tasks performed. As a result accurate coding at unit group or occupation level may not be possible.

While agencies are encouraged to use the recommended question described above, it is acknowledged that this is not always possible in practice. For example, where the data collection is a by-product of the provision of a health or community service, the information may be ascertained using different means. However, due to the complexities of the metadata item 'Main occupation of person', this will result in inaccurate information. The recommended question should be used wherever possible.

This metadata item may be useful in gaining an understanding of a client's situation and needs. For example, the occupation of a person with a disability may be directly relevant to the type of aids that they require.

National Health Data Dictionary (NHDD) specific:

Injury surveillance - There is considerable user demand for data on occupation-related injury and illness, including from WorkSafe Australia and from industry, where unnecessary production costs are known in some areas and suspected to be related to others in work-related illness, injury and disability.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006. Australian New

Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO) (Cat. no. 1220.0) (First edition), Viewed 13 March 2007.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—labour force status, code N Community

Services, Standard 01/03/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005, Health, Standard 01/03/2005,

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Supersedes Person – occupation (main), code (ANZSCO 1st

Comments:

edition) N[NNN]{NN} Community Services, Superseded 01/10/2013, Housing assistance, Standard 10/08/2007, Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Main service activity type indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – main service activity type

indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 355174

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether a service provider organisation has a main service

activity type, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—main service activity type

indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A main service activity type is one that is more commonly

provided then other services provided.

Marital status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – marital status, code N

METeOR identifier: 291045

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: A person's current relationship status in terms of a couple

relationship or, for those not in a couple relationship, the existence of a current or previous registered marriage, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—marital status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Never married

2 Widowed

3 Divorced

4 Separated

5 Married (registered and de facto)

Supplementary values: 6 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Refers to the current marital status of a person.

CODE 2 Widowed

This code usually refers to registered marriages but when

self reported may also refer to de facto marriages.

CODE 4 Separated

This code refers to registered marriages but when self reported may also refer to de facto marriages.

CODE 5 Married (registered and de facto)

Includes people who have been divorced or widowed but have since re-married, and should be generally accepted as applicable to all de facto couples, including of the same sex.

CODE 6 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

The ABS standards for the collection of Social and Registered marital status appear on the ABS Website. Australian Bureau of Statistics. <u>Family, household and income unit variables</u>. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

This metadata item collects information on social marital status. The recommended question module is:

Do you/Does the person usually live with a partner in a registered or de facto marriage?

Yes, in a registered marriage

Yes, in a de facto marriage

No, never married

No, separated

No, divorced

No, widowed

It should be noted that information on marital status is collected differently by the ABS, using a set of questions. However, the question outlined above is suitable and mostly sufficient for use within the health and community services fields. See Source document for information on how to access the ABS standards.

While agencies are encouraged to use the recommended question described above, it is acknowledged that this is not always possible in practice. For example, where the

data collection is a by-product of the provision of a health or community service, the information may be ascertained using different means. However, the recommended question should be used wherever practically possible.

Comments:

The ABS standards identify two concepts of marital status:

- Registered marital status defined as whether a person has, or has had, a registered marriage;
- Social marital status based on a person's living arrangement (including de facto marriages), as reported by the person.

It is recommended that the social marital status concept be collected when information on social support/home arrangements is sought, whereas the registered marital status concept need only be collected where it is specifically required for the purposes of the collection.

While marital status is an important factor in assessing the type and extent of support needs, such as for the elderly living in the home environment, marital status does not adequately address the need for information about social support and living arrangement and other data elements need to be formulated to capture this information.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Health Data Standards Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – marital status, code N Community

Services, Superseded 25/08/2005, Health, Superseded

04/05/2005

Supersedes Person – marital status, housing assistance code

N Housing assistance, Superseded 10/02/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Medical condition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – medical condition, diagnosis code (ICD-10-AM 8th

edn) ANN{.N[N]}

METeOR identifier: 491649

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The disease, condition or injury that interferes with a person's

usual activities or feeling of wellbeing, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—medical condition

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related

Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification 8th

edition

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: ANN{.N[N]}

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: There is no arbitrary limit on the number of conditions

specified.

Collection methods: Information collected about medical conditions should be based

on interviews or reports from carers, sourced from notes in the

client's records or by observation.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community Services,

Specifications:

Standard 10/04/2013

Medication for mental health disorder indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—medication for mental health disorder indicator,

yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 376081

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: A self-reported indicator of whether a person is currently

taking a legally prescribed medication for a **mental health disorder**, including drug and alcohol abuse, as represented

by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—medication for mental health disorder indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should be used in conjunction with the

data element: *Person – mental health disorder indicator, yes/no*

 $code\ N$ to capture instances of mental illness that are

formally diagnosed and medicated.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person—mental health disorder indicator, yes/no</u>

code N Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 25/08/2011

Mental health disorder indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – mental health disorder indicator, yes/no code N

Synonymous names: Mental illness indicator

METeOR identifier: 376074

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: A self-reported indicator of whether a person has ever been

told by a doctor, psychiatrist, psychologist or mental health

nurse that they suffer from a **mental health disorder** (including drug and alcohol abuse), as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—mental health disorder indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The term mental illness is sometimes used instead of

mental disorder.

Mental health disorders are generally classified according to the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM) or the *International Classification of Diseases* (ICD).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—medication for mental health disorder

indicator, yes/no code N Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Mental health services received indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—mental health services received indicator, yes/no

code N

METeOR identifier: 508406

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has received mental

health services for a mental health issue, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—mental health services received indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – mental health services received</u>

timeframe, code N Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Method of use for principal drug of concern

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – method of drug use (principal drug of concern),

code N

METeOR identifier: 270111

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The client's self-reported usual method of administering the

principal drug of concern, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—method of drug use (principal drug of concern)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Ingests

2 Smokes

3 Injects

4 Sniffs (powder)

5 Inhales (vapour)

6 Other

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1

Refers to eating or drinking as the method of administering

the principal drug of concern.

Collection methods: Collect only for principal drug of concern.

To be collected on commencement of treatment with a

service.

Comments: Identification of drug use methods is important for

minimising specific harms associated with drug use, and is consequently of value for informing treatment approaches.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs National

Minimum Data Set Working Group

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Method of use for principal drug of concern,

version 1, DE, NHDD, NHIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (14.7 KB)

Mobile service indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation (service type) – mobile service

indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 315166

Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007 *Registration status:*

Definition: Whether the service is provided by a mobile service, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation (service type) — mobile service

indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described *Guide for use:*

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NCSIMG Children's Services Data Working Group

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Mother's original family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – mother's original family name, text [X(40)]

METeOR identifier: 270262

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The original family name of the person's mother as

reported by the person, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Person—mother's original family name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(40)]

Maximum character length: 40

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Mixed case should be used (rather than upper case only).

Collection methods: See relevant paragraphs in the collection methods section of

the metadata item Person (name) – family name, text

X[X(39)].

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Standards Australia 2002. Australian Standard AS5017-2002

Health Care Client Identification. Sydney: Standards

Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Mother's original family name, version 2, DE, Int. NCSDD & NHDD, NCSIMG & NHIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.1 KB)

Name context flag

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – name conditional use flag, code N

Synonymous names: Name conditional use flag

METeOR identifier: 287101

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: An indicator of specific conditions that may be applied to

an individual's name, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) — name conditional use flag

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Unreliable information

2 Name not for continued use

3 Special privacy/security requirement

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A single Person name may have multiple Name conditional

use flags associated with it. Record as many as applicable.

CODE 1 Unreliable information: should be used where it is known that the name recorded is a fictitious or partial name. These names should not be used for matching client

data.

CODE 2 Name not for continued use, indicates that this name should NOT be used when referring to this person.

The name is retained for identification purposes only. For Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders, certain tribal names may become 'not for continued use' due to the death of a relative.

CODE 3 Special privacy/security requirements- may apply to names for which episodes are attached that should only be accessible to specified authorised persons. There must be a specific need to implement this additional security level. Local policy should provide guidance to the use of this code.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Standards Australia 2002. Australian Standard AS5017-2002

Health Care Client Identification. Sydney: Standards

Australia

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (name) – name context flag, code N

Community Services, Superseded 25/08/2005, Health,

Superseded 04/05/2005

Name suffix

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – name suffix, text X[XXXX]

Synonymous names: Post nominal

METeOR identifier: 453756

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: Additional term following a person's name used to identify

a person when addressing them by name, whether by mail,

by phone, or in person, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) — name suffix

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[XXXX]

Maximum character length: 5

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Valid abbreviations from the Standards Australia 2006. AS

4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Name suffixes include honours, awards and other

denominations that follow a person name, usually as an

acronym or abbreviation.

Any, or a combination of, abbreviations listed in Appendix A of Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange

of client information may be used.

Collection methods: This data element may have multiple occurrences as more

than one name suffix may be associated with a person, e.g.

Queen's Counsel and Justice of the Peace (QC, JP).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (name) – name suffix, text [A(12)]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Name suffix sequence number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – name suffix sequence number, code N

METeOR identifier: 288226

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The numeric order of any additional terms used at the

conclusion of a name, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) — name suffix sequence number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 First name suffix

2 Second name suffix

3 Third name suffix

4 Fourth name suffix

5 Fifth name suffix

6 Sixth name suffix

7 Seventh name suffix

8 Eighth name suffix

9 Ninth and subsequent name suffix

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Multiple Name suffixes may be recorded. A Name suffix

sequence number must be recorded for each Name suffix.

Example: For the name 'John Markham Jr MP', 'Jr' would have a name suffix sequence number of 1 and 'MP' would have a

name suffix sequence number of 2.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Name title

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – name title, text X[(12)]

Synonymous names: Salutation

METeOR identifier: 453731

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An honorific form of address, commencing a name, used

when addressing a person by name, whether by mail, by

phone, or in person, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) — name title

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(12)]

Maximum character length: 12

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Valid abbreviations from the Standards Australia AS

4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Name title is a prefix to a person's name.

Name title should not be confused with a person's job title.

This data element may be repeated where more than one name title is associated with a person, e.g. Honourable

Doctor (Hon Dr).

Collection methods: This data element is to be interchanged in its abbreviated

format; standard abbreviations for some common English

language Name Titles are listed at Appendix A of

Standards Australia AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information.

Mixed case should be used (rather than upper case only).

The Name title for Master should only be used for persons

less than 15 years of age.

Name titles for Doctor and Professor should only be applicable to persons of greater than 20 years of age.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (name) – name title, text [A(12)]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Name title sequence number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (name) – name title sequence number, code N

METeOR identifier: 288263

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The numeric order of an honorific form of address commencing

a person's name, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (name) — name title sequence number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 First name title

2 Second name title

3 Third name title

4 Fourth name title

5 Fifth name title

6 Sixth name title

7 Seventh name title

8 Eighth name title

9 Ninth and subsequent name title

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Multiple Name titles may be recorded. For the purpose of

positive identification of a person, each Name title must have a Name title sequence number recorded.

Example: Professor Sir John Markham

In the example above 'Professor' would have a name title sequence number of 1 and 'Sir' would have a name title

sequence number of 2.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Name usage type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—name usage type, code AAA

METeOR identifier: 453366

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Proposed 11/04/2013

Definition: The usage type of a person's family name and/or given

name that enables differentiation between each recorded or

interchanged name, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – name usage type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AAA

Maximum character length: 3

Permissible values: Value Meaning

LGL Legal name

AKA Also known as

BTH Name at birth

MDN Maiden name

NEW New born identification name

PRV Previous name

PRF Preferred name

STG Stage name

TRB Tribal name

OTH Non-specific name usage type

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE LGL Legal name

> Legal name of the client as defined by the organisation which collects it. Legal name is not defined within this value domain.

CODE AKA Also known as (or Aliases)

Any other name that a person is also known by, or has been known by in the past. This includes misspelt names or name variations that are to be retained as they have been used to identify this person. More than one alias name may be recorded for a person.

CODE MDN Maiden name

The family name of any party prior to being changed at marriage. Traditionally the term 'Maiden Name' means the family name of a woman before she is married, this was specifically due to the tradition of a woman taking the man's family name at the time of marriage. Now many couples are using hybrid or merged names to reflect the heritage of both parties in the marriage, thus both parties are changing their names at marriage. This should be reflected in the usage of the term 'Maiden Name' as it should now be used for both sexes.

The usage of Maiden name should remain consistent for same sex couples, where one or both of the parties change their name at Civil Union.

CODE NEW New born

This is reserved for the identification of unnamed newborn babies.

CODE PRF Preferred name

This is to be associated the name by which the person chooses to be identified.

The codes are not mutually exclusive and their association with a person's family name and/or given name will depend on the context in which this information is collected or exchanged.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Comments:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element can be used where the person offers

more than one family name and more than one given name.

Start date and end date can be used in conjunction with this data element to determine when the specific name usage

type commenced or ceased to be effective.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

 $client\ information.\ Sydney:\ Standards\ Australia.$

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also $\underline{\text{Person (name)}} - \underline{\text{given name, text }}[X(40)]$ Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Supersedes Person (name) – name type, code N

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 04/05/2005

See also Person—name usage type end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type start date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Name usage type end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—name usage type end date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 453793

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the usage type of a family name

and/or given name was no longer applicable, expressed as

DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Person—name usage type end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also $\underline{\text{Person (name)}} - \underline{\text{given name, text }}[X(40)]$ Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type start date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type, code AAA Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Proposed

11/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

Name usage type start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – name usage type start date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 453786

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the usage type of a person's family name

and/or given name was first applicable, expressed as

DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Person – name usage type start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also $\underline{\text{Person (name)}} - \underline{\text{given name, text }}[X(40)]$ Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person—name usage type, code AAA Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Proposed

11/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Person details data dictionary Community Services,

New client indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Person – new client indicator, code N Technical name:

Synonymous names: Client; New; Indicator

METeOR identifier: 400548

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether the person has been a client of this Agency before.

Data Element Concept: Person – new client indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Not sure

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Permissible values for this data element are captured using the

following question:

"Have you ever accessed or tried to access any services from

this agency before?"

Non-Australian state/province (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (address) – non-Australian state/province, text [X(40)]

Synonymous names: International state/province

METeOR identifier: 288648

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The designation applied to an internal, political or geographic

division of a country other than Australia that is officially recognised by that country that is associated with the address

of a person, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Person (address) — non-Australian state/province

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(40)]

Maximum character length: 40

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The name of the state or territory or province should be

recorded using the standard ASCII character set and should be done so in accordance with the official conventions of the country, for example, Hunan rather than Chinese characters.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standard Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Non-Australian state/province (service provider organisation)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation (address) — non-Australian

state/province, text [X(40)]

METeOR identifier: 288636

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The designation applied to an internal, political or geographic

division of a country other than Australia that is officially recognised by that country that is associated with the address

of an establishment, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation (address) — non-Australian

state/province

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(40)]

Maximum character length: 40

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The name of the state or territory or province should be

recorded using the standard ASCII character set and should be done so in accordance with the official conventions of the

country.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Non-school qualification indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—non-school qualification indicator, yes/no/not

stated/inadequately described code N

Synonymous names: Level of education

METeOR identifier: 376009

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has attained a non-school

qualification, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – non-school qualification indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should be used in conjunction with the

data element: *Person – highest level of non-school qualification, code N* to provide information on the highest level of non-

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school qualification that a person has attained.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Education variables. ABS cat. no. 1246.0. Canberra: ABS

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—level of highest non-school qualification,

code N Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 25/08/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

<u>Disability services client details cluster</u> Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of accommodation places

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – accommodation places, total

N[N(8)]

METeOR identifier: 336730

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The total number of **accommodation places** owned or managed

by an agency.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – accommodation places

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N(8)]

Maximum character length: 9

Proposed unit of measure: Beds

Unit of measure precision: 0

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Number of adoption placements

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption—number of placements, total N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 470119

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of children placed with their adoptive

parents.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of placements

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: For local and intercountry adoptions, data are collected on

children who were placed with their adoptive families during the reporting period, regardless of the status of their adoption order. 'Placed with their adoptive families' refers to when the

child enters the home.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' or

'intercountry' adoption.

Number of adoptions finalised

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – number of adoptions finalised, total N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 482190

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of adoption orders finalised during the

reporting period.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of adoptions finalised

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Includes all children who were the subject of a finalised

adoption order during the reporting period. This includes orders that were made in Australia and, in the case of some intercountry adoptions, where the full adoption order was made in the country or origin. An adoption order is finalised after the legal relationship between the child and the biological parents is severed and the legal relationship of parent and child

is transferred, in full, to the adoptive parent(s).

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Number of applicants on waiting list

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – waiting list, total people

N[NNN]

METeOR identifier: 480133

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The total number of people on service provider

organisation's record or list of applicants waiting for the

provision of services.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—waiting list

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]

Maximum character length: 4

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

9999 Inadequately described/not stated

Unit of measure: Person

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation – waiting list,

total people N[NNN] Housing assistance, Superseded

01/05/2013

Number of applications for information lodged

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – number of applications for information lodged,

total N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 475519

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of applications lodged seeking information

about an adoption.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of applications for information lodged

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A count of applications for information about a party to an

adoption from adults who have gone through a screening process and have been identified as having an entitlement to

receive information.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Number of available places

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—number of available places,

total N[NN]

Synonymous names: Number of places offered

METeOR identifier: 315208

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Definition: The total number of places that can be offered by an agency for

a service.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of available places

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The number of places that can be offered by a service is not

necessarily the same as the number of places the agency is

permitted to offer by law.

Collected at a point-in-time and may vary for different times of

the day or sessions.

Comments: This data element helps in gaining a greater understanding of

service capacity and use.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Children's Services Data Working Group

Number of bedrooms

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Dwelling – number of bedrooms, total N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 479778

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The total number of rooms within a dwelling which are

used or intended to be used primarily for sleeping.

Data Element Concept: Dwelling – number of bedrooms

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

999 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Bedroom

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Count bedrooms designed for use as bedrooms and other

rooms permanently modified and intended for use as bedrooms (such as a sleep out or built in veranda). Bedsits should be counted as a 1 bedroom dwelling. In the case of **boarding house buildings**, the unit of counting is the **boarding house room** which usually has only one

bedroom.

Where reporting the number of bedrooms at the tenancy level, the number of bedrooms should be reported for each

tenancy rental unit.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Housing Data Development Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Dwelling – number of bedrooms</u>, total N[NN]

Housing assistance, Superseded 01/05/2013

See also <u>Dwelling – structure type</u>, code N[N] Housing

assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Number of children adopted as part of a sibling group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption—number of children adopted as part of a sibling

group, total N[N]

METeOR identifier: 475371

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of children adopted at the same time, into the

same family as part of a sibling group.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of children adopted as part of a sibling

group

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' or an

'intercountry' adoption.

Number of clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – number of clients, total people

N[NNNN]

Synonymous names: Number of service users

METeOR identifier: 321271

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The total number of clients receiving services or care from an

agency or organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of clients

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]

Maximum character length: 5

Unit of measure: Person

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Each client receiving a service during the reporting period

should be counted only once, regardless of the number of times

they accessed the service in that time period.

This data item refers to the number of clients receiving services, not those 'on the books', 'on waiting lists', number of 'beds' or

'places'.

Comments: The information is needed to provide a basic count of people

accessing services, and will relate to population data from the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) to help in assessing met

and unmet need.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Number of intercountry adoption clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—number of intercountry

adoption clients, total N[N]

METeOR identifier: 475546

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The number of intercountry adoption applicants who became

official clients of a service provider organisation.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—number of intercountry

adoption clients

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A count of the applicants who became official clients of the

adoptions section of the relevant state/territory department within the reporting period. An applicant can be a married couple, a de facto couple or a single person. The method by which the applicant become an official client will vary for each jurisdiction, and may be when the department first opens a file, when the applicant registers, or when they are invited to attend

an information session.

Applicants who are already a client of the department but are applying to adopt a subsequent child, or reapplying to adopt, should be counted as applicants applying for the first time.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Number of licensed places

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation (service type) – number of

licensed places, N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 315200

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Definition: The total number of places an agency is legally authorised to

operate for a service type.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—number of licensed places

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: This data element helps in gaining a greater understanding of

service capacity.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Children's Services Data Working Group.

Number of occupants

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Dwelling – number of occupants, total N[N]

METeOR identifier: 479783

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The total number of occupants living within a dwelling.

Data Element Concept: Dwelling – number of occupants

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Number *Data type:*

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length:

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

> 99 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Dwelling – number of occupants</u>, total people

N[N] Housing assistance, Superseded 01/05/2013

Number of people accommodated

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—number of people accommodated, total N[N]

METeOR identifier: 352415

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The total number of people who will be accommodated by an

agency.

Data Element Concept: Person—number of persons accommodated

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Unit of measure: Person

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: This information can be cross checked against the number of

adults and accompanying children who requested accommodation to estimate unmet versus met need.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Number of placements not finalised

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – number of placements not finalised, total N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 475819

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of adoption orders resulting in the child not

being placed in the adoptive parents home.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of placements not finalised

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Includes all overseas born children who were placed with

adoptive parents in Australia during the reporting period, but

whose adoption orders were not finalised by 30 June.

An adoption order is finalised after the legal relationship between the child and the biological parents is severed and the legal relationship of parent and child is transferred, in full, to

the adoptive parent(s).

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:
Conditional on adoption type being an 'intercountry' adoption.

Number of sibling groups

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – number of sibling groups, total N[N]

METeOR identifier: 468610

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of sibling groups adopted.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of sibling groups

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Number *Data type:*

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Unit of measure: Person

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A sibling group relates to the number of siblings adopted at the

same time in to the same family. Each sibling group is counted

once.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

20/05/2013

Specifications:

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Number of vetoes in place

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption—number of vetoes in place, total number N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 512907

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of vetoes in place at the end of a reporting

period that are blocking contact or the release of identifying

information in relation to an adoption,

Data Element Concept: Adoption—number of vetoes in place

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Number of vetoes lodged

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – number of vetoes lodged, total N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 475840

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The total number of vetoes lodged blocking contact or the

release of identifying information in relation to an **adoption**.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – number of vetoes lodged

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Number *Data type:*

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

20/05/2013

Specifications:

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

One-off assistance offered indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—one-off assistance offered indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 333880

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether an agency offered one-off assistance to

a person, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—one-off assistance offered

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Used to identify the number of services provided to a person,

and to help identify gaps in service delivery and to provide important information for services and program planning.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Organisation end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Service provider organisation – organisation end date, Technical name:

DDMMYYYY

288733 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which an establishment, agency or organisation

stopped or concluded operations or practice.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – organisation end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Organisation name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – organisation name, text [X(200)]

Synonymous names: Business name; Entity name

METeOR identifier: 453823

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standardisation pending 27/02/2014 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: The full title of an organisation's name by which it trades or

is recognised, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – organisation name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(200)]

Maximum character length: 200

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: An organisation may have multiple names.

Naming standards for incorporated companies are defined in the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC), Schedule 6 of the Corporation Regulations.

Collection methods: If special characters or symbols form part of the name they

should be included. This includes all characters from the standard printable ASCII character set such as the letters A-Z, hyphens, commas, apostrophes, @, # etc, as well as the non-standard or extended ASCII characters such as ü, á, é,

®, TMetc.

Mixed case should be used rather than upper case only.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation (name) —

> organisation name, text [X(200)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005,

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation name end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – name end date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Organisation name effective to date

METeOR identifier: 431293

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the name of the organisation ceases to

be effective, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Organisation—name end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Over time an organisation may add or cancel names. The

end date is used to define when the name ceases to be effective. Absence of an end date implies that the name is

current.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Organisation – name start date</u>, <u>DDMMYYYY</u>

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation name start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – name start date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Organisation name effective from date

METeOR identifier: 431187

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the name of the organisation takes

effect, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – name start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Over time an organisation may add or cancel names. The

start date defines when the name of the organisation takes

effect.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Organisation—name end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation name type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation—name type, code AA[A]

METeOR identifier: 453842

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A classification of the recorded name of an organisation, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – name type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AA[A]

Maximum character length: 3

Permissible values: Value Meaning

MAU Management accounting unit

MN Main name

MTR Main trading name

OTR Other trading name

OTH Other name

Supplementary values: UNK Unknown

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE MAU Management accounting unit.

These are principal business units for which regular accounts are maintained, e.g. a division of a large business such as BHP's Steel Division. MAUs are ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) defined but are a common way for large businesses to manage diverse undertakings.

CODE MN Main name

The main or legal name of the organisation. This is the name of the entity that appears on all official documents or legal papers.

CODE MTR Main trading name

The main name that the organisation trades under or the name by which suppliers or customers know the organisation.

CODE OTR Other trading name

An alternative trading name for an organisation.

CODE OTH Other

Other name type not listed, e.g. sales and marketing.

CODE UNK Unknown

There is no information about the name type.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: An organisation name may have only one organisation

name type.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation (name) — name

type, code N Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation registration end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – registration end date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 433340

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which an organisation's registration ceases to

be effective, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – registration end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Over time the status of an organisation may change. The

end date is used to define when the status ceases to be

effective.

Absence of an end date implies that the status is current.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Organisation – registration start date</u>,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation – registration type, text [X(200)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation registration start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – registration start date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Organisation effective from date

METeOR identifier: 433251

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the registration of an organisation

takes effect, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Organisation - registration start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Date/Time *Data type:*

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Over time an organisation may add or remove

registrations. The start date defines when the registration

takes effect.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Organisation – registration end date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also $\underline{\text{Organisation}} - \underline{\text{registration type, text}} [X(200)]$ Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

 $\frac{Organisation\ details\ data\ dictionary}{Standard\ 06/02/2012}\ Community\ Services,$

Organisation registration type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – registration type, text [X(200)]

METeOR identifier: 433238

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A textual description of the type of registration that an

organisation may acquire over time, based on their type of

business operation.

Data Element Concept: Organisation—registration type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(200)]

Maximum character length: 200

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: An organisation may have multiple registrations. This data

element should therefore be used in conjunction with *Organisation – registration start date, DDMMYYYY* and *Organisation – registration end date, DDMMYYYY*, if

applicable.

Examples of commonly used registrations include:

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Income Tax Exemption

GST Concessions

Deductible gift recipient (DGR)

Charitable fund

Health Promotion Charity (HPC)

Public Benevolent Institution (PBI) Employer

FBT exemption

Registered Training Organisation Authorised Engineering Organisation

Adult Community Education (ACE) Organisation

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Organisation – registration end date</u>, <u>DDMMYYYY</u>

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation - registration start date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – organisation start date,

DDMMYYYY

288963 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which an establishment, agency or organisation

started or commenced operations or service.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – organisation start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This field must -

be a valid date:

be less than or equal to the Organisation end date.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Organisation type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – organisation type, code NN

METeOR identifier: 431782

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of a type of organisation, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – organisation type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

01 Proprietary

02 Limited

03 Proprietary limited

04 No liability

05 Other registered company

O6 Sole proprietor

07 Family partnership

08 Other partnership

09 Trust

10 Trustee

11 Cooperative society

12 Charitable institution

15 Social and sporting clubs

16	Trade unions and other organizations
20	Other (Private)
21	Australian Government Department
22	Australian Government Legislature, Courts etc.
23	Australian Government Municipal Authority in Territories
24	Australian Government Marketing Boards
25	Australian Government Statutory Authority
26	Australian Government other (including Government-owned companies)
31	State Government Department
32	State Government Legislature Courts etc.
33	State Government Marketing Boards
34	Local Government Authority
36	State Government other (including Government-owned companies)
41	Diplomatic or Trade Missions
42	Other Foreign Government

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Other reason case management plan does not exist

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—reason case management plan does not exist, text

[A(50)]

METeOR identifier: 509410

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The reason a current case management plan for the client

does not exist, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Client—reason case management plan does not exist

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [A(50)]

Maximum character length: 50

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item is answered from the perspective of an

agency worker.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Client—case management goal status, code N

Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard

23/08/2010

See also <u>Client – case management plan indicator, yes/no code N</u> Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

Supersedes Client – reason case management plan does not exist, SAAP code N Community Services, Superseded 17/11/2010

See also Client – reason case management plan does not exist, code N Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Other sibling composition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoptive family – other sibling composition, text [X(200)]

METeOR identifier: 475328

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: Other sibling composition of the **family** into which a child

is adopted, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Adoptive family – sibling composition

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(200)]

Maximum character length: 200

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should be used in conjunction with

Adoptive family – sibling composition, type code N.

This data element is used as a supplementary item in cases where 'other' is specified within a code frame and there is an option to describe the sibling composition of the family.

If 'other' is indicated as the sibling composition type in *Adoptive family – sibling composition, type code N*, provide detail of the sibling composition of the family (eg. foster children only, both biological and foster children etc).

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Adoptive family – sibling composition, type code

N Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'local' or an

'intercountry' adoption.

Other support service type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – support service type, text

[X(40)]

METeOR identifier: 462320

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The type of support services offered by a service provider

organisation, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—support service type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(40)]

Maximum character length: 40

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This excludes the following support services which are

captured by the Support service type, code N[N[7)] data element: daily living support; personal support; community living support; support for children, families and carers; training, vocational rehabilitation and employment; financial and material assistance; and information, advice and referral.

It also excludes housing assistance, as the intention is to capture

services other than housing assistance.

Paid employment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – paid employment indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 314813

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Whether an employed person is paid or unpaid, as represented *Definition:*

by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) – paid employment indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

Yes

No

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described *Guide for use:*

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Person identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – person identifier, XXXXXX[X(14)]

METeOR identifier: 290046

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: Person identifier unique within an establishment or agency.

Data Element Concept: Person – person identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: XXXXX[X(14)]

Maximum character length: 20

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Individual agencies, establishments or collection authorities

may use their own alphabetic, numeric or alphanumeric

coding systems.

Field cannot be blank.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Supersedes Person person identifier (within Related metadata references:

establishment/agency), XXXXXX[X(14)] Community Services, Superseded 25/08/2005, Health, Superseded

04/05/2005

See also Person—unique identifier used indicator, yes/no code N Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013, Health,

Standard 07/02/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person identifier flag

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—unique identifier used indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 493279

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Health, Standard 07/02/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person identifier is for a uniquely

identifiable person within an establishment or agency, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—unique identifier used indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

This code means the patient identifier is a number for a

uniquely identified person.

CODE 2 No

This code means the patient identifier is a number for a

non-uniquely identifiable person.

The assignment of *Person identifier* to a uniquely identifiable individual is important for the Community Mental Health Care (CMHC) NMDS to permit the determination of the number of clients receiving services within a jurisdiction.

The ability of jurisdictions to generate unique identifiers varies, as described in the data quality statement for the CMHC NMDS.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

See also Person person identifier, XXXXXX[X(14)] Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013, Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012, Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Physical address indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – physical address indicator, yes/no code N

Synonymous names: Physical address type code

METeOR identifier: 428950

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an address reflects a geographical

place, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – physical address indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

The address is a physical address and reflects a geographical

place, e.g. a property.

CODE 2 No

The address is a virtual address, e.g. a PO Box.

The address type code can only exist if an associated address

has been entered.

Usage Examples:

12 Smith St (physical address)

PO Box 123 (virtual address)

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Planned service event indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – planned service event indicator, yes/no

code N

Synonymous names: Planned support event indicator

METeOR identifier: 498847

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a service event is planned or

unplanned, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service event – planned service event indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1

Use for when the service event is planned, expected, or

otherwise predictable.

CODE 2

Use for when the service event is unplanned, such as on

request, or otherwise unpredictable.

Comments: Use of this data element with the Service event—service

event frequency, code N data element provides information

on the pattern of service events.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service event – service event frequency, code N

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Postal delivery number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – postal delivery number, identifier [X(11)]

METeOR identifier: 430107

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An alphanumeric identifier, forming part of an address,

used to identify the channel of postal delivery.

Data Element Concept: Address – postal delivery number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: [X(11)]

Maximum character length: 11

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is used where mail is being sent to an

area where normal mail delivery is unavailable, or not preferred. Additionally it may be used in some rural areas where no other formal addressing structure exists to

identify delivery addresses.

This data element is used in conjunction with *Address* – *postal delivery service type identifier, code AA*[*A*(9)].

Not all postal delivery types have a postal delivery number. A postal delivery number is mandatory for all

postal delivery types other than:

CARE PO No associated postal delivery number

CMA No associated postal delivery number

CMB Optional

CPA No associated postal delivery number

Usage Examples:

PO BOX C96 (Postal delivery number is C96)

RMB 123 (Postal delivery number is 123)

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

See also Address – postal delivery service type identifier, Related metadata references:

code AA[A(9)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012,

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Postal delivery point identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – postal delivery point identifier, identifier {N(8)}

430306 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A unique number created by Australia Post for an address.

Data Element Concept: Address – postal delivery point identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Number *Data type:*

Format: ${N(8)}$

Maximum character length:

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Customer Barcoding Technical Specifications, 1998:

Australia Post

Reference documents: AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Usage Example:

77220761

Delivery point identifier for 321 Exhibition St,

MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Comments: The postal delivery point identifier (PDPID) is the

intellectual property of Australia Post and may only be assigned to an address using a current AMAS approved product. The PDPID is used in the process of bar coding

mail. For postal purposes, the PDPID should be re-

validated every 3 months.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – postal delivery point

identifier, {N(8)} Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – postal

delivery point identifier, {N(8)} Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Postal delivery service type identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—postal delivery service type identifier, code

AA[A(9)]

Synonymous names: Postal delivery type code

METeOR identifier: 430096

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An identifier, forming part of an address, for the channel of

postal delivery, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address – postal delivery service type identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AA[A(9)]

Maximum character length: 11

Permissible values: Value Meaning

CARE PO Care-of Post Office (also known as Poste

Restante)

CMA Community Mail Agent

CMB Community Mail Bag

GPO BOX General Post Office Box

LOCKED Locked Mail Bag Service

BAG

MS Mail Service

PO BOX Post Office Box

PRIVATE Private Mail Bag Service

BAG

RSD Roadside Delivery

RMB Roadside Mail Box/Bag

RMS Roadside Mail Service

Source and reference attributes

Origin: AS4590 Interchange of client information

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is used in conjunction with *Address* –

postal delivery number, identifier [X[11]].

The recommended code description is the list of postal delivery type codes in the Australia Post Address

Presentation Standards.

This data element is used where mail is to be delivered to a box, bag or agent for pick-up by the intended recipient or to the rural mail box number where no other address exists.

It is also used where mail is being sent to an area where normal mail delivery is unavailable, or not preferred. Additionally it may be used in some rural areas where no other formal addressing structure exists to identify delivery

addresses.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – postal delivery number, identifier

[X(11)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012,

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Supersedes Person (address) – postal delivery service type

identifier, [X(11)] Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Postcode—international (person)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (address) – international postcode, text [X(10)]

Synonymous names: International postcode

METeOR identifier: 288985

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The code for a postal delivery area, aligned with locality,

suburb or place for the address of a person, as defined by the postal service of a country other than Australia, as represented

by text.

Data Element Concept: Person (address)—international postcode

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(10)]

Maximum character length: 10

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This is a self-reported code from a person and may be non-

verifiable without reference to the specific country's coding

rules.

May be collected as part of Address or separately. Postal addresses may be different from where a person actually

resides.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Postcode—international (service provider organisation)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation (address) — international

postcode, text [X(10)]

METeOR identifier: 288987

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The code for a postal delivery area, aligned with locality,

suburb or place for the address of an organisation, as defined

by the postal service of a country other than Australia.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation (address)—international

postcode

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: [X(10)]

Maximum character length: 10

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This is a self-reported code from an organisation and may be

non-verifiable without reference to the specific country's coding

rules.

May be collected as part of Address or separately. Postal addresses may be different from where a service is actually

located.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Preferred language

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – preferred language, code (ASCL 2011) NN{NN}

METeOR identifier: 460123

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Definition: The language (including sign language) most preferred by

the person for communication, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – preferred language

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Classification of Languages 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN{NN}

Maximum character length: 4

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Australian Standard Classification of Languages

(ASCL) has a three-level hierarchical structure. The most detailed level of the classification consists of base units (languages) which are represented by four-digit codes. The second level of the classification comprises narrow groups of languages (the Narrow group level), identified by the first two digits. The most general level of the classification consists of broad groups of languages (the Broad group level) and is identified by the first digit. The classification includes Australian Indigenous languages and sign

languages.

For example, the Lithuanian language has a code of 3102. In this case 3 denotes that it is an Eastern European language, while 31 denotes that it is a Baltic language. The Pintupi Aboriginal language is coded as 8713. In this case 8 denotes that it is an Australian Indigenous language and 87 denotes

that the language is a Western Desert language.

Language data may be output at the Broad group level, Narrow group level or base level of the classification. If necessary, significant languages within a Narrow group can be presented separately while the remaining languages in the Narrow group are aggregated. The same principle can be adopted to highlight significant Narrow groups within a Broad group.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This may be a language other than English even where the

person can speak fluent English.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: ABS cat. no. 1267.0. Australian Standard Classification of

Languages (ASCL), 2011. Canberra: Australian Bureau of

Statistics

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – main language other than English spoken

> at home, code (ASCL 2011) NN{NN} Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011, Health, Standard 13/10/2011, Homelessness,

Standard 13/10/2011

Supersedes Person – preferred language, code (ASCL 2005) NN{NN} Community Services, Superseded 13/10/2011,

Health, Superseded 13/10/2011

Preschool program enrolment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Child – preschool program enrolment indicator, yes/no

code N

METeOR identifier: 506727

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether the child was enrolled in a

preschool program, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Child – preschool program enrolment indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

Record if the child has been offered a place and has formally enrolled or registered in a preschool program, and:

has attended a preschool program for at least one hour during the reference period **OR**

• was absent during the reference period due to illness or extended holiday leave but was expected to return

CODE 2 No

Record if the child:

- has been offered a place but has not formally enrolled or registered in a preschool program OR
- was not enrolled (i.e. has not been offered a place and formally enrolled or registered) in a preschool program OR
- was absent during the reference period and not expected to return to the preschool program OR
- has left the service (e.g. has ceased education or changed services), or has been absent without explanation for four continuous weeks (excluding school vacations) prior to the reference period.

Source and reference attributes

Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG) *Submitting organisation:*

Steward: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Child – preschool program enrolment indicator,

<u>yes/no code N</u> Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013

Preschool program hours enrolled (total)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Child – preschool program hours enrolled (per week), total

hours N[N]

METeOR identifier: 506729

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Definition: The total number of hours of a **preschool program** that a

child is enrolled to receive per week.

Data Element Concept: Child—preschool program hours enrolled

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Total hours expressed as 0, 1, 2, 25, 60 etc.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A child is considered to be enrolled if they have been

offered a place and formally enrolled and registered in a

preschool program, and the child:

• has attended a preschool program for at least one hour during the reference period **OR**

 was absent during the reference period due to illness or extended holiday leave but expected to return.

National community services data dictionary: version 8 591

Exclude a child who:

- has only completed enrolment procedures at the service
- has left the service (e.g. have ceased education or changed services), or have been absent without explanation for four continuous weeks (excluding school vacations) prior to the reference period.

Non-instructional times such as recess, tea breaks and lunch breaks should be included if the child was under the supervision of the service provider organisation.

The hours enrolled may be less than or equal to the maximum number of hours available for children to attend the preschool program, but may exceed the number of hours the child attended at the service in the reference period.

Collection methods:

The hours of a preschool program a child is enrolled to receive should be reported for the specified reference

period.

Jurisdictions which adopt a two week reference period are required to derive their data to a representative reference

week.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Steward: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Child – preschool program hours enrolled (per

week), total hours N[N] Early Childhood, Superseded

08/04/2013

Principal income source

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – principal source of cash income, code NNNN

METeOR identifier: 508411

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The source from which a person derives the greatest proportion

of his/her cash income, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – principal source of cash income

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Classification for Source of Income 2010

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Standards for Social, Labour

and Demographic Variables. Viewed 3 November 2012.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Proficiency in spoken English

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – proficiency in spoken English, code N

METeOR identifier: 270203

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A person's self-assessed level of ability to speak English, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – proficiency in spoken English

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 Not applicable (persons under 5 years of age

or who speak only English)

1 Very well

Well

3 Not well

4 Not at all

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 0 Not applicable (persons under 5 years of age or

who speak only English)

Not applicable, is to be used for people under 5 year of age

and people who speak only English.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Not stated/inadequately described, is not to be used on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data

sets where the item has not been collected.

The ABS advises that the most useful information provided by this metadata item is in the distinction between the two category groups of Very well/Well and Not well/Not at

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Standards for Statistics on Cultural and Language Diversity

1999. Cat. no. 1289.0. Canberra: ABS.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Comments:

This metadata item is only intended to be collected if a person has a main language other than English spoken at home; and/or first language spoken is not English.

Recommended question:

How well do you speak English? (tick one)

- 1. Very well
- 2. Well
- 3. Not well
- 4. Not at all

Generally this would be a self-reported question, but in some circumstances (particularly where a person does not speak English well) assistance will be required in answering this question. It is important that the person's self-assessed proficiency in spoken English be recorded wherever possible. This metadata item does not purport to be a technical assessment of proficiency but is a selfassessment in the four broad categories outlined above.

This metadata item is not relevant to and should not be collected for persons under the age of five years.

While agencies are encouraged to use the recommended question described above, it is acknowledged that this is not always possible in practice. For example, where the data collection is a by-product of the provision of a health or community service, the information may be ascertained using different means. However, this standard should be used wherever practically possible.

Comments:

This metadata item identifies those people who may suffer disadvantage in terms of their ability to access services due to lack of ability in the spoken English language. This information can be used to target the provision of services to people whose lack of ability in spoken English is potentially a barrier to gaining access to government programs and services.

In conjunction with Indigenous status, the main language other than English spoken at home and the country of birth, this metadata item forms the minimum core set of cultural and language indicators recommended by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – first language spoken, code (ASCL 2011)

> NN{NN} Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011, Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011, Health,

Standard 13/10/2011, Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Supersedes Proficiency in spoken English, version 2, DE, Int. NCSDD & NHDD, NCSIMG & NHIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (18.6 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Cultural and language diversity cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Provider occupation category (self-identified) (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Individual service provider – occupation (self-identified),

code (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2) N[NNN]{NN}

Synonymous names: Health care provider field of practice

METeOR identifier: 571000

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/10/2013

Definition: A health care occupation that an individual provider

identifies as being one in which they provide a significant

amount of services, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Individual service provider – occupation (self-identified)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of

Occupations, 2013, Version 1.2

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]{NN}

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The following is a list of the more common health care

occupations, however, it is not intended to represent all the

possible health care occupations:

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Worker

(ANZSCO code 411511)

Acupuncturist (ANZSCO code 252211)

Aged or disabled carer (ANZSCO code 423111)

Ambulance officer (ANZSCO code 411111)

Anaesthetist (ANZSCO code 253211)

Audiologist (ANZSCO code 252711)

Chiropractor (ANZSCO code 252111)

Clinical psychologist (ANZSCO code 272311)

Complementary Health Therapists n.e.c. (ANZSCO code 252299)

Dental assistant (ANZSCO code 423211)

Dental hygienist (ANZSCO code 411211)

Dental specialist (ANZSCO code 252311)

Dental technician (ANZSCO code 411213)

Dental therapist (ANZSCO code 411214)

Dentist (ANZSCO code 252312)

Dermatologist(ANZSCO code 253911)

Dietician (ANZSCO code 251111)

Drug and Alcohol Counsellor (ANZSCO code 272112)

Enrolled nurse (ANZSCO code 411411)

General medical practitioner (ANZSCO code 253111)

Health professionals (ANZSCO code 25)

Hospital pharmacist (ANZSCO code 251511)

Intensive care ambulance paramedic (AUS) / ambulance paramedic (NZ) (ANZSCO code 411112)

Massage therapist (ANZSCO code 411611)

Medical diagnostic radiographer (ANZSCO code 251211)

Medical practitioners n.e.c. (ANZSCO code 253999)

Medical radiation therapist (ANZSCO code 251212)

Midwife (ANZSCO code 254111)

Naturopath (ANZSCO code 252213)

Nuclear medicine technologist (ANZSCO code 251213)

Nurse educator (ANZSCO code 254211)

Nurse manager (ANZSCO code 254311)

Nurse practitioner (ANZSCO code 254411)

Nurse researcher (ANZSCO code 254212)

Nursing assistant support worker (ANZSCO code 423312)

Occupational therapist (ANZSCO code 252411)

Ophthalmologist (ANZSCO code 253914)

Optometrist (ANZSCO code 251411)

Orthoptist (ANZSCO code 251412)

Orthotist or Prosthetist (ANZSCO code 251912)

Osteopath (ANZSCO code 252112)

Paediatrician (ANZSCO code 253321)

Pathologist (ANZSCO code 253915)

Physiotherapist (ANZSCO code 252511)

Podiatrist (ANZSCO code 252611)

Psychiatrist (ANZSCO code 253411)

Psychologists n.e.c. (ANZSCO code 272399)

Radiologist (ANZSCO code 253916)

Registered nurse (developmental disability)(ANZSCO code 254416)

Registered nurse (mental health)(ANZSCO code 254422)

Registered Nurses n.e.c. (ANZSCO code 254499)

Rehabilitation counsellor (ANZSCO code 272114)

Retail pharmacist (ANZSCO code 251513)

Social worker (ANZSCO code 272511)

Sonographer (ANZSCO code 251214)

Specialist physician (general medicine) (ANZSCO code 253311)

Speech pathologist (AUS) / speech language therapist (NZ) (ANZSCO code 252712)

Surgeon (general) (ANZSCO code 253511)

Therapy aide (ANZSCO code 423314)

Data is collected at the time a health care provider identification record is created.

Multiple instances of health care occupation may be collected where the individual provides a significant amount of services in more than one category. For example, a dentist who is also a medical practitioner may practice as both.

Record as many as apply.

Accurate data are best achieved using computer assisted coding. A computer assisted coding system is available from the ABS to assist in coding occupational data to ANZSCO codes.

Data coded at the 4-digit and 6-digit level will provide

Collection methods:

more detailed information than that collected at the higher levels and may be more useful. However, the level at which data are coded and reported will depend on the purpose of

collecting this information.

Comments: ANZSCO defines 'occupation' as 'a set of jobs with similar

> sets of tasks'. Operationally this is defined as 'a collection of jobs which are sufficiently similar in their main tasks to be grouped together for purposes of the classification'. Job is defined as 'a set of tasks designed to be performed by one

individual for a wage or salary'.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia.

Reference documents: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Individual service provider – occupation (self-

> identified), code (ANZSCO 1st edition) N[NNN]{NN} Community Services, Superseded 01/10/2013, Health,

Standard 04/07/2007

Provider occupation end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Individual service provider – occupation end date,

DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Health care provider field of practice end date

METeOR identifier: 289053

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which an individual health care provider

ceased practising in an identified occupation.

Data Element Concept: Individual service provider—occupation end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Enter the date using day, month and year.

In the AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, the Australian Standard Health Care Provider Field of Practice End Date mandates the use of a Date Accuracy Indicator. This is not compulsory with the use of this data element.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

See also <u>Date – accuracy indicator, code AAA</u> Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Provider occupation start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Individual service provider—occupation start date,

DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Health care provider field of practice start date

METeOR identifier: 289059

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which an individual health care provider

commenced practising in an identified occupation.

Data Element Concept: Individual service provider—occupation start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Enter the date using day, month and year.

In the AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, the Australian Standard Health Care Provider Field of Practice Start Date mandates the use of a Date Accuracy Indicator. This is not compulsory with the use of this data element.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2006, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Date – accuracy indicator, code AAA</u> Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard

23/08/2010

Purpose of address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – purpose of address, code AA[A]

Synonymous names: Address usage code; Address purpose code

METeOR identifier: 428932

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The role or use of the address in relation to a person, as

represented by a code

Data Element Concept: Address – purpose of address

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AA[A]

Maximum character length: 3

Permissible values: Value Meaning

PR Primary property address

SEC Secondary property address

RES Residential address

TEM Temporary accommodation

BUS Business address

OVS Address when overseas

DEL Delivery address

POS Postal/correspondence address

OTH Other address

Supplementary values: UNK Not stated/unknown

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: PR Primary property address

> The property address normally used by the client. (These addresses desirably should have been assigned by a

Council)

NOTE: Where this is the principal place of residence of the client the residential code should be used.

SEC Secondary property address

The address of an additional property attached to the client.

RES Residential address

The address of the principal place of residence for the client.

TEM Temporary accommodation

The address where the client is resident for a temporary period.

BUS Business address

The address of the principal place of business for the client.

OVS Address when overseas

The address used by the client when overseas.

DEL Delivery address

The address used for goods delivery purposes.

POS Postal/correspondence address

The address used by the client for receipt of correspondence.

OTH Other address

Any other purpose not listed above.

UNK Not stated/unknown

To be used in instances where the address purpose is not stated or unknown. A null entry should be recorded.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The address purpose code can only exist if an associated

address has been entered. The address entered can be an

Australian address whilst the person is overseas.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person (address) – address type, code N</u>

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 04/05/2005

Supersedes <u>Service provider organisation (address) – address type, code N</u> Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Reason case management plan does not exist

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—reason case management plan does not exist, code

N

METeOR identifier: 398443

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The reason a current case management plan for the client

does not exist, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—reason case management plan does not exist

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Client did not agree to one

2 Service episode too short

3 Part of another person's case management

plan

8 Other

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Client did not agree to one

This option is used if the client was asked about formulating a plan, but they did not agree.

CODE 2 Service episode too short

Case management plans may not be appropriate for all

clients, for example, when a client is supported for a 24 hour period or less. Support may include accommodation or other services.

CODE 3 Part of another person's case management plan

The client is covered by another client's case management plan.

CODE 8 Other

If a case management plan was not formulated for a client for some other reason. This other reason should be collected.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item is answered from the perspective of an

agency worker.

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to

form the response categories to the question:

"Why does a case management plan not exist?"

Responses of "other" should request further information by

use of the words "please specify".

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Client—case management goal status, code N

Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 22/08/2010

23/08/2010

See also <u>Client – case management plan indicator, yes/no code N</u> Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

Supersedes <u>Client – reason case management plan does not</u> exist, SAAP code N Community Services, Superseded

17/11/2010

See also <u>Client – reason case management plan does not</u> exist, text [A(50)] Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013,

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Reason support plan does not exist

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – reason support plan does not exist, code N

METeOR identifier: 509838

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The reason a client does not have a current support plan, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client – reason support plan does not exist

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Number Data type:

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Client did not consent to one

2 Components of plan could not be agreed

3 Policy/procedures exclude requirement

4 Plan is currently being developed

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Use if the client was asked about formulating a plan,

but they did not agree or consent.

CODE 2 Use if the client (and their carers/family) and the service provider could not agree on appropriate content for the

plan.

CODE 3 Use if the policies or procedures exclude the client from requiring a support plan (for example, the support period

is relatively short).

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The reason should be recorded following consultation among

the client, their carers/family members and the service

provider.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set <u>Disability services/supports outcomes cluster</u> Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment

indicator, code N

509168 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an informal carer receives a carer

allowance or **carer payment**, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 7 Not applicable

> 8 Unknown

9 Not stated/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Code 1

Does receive a carer allowance or payment.

Code 2 No

Does not receive a carer allowance or payment.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Informal carer benefits cluster Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 10/04/2013

Recently left facility/institution indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – previously resided in institution/facility indicator,

code N

METeOR identifier: 508417

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person may have previously resided

in an institution or facility, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – previously resided in institution/facility indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Person previously resided in an institution or facility.

CODE 2 Person has not resided in an institution or facility.

Recurrent funding commitments (State/Territory level)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: State or Territory Government – recurrent funding

commitments, total Australian currency N[N(8)]

METeOR identifier: 336821

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The total amount of recurrent funds that are committed at

State/Territory level, as represented in Australian dollars.

Data Element Concept: State or Territory Government – recurrent funding

commitments

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[N(8)]

Maximum character length: 9

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Reference person (household)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – reference person indicator (household), code N

METeOR identifier: 351201

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Definition: Whether a person is a reference person for a household.

Data Element Concept: Person – reference person status (household)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Number *Data type:*

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The household reference person is used as the basis for the

identification of income units and families and the

classification of the household.

Code 1 Yes: Record if a person is a reference person for a

household.

Code 2 No: Record if a person is not a reference person for

a household.

Collection methods: Housing sector specific

Usually referred to as *Person 1, Main tenant* or *Tenant 1* on application or tenancy forms. Can also be referred to as the *Principal tenant, Household head* or where the dwelling is being purchased, referred to as the *Mortgagee*. Also includes single adults and lone parents. Person must be aged 16 or

over.

All other persons should be coded to 2.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. National

Housing Assistance Data Dictionary, Version 3. 2006.

AIHW Cat. no. HOU 147.

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Census Dictionary 2006. Cat

no. 2901.0.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—relationship to household reference

person, code NN Community Services, Standard

27/04/2007

Referral contact method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Referral – contact method, code N

METeOR identifier: 323145

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The means by which a person makes contact with an

agency at the time of referral, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Referral – contact method

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Number Data type:

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Face to face

2 Over the telephone

3 In writing (including electronic)

4 Other method of referral/contact

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item only describes the way in which

> contact regarding referral to an agency was made. It can be applied to anyone, including self referral, or any party making referral. Source of referral to a service provider agency provides the information on who is actually making

the referral.

Collection methods: This information should be collected at the time initial

contact regarding the referral is made.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program (SAAP)

National Data Collection Agency 2001. National Data Collection Data Dictionary. Version 2. Unpublished

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Referral/contact method, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.8 KB)

 $Supersedes \ \underline{Referral-referral\ or\ contact\ method,\ code\ N}$

Community Services, Superseded 02/05/2006

Referral date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Referral – referral receipt date, DDMMYYYY Technical name:

METeOR identifier: 270005

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The date on which an agency receives a client referral from

another party.

Data Element Concept: Referral – referral receipt date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item should always be recorded as an 8 digit

> valid date comprising day, month and year. Year should always be recorded in its full 4 digit format. For days and months with a numeric value of less than 10, zeros should be used to ensure that the date contains the required 8 digits. For example if an agency receives a client referral on

July 1 2000 the Referral – referral receipt date,

DDMMYYYY should be recorded as 01072000 as specified

in the representational layout.

Collection methods: Can be collected at initial referral of a client to an agency or

at each referral, although this should be done consistently within a collection. Individual collections will also need to determine what constitutes a referral for their purposes (e.g. Is it only formal referrals that are considered, or are

self-referral counted as a referral also etc).

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Health Data Dictionary

Relational attributes

Supersedes <u>Referral date, version 2, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf</u> (14.8 KB) Related metadata references:

Referral for accommodation indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Person – referral for accommodation indicator, code N Technical name:

Synonymous names: Accommodation referral arranged

METeOR identifier: 333660

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether an agency made a referral for accommodation for a

person, as represented by a code.

Person – referral for accommodation Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class:

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Referral source

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Referral – referral source, code N[.N]

METeOR identifier: 297469

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 02/06/2005

Definition: The person or agency responsible for the referral of a client

to a service provider agency, as represented by a code.

Context: Source of referral is important in assisting in the analyses of

inter-service client flow and for service planning.

Data Element Concept: Referral – referral source

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[.N]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Agency

1.1 Health agency

1.2 Community services agency

1.3 Educational agency

1.4 Legal agency

1.5 Employment/ job placement agency

1.6 Other agency

2 Non-agency

2.1 Self

2.2 Family

2.3 Friends

2.4 General Medical Practitioner

2.5 Other party

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Individual data collections use specific categories relevant to their particular information needs. These categories should be mappable to the above generic domain at the 1digit or 2-digit level.

The separation of agency from non-agency for source of referral is a significant distinction. For instance, it is important to differentiate between a referral from a private practising general medical practitioner and a referral from a health agency, such as a health clinic in a hospital.

Examples:

- Aged care assessment team would map to category 1.1
- Residential aged care factor to category 1.1
- Community nursing service to category 1.1
- School/other education institution to category 1.3
- General Practitioner to category 2.4
- Police/legal unit to category 1.4 etc.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Individual collections may like to expand categories further for example, by distinguishing between immediate family and non-immediate family.

In addition, this item may be collected at the point of initial contact with an agency, or for other contact points as well, for the agency as a whole, or for different services provided by that agency.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Submitting organisation:

Origin: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program (SAAP)

National Data Collection Agency 2001. National Data Collection Data Dictionary. Version 2. Unpublished

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

Supersedes Referral – referral source (community services), code N[.N] Community Services, Superseded 06/06/2005

Registered/awaiting government payment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—registered/awaiting government payment

indicator, code N

506085 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

> Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: Whether a person has applied for a government benefit,

pension or allowance, but is still awaiting their first

payment, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – registered/awaiting government payment

indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Data type: Number

Format: N

1 *Maximum character length:*

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

> > No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

2

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element may be collected twice:

1. if a person has applied for a government benefit, pension or allowance, and is still awaiting their first payment before

the support period starts; and

2. if a person has applied for a government benefit, pension or allowance, and is still awaiting their first payment after

the support period commences.

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to

form the response categories to the questions:

"Have you applied for a government benefit?"; and

"Are you waiting for the benefit?"

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person-registered/awaiting government</u>

payment indicator, code N Housing assistance, Superseded

01/05/2013, Homelessness, Superseded 01/05/2013

Regular client indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—regular client indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 436639

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person is a regular client of an

organisation or agency, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—regular client indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

A person is a regular client of the organisation or agency.

CODE 2 No

A person is not a regular client of the organisation or agency.

Collection methods: The definition of a regular client can vary depending on the

context and/or collection in which the term is being applied, but generally involves a minimum number of visits to an organisation or agency or uses of a facility, occurring over a specific period of time. For example, in the primary health care context a regular client may be someone who has visited a

particular primary health care provider 3 or more times in the last 2 years.

In some cases, a visit may be further defined as an attendance at the organisation or agency that leads to either the creation of a new client record or the updating of an existing client record in the client management system of the organisation or agency.

The applicable number of visits to the organisation or agency and the period of time over which those visits need to take place in order for a person to be identified as a regular client should be specified in an appropriate data set specific instruction.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

Relationship in household

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – relationship to household reference person, code

NN

METeOR identifier: 351307

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: The familial and non-familial relationship of each person in

a given household to the reference person in that same

household, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—relationship to household reference person

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Family, household and income unit variables (relationship

in household) 2005

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

11 In a registered marriage

12 In a de facto marriage

21 Lone parent

31 Natural or adopted child under 15

32 Step-child under 15

Foster child under 15

34 Grandchild under 15

35 Otherwise related child under 15

36 Unrelated child under 15

41 Natural or adopted dependent student

42	Student step-child
43	Student foster child
51	Non-dependent natural or adopted child
52	Non-dependent step-child
53	Non-dependent foster child
61	Brother/Sister
62	Father/Mother
63	Non-dependent grandchild
64	Grandfather/grandmother
65	Cousin
66	Uncle/Aunt
67	Nephew/Niece
69	Other related individual (not elsewhere classified)
71	Unrelated individual living in a family household
72	Group household member
73	Lone person
99	Visitor

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 21 Lone parent:

Should be used where a person has no spouse or partner present in the household but who forms a parent-child relationship with at least one **dependent** or non-dependent child who is usually resident in the household.

CODE 99 Not stated/inadequately described:

Not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected

A major purpose of this classification is as the basis for identification of **income units** and families, statistical units that are important for further analysis.

Data captured on relationships are allocated to the 'Relationship in household' classification in output processing.

Collection methods:

Relationships to the selected Person 1 are coded, enabling the family units existing in the household to be identified.

The first person named is identified as Person 1.

Q1 below is asked of all usual residents of the household, except for Person 1:

Q1. What is (your/the Person's) relationship to (Person 1)?

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Statistical Concepts Library - Standards for Social, Labour

> and Demographic Variables - Family, Household and Income Unit Variables - Relationship in household -

Classification and coding

Reference online through:

Family, Household and Income Unit Variables,

Relationship in Household

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This metadata item is measured using relationships in

respect of a household reference person. Relationships in

the household are determined by establishing the

relationship between this household reference person and

each other member of the household in turn.

The household reference person may be determined in a variety of ways. For example, it could be the person first listed on a form ('Person 1'), or the oldest person in the

household, or the client. In measuring the types of

relationships that exist between persons in a household, we must recognise that there may not be any familial

relationship.

Collection methods: The second level of the ABS classification has been adopted

> for this metadata item. Individual agencies may wish to classify 'Relationship in household' at the 3-digit level for

their own operational purposes.

Collecting these data is quite complex, due to interrelationships that may exist in a household. Refer to ABS Standards for details of interviewer or self enumerated

collection methods.

Comments: For the purposes of this metadata item the term child refers

to the relationship to the reference person and not a person

under 15 years of age.

The ability to determine familial relationships between persons residing within the same household is essential in a wide range of statistics on household type, family type and income unit. It may also be useful in determining possible levels of need and support available for clients.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references:

See also <u>Person – reference person indicator (household),</u> code N Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Supersedes <u>Person – relationship to household reference</u> <u>person, code NN</u> Community Services, Superseded 27/04/2007

Relationship of carer to care recipient

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Informal carer – relationship to care recipient, code N

METeOR identifier: 270012

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The relationship of the informal carer to the person for

whom they care, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Informal carer—relationship to care recipient

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Spouse/ partner

2 Parent

3 Child

4 Child-in-law

5 Other relative

6 Friend/ neighbour

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should always be used to record the

relationship of the carer to the person for whom they care, regardless of whether the client of the agency is the carer or

the person for whom they care.

For example, if a woman were caring for her frail aged mother-in-law, the agency would record that the carer is the daughter-in-law of the care recipient (i.e. code 4). Similarly, if a man were caring for his disabled son, then the agency would record that the carer is the father of the care recipient (i.e. code 2).

If a person has more than one carer (e.g. a spouse and a son), the coding response to relationship of carer to care recipient should relate to the carer who provides the most significant care and assistance related to the person's capacity to remain living at home. The expressed views of the client and/ or their carer or significant other should be used as the basis for determining which carer should be considered to be the primary or principal carer in this regard.

CODE 1 includes de facto and same sex partnerships.

To obtain greater detailed information about carers data

can be collected using other elements such as Person—age (community services), total years N[NN] and Person—sex,

code N etc.

Comments: There is inconsistency between the definition of informal

carer and the ABS definition of principal carer.

The ABS defines a primary carer as a person of any age who provides the most informal assistance, in terms of help or supervision, to a person with one or more disabilities. The assistance has to be ongoing, or likely to be ongoing, for at least six months and be provided for one or more of the core activities (communication, mobility and self care). This may not be appropriate for community services agencies wishing to obtain information about a person's carer regardless of the amount of time that care is for, or the

types of care provided.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Collection methods:

Related metadata references: Supersedes Relationship of carer to care recipient, version

1, DE, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.3

KB)

Relationship of person who lodged an application

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption—relationship of person who lodged an application,

code N[N]

METeOR identifier: 470490

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The relationship of the person, who lodged an application for

information about an adoption or a veto, to the adoptive child,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – person who lodged an application for information

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Adopted person

2 Adoptive mother

3 Adoptive father

4 Birth mother

5 Birth father

6 Other birth relative(s)

7 Other adoptive relative(s)

8 Child of adopted person

Supplementary values: 99 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Information is collected up to three times:

Once for a person lodging an application for information,
 Once for person lodging a veto within the reporting period and,

Once for vetoes in place at 30th June.

Data are collected on applications for information from adult applicants (aged 18 years and over) who have gone through a screening process and have been identified as having an entitlement to receive information.

Data are collected on the lodgement of vetoes and vetoes in place at 30 June for adults (aged 18 years and over). If legislation or policy allows an individual to lodge more than one contact or more than one identifying information veto (for example to veto the release of information to certain people but not to others), this should only be recorded as one contact veto or one information veto.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Relationship to adoptive parents

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – pre-adoption relationship to adoptive parents, code N

METeOR identifier: 468391

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The pre-adoption relationship a person has to their adoptive

parents, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – pre-adoption relationship to adoptive parents

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Step-parent

2 Other relative(s)

3 Carer(s)

4 Other

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Step-parent

A step-parent is the spouse of the adopted child's natural parent or adoptive parent. Foster parents are not included in

this category.

CODE 2 Relative(s)

This category includes any relative of the child, other than step-

parents. For Indigenous children, 'relative' includes those

related through kinship arrangements.

CODE 3 Carer

This category includes foster parents or other non-relatives who

have been caring for the child and have had the responsibility for making decisions concerning the daily care and control of the child for the relevant period (as specified by the relevant state/territory department) before the adoption.

CODE 4 Other

'Other' includes children adopted by commissioning parent(s) (surrogate parents), whether the commissioning parent is a relative or not.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Adoptions DSS 2011-13</u> Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption type being a 'known' adoption.

Religious affiliation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—religious affiliation, code (ASCRG 2011) N[NNN]

METeOR identifier: 493242

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2012

Definition: The religious group to which a person belongs or adheres,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – religious affiliation

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Classification of Religious Groups

2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]

Maximum character length: 4

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: It is essential that where this question is asked, it be clearly

marked as optional.

The following question is recommended.

Q1. What is your / the person's / (name)'s religion?

(Answering this question is OPTIONAL.)

For example, Salvation Army, Hinduism, Judaism or

Humanism.

If no religion, mark last option.

Catholic (not Eastern Churches)

Anglican (Church of England)

Uniting Church

Presbyterian

Buddhism

Greek Orthodox

Islam

Baptist

Lutheran

Other - please specify: . . .

No religion

While agencies are encouraged to use the recommended question described above, it is acknowledged that this is not always possible in practice. For example, where the data collection is a by-product of the provision of a health or community service, the information may be ascertained using different means. However, the recommended question should be used wherever practically possible.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person-religious affiliation</u>, code (ASCRG

2005) N[NNN] Community Services, Superseded

07/11/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Cultural and language diversity cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Reporting period

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode – reporting period, YYYY-YY

Synonymous names: Reporting year

METeOR identifier: 387420

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: The reporting period to which a record relates.

Context: This data element is only required if supplying data for

multiple reporting periods.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – reporting period (financial year)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: YYYY-YY

Maximum character length:

Unit of measure: Period

Residential setting

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—residential setting, code N

METeOR identifier: 269979

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The setting in which a person resides, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—residential setting

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Private setting

2 Community based setting

3 Institutional setting

4 None/homeless/public place

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: To meet program or service specific needs, the categories

used in individual data collections may be more detailed than those in the settings classification of the NCCS V2, but they should always be mappable to categories in the NCCS V2. Categories used in individual community services data collections such as the Home and Community Care (HACC), Commonwealth State/Territory Disability

Agreement (CSTDA) and the Supported Accommodation Assistance Program (SAAP) have been mapped to the settings classification in the National Classifications of

Community Services.

CODE 1 Private setting

A largely self contained dwelling intended for occupation by one or more usual residents, or movable, makeshift or improvised dwelling occupied by one or more usual residents, regardless of whether the dwelling is owned, being purchased or being rented privately, publicly or through a community organisation. This includes, owner/purchaser/renter occupied dwellings and Unsupported independent living facilities.

For example houses, flats, units, hotels/motels, caravan, craft in a marina, a houseboat, independent living in a retirement village (where no support services are provided as a package with the accommodation) and makeshift and improvised dwellings (such as humpies).

CODE 2 Community based setting

This type of setting includes:

Short-term crisis or emergency accommodation facility, Supported independent residential facility, Transitional accommodation facility, Supported accommodation facility (where support is provided together with the accommodation as a package) and Supported independent living.

The distinguishing features of a community based setting as opposed to private:

- An adult accommodated in a community setting has less control or choice, over when, where and how, they undertake basic personal activities than in a private setting (e.g. shared or scheduled meals, communal laundry, etc.).
- In community based settings some form of service by paid staff is generally provided in association with occupancy of a dwelling.
- The person has more choice or control over such activities in a community based setting than in an institutional setting.
- Persons living in community settings are generally housed in domestic scale sized dwellings.
- Located within the general community, in areas where other people live privately.

CODE 3 Institutional setting

This category includes:

Hospital (including psychiatric), Special purpose residential facility (including those that provide 'out of home' placements for children who cannot live with their families), Community care unit and Custodial settings,

(prisons, remand centres, corrective institutions for children/youth). It also includes larger institutions for people with disability, larger institutional supported accommodation facilities, convents and monasteries, boarding schools and residential colleges.

The distinguishing features of an institutional setting (as opposed to community):

- Existence of a regulatory or licensing body.
- Accommodation units are usually not self contained.
- Adult residents have little or no control over when, where and how they undertake basic personal activities (e.g. shared or scheduled meals, communal laundry, etc.).
- They are generally situated out of the general community (e.g. gaols, hospitals).
- They are often of a larger scale than community settings.

Should difficulties arise concerning the categorisation of a setting, refer to the features listed below for guidance:

- Level of choice/control
- Scale/size
- Location within/outside of general community
- Existence of a regulatory or licensing body
- Paid staff.

CODE 4 None/homeless/public place includes non dwelling living rough and informal housing

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Collection methods:

This metadata item could be used to describe the residential setting of individual persons, groups of people or households.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

Linking human service outcomes with people's housing situations has been identified as an important step in providing better targeted services. Collecting information about residential setting also gives an indication of the type and variety of settings to which agencies deliver their services when providing assistance. This metadata item assists when making comparisons of data from

administrative data collections with data from the five yearly Census of Population and Housing, and to assist in analyses of de-institutionalisation

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Supersedes Residential setting, version 1, DE, NCSDD, Related metadata references:

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (20.3 KB)

Road name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – road name, text X[(45)]

Synonymous names: Street name

METeOR identifier: 429747

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The name of the road or thoroughfare applicable to the

address site or complex, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—road name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(45)]

Maximum character length: 45

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Within a road name it is possible to find what appears to be

a Road type (e.g. The Boulevard). It is also possible to have a null Road type. This data element relates to the road

name only.

Usage Examples:

BROWNS ROAD WEST

In this case the Road name is BROWNS, the Road type is

RD and the Road suffix is W

THE AVENUE WEST

In this case the Road name is THE AVENUE, the Road type

is null and the Road suffix is W

COTSWOLD BRETT

In this case the Road Name is COTSWOLD BRETT and the

Road type is null

HIGH STREET ROAD

In this case the Road Name is HIGH STREET and the Road type is RD.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 Interchange of client information standard. Components of the primary address are:

- Address site (or Primary complex) name
- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – road type, code AA[AA] Community

> Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – street name, text [A(30)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – street

name, text [A(30)] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Road number 1

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – road number 1, road number X[(6)]

Synonymous names: House number 1; Street number 1

METeOR identifier: 429586

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An alphanumeric identifier for an address or start number

in a ranged address in a road or thoroughfare.

Data Element Concept: Address – road number 1

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: X[(6)]

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A road number may include an alphabetic prefix or an

alphabetic suffix.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard.

Components of the primary address are:

• Address site (or Primary complex) name

• Address number or number range

• Road name (name/type/suffix)

Locality

State/Territory

Postcode (optional)

• Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – road number 2, road number X[(6)]

> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Road number 2

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – road number 2, road number X[(6)]

Synonymous names: House number 2; Street number 2

METeOR identifier: 429594

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An alphanumeric identifier for the last number for a ranged

address in the road or thoroughfare.

Data Element Concept: Address - road number 2

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Identifier *Representation class:*

Data type: String

Format: X[(6)]

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A road number may include an alphabetic prefix or an

alphabetic suffix.

This data element is used for ranged street numbers only.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 Interchange of client information standard.

Components of the primary address are:

Address site (or Primary complex) name

Address number or number range

Road name (name/type/suffix)

Locality

State/Territory

- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – road number 1, road number X[(6)]

> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) house/property identifier, text [X(12)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Road suffix

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—road suffix, street suffix code A[A]

Synonymous names: Street suffix code; Road suffix code

METeOR identifier: 429869

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The abbreviation used to represent a road or thoroughfare

applicable to the address site or complex, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Address—road suffix

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: A[A]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

CN Central

E East

EX Extension

LR Lower

N North

NE North East

NW North West

S South

SE South East

SW South West

UP Upper

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The recommended code description is the list of standard

Road suffix abbreviations in AS/NZS 4819.

For postal purposes the abbreviated Road code should be

used.

Usage Example:

BROWNS ROAD WEST

In this case the Road name is BROWNS, the Road type is

RD and the Road suffix is W

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard.

Components of the primary address are:

Address site (or Primary complex) name

- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – street suffix, code A[A]

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 01/03/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – street

suffix, code A[A] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Road type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—road type, code AA[AA]

Synonymous names: Street type code; road type code

METeOR identifier: 429840

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An abbreviation used to distinguish the type of road or

thoroughfare applicable to the address site/complex.

Data Element Concept: Address—road type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: AA[AA]

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

ACCS Access

ALLY Alley

ALWY Alleyway

AMBL Amble

APP Approach

ARC Arcade

ARTL Arterial

ARTY Artery

AV Avenue

BA Banan

BEND Bend

BWLK Boardwalk

BVD Boulevard

BR Brace

BRAE Brae

BRK Break

BROW Brow

BYPA Bypass

BYWY Byway

CSWY Causeway

CTR Centre

CH Chase

CIR Circle

CCT Circuit

CRCS Circus

CL Close

CON Concourse

CPS Copse

CNR Corner

CT Court

CTYD Courtyard

COVE Cove

CR Crescent

CRST Crest

CRSS Cross

CSAC Cul-de-sac

CUTT Cutting

DALE Dale

DIP Dip

DR Drive

DVWY Driveway

EDGE Edge

ELB Elbow

END End

ENT Entrance

ESP Esplanade

EXP Expressway

FAWY Fairway

FOLW Follow

FTWY Footway

FORM Formation

FWY Freeway

FRTG Frontage

GAP Gap

GDNS Gardens

GTE Gate

GLDE Glade

GLEN Glen

GRA Grange

GRN Green

GR Grove

HTS Heights

HIRD Highroad

HWY Highway

HILL Hill

INTG Interchange

JNC Junction

KEY Key

LANE Lane

LNWY Laneway

LINE Line

LINK Link

LKT Lookout

LOOP Loop

MALL Mall

MNDR Meander

MEWS Mews

MTWY Motorway

NOOK Nook

OTLK Outlook

PDE Parade

PWY Parkway

PASS Pass

PSGE Passage

PATH Path

PWAY Pathway

PIAZ Piazza

PLZA Plaza

PKT Pocket

PNT Point

PORT Port

PROM Promenade

QDRT Quadrant

QYS Quays

RMBL Ramble

REST Rest

RTT Retreat

RDGE Ridge

RISE Rise

RD Road

RTY Rotary

RTE Route

ROW Row

RUE Rue

SVWY Serviceway

SHUN Shunt

SPUR Spur

SQ Square

ST Street

SBWY Subway

TARN Tarn

TCE Terrace

THFR Thoroughfare

TLWY Tollway

TOP Top

TOR Tor

TRK Track

TRL Trail

TURN Turn

UPAS Underpass

VALE Vale

VIAD Viaduct

VIEW View

VSTA Vista

WALK Walk

WKWY Walkway

WHRF Wharf

WYND Wynd

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The recommended code description is the list of standard street type abbreviations in AS/NZS 4819.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Within a road name it is possible to find what appears to be

a Road type. It is also possible to have a null Road type.

For postal purposes the Road type should be abbreviated.

Usage Example: MAIN ROAD

In this case the street name is MAIN and the Road type is

RD.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 Interchange of client information standard.

Components of the primary address are:

Address site (or Primary complex) name

- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of Origin:

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – road name, text X[(45)] Community

> Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – street type, code A[AAA] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – street

type, code A[AAA] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Address details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Satisfaction with participation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—level of satisfaction with participation in a life

area, code N

METeOR identifier: 320216

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree to which a person is satisfied with their

involvement in a specified life area, as represented by a

code.

Context: Human functioning and disability

Data Element Concept: Person—level of satisfaction with participation in a life area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

0 High satisfaction with participation

1 Moderate satisfaction with participation

2 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied with

participation

3 Moderate dissatisfaction with participation

4 Extreme dissatisfaction with participation

5 Complete restriction and dissatisfaction

Supplementary values: 8 Not specified

9 Not applicable

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

This metadata item contributes to the definition of the concept 'Disability' and gives an indication of the experience of disability for a person.

In the context of health, participation is involvement in a life situation. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

This metadata item gives a rating of the person's degree of satisfaction with participation in a domain of life, in relation to their current life goals. Satisfaction with participation corresponds to the person's own perspective on their participation, and reflects their attitude to their participation in the various life areas. It is essentially a summary measure in which are embedded the concepts of choice, opportunity and importance.

CODE 0 High satisfaction with participation

Used if a person is involved in the specified life situation as he or she wishes to fulfil his or her current life goals in terms of duration, frequency, manner and outcome.

CODE 1 Moderate satisfaction with participation

Used if the person is reasonably satisfied with their participation in this life situation, in terms of duration, frequency, manner and outcome. This could occur if one of the criteria (duration, frequency, manner or outcome) is not fulfilled and that criterion is not critical to the person's goals. For example, the person does not participate in the specified life situation as frequently as wished, but the other criteria are met and the frequency is not so affected that it is critical to the person's satisfaction.

CODE 2 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied with participation

Used if the person is neither satisfied nor dissatisfied with their participation in this life situation, in terms of duration, frequency, manner and outcome.

CODE 3 Moderate dissatisfaction with participation

Used if two or three criteria (duration, frequency, manner or outcome) are not fulfilled, but are not so badly affected, in relation to the person's goals in that life area, that the person is extremely dissatisfied. For example, a person is able to participate in work, but is placed in supported employment rather than employment in the open labour market. This is not in line with the person's goals, so that the manner and outcome of the participation are not fulfilled.

CODE 4 Extreme dissatisfaction with participation

Used when all criteria (duration, frequency, manner and outcome) are not fulfilled for the specified life situation, or where any of the criteria are so badly affected in relation to the person's goals that they consider themselves to be extremely dissatisfied with this life area. An example of the latter would arise when a person is extremely dissatisfied with participation in interpersonal activities because his/her goal in terms of duration of social visits is never fulfilled, although other criteria (frequency and manner) may be fulfilled.

CODE 5 Complete restriction and dissatisfaction

Used when the person does not participate in this life situation in line with his or her own goals, i.e. in an area where they wish to participate and is completely dissatisfied with not participating in this life situation.

CODE 9 Not applicable

Used when participation in a life situation is not relevant, such as employment of an infant or where there is no participation and the person has no desire to participate in this area. For example, a personal preference not to participate in specific areas of community, social and civic life such as sport or hobbies. The area may not be applicable to the person's current life goals.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed codes, can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian

User Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

WHO ICF website http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Satisfaction with participation should be coded from the

perspective of the person. This data element should be coded in conjunction with the Person—activities and participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] data element. For example, a person's 'moderate satisfaction

with participation in exchange of information'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which

is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health

Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—activity and participation life area, code

(ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Activities and Participation cluster Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

School attendance indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – school attendance indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 314952

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether a person attends either primary or secondary school,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—school attendance indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The first year of primary school is considered to commence in

the various States and Territories as follows:

Kindergarten in New South Wales and Australian Capital

Territory

Preparatory in Victoria and Tasmania

Year 1 in Queensland

Pre-primary in Western Australia

Reception in South Australia

Transition in Northern Territory.

A person should not be counted as attending school if they are attending preschool (even if this preschool operates within a school based environment).

Secondary complex name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – secondary complex name, text X[(50)]

Synonymous names: Utility name

METeOR identifier: 429404

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The name associated with a building or area within a complex

site, which forms part of the address, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address – secondary complex name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(50)]

Maximum character length: 50

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element may represent the name given to an entire

building within an address site that has its own separate

address.

Usage Examples:

Biology Building B (Secondary Complex name)

20-24 Genetics Lane North

Blamey Research Institute (Address site name)

1-131 Sunshine Rd CAIRNS QLD 4870

Rose Cottage (Secondary Complex name)

9 Garden Walk

Happy Valley Retirement Village (Address site name)

75 Davis Street

NORWOOD SA 5067

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client Origin:

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Sector type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – sector, code N

Synonymous names: Agency sector, Government/non-government sector,

public/private sector

METeOR identifier: 350937

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007 Registration status:

Definition: A categorisation of agencies and organisations based on

funding and management arrangements, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – sector

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Number *Data type:*

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Government (public)

2 Non-government (private)

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated, /inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: **CODE 1 Government**

> The government (public) sector comprises all government units and non-market non-profit institutions (NPIs) that are

controlled and mainly financed by government. This includes all public corporations and the general government sector represented by the three levels of

government.

CODE 2 Non-government

The non-government (private) sector comprises all non-profit institutions (NPIs) and corporations not controlled by the general government other than non-market NPIs that are controlled and mainly financed by government.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic

Sector Classifications of Australia (SESCA), Cat No. 1218.0.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2004.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: Data Dictionary

Version 1.1.

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic

Sector Classifications of Australia (SESCA). Cat No. 1218.0.

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2006.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: data guide – data

items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation—income tax exempt

indicator, code N Community Services, Standard

27/04/2007

See also <u>Service provider organisation – level of</u> government, code N Community Services, Standard

27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Agency sector cluster Community Services, Standard

13/03/2013

Self-harm ideation in the last 12 months

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – self-harm ideation in the last 12 months, yes/no/not

stated/inadequately described code N

METeOR identifier: 358880

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has had thoughts, in the last

12 months, of inflicting harm upon themself, as represented by

a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—self-harm ideation in the last 12 months

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: All thoughts of self-harm should be included, regardless of

whether or not they were related to instances of actual self-

harming behaviour.

Source	and	reference	attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Self-harm indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – self-harm indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 358878

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has ever deliberately inflicted

physical harm upon themself, as represented by a code.

Person – self-harm indicator Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

No

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Berry J & Harrison J 2007. Hospital separations due to injury

> and poisoning. Australia 2003-04. Injury research and statistics series no. 30. AIHW. cat. no. INJCAT 88. Adelaide: AIHW

Kraemer S, Gately N & Kessell J 2009. HoPE (Health of prisoner

evaluation) pilot study of prisoner physical health and

psychological wellbeing. Perth: Edith Cowan University, School

of Law and Justice.

Service activity type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – service activity type, code

(NCCS v2.0) ANN{.N{.NN}}

METeOR identifier: 270478

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type(s) of services that are usually available to or

provided to persons, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – service activity type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: National Classifications of Community Services version 2.0

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: ANN{.N{.NN}}

Maximum character length: 8

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003.

National classifications of community services, Version 2.0.

AIHW Cat. no. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Service activities should be collected according to the lower

level of coding in the National Classifications of Community Services, Version 2.0 (NCCS v2.0)

To meet program or service specific needs, the categories used in individual data collections may be more detailed than those in the service activities classification of the NCCS v2.0, but they should always be mappable to

categories in the NCCS v2.0.

Can be collected for the main type of service provided or all

types on either an individual client event or episode of care

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or reflect general availability. In some collections this metadata item may be more narrowly defined to include only the services that are relevant to that collection. For example in the Commonwealth/State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS), only the support activity which the service outlet has been funded to provide under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) is collected.

There could be instances though where an agency provides

other services that are not funded by the CSTDA.

Categories used in individual community services data

collections such as the Home and Community Care (HACC), CSTDA and the Supported Accommodation Assistance Program (SAAP) have been mapped to the

service activities classification in the National

Classifications of Community Services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Comments:

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service activity type, version 2, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.7 KB)

Service activity type requested

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – service activity type, (requested) code (NCCS v2.0)

 $ANN\{.N\{.NN\}\}$

METeOR identifier: 270406

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type(s) of assistance that a person or persons requests

from a community service agency, as represented by a

code.

Context: Service planning:

Useful in the analysis of unmet demand where a person asks for assistance but it is not provided. This information can be used by agencies to plan appropriate services for their **target group**, and by funding departments to help

them make better decisions about services.

Data Element Concept: Person – service activity type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: National Classifications of Community Services version 2.0

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: ANN{.N{.NN}}

Maximum character length: 8

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003.

National classifications of community services, Version 2.0.

AIHW Cat. no. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A person or persons may request more than one type of

assistance on a single occasion.

Categories used in individual community services data collections should be mappable to the service activities classification in the National Classifications of Community Services, version 2.0 (NCCS v2.0). Service activities should be collected according to the lower level of coding in the NCCS v2.0.

To meet program or service specific needs, the categories used in individual data collections may be more detailed than those in the service activities classification but they should always be mappable to categories in this classification.

Collection methods:

This metadata item can be collected for the main service activity type requested or all types.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service activity type requested, version 2, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.3 KB)

Service cessation reason

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode – service cessation reason, code N

METeOR identifier: 270099

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The reason that the person ceased to receive services from

the agency, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – service cessation reason

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Client no longer needs assistance from

agency

2 Client referred or moved to other agency

3 Client's needs have not changed but agency

can or will no longer provide assistance

4 Client moved out of area

5 Client terminated service

6 Client died

8 Other reason

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Client no longer needs assistance from agency

Where the problem is resolved or no longer exists or client is able to manage without the agency's assistance. Where the client has moved to another agency or form of assistance (either of their own choice or the agency 's) code 2 Client referred or moved to other agency, should be used.

Code 2 Client referred or moved to other agency

This code includes situations where the client's changing dependency or need for assistance has reached the point where the agency can no longer provide the necessary assistance and the client is referred to a more appropriate agency. Includes situations where the agency's assistance is no longer provided because the client has moved onto another form of assistance (e.g. from home with a carer to an institutional or residential care setting or a supported accommodation care setting).

CODE 3 Client's needs have not changed but agency can or will no longer provide assistance

This code includes situations where the client's need for assistance has not changed but the agency has ceased to provide assistance to the client because of the agency's resource limitations. This would usually be associated with a review of the relative need of all agency clients in order to decide on which clients have priority. Where the main reason the client ceased to receive services from the agency was because the client's increased level of need /dependency led to a referral to another agency or program that provides a higher level of community care, code 2 should be used. Also includes when an agency terminates service to a client for worker (or **volunteer**) occupational health and safety reasons. Safety issues may relate to the physical setting of service delivery (e.g. unsafe or unsanitary dwelling) or to concerns with the physical or emotional wellbeing of the worker (or volunteer) due to the client's behaviour.

CODE 4 Client moved out of area

The client ceased to receive assistance from the agency because the client moved out of the geographic area of coverage of the agency. That is, the reason the agency ceases to assist the client is primarily because of a change in client's residential location and not because of any change in their need for assistance.

CODE 5 Client terminated service

The decision to cease receiving assistance from the agency is made by the client. That is, it was the client's choice and not the result of any agency assessment of need or change in the client's external circumstances. If the client had not made this choice they would have continued to receive assistance from the agency.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Where the client has ceased to receive services for more

than one reason, the agency should clearly record the main

or primary reason for the cessation of service. Other

reasons can also be collected if necessary.

Collection methods: This metadata item should be recorded for clients who

cease to receive funded assistance from an agency.

Comments: Service provision and planning:

This metadata item provides information about the circumstances surrounding the ending of a client's receipt of services from an agency. This metadata item contributes

to a general understanding of the patterns of client

movement into and out of the care and support of agencies. Reason for cessation of services also gives some indication of the impact on client turnover of factors relating to the agency's operations and to changes in client needs and

circumstances.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service cessation reason, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (19.3 KB)

Service cost

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—purchase of goods and services, total Australian

currency N[NNNNN].NN

METeOR identifier: 498582

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Expenditure incurred for the purchase of goods and services

during a service event, expressed in Australian dollars and

cents.

Data Element Concept: Service event – purchase of goods and services

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Currency

Format: N[NNNN].NN

Maximum character length: 8

Unit of measure: Australian currency (AU\$)

Unit of measure precision: 2

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This value domain must be expressed to two decimal places.

Where there is a dollar value and no cent value, the cents must

be expressed as .00 (e.g. 100.00).

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Specifications:

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service delivery setting

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – service delivery setting code (NCCS v2.0),

 $AN\{.N\{.NN\}\}$

METeOR identifier: 319817

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The type of setting in which a service or instance of assistance is

received by a client as represented by a code.

Context: At the broadest level, this data element should provide a

measure of the extent to which services are provided to clients in

their own homes, in community settings or centre-based facilities, residential care facilities or other settings.

Data Element Concept: Service event—service delivery setting

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: National Classifications of Community Services version 2.0

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AN{.N{.NN}}

Maximum character length: 7

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Service delivery settings should be collected according to the

lower level of coding in the National Classifications of

Community Services version 2.0 (NCCS v2.0).

To meet program or service specific needs, the categories used in individual data collections may be more detailed than those in the settings classification of the NCCS, but they should always

be mappable to categories in the NCCS v2.0.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

Origin: AIHW 2003. National Classifications of Community Services,

version 2.0. AIHW Cat. no. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW. Reference

through:

http://www.aihw.gov.au/publications/hwi/nccsv2/index.html

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW).

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003.

> National classifications of community services, Version 2.0. AIHW Cat. no. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW. Reference through:

http://www.aihw.gov.au/publications/hwi/

nccsv2/index.html

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service delivery setting, version 3, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.6 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service delivery setting (agency)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – service delivery setting, code

(NCCS v2.0) AN{.N{.NN}}

METeOR identifier: 319826

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The type of setting in which service activities are provided or

could be provided by a service provider as represented by a

code.

Context: This data element is used, in conjunction with other data

elements about service provision, to obtain a more detailed appraisal of service availability and how service are provided.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—service delivery setting

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: National Classifications of Community Services version 2.0

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: AN{.N{.NN}}

Maximum character length: 7

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Service delivery settings should be collected according to the

lower level of coding in the National Classifications of

Community Services version 2.0 (NCCS v2.0).

To meet program or service specific needs, the categories used in individual data collections may be more detailed than those in the settings classification of the NCCS, but they should always

be mappable to categories in the NCCS v2.0.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

Origin: AIHW 2003. National Classifications of Community Services,

version 2.0. AIHW Cat. no. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW. Reference

through:

http://www.aihw.gov.au/publications/hwi/nccsv2/index.html

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Service delivery setting can refer to settings in which services are

actually provided to clients or could be provided to clients.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW).

Origin: AIHW 2003. National Classifications of Community Services,

version 2.0. AIHW Cat. no. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW. Reference

through:

http://www.aihw.gov.au/publications/hwi/nccsv2/index.htm

Service event duration

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—duration of service, total days N[NN]

METeOR identifier: 503272

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The period of time lapsed between the commencement of a

service and the date on which it ends, represented as total

days.

Data Element Concept: Service event—duration of service

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NN]

Maximum character length: 3

Unit of measure: Day

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: If event commencement date and event end date are the

same, record 1 day.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service event – service event length, total minutes

NNNNN Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Service event - service end date, DDMMYYYY Technical name:

METeOR identifier: 498709

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date on which a service event ended.

Data Element Concept: Service event – service end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length:

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event end time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – service end time, hhmm

METeOR identifier: 498696

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The time a service event ended, using a 24 hour clock.

Data Element Concept: Service event – service end time

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Time

Data type: Date/Time

Format: hhmm

Maximum character length: 4

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ISO 8601:2000: Data elements and interchange formats -

Information interchange - Representation of dates and times

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event frequency

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – service event frequency, code N

Synonymous names: Support event frequency

METeOR identifier: 498858

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The frequency with which a service event recurs within a

service episode, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service event – service event frequency

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 7 days each week, and more than once each

day

2 7 days each week, and only once each day

3 4–6 days each week, and only once each day

4 1–3 days each week, and only once each day

5 2–3 days each month, and only once each

day

6 Once each month, and only once each day

7 Less often than once each month

8 Not applicable – one-off event

Supplementary values: 9 Not known/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Use of this data element with <u>Service event – recurrence</u>

type, code N enables a description of the pattern of service

events within a service episode.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service event – planned service event indicator,

yes/no code N Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event number of clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—number of clients receiving services, total

number N[NNN]

METeOR identifier: 503385

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The total number of people or clients receiving services in a

service event.

Context: A service event may involve one or more workers

providing services to one or more clients. This data

element, used in conjunction with <u>Service event number of</u> workers, enables derivation of the ratio of workers to

clients.

Data Element Concept: Service event—number of clients receiving services

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[NNN]

Maximum character length: 4

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

9999 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service event—number of workers providing

services, total number N[N] Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event number of workers

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—number of workers providing services, total

number N[N]

METeOR identifier: 503381

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The total number of workers providing services in a service

event.

Context: A service event may involve one or more workers

providing services to one or more clients. This data

element, used in conjunction with <u>Service event number of clients</u>, enables derivation of the ratio of workers to clients.

Data Element Concept: Service event—number of workers providing services

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

99 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Record the number of workers, not the number of full time

equivalent staff.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service event—number of clients receiving

services, total number N[NNN] Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – service commencement date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 498706

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date on which a service event commenced.

Data Element Concept: Service event – service commencement date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event start time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event—service commencement time, hhmm

METeOR identifier: 498692

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The time a service event started, using a 24 hour clock.

Data Element Concept: Service event – service commencement time

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Time

Data type: Date/Time

Format: hhmm

Maximum character length: 4

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ISO 8601:2000: Data elements and interchange formats -

Information interchange - Representation of dates and times

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service ongoing indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service episode – service ongoing indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Support period ongoing

METeOR identifier: 401349

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether a client was receiving ongoing assistance or

support by the agency, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service episode – service ongoing indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This information enables an accurate count of clients

assisted at the agency to be made at the end of the

reporting period.

Collection methods: Was the client receiving support at the end of the reporting

period?

Source and reference attributes

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual

July 2005.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service episode – service ongoing indicator,

code N Community Services, Superseded 17/11/2010

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports received cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service operation days

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—number of service

operation days (7 day period), total N[N]

Synonymous names: Days per week of operation

METeOR identifier: 323188

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The actual number of days per week that the agency is

usually open for the provision of service.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of service

operation days

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

90 No regular pattern of operation through a

week

99 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Day

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Record whole numbers only rounded up to the nearest

whole day, for the total number of days per week on which

the agency provides any service to service users.

An agency is considered to be operating whenever service is provided to service users (e.g. if an agency is open for 4

days per week for service provision to service users, and 1 day per week for management/administration then the agency should indicate that it operates 4 days per week).

The service must be provided by the agency but not necessarily from its physical setting. For example 'own home respite' that is arranged by an agency to occur on a particular day on which the office of that agency is not open still counts as a day of operation for that agency.

When an agency is available for service users on a day but does not provide services to service users on that day it should still be counted as a day of operation. For example, an agency may be open for service, such as an advocacy service, but no service users are seen.

Services which have no regular weekly pattern of operation should record code 90 'no regular pattern of operation through a week'. This includes, for example, cases where a service will be made available to a service user after hours only upon request (e.g. staff on call).

Collection methods: This data element should be reported by all agencies.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

National Community Services Data Committee

Origin: National Community Services Data Dictionary Version 2,

2000.

Reference documents: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2005.

Commonwealth State / Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: Data guide-data

items and definitions 2005-06.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service provider organisation—number of

service operation days (7 day period), total N Community

Services, Superseded 02/05/2006

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

<u>Disability Services NMDS 2012-14</u> Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Service operation hours

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – number of service

operation hours (24 hour period), total NN

270376 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The actual number of hours per day that the agency is open

for the provision of service.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of service

operation hours

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: String

Format: NN

2 *Maximum character length:*

Value Supplementary values: Meaning

> 90 No regular pattern of operation through a

> > day

99 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Hour (h)

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The actual number of hours is not the number of hours

> staffed, e.g. a 'group home' would operate 24 hours a day, but might only be staffed a few hours if at all on some days.

> Round to the nearest whole hour. Valid numbers are 01 to 24. Services that have no regular daily pattern of operation, or which have different weekday and weekend patterns, should tick the 'no regular pattern of operation through a

day' box (e.g. Flexible hours, on call, 24 hour sleepover).

Collection methods: It may be necessary to collect the information separately for

week-days versus weekend days or, for individual days of

the week if there is no consistent pattern.

Comments: When collected in conjunction with service operation days,

and service operation weeks this metadata items can provide useful information on patterns of service delivery.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2002.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: Data guide-data

items and definitions 2002-03

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service operation hours, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.6 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Service operation weeks

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – number of service

operation weeks (calendar year), total NN

METeOR identifier: 270377

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Definition: The actual number of weeks per year that the agency is

open for the provision of service.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – number of service

operation weeks

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Total

Data type: Number

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

No regular pattern of operation through a

year

99 Not stated/inadequately described

Unit of measure: Week

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A week is measured from 12:00AM (midnight) Monday

morning to 11:59PM the following Sunday. If a service operates within this period then it is counted as having operated during that week. Therefore if an agency operates for only a short time for one of the days within a week, it is

counted as operating during that week.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Valid numbers are 01 to 52.

Comments: When collected in conjunction with the number of service

operation hours in a day and the service operation days in a week this metadata item can provide useful information on

patterns of service delivery.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2002.

Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set collection: Data guide-data

items and definitions 2002-03

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service operation weeks, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.0 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Service provider remuneration status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service/care provider – remuneration indicator, code N

500412 *METeOR identifier:*

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a service/care provider receives

payment for their services, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service/care provider – remuneration indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: Ν

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Yes

Use this code if the service/care provider receives any form of

remuneration, salary or wages.

CODE 2 No

Use this code if the service/care provider is unpaid or

volunteer.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications: Star

<u>Disability services provider details cluster</u> Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Service received indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Person – service received indicator, code N Technical name:

Synonymous names: Snapshot date flag

323510 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether the person received a service as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – service received indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Reference documents: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National

Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection. Data Guide:

data items and definitions 2006-07.

Sex

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – sex, code N

METeOR identifier: 287316

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: The biological distinction between male and female, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—sex

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Male

2 Female

3 Intersex or indeterminate

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Diagnosis and procedure codes should be checked against

the national ICD-10-AM sex edits, unless the person is undergoing, or has undergone a sex change or has a genetic condition resulting in a conflict between sex and ICD-10-

AM code.

CODE 3 Intersex or indeterminate

Intersex or indeterminate, refers to a person, who because of a genetic condition, was born with reproductive organs or sex chromosomes that are not exclusively male or female or whose sex has not yet been determined for whatever reason.

Intersex or indeterminate, should be confirmed if reported for people aged 90 days or greater.

Comments: The definition for Intersex in Guide for use is sourced from

the ACT Legislation (Gay, Lesbian and Transgender)

Amendment Act 2003.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Capital Territory 2003. Legislation (Gay, Lesbian

and Transgender) Amendment Act 2003

Reference documents: Legislation (Gay, Lesbian and Transgender) Amendment

Act 2003. See http://www.legislation.act.gov.au/a/2003-

14/20030328-4969/pdf/2003-14.pdf.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Operationally, sex is the distinction between male and female, as reported by a person or as determined by an interviewer.

When collecting data on sex by personal interview, asking the sex of the respondent is usually unnecessary and may be inappropriate, or even offensive. It is usually a simple matter to infer the sex of the respondent through observation, or from other cues such as the relationship of the person(s) accompanying the respondent, or first name. The interviewer may ask whether persons not present at the interview are male or female.

A person's sex may change during their lifetime as a result of procedures known alternatively as sex change, gender reassignment, transsexual surgery, transgender reassignment or sexual reassignment. Throughout this process, which may be over a considerable period of time, the person's sex could be recorded as either Male or Female.

In data collections that use the ICD-10-AM classification, where sex change is the reason for admission, diagnoses should include the appropriate ICD-10-AM code(s) that clearly identify that the person is undergoing such a process. This code(s) would also be applicable after the

person has completed such a process, if they have a procedure involving an organ(s) specific to their previous sex (e.g. where the patient has prostate or ovarian cancer).

CODE 3 Intersex or indeterminate

Is normally used for babies for whom sex has not been determined for whatever reason.

Should not generally be used on data collection forms completed by the respondent.

Should only be used if the person or respondent volunteers that the person is intersex or where it otherwise becomes clear during the collection process that the individual is neither male nor female.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Is not to be used on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

National Mortality Database 1997/98 AIHW 2001 National

Diabetes Register, Statistical Profile, December 2000

(Diabetes Series No. 2.)

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

In AS4846 and AS5017 alternative codes are presented.

Refer to the current standard for more details.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Is used in the formation of I

Is used in the formation of Episode of admitted patient care – diagnosis related group, code (AR-DRG v 6) ANNA

Health, Standard 30/06/2013

Is used in the formation of Episode of admitted patient care—major diagnostic category, code (AR-DRG v 6) NN

Health, Standard 30/06/2013

Supersedes <u>Person – sex (housing assistance), code N</u> Housing assistance, Superseded 10/02/2006

Supersedes <u>Person – sex, code N</u> Community Services,

Superseded 31/08/2005, Health, Superseded 04/05/2005

Is used in the formation of Record – linkage key, code 581

XXXXXDDMMYYYYN Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Person details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Statistical linkage key 581 cluster Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Health, Standard 07/12/2011 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Source of income

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – source of cash income (all) code NN

METeOR identifier: 321156

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The source from which a person derives any part of his/her

income, as represented by a code.

Context: The metadata item is an indicator of the needs and

circumstances of individuals and sometimes, used in

assessment of income equity.

Data Element Concept: Person—source of cash income (all)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

11 Employee cash income

21 Unincorporated business cash income

31 Allowances for students and the

unemployed

32 Centrelink pensions for the aged and

persons with a disability

39 Other Government cash pensions and

allowances

41 Property cash income

42 Superannuation/annuities

43 Transfers from private organisations

44 Transfers from other households

45 Scholarships

49 Other cash income

Supplementary values: 88 Nil income

> 99 Not stated/not known/inadequately

> > described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The value domain categories shown above are directly mappable to the narrow sources of cash income specified in the Statistical Concepts Library of the Australian Bureau of Statistics. This is a three level hierarchical classification and is described at the broad (one-digit), narrow (two-digit) and detailed (four-digit) levels.

This value domain uses the two-digit level. Each of the levels may be associated with one or more sub-categories that may be coded at the 4-digit level if desired.

CODE 11 Employee cash income:

Payments from an employer or own limited liability company, including wages or salary, tips, piece rates, penalty rates, loadings, regular bonuses, payment for time not worked (sick leave, recreation leave, public holidays etc.) and director's fees. An employee is classed as receiving cash from an employer or his/her own incorporated enterprise.

CODE 21 **Unincorporated business** cash income:

Unincorporated business cash income is net of operating expenses including: labour costs in the form of wages, salaries and supplements; the value of raw materials and services purchased; the repair and maintenance of equipment (including vehicles); the purchase of fuel; indirect taxes; interest paid in connection with the business; and rent paid for buildings and land used in the business. Unincorporated business cash income is also net of depreciation of capital, such as machinery, vehicles and tools used in the business.

CODE 41 Property cash income:

Includes cash income deriving from the ownership of assets; it comprises returns from financial assets (interest, dividend) from physical assets (rent) and from intellectual assets (royalties).

CODE 43 Transfers from private organisations:

Includes payments from workers compensation, insurance

companies etc.

CODE 44 Transfers from other households:

Includes payments from such sources as child support

payments, gifts from relatives etc.

Collection methods: Please note the differences between this Value domain and

the ABS classification (that is, Codes 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 49 are mappable to the classification codes 91, 92, 93, 94, 95

and 99. In this value domain code 88 and 99 are

supplementary values.).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare for the National

Community Services Data Committee.

Reference documents: Statistical concepts library, Standards for Social, Labour

and Demographic Variables, Cash Income Variables, Framework for Standard Cash Income Variables,

Classification and Coding, Canberra: Australian Bureau of

Statistics.

Reference online through:

Ausstats Standards for Social, Labour and Demographic

Variables, Cash Income Variables

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: All sources of cash income are included in this concept.

Cash income may be received from employment (Employee cash income), as a profit or loss from an unincorporated enterprise (Unincorporated business cash income), from the ownership of assets (Property cash income). Income may also be derived from current transfers from government (pensions and benefits) or from private sources, such as superannuation funds. An individual may

receive cash income from more than one source.

Excluded from this concept is income in kind e.g. barter for

goods or services.

Collection methods: If the person has multiple sources of income, all sources

should be counted.

This question is not asked of person's aged less than 15

years because they are generally dependants.

While this standard requires collection of data at the 2-digit level, some agencies may wish to collect at the 4-digit level for their own purposes. The 4-digit level is detailed below:

Detailed (four-digit) level of sources of cash income

- 1101 Employee cash income
- 2101 Unincorporated business cash income
- 3101 Newstart allowance
- 3102 Youth allowance
- 3103 Mature age allowance
- 3104 Sickness allowance
- 3105 Austudy payment
- 3106 ABSTUDY payment
- 3201 Age pension
- 3202 Disability support pension
- 3901 Family Tax Benefit (Parts A and B)
- 3902 Parenting Payment
- 3903 Double Orphan Pension
- 3904 Carer Allowance
- 3905 Wife Pension
- 3906 Bereavement Allowance
- 3907 Widow Allowance (Widow B Pension)
- 3908 Carer Payment
- 3911 Service pension (DVA)
- 3912 Disability pension (DVA)
- 3913 Partner Allowance
- 3914 War Widow's Pension (DVA)
- 3915 Special Benefit
- 3916 Mobility Allowance
- 3917 CDEP Participant Supplement
- 3918 Pensions and allowances from overseas governments
- 3999 Other Government cash pensions and allowances,
- n.e.c
- 4101 Interest
- 4102 Dividends
- 4103 Rent
- 4104 Royalties
- 4199 Other property cash income, n.e.c
- 4201 Superannuation/annuities
- 4301 Workers compensation/sickness/accident insurance
- 4399 Other transfers from private organisations, n.e.c
- 4401 Child support
- 4402 Gifts from relatives
- 4499 Other cash transfers from other households, n.e.c
- 4501 Scholarships
- 4999 Other cash income, n.e.c
- 8888 Nil income
- 9999 Not stated/not known/inadequately described

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person—income source (cash), code N{.N}

Community Services, Superseded 29/04/2006

See also <u>Person – source of cash income (principal)</u> Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006, Housing

assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

See also Person – source of cash income (principal), code N

Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Supersedes Sources of cash income, version 1, DE,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (18.7 KB)

Source of information indicating mental illness indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – source of information on a mental health condition

indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 508415

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

> Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: Whether a source of information is available that indicates

a person may have a mental illness or mental health

condition, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – source of information on a mental health condition

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Number Data type:

Format: N

1 *Maximum character length:*

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to

form the response categories to the question:

"Is there additional information about the client, either formal or informal, that indicates a mental health

condition?"

Comments: This data element is based on the PHaMs (Personal Helpers

and Mentors Program) screening tool; it is a useful flag for mental health issues where more accurate evidence is not

available.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—formally diagnosed mental health

 $\underline{condition\ indicator, code\ N}\ Housing\ assistance, Standard$

23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

See also Person – source of information on a mental health

condition, code N Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Source of principal income

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – source of cash income (principal), code N

Synonymous names: Main income source

METeOR identifier: 321063

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The source from which a person derives the greatest

proportion of his/her income, as represented by a code.

Context: An indicator of the needs and circumstances of individuals

and sometimes used in assessment of income equity.

Data Element Concept: Person—source of cash income (principal)

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 4

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Employee cash income

2 Unincorporated business cash income

3 Government cash pensions and allowances

4 Other income

Supplementary values: 8 Nil income

9 Not stated/not known/inadequately

described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A person with more than one source of income should be

categorised only to the value domain category, which best

describes their primary source of income.

The value domain categories shown above can be linked to broad sources of cash income specified in the Statistical Concepts Library of the Australian Bureau of Statistics. 'Sources of cash income' and 'Principal source of cash income' are classified to the Standard classification of sources of cash income. This is a three level hierarchical classification and is described in detail at the broad (one-digit), narrow (two-digit) and detailed (four-digit) levels.

CODE 1 Primary cash income:

Payments from an employer or own limited liability company, including wages or salary, tips, piece rates, penalty rates, loadings, regular bonuses, payment for time not worked (sick leave, recreation leave, public holidays etc.) and director's fees. An employee is classed as receiving cash from an employer or his/her own incorporated enterprise.

CODE 2 **Unincorporated business** cash income:

Unincorporated business cash income is net of operating expenses including: labour costs in the form of wages, salaries and supplements; the value of raw materials and services purchased; the repair and maintenance of equipment (including vehicles); the purchase of fuel; indirect taxes; interest paid in connection with the business; and rent paid for buildings and land used in the business. Unincorporated business cash income is also net of depreciation of capital, such as machinery, vehicles and tools used in the business.

CODE 3 Government cash pensions and allowances All government cash pensions, benefits and allowances.

CODE 4 Other income:

Includes cash income deriving from the ownership of assets (comprising returns from financial assets, physical assets and from intellectual assets), superannuation/annuities, transfers from private organisations (e.g. workers compensation), transfers from other households (e.g. child support payments) and scholarships.

Please note the difference between the permissible values of this Value domain and the ABS classification (that is, Code 4 of this Value domain maps to code 9 of the classification and Code 9 of this value domain is a supplementary value.).

Collection methods:

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Statistical concepts library, Standards for Social, Labour

and Demographic Variables, Cash Income Variables, Framework for Standard Cash Income Variables,

Classification and Coding, Canberra: Australian Bureau of

Statistics.

Reference online through:

Ausstats Standards for Social, Labour and Demographic

Variables, Cash Income Variables

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

If the person has multiple sources of income and none equal to or greater than 50%, the one, which contributes the largest percentage, should be counted.

If there is more than one source and they are exactly equal, list the source of income which the person most identifies as receiving from the primary occupation.

Included is cash income that may be received from employment (Employee cash income), as a profit or loss from an unincorporated enterprise (Unincorporated business cash income), from the ownership of assets (Property cash income). Income may also be derived from current transfers from government (pensions and benefits) or from private sources, such as superannuation funds. An individual may receive cash income from more than one source.

Excluded from this concept is income in kind e.g. barter for goods or services.

Collection methods:

This question is not asked of person's aged less than 15 years because they are generally dependants.

While this standard specifies the collection of data at the 1digit level, individual community services data collections may use more detailed categories for one or more of the above for program or service-specific purposes. For example, the Commonwealth State Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set separately identifies disability support pension recipients and other pension/benefit recipients.

It is permissible for agencies to collect at 2- or 4-digit as well, if this suits their purposes.

'Principal source of cash income' may classify the same person (or household, family, or income unit) to different categories, depending upon the level of the classification at which it is collected and output. For example, if a person receives 40% of their income from wages, 35% from Rent, and 25% from Interest, then when collected at the base level of the classification, the Principal source will be 'Employee cash income' (Wages). When collected at the two digit level, it will be 'Property cash income' (rent 35% and Interest 24% combined), and at the top level, it will be Other cash income.

Please note the difference between the permissible values of this Value domain and the ABS classification (that is, Code 4 of this Value domain maps to code 9 of the classification and Code 9 of this value domain is a supplementary value.).

The 2- and 4-digit levels are described below:

Narrow 2 digit representation

- 11 Employee cash income
- 21 Unincorporated business cash income
- 31 Allowances for students and the unemployed
- 32 Centrelink pensions for the aged and persons with a disability
- 39 Other Government cash pensions and allowances
- 41 Property cash income
- 42 Superannuation/annuities
- 43Transfers from private organisations
- 44 Transfers from other households
- 43 Scholarships
- 49 Other cash income
- 88 Nil income
- 99 Not stated/not known/inadequately described

Detailed (four-digit) representation

- 1101 Employee cash income
- 2101 Unincorporated business cash income
- 3101 Newstart allowance
- 3102 Youth allowance
- 3103 Mature age allowance
- 3104 Sickness allowance
- 3105 Austudy payment
- 3106 ABSTUDY payment
- 3201 Age pension
- 3202 Disability support pension
- 3901 Family Tax Benefit (Parts A and B)
- 3902 Parenting Payment
- 3903 Double Orphan Pension
- 3904 Carer Allowance
- 3905 Wife Pension
- 3906 Bereavement Allowance
- 3907 Widow Allowance (Widow B Pension)

3908 Carer Payment

3911 Service pension (DVA)

3912 Disability pension (DVA)

3913 Partner Allowance

3914 War Widow's Pension (DVA)

3915 Special Benefit

3916 Mobility Allowance

3917 CDEP Participant Supplement

3918 Pensions and allowances from overseas governments 3999 Other Government cash pensions and allowances,

n.e.c

4101 Interest

4102 Dividends

4103 Rent

4104 Royalties

4199 Other property cash income, n.e.c

4201 Superannuation/annuities

4301 Workers compensation/sickness/accident insurance

4399 Other transfers from private organisations, n.e.c

4401 Child support

4402 Gifts from relatives

4499 Other cash transfers from other households, n.e.c

4501 Scholarships

4999 Other cash income, n.e.c

8888 Nil income

9999 Not stated/not known/inadequately described

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare for the National

Community Services Data Committee.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person—income source (principal), code N[N]

Community Services, Superseded 29/04/2006

See also Person – source of cash income (all) code NN

Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

See also Person – source of cash income (all), code NNNN

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

See also Person – source of cash income (all), housing

assistance code N[.N.N.N] Housing assistance, Standard

01/05/2013

Standards assessment date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – standards assessment date,

DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 496732

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date an assessment of the service provider organisation

against relevant industry standards was undertaken.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – standards assessment date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Where the assessment takes place over a period of time, record

the date that the assessment was completed.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability services standards cluster Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 10/04/2013

Standards assessment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – standards assessment indicator,

yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 356457

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: Whether a service provider organisation routinely undertakes

or undergoes formal assessment against defined industry standards, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – standards assessment indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Boolean

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Formal assessment against the relevant standards may occur

via self-assessment or external assessment methods. A 'formal' self-assessment should involve a number of aspects, including the planning and development of a clear structure for the assessment process; the use of an accepted evaluation method such as a peer review; and the use of validated tools where these are available. A 'formal' assessment also includes a formal

in-depth review against the relevant standards by an independent external reviewer. This may take place in the context of an accreditation process for the service provider

organisation or the organisation of which the service provider organisation is a sub-unit.

CODE 1 Yes

The service provider organisation routinely undertakes or undergoes formal assessment against the specified healthcare standards.

CODE 2 No

The service provider organisation does not routinely undertake or undergo formal assessment against the specified

healthcare standards.

Collection methods: Record only one code.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Palliative Care Intergovernmental Forum

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

<u>Disability services standards cluster</u> Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 10/04/2013

Standards assessment level

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – standards assessment level,

code N

359019 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: The level of assessment undertaken or undergone by a service

provider organisation against relevant industry standards as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – standards assessment level

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Formally assessed

Accredited

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Formally assessed

> Formal assessment may entail self-assessment and/or assessment by an independent external reviewer. This assessment may take place in the context of an accreditation

process for the organisation.

A formal assessment, whether self-assessed or externally reviewed, should involve a number of aspects, including the

planning and development of a clear structure for the

assessment process, the use of an accepted evaluation method such as a peer review, and the use of validated tools where

these are available.

CODE 2 Accredited

This code should only be recorded where accreditation has been granted to the organisation and is current.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Palliative Care Intergovernmental Forum

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Disability services standards cluster Community Services,

Specifications: Standard 10/04/2013

Standards assessment method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – standards assessment method,

code N

METeOR identifier: 287762

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: The method used by a service provider organisation to

undertake or undergo formal assessment against defined

industry standards, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – standards assessment method

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Formal self-assessment

2 In-depth external review

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Formal self-assessment

The service provider organisation undertakes formal selfassessment, on a routine basis, against the agreed criteria

outlined in the defined industry standards.

A formal self-assessment should involve a number of aspects, including the planning and development of a clear structure for the assessment process; the use of an accepted evaluation method such as a peer review; and the use of validated tools

where these are available.

CODE 2 In-depth external review

The service provider organisation routinely undergoes an indepth review against the defined industry standards by an independent external reviewer. This may take place in the context of an accreditation process for the service provider

organisation.

More than one code can be recorded. *Collection methods:*

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Palliative Care Intergovernmental Forum

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications: Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services standards cluster Community Services,

Statistical area level 1 (SA1)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – statistical area, level 1 (SA1) code (ASGS 2011) N(11)

Synonymous names: SA1

METeOR identifier: 457287

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011

Health, Standardisation pending 06/05/2014 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: A designated region representing the smallest unit for the

release of Census data used for describing a location, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address—statistical area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N(11)

Maximum character length: 11

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: SA1 coding structure:

SA1s are identified by an 11-digit fully hierarchical code. The SA1 identifier is a 2-digit code, assigned within an SA2. An SA1 code is only unique within a state/territory when it is preceded

by the state/territory identifier.

For example:

State/territory	SA4	SA3	SA2	SA1
N	NN	NN	NNNN	NN

Comments: There are approximately 55,000 SA1s. In aggregate, they cover

the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: 1270.0.55.001 - Australian Statistical Geography Standard

(ASGS): Volume 1 - Main Structure and Greater Capital City

Statistical Areas, July 2011

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/

1270.0.55.001July%202011?OpenDocument

Statistical area level 2 (SA2)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – statistical area, level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011)

N(9)

Synonymous names: SA2

METeOR identifier: 457289

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A designated region describing location and contact details

that represents a medium-sized area built from a number of Statistical areas level 1 (SA1s), as represented by a code. The aim is to represent a community that interacts together

socially and economically.

Data Element Concept: Address – statistical area

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: N(9)

Maximum character length: 9

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: SA2 coding structure:

An SA2 is identifiable by a 9-digit fully hierarchical code. The SA2 identifier is a 4-digit code, assigned in alphabetical order

within an SA3. An SA2 code is only unique within a state/territory if it is preceded by the state/territory

identifier.

For example:

State/territory	SA4	SA3	SA2
N	NN	NN	NNNN

Comments: There are 2,196 SA2 spatial units. In aggregate, they cover the

whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. Jervis Bay Territory, the Territory of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands and the Territory of Christmas Island are each represented by an SA2.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: 1270.0.55.001 - Australian Statistical Geography Standard

(ASGS): Volume 1 - Main Structure and Greater Capital City

Statistical Areas, July 2011

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/

1270.0.55.001 July % 202011? Open Document

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – Australian postcode, code (Postcode

datafile) {NNNN} Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012, WA Health, Endorsed 04/03/2014, Independent

Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

See also <u>Address – suburb/town/locality name, text X[(46)]</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services provider details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Statistical linkage key 581

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Record—linkage key, code 581 XXXXXDDMMYYYYN

METeOR identifier: 349895

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A key that enables two or more records belonging to the

same individual to be brought together. It is represented by a code consisting of the second, third and fifth characters of a person's family name, the second and third letters of the person's given name, the day, month and year when the person was born and the sex of the person, concatenated in

that order.

Data Element Concept: Record—linkage key

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: XXXXXDDMMYYYYN

Maximum character length: 14

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Information about whether or not the person's date of birth

is accurate should be noted. By knowing that date of birth is accurate it is possible to reduce underestimation of total service user numbers and overestimation of service users'

ages.

Comments: The linkage key is designed to make it possible to count

number of clients and services they received, without

counting the same client more than once. It can also be used

for linking to other related data collections. It is for statistical linkage purposes only, not for case management or the tracking of individual persons. This may be done using a range of identifiers and/or keys.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Steward: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Date—accuracy in

See also <u>Date – accuracy indicator, code AAA</u> Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

See also <u>Date – estimate indicator, code N</u> Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Is formed using Person—date of birth, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 20/06/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010, Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012, Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Is formed using <u>Person – letters of family name, text XXX</u> Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Is formed using Person—letters of given name, text XX Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Is formed using Person—sex, code N Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010, Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012, Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Statistical linkage key 581 cluster</u> Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Status in employment

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – status in employment, code N

METeOR identifier: 269951

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The person's position in relation to their employment, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) – status in employment

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Employee

2 Employer

3 Own account worker

4 Contributing family worker

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Employee

This code represents a person who works for a public or private employer and receives remuneration in wages, salary, or a retainer fee from their employer while working on a commission basis or for tips, piece-rates or payment in kind. An employee may also be a person who operates his or her own incorporated enterprise with or without hiring

employees.

CODE 2 **Employer**

This code represents a person who operates his or her own unincorporated economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires one or more employees.

CODE 3 Own account worker

This code represents a person who operates his or her own unincorporated economic enterprise or engages independently in a profession or trade, and hires no employees.

CODE 4 Contributing family worker

This code represents a person who works without pay in an economic enterprise operated by a relative.

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Labour Statistics

Concepts, Sources and Methods. Cat. no. 6102.0. Canberra:

ABS. Reference through:

http://www.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/abs@.nsf/

66f306f503e529a5ca25697e0017661f/

afeef7e2813c764dca25697e0018fed2!OpenDocument

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Usually the standard applies to the 'main job' in which the

> person is employed (that is, the job in which the person usually works the most hours). However, it may also be applied to the person's 'last job', 'second job', etc.'

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Status in employment, version 2, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.3 KB)

Student indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – student/employment training indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 349588

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether a person is undertaking formal study or

vocational education or employment training, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – student/employment training indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The person must be formally enrolled in an academic

institution or technical college, or other accredited teaching institution, and or engaged in employment related formal

training. This can include migrant English classes.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Person – student type, code N</u> Community

Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance,

Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Student type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – student type, code N

METeOR identifier: 398244

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The type of education or training undertaken by a person,

as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person – student type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Code Representation class:

Number *Data type:*

Format: N

1 *Maximum character length:*

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Preschool student

2 Primary school student

3 Secondary school student

4 University student

5 Vocational education and training

6 Other education or training

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Preschool student

> This option refers to a person who is enrolled, either fulltime or part-time, in an accredited preschool teaching

institution, during the school year.

CODE 2 Primary school student

This option refers to a person who is enrolled, either full-time or part-time, in an accredited teaching institution providing instruction up to the end of primary school. The school year is counted from January 1 to December 31, so a school student finishing school and waiting to go on to further training would still be considered a school student.

CODE 3 Secondary school student

This option refers to a person who is enrolled, either full-time or part-time, in an accredited teaching institution providing instruction from the start of secondary schooling up to year 12. The school year is counted from January 1 to December 31, so a school student finishing school and waiting to go on to further training would still be considered a school student. This option also includes any person undertaking secondary school education at a TAFE.

CODE 4 University student

This option refers to part-time or full-time attendance at university; it excludes vocational education students.

CODE 5 Vocational education and training

This option includes:

- a person who receives a training allowance such as Newstart or are required by their employer to attend a post-secondary institution for job training
- a person participating in education in order to enhance employment opportunities (such as migrant English classes and job readiness training)
- a person enrolled in a vocational education course at a TAFE or other type of vocational institution. It excludes students studying secondary school education at a TAFE or Vocational Education and Training (VET) institution, these students are classified to CODE 3
- a person undertaking an apprenticeship.

CODE 6 Other education or training

This option refers to a person undertaking any other education and training not classified above, ie. non-award study (including Post-school Options).

CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Not stated/inadequately described is chosen if there is insufficient information to determine a person's student status either before or after support, or if a client did not want to answer this question.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Collection of this data element should be preceded by the

collection of the data element Person –

student/employment training indicator, code N.

Because reference periods may vary it is possible that more than one category of the Value Domain may be a valid response to a question on student type. For example over a number of months a student may move from primary to secondary education. Therefore it is preferable for this Data Element to refer to a specific point in time rather than a period of time. When a period of time is referenced it

should be precisely specified.

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to

form the response categories to the question:

"Which category below best describes your education or

training status?"

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person – student type, SAAP code N[N]

Community Services, Superseded 17/11/2010

See also Person—student/employment training indicator, code N Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness,

Standard 23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Sub-dwelling unit number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – sub-dwelling unit number, identifier [X(7)]

METeOR identifier: 429012

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A numeric identifier used to distinguish an address within

a building/sub-complex or marina.

Data Element Concept: Address—sub-dwelling unit number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: [X(7)]

Maximum character length: 7

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element may include a leading alphabetic prefix

or a trailing alphabetic suffix.

Example:

Mrs Joyce Citizen

Apartment 7 (Sub-dwelling unit number is 7)

Level 3

Apex Building
48 Johnson Rd

CLAYTON VIC 3168

Mr XYZ

Suite 54 (Sub-dwelling unit number is 54)

Beacon Cove Foodstore

103 Beach Road

PORT MELBOURNE VIC 3207

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Person (address) – building/complex sub-unit

> identifier, [X(7)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) building/complex sub-unit identifier, [X(7)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Substance used illicitly indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—substance used illicitly indicator, yes/no/not

stated/inadequately described code N

METeOR identifier: 365254

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has used a substance in

an illicit manner, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—substance used illicitly indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is used in conjunction with the data

element: *Person – type of substance used illicitly, drug of concern (ASCDC 2000 extended) code NNNN* to provide information on the type of substance(s) used illicitly by a

person.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2008. 2007

> National Drug Strategy Household Survey: first results. Drug Statistics Series number 20.Cat. no. PHE 98. Canberra:

AIHW

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person – type of substance used illicitly, drug of

concern (ASCDC 2000 extended) code NNNN Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Standard

25/08/2011

Suburb/town/locality name within address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – suburb/town/locality name, text X[(46)]

Synonymous names: Suburb name; Locality name

METeOR identifier: 429889

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: The name of the locality/suburb of the address, as

represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—suburb/town/locality name

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(46)]

Maximum character length: 46

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The suburb/town/locality name may be a town, city,

suburb or commonly used location name such as a large

agricultural property or Aboriginal community.

This metadata item may be used to describe the location of an organisation or person. It can be a component of a street

or postal address.

If used for mailing purposes, the format of this data element should be upper case. Refer to Australia Post Address Presentation Standard. Any forced abbreviations

shall be done by truncation from the right.

This data element is one of a number of items that can be used to create a primary address, as recommended by the AS 4590-2006 *Interchange of client information* standard.

Components of the primary address are:

- Address site (or Primary complex) name
- Address number or number range
- Road name (name/type/suffix)
- Locality
- State/Territory
- Postcode (optional)
- Country (if applicable).

Comments: Official locality names and their associated boundary

extents are assigned by relevant state naming

committees/protocols. Their correct usage is encouraged.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – statistical area, level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS

2011) N(9) Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011,

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Supersedes Person (address) – suburb/town/locality name,

text [A(50)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012,

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011, Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) – suburb/town/locality name, text [A(50)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Housing assistance,

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012

Supersedes Workplace (address) – suburb/town/locality

Superseded 01/05/2013, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011,

name, text [A(50)] Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Address details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Support goal status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – support plan goal status, code N

METeOR identifier: 509772

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The activity status of a specific goal in a client's support

plan, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—support plan goal status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Completed

2 Revised

3 Discontinued

4 Ongoing

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Completed

Use if the goal has been achieved, and is no longer

required.

CODE 2 Revised

Use if the goal is still active but has been revised.

CODE 3 Discontinued

Use if the goal is no longer relevant, and is being

discontinued.

CODE 4 Ongoing

Use if the goal is still relevant and is continuing.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Record the status of each goal as part of the plan review.

The activity status should be recorded after consultation

amongst the service provider, client and relevant

carers/family members.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Client – support plan achievement level, code N</u>

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports outcomes cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan achievement level

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—support plan achievement level, code N

Synonymous names: Extent support plan goals achieved

METeOR identifier: 509821

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The extent to which a client's support plan goals have been

achieved, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—support plan achievement level

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 None

2 Less than half

3 Half or more

4 All

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 None

Use if no goals were achieved.

CODE 2 Less than half

Use if less than half the goals were achieved.

CODE 3 Half or more

Use if at least half, but not all, the goals were achieved.

CODE 4 All

Use if all goals were achieved.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: The extent of achievement should be recorded from the

> client's perspective, as best expressed by the client. Where the client is not able to communicate this perspective, the extent of achievement should be informed by a carer

and/or family member.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Client – support plan goal status, code N</u>

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

See also Client – support plan indicator, yes/no code N

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

<u>Disability services/supports outcomes cluster</u> Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan goal achievement level

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – support plan goal achievement level, code N

METeOR identifier: 509767

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The extent to which a specific goal in a client's support plan has

been achieved, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—support plan goal achievement level

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 No progress towards goal target achieved

2 Partial progress towards goal target achieved

3 Goal achieved at target level

4 Goal achieved beyond target level

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 No progress towards goal target agreed

Use if no progress towards the goal target was achieved, including if no activities or strategies for achieving the goal

were implemented.

CODE 2 Partial progress towards goal target achieved

Use if some progress was made towards the goal target, but the

goal was not achieved.

CODE 3 Goal achieved at target level

Use if the goal was achieved at the target or planned level.

CODE 4 Goal achieved beyond target level

Use if the goal was achieved beyond the target or planned level.

Collection methods: A measure of progress against goals may be made on initial

assessment by a service provider, or as part of a periodic review

of a support plan.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The level of achievement should be recorded from the client's

perspective, as best expressed by the client. Where the client is

not able to communicate this perspective, the level of achievement should be informed by a carer and/or family

member.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

<u>Disability services/supports outcomes cluster</u> Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan goal identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—support plan goal identifier, X[XXXXX]

METeOR identifier: 513117

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An alphanumeric sequence that identifies a specific **goal** in a

client's support plan.

Data Element Concept: Client—support plan goal identifier

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Identifier

Data type: String

Format: X[XXXXX]

Maximum character length: 6

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set <u>Disability services/supports outcomes cluster</u> Community

Specifications: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client—support plan indicator, yes/no code N

METeOR identifier: 512981

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether or not a current support plan exists

for the client, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Client—support plan indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: This item would be collected either at an initial assessment

or subsequent assessments of a person.

Comments: Individual collections may have quality issues regarding

support plans that may be as important as whether or not

one has been developed.

The plan or agreement may relate to services provided by one agency or a number of agencies.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Client – support plan achievement level, code N</u>

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services/supports outcomes cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan last review date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Client – support plan last review date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Date of case plan review

METeOR identifier: 513067

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date on which a written plan of support for a person was

last reviewed.

Data Element Concept: Client – support plan last review date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: If the current plan is a new plan (that is, due for review at a

future point), record the plan initiation date.

Comments: The date the support plan was reviewed or revised may not be

the same as when any action specified in the plan was initiated

Disability services/supports outcomes cluster Community

or occurred.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Specifications:

Support service type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – support service type, code

N[N]

METeOR identifier: 462314

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The type of support services offered by a service provider

organisation, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—support service type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N[N]

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Daily living support

2 Personal support

3 Community living support

4 Support for children, families and carers

5 Training, vocational rehabilitation and

employment

6 Financial and material assistance

7 Information, advice and referral

88 Other

Supplementary values: 99 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Daily living support

Covers assistance that provides support for personal or social functioning in daily life. The purpose of the assistance is generally to enable recipients to live and function in their own homes or normal places of residence (where this is an independent living setting). Such support includes assistance with personal tasks, e.g. showering, dressing and grooming, and domestic tasks, e.g. washing, cooking, cleaning, , shopping, gardening, and companionship.

CODE 2 Personal support

Covers assistance that provides support for successful functioning as an individual or as a family member, e.g. individual advocacy, needs assessment and management, counselling.

CODE 3 Community living support

Covers assistance that provides support or develops the capacity for independent living and/or social interaction within the community through the provision of opportunities for learning, developing and maintaining personal and social surviving skills. Includes living skills development, community transport, social and personal development, recreation/leisure.

CODE 4 Support for children, families and carers

Covers the provision of care, educational, developmental and recreational activities for children usually between the ages of 0 and 12 years by paid workers. Includes carer support which refers to assistance received by a carer from a substitute carer who provides supervision and assistance to their care recipient in their absence. Includes child care, respite care, parenting skills.

CODE 5 Training, vocational rehabilitation and employment

Covers assistance to support people who are disadvantaged in the labour market by providing training, job search skills, help in finding work, placement and support in open employment or, where appropriate, supported employment. Excludes health rehabilitative activities aimed at improvement in functional capacity.

CODE 6 Financial and material assistance

Covers assistance that is designed to enhance personal functioning and to facilitate access to community services through the provision of emergency, or immediate, financial assistance and material goods. Includes financial relief, household goods, clothing, furniture and food. Excludes income support provided by Centrelink, such as pensions and benefits, and concessions through the taxation system.

CODE 7 Information, advice and referral

Covers assistance that provides information, advice and referral to support personal or social functioning and/or to facilitate access to and use of community services and resources. Includes provision of housing/tenancy, consumer and legal, financial, general service availability information, advice and referral.

CODE 88 Other

Covers any other areas of assistance able to be offered to a household or tenant.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: National Classification of Community Services Version 2.0,

2003

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Include those areas for which a service provider

organisation did not directly provide the assistance, but ensured the links to appropriate support services were

established and maintained.

Collection methods: More than one support service type can be recorded.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Community housing provider—support service

type, code N[N(7)] Housing assistance, Superseded

01/05/2013

Supported accommodation type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service event – supported accommodation type, code N

Synonymous names: Accommodation type

METeOR identifier: 399396

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The type of supported accommodation that is provided to a

client, based on length of stay and level of service, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service event—supported accommodation type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Short term or emergency accommodation

2 Medium term/ transitional accommodation

3 Long term accommodation

4 Other supported accommodation

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Short term or emergency accommodation

This option refers to accommodation that is generally

provided for up to three months.

CODE 2 Medium term accommodation

This option refers to accommodation that is generally provided for three months or longer and for a fixed term.

Support provided is generally less intensive than that provided in short-term emergency or crisis accommodation. This accommodation is not expected to be ongoing.

CODE 3 Long term accommodation

This option refers to accommodation that is generally provided for three months or longer and with the expectation that it will be ongoing. It includes accommodation provided under programs such as Common Ground.

CODE 4 Other supported accommodation

Accommodation that has not been demarcated as being either short-term emergency or crisis, or medium or long-term accommodation.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element refers to a discrete accommodation

period within a service episode. There may be a number of

accommodation periods within a service episode.

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to

form the response categories to the question:

"Which category best describes the accommodation provided to the client?"

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service event—supported accommodation

type, code N Community Services, Superseded 17/11/2010

Tax exempt indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation – income tax exempt

indicator, code N

Synonymous names: Agency sector type

METeOR identifier: 321004

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether an organisation or agency has been assessed as

income tax exempt as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation—tax exempt indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Income tax exempt

2 Non-income tax exempt

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Income tax exempt

Income Tax Exempt organisation has been endorsed by the Australian Taxation Office as exempt from income tax. As well as being exempt from paying income tax, an Income Tax Exempt organisation does not have to lodge income tax returns unless specifically requested to do so by the

Australian Taxation Office (<u>www.ato.gov.au</u>).

CODE 2 Non-income tax exempt

Organisation that are not endorsed by the Australian Taxation Office as being exempt from paying income tax

are classified as non-income tax exempt.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Charities are not automatically exempt from income tax.

There is an endorsement system under which they should apply to the Australian Tax Office to be endorsed as income

tax exempt.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: CSTDA NMDS Network.

Origin: Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement

National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) collection.

Data Guide: data items and definitions 2006-07.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation—sector, code N

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Agency sector cluster Community Services, Standard

13/03/2013

Telephone non-standard functionality

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – telephone non-standard functionality, text

X[(256)]

Synonymous names: Device services

METeOR identifier: 433896

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The communication features available through a telephone,

which could enhance the ability to contact an entity, that

are not currently standard across all telephones, as

represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—telephone non-standard functionality

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(256)]

Maximum character length: 256

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element should be used when 'other' is entered

into *Address* – *telephone standard functionality, code NN*.

Multiple non-standard functionality descriptions can be

entered.

Example:

3G Video telephone Communication

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Address – telephone standard functionality, code</u>

NN Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Telephone number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Address – telephone number, text X[(16)]Technical name:

METeOR identifier: 452682

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The number, used as a contact method, that is associated to

a unique provision of telephone service, as represented by

Data Element Concept: Address – telephone number

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(16)]

Maximum character length: 16

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Australian telephone numbers are usually 6 to 10 digits in

length.

Alphabetic characters can be either upper or lower case as

defined by the client.

Each alphabetic character represents a number; it can be listed as either a number or letter depending on the clients'

preference.

The format and length of a telephone number is dependent

on the attribute(s) of the device and how the device

connects to the telephone network.

For simplicity the standard has not separately recorded the fact that an attribute of a device may imply that it needs to use a mobile phone network, landline or other type of telephone network. This in turn influences the naming

standard for the telephone number.

Collection methods: Telephone numbers should be stored as characters in a

row, but rules can be set up to display the number in a

different format, e.g. #### ### ###.

When a telephone number is used in conjunction with a country code the leading 0 at the start of the telephone is to be removed e.g. 0453176731 becomes 61 453176731 or 03

999 66 999 becomes 61 3 999 66 999.

Mobile telephone number

The first two digits of a mobile telephone number are officially the area code for mobile telephones in Australia e.g. The mobile telephone area code for Australia is 04. For this standard the area code is defined as be part of the mobile phone number, therefore no mobile phone numbers

will have an associated area code.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address – Australian area code, code NN

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Address – electronic contact preference indicator,</u> code NN Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Address – international country code, N[NNNN]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Supersedes <u>Person – telephone number</u>, text [X(40)] Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 01/03/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Telephone number type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (telephone) – telephone number type, code A

METeOR identifier: 270299

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type of telephone number recorded for a person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (telephone) — telephone number type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: A

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

B Business or work

H Home

M Personal mobile

N Contact number (not own)

O Business or work mobile

T Temporary

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Where more than one telephone number has been

recorded, then each telephone number should have the appropriate telephone number type code assigned.

Comments: Concerned with the use of person identification data. For

organisations that create, use or maintain records on people. Organisations should use this standard, where appropriate, for collecting data when registering people. The positive and unique identification of people is a critical event in service delivery, with direct implications for the safety and quality of care delivered by health and community services.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Origin: National Health Data Committee

National Community Services Data Committee

Reference documents: Standards Australia 2002. Australian Standard AS5017-2002

Health Care Client Identification. Sydney: Standards

Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Telephone number type, version 2, DE, Int.

NCSDD & NHDD, NCSIMG & NHIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (15.5 KB)

Telephone service line

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address—telephone service line, code NN

Synonymous names: Device services

METeOR identifier: 452823

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of how a telephone-based contact address is

physically provided to an entity, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address—telephone service line

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

01 Mobile

02 Landline/fixed line

03 Pager

Supplementary values: 98 Unknown

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

774 National community services data dictionary: version 8

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Telephone standard functionality

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – telephone standard functionality, code NN

Synonymous names: Device services

METeOR identifier: 433852

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The well known communication features available through

the telephone, that can enhance the ability to contact an

entity, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Address—telephone standard functionality

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

01 Voice enabled

02 Facsimile (FAX)

O3 Short message service (SMS)

04 Multimedia messaging service (MMS)

88 Other

Supplementary values: 98 Unknown

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A telephone may have multiple standard features.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Address – telephone non-standard functionality</u>,

text X[(256)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Temporary closure end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Service provider organisation – temporary closure end Technical name:

date, DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Re-open date

METeOR identifier: 336876

Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 *Registration status:*

Definition: The date on which a service provider organisation re-opens

after a period of temporary closure.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – temporary closure end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: **DDMMYYYY**

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation – temporary closure

start date, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard

30/11/2007

Temporary closure start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Service provider organisation—temporary closure start

date, DDMMYYYY

METeOR identifier: 336869

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which a service provider

organisation temporarily closes.

Data Element Concept: Service provider organisation – temporary closure start

date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service provider organisation—temporary closure

end date, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard

30/11/2007

Tertiary qualification related to industry indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person (employed) – tertiary qualification related to industry

indicator, code N

314893 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether an employed person

has qualifications in a field related to their employment, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person (employed) – tertiary qualification related to industry

indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Yes

No

Supplementary values: Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: **AIHW**

Trading activity status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – trading activity status, code NN

METeOR identifier: 432346

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The status of an organisation's trading activity at a point in

time, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – trading activity status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: NN

Maximum character length: 2

Permissible values: Value Meaning

01 Trading

02 Suspended trading

O3 Strike off action in progress

04 Under external administration and/or

controller appointed

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Trading is not limited to buying or selling goods, and

trading activities are not necessarily profit-making or

profit-motivated activities.

An organisation may have multiple activity status listings. Therefore, this data element should be used in conjunction

with Organisation – market activity status start date,

YYYYMMDD and Organisation – market activity status end

date, YYYYMMDD, if applicable.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Organisation – trading activity status end date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation – trading activity status start date, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Trading activity status end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – trading activity status end date,

DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Organisation activity status effective to date

METeOR identifier: 432410

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the organisation's trading activity status

ceases to be effective, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Organisation – trading activity status end date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Over time, the activity status of an organisation may

change. The end date is used to define when the activity status ceases to be effective. Absence of an end date implies

that the status is current.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Organisation — trading activity status start date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Organisation – trading activity status, code NN</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Trading activity status start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Organisation – trading activity status start date,

DDMMYYYY

Synonymous names: Organisation activity status effective from date

METeOR identifier: 432373

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which an organisation's trading activity status

takes effect, expressed as DDMMYYYY.

Data Element Concept: Organisation—trading activity status start date

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length: 8

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Over time the activity status of an organisation may

change. The start date defines when the activity status takes

effect.

Trading is not limited to buying or selling goods, and trading activities are not necessarily profit-making or

profit-motivated activities.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Organisation – trading activity status end date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation – trading activity status, code NN

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Organisation details data dictionary Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Transgender

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – transgender indicator, code N

METeOR identifier: 375985

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person identifies as **transgender** or is

currently undergoing gender reassignment, as represented by a

code.

Data Element Concept: Person—transgender indicator

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Yes

2 No

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 9 Not stated/inadequately described

This code is not for use in primary data collections.

Data element attributes

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Type of access arrangement

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption—access arrangement type, code N

METeOR identifier: 475856

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of arrangement made between relevant parties to an

adoption at the time of the adoption order regarding contact with, and/or the release of information about, one or more

individuals, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – access arrangement type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Contact and information exchange

2 Contact only

3 Information exchange only

4 No contact or information exchange

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Access by the birth parents or other relatives to the adopted

child is facilitated in all states and territories. The degree to

which this occurs, varies across the jurisdictions.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Conditional obligation:

Conditional on adoption being a 'local' adoption.

Type of application for information

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption—application for information type, code N

METeOR identifier: 470492

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of information about an individual in relation to an

adoption sought by an application, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption—application for information type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Application for identifying information

2 Application for non-identifying information

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Parties to an adoption may apply for access to identifying or

non-identifying information.

CODE 1 Application for identifying information

'Identifying information' is information, such as the original birth certificate (adopted persons) or the amended birth certificate (birth parents), which identifies the actual person

about whom the information is being sought.

CODE 2 Application for non-identifying information

'Non-identifying information' does not identify the person about whom the information is sought; this can include age of

birth parent(s) and place of birth.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: In some jurisdictions, a person can seek both identifying and

non-identifying information in a single application. This should be recorded as one application for identifying information and

one application for non-identifying information.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Type of substance used illicitly

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – type of substance used illicitly, drug of concern

(ASCDC 2000 extended) code NNNN

METeOR identifier: 365401

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The type of substance used illicitly by a person, as

represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—type of substance used illicitly

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Classification scheme: Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern

2011

Representation class: Code

Data type: String

Format: NNNN

Maximum character length: 4

Supplementary values: Value Meaning

0005 Opioid analgesics not further defined

0006 Psychostimulants not further defined

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern

(ASCDC) provides a number of supplementary codes that

have specific uses and these are detailed within the

ASCDC, e.g. 0000 = inadequately described.

Other supplementary codes that are not already specified in the ASCDC may be used in National Minimum Data Sets (NMDS) when required. In the Alcohol and other drug treatment service NMDS, two additional supplementary codes have been created which enable a finer level of detail

to be captured:

CODE 0005 Opioid analgesics not further defined

This code is to be used when it is known that the client's principal drug of concern is an opioid but the specific opioid used is not known. The existing code 1000 combines opioid analgesics and non-opioid analgesics together into Analgesics nfd and the finer level of detail, although known, is lost.

CODE 0006 Psychostimulants not further defined

This code is to be used when it is known that the client's principal drug of concern is a psychostimulant but not which type. The existing code 3000 combines stimulants and hallucinogens together into Stimulants and hallucinogens nfd and the finer level of detail, although known, is lost.

Psychostimulants refer to the types of drugs that would normally be coded to 3100-3199, 3300-3399 and 3400-3499 categories plus 3903 and 3905.

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This data element is used in conjunction with the data

element: *Person – substance used illicitly indicator, yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N* to provide information on the type of substances a person has used illicitly.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2008.

2007 National Drug Strategy Household Survey: first results. Drug Statistics Series number 20.Cat. no. PHE 98.

Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: AIHW 2010a. Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Services

National Minimum Data Set 2010–11: specifications and collection manual. Drug statistics series no. 24. Cat. no.

PHE 125. Canberra: AIHW.

AIHW 2010b. The health of Australia's prisoners 2009. Cat.

no. PHE 123. Canberra: AIHW.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Person—substance used illicitly indicator,

<u>yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health,

Standard 25/08/2011

Uniform Resource Locator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – Uniform Resource Locator, text X[(1100)]

Synonymous names: Web address; Uniform resource identifier (URI); URL

METeOR identifier: 433770

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The address of a website on the world wide web (Internet)

represented by a Uniform Resource Locator (URL), as

represented by text.

Address - Uniform Resource Locator Data Element Concept:

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(1100)]

Maximum character length: 1100

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The following rules are to assist in data exchange and

should not be considered as a standard for the creation of

web addresses.

A web address cannot have any white space.

A web address is a uniform resource locator and consists of

2 parts; a scheme and the web address path.

Scheme

A scheme is the type of connection protocol that the URL is going to adhere to. The most commonly used on the internet

is http. This is always followed by a colon and double backslash '://'. It is not compulsory for an entity to provide the scheme information as it is commonly assumed that http:// is the scheme used. But if provided it should be included in this data element as it could vary from the http

value.

Web Address Path

Following the scheme, the URL can consist of various types of information from Domain Names, Sub-Domain Names, File Names, IP addresses, Top Level Domain Names and various symbols/special characters such as ':','&','\$','#','?' or '/'. These may all be valid and if provided by the client should be included in this data element.

Most times the client will simply provide a scheme and a domain name, e.g. http://www.domainname.com, or even just the domain name, e.g. www.domainname.com.

This being the case a majority of the time it is still important to understand that a URL can come in various formats and should not be dismissed if it looks incorrect, e.g.

https://username:password@subdomain.domain.com:port/directory/file.txt?parameter=value is a valid URL address.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Person (address) – electronic communication</u>

address, text [X(250)] Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Supersedes Service provider organisation (address) –

electronic communication address, text [X(250)] Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard

04/05/2005

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Electronic contact details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Unstructured address line

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Address – unstructured address line, text X[(50)]

Synonymous names: Overseas address line

METeOR identifier: 430158

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A description of an address, written in an unstructured address

line format, as represented by text.

Data Element Concept: Address—unstructured address line

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Text

Data type: String

Format: X[(50)]

Maximum character length: 50

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Where there is a need to transfer an Australian address that

does not conform with the commonly used address format, the unstructured address lines may be used. These data elements should not be used except when it is impossible to use the other

more structured address data elements.

Example

Cabin 44 Block 7 (Unstructured Address Line 1) HMAS Watson (Unstructured Address Line 2) Watsons Bay Wharf (Unstructured Address Line 3)

WATSONS BAY NSW 2030 (Unstructured Address Line 4)

Overseas addresses have many formats. To accommodate this the use of unstructured lines of detail are used. While 4 lines have been provided for overseas address details, not all lines

need to be used.

Overseas addresses may follow different formats to that of

Australian addresses. Common differences are:

- Street name preceding street number
- Postcode format
- Postcode preceding locality name

Example:

32, Kasumigaseki 1 Chome (Overseas Address Line 1)

Chiyoda-ku (Overseas Address Line 2) TOKYO 100-90 (Overseas Address Line 3)

JAPAN (Country name. Note: for client data interchange this

standard uses the country code)

Collection methods: Unstructured address may be repeated up to 4 lines.

While 4 lines have been provided for unstructured Australian

address details, not all lines need to be used.

Where there is an overseas address the country name code

becomes mandatory.

Unstructured address lines, when used, should contain the

Address details data dictionary Community Services, Standard

entire address.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications: 06/02/2012

Urgency of accommodation assistance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—accommodation assistance urgency status, code N

Synonymous names: Accommodation assistance urgency

METeOR identifier: 352360

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The time period in which accommodation assistance is

needed by a person requesting accommodation, as represented

by a code.

Data Element Concept: Person—accommodation assistance urgency status

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Tonight (within 24 hours)

2 Tomorrow night (between 24 and 48 hours)

6 In 3-4 days

7 In 5-6 days

4 In 7-14 days

5 In more than 14 days

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Provides an indication of the immediacy of need for people

requesting accommodation assistance.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Information

Sub-Committee (SAAP-ISC).

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Agency Collectors Manual July

2005.

Urgency of requested assistance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person – urgency of requested assistance, time period code N

METeOR identifier: 400421

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The time period within which a person requires the assistance

which has been requested, as represented by a code.

Context: Provides an indication of the urgency of need for people

requesting services.

Data Element Concept: Person—urgency of requested assistance

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length: 1

Permissible values: Value Meaning

1 Within 24 hours

2 Between 24 and 48 hours

3 In 3-4 days

4 In 5-6 days

5 In 7-14 days

6 In more than two weeks

7 Don't know/not sure

Supplementary values: 9 Not stated/inadequately described

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: If a person does not know or is unsure as to when they may

need assistance select the code 7 'Don't know/unsure'.

Immediately is covered in code 1 'Within 24 hours'.

Collection methods: The permissible values for this data element are used to form

the response categories to the question:

'How long is it until you need assistance from this agency?'

Veto type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Adoption – veto type, code N

METeOR identifier: 475432

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of veto put in place in relation to an **adoption** to block

> contact with an individual or the release of identifying information about an individual, as represented by a code.

Data Element Concept: Adoption – veto type

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Code

Data type: Number

Format: N

Maximum character length:

Permissible values: Value Meaning

> 1 Contact veto

Identifying information veto

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: CODE 1 Contact veto

A veto to block contact being made with a person by another

party to an adoption.

CODE 2 Identifying information veto

A veto to block a person's identifying information being released to another party to an adoption. 'Identifying

information' is information, such as the original birth certificate

(adopted persons) or the amended birth certificate (birth parents), which identifies the actual person about whom the

information is being sought.

Data element attributes

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Adoptions DSS 2011-13 Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011

Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Year of arrival in Australia

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Element

Technical name: Person—year of first arrival in Australia, date YYYY

METeOR identifier: 269929

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The year a person (born outside of Australia) first arrived in

Australia, from another country, with the intention of staying in

Australia for one year or more.

Data Element Concept: Person—year of first arrival in Australia

Value domain attributes

Representational attributes

Representation class: Date

Data type: Date/Time

Format: YYYY

Maximum character length: 4

Data element attributes

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods: Actual year of arrival in Australia.

Recommended question:

In what year did you/the person first arrive in Australia to live

here for one year or more?

(Write in the calendar year of arrival or mark the box if here less

than one year)

Calendar year of arrival

Will be here less than one year

It is anticipated that for the majority of people their response to the question will be the year of their only arrival in Australia. However, some respondents may have multiple arrivals in Australia. To deal with these cases in self-enumerated collections, an instruction such as 'Please indicate the year of first arrival only' should be included with the question.

While agencies are encouraged to use the recommended question described above, it is acknowledged that this is not always possible in practice. For example, where the data collection is a by-product of the provision of a health or community service, the information may be ascertained using different means. However, the recommended question should be used wherever practically possible.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: The Australian Bureau of Statistics Standard for <u>Year of Arrival</u>

in Australia. (last viewed 05/12/2006)

Reference documents: The ABS standard for Year of arrival in Australia appears on the

ABS website

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/Latestproducts/ 4AD888364A44E87DCA25697E0018FE4C?opendocument select Other ABS Statistical Standards/Standards for Social, Labour and Demographic Variables/Cultural Diversity Variable.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Year of arrival in Australia, version 2, DE, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.5 KB)

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Cultural and language diversity cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

National minimum data set specifications

Disability Services NMDS 2012–14

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 461640

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

DSS type: National Minimum Data Set (NMDS)

Scope: The Disability Services Minimum Data Set (DS NMDS) and is

a national collection that has:

• a set of nationally significant data items or pieces of information that are collected in all Australian jurisdictions; and

• an agreed method of collection and transmission.

The purpose of the DS NMDS collection is to facilitate the annual collation of nationally comparable data about National Disability Agreement (NDA)-funded disability services, and to obtain reliable, consistent data with minimal load on the disability services field. Under the NDA, the Disability Administrators in all Australian jurisdictions are responsible for ensuring 'that DS NMDS information will be comparable across all jurisdictions and years'.

Services within the scope of the collection are those for which funding has been provided, during the specified period, by a government organisation operating under the NDA. Therefore, if a <u>service type</u> <u>outlet</u> did not receive NDA funding for the reporting year (i.e. its NDA funding dollars for the financial year are zero), then details of this outlet should not be included in the data collection.

A <u>funded agency</u> may receive funding from multiple sources. Where a funded agency is unable to differentiate <u>service users</u> and/or staff according to funding source (i.e. NDA or other), they are asked to provide details of all service users and staff (for each service type).

Most agencies funded under the NDA are asked to provide information about:

- each of the service types they are funded to provide (i.e. service type outlets they operate);
- all service users who received support over a specified reporting period; and
- the DS NMDS service type(s) the service user received.

The level of information a funded agency is asked to provide varies according to the particular service type (i.e. for each service type outlet).

Where services are provided to groups or families (e.g. 2.02, 2.04, or 2.05), details are only requested about the service user who is eligible for services, not their family or other group members. If a family

member/carer receives respite services, limited information about the carer is required, such as the carer's relationship to the service user and the carer's age group.

Table 1: Information requested according to DS NMDS service type

Service type classification	Service type outlet— details required	Service user — details required	Services received by each service user in the reporting period — details required
Accommodation support			
1.01 Large residential/institution (>20 people) – 24 hour care	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
1.02 Small residential/institution (7–20 people) – 24 hour care	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
1.03 Hostels – generally not 24 hour care	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
1.04 Group homes (< 7 people)	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
1.05 Attendant care/personal care	All	All	All
1.06 In-home accommodation support	All	All	All

1.07 Alternative family placement	All	All	All
1.08 Other accommodation support	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
Community support			
2.01 Therapy support for individuals	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
2.02 Early childhood intervention	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
2.03 Behaviour/specialist intervention	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
2.04 Counselling (individual/family/group)	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
2.05 Regional resource and support teams	All	All	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
2.06 Case management, local coordination and	All	All (except for community	All (except for community

development		development activity within this service type)	development activity within this service type)
2.07Other community support	All	All (except for community development activity within this service type)	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
Community access			
3.01 Learning and life skills development	All	All	All
3.02 Recreation/holiday programs	All	Linkage key elements only (items 2a-2e)	Items 17a– 17b (service start date and date service last received)
3.03 Other community access	All	All	All
Respite			
4.01 Own home respite	All	All	All
4.02 Centre-based respite/respite homes	All	All	All
4.03 Host family respite/peer support respite	All	All	All
4.04 Flexible respite	All	All	All
4.05 Other respite	All	All	All
Employment			
5.01 Open employment	All	All (except for carer – primary status, residency status, age group – items	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)

		12b,c,e)	
5.02 Supported employment	All	All (except for carer – primary status, residency status, age group – items 12b,c,e)	All (except for data items on hours received — items 17e-f)
Advocacy, information and alternative forms of communication			
6.01 Advocacy	All	None	None
6.02 Information/referral	All	None	None
6.03 Combined information/advocacy	All	None	None
6.04 Mutual support/self- help groups	All	None	None
6.05 Alternative formats of communication	All	None	None
Other support			
7.01 Research and evaluation	All (except number of service users – item 7)	None	None
7.02 Training and development	All (except number of service users – item 7)	None	None
7.03 Peak bodies	All (except number of service users -	None	None

	item 7)		
7.04 Other support services	All (except number of service users – item 7)	None	None

The data collection is based around the concept of a 'service type outlet', each of which provides only one service type from a discrete location. A funded agency may be funded to provide one or more service types through one or more service type outlets. For example, an agency may be provided under the NDA to provide residential accommodation and respite services from one location or funded to provide group homes in three separate locations. A separate service type outlet form is completed for each service type the agency is funded to provide. If a service user receives more than one service type in the reporting period, a separate service user form is completed for each service type received.

Statistical units:

Service users, service type outlets, agencies.

Data are collected, usually by agencies, for each service type outlet they operate. These data are turned into estimated counts of service users by using a statistical linkage key.

Reporting period:

For the DS NMDS, the reporting period is the financial year e.g. 1 July 2012 to 30 June 2013.

NDA-funded agencies are asked to record key information about service users on an ongoing basis, so that they can transmit the required information to their jurisdiction. Most jurisdictions require information to be transmitted at the end of each financial year quarter. Some only require information to be transmitted at the end of a financial year. At the end of the financial year, each jurisdiction is required to provide collated data to the AIHW.

Reference week:

For most jurisdictions, the annual reference week is the 7-day week preceding the end of the financial year (i.e. 24 June to 30 June).

For Victoria, the annual reference week is the 7-day week preceding the end of May (i.e. 25 May to 31 May).

For Western Australia, the annual reference week is the 7-day week beginning 21 May (i.e. 21 May to 27 May).

Privacy:

DS NMDS collections conducted in each jurisdiction must comply with Commonwealth privacy legislation, relevant state and territory privacy legislation, and established privacy and data principles.

Collection and usage attributes

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012
Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Disability Data Network (NDDN)

Steward: Disability Policy and Research Working Group (DPRWG)

Origin: Disability Services National Minimum Data Set (DS NMDS):

data guide 2012-13

Relational attributes

Related metadata Supersedes <u>Disability Services NMDS 2011-12</u> Community Services,

references: Superseded 13/03/2013

Metadata items in this Data Set Specification

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Activity and participation need for assistance cluster	Mandatory	1
-	Agency sector cluster	Mandatory	1
-	Funding jurisdiction cluster	Mandatory	1
-	Statistical linkage key 581 cluster	Mandatory	1
-	Age group (carer)	Conditional	1
-	Amount of assistance	Mandatory	2
-	Australian postcode (address)	Mandatory	2
-	Carer Allowance (Child) receipt indicator	Mandatory	1
-	Communication method	Mandatory	1
-	Country of birth	Mandatory	1
-	Effective communication indicator	Mandatory	1
-	Episode end date	Conditional	1
-	Episode start date	Mandatory	1

-	Full financial year funding indicator	Mandatory	1
-	Funded agency identifier (NDA)	Mandatory	1
-	Funding allocated	Mandatory	1
-	Geographic location of organisation (SLA)	Optional	1
-	Hours worked – paid staff	Mandatory	2
-	Hours worked – volunteer/unpaid staff	Mandatory	2
-	<u>Indigenous status</u>	Mandatory	1
-	Individual funding indicator	Mandatory	1
-	<u>Informal carer co-residency</u>	Conditional	1
-	<u>Informal carer existence indicator</u>	Mandatory	1
-	<u>Informal carer primary status</u>	Conditional	1
-	<u>Interpreter service type</u>	Conditional	1
-	<u>Interpreter services required</u>	Mandatory	1
-	<u>Labour force status</u>	Mandatory	1
-	<u>Last service provision date</u>	Mandatory	1
-	Living arrangement	Mandatory	1
-	Main source of income (NDA)	Mandatory	1
-	Number of clients	Mandatory	1
-	Other significant disability group	Conditional	1
-	Primary disability group	Mandatory	1
-	Record identifier (NDA)	Mandatory	1
-	Relationship of carer to care recipient	Conditional	1
-	Residential setting (NDA)	Mandatory	1
-	Service cessation reason	Conditional	1
-	Service operation days	Mandatory	1
-	Service operation hours	Mandatory	1
-	Service operation weeks	Mandatory	1
-	Service type (NDA)	Mandatory	1
-	Service type outlet identifier (NDA)	Mandatory	1

Data set specifications

Address details data dictionary

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 434713

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The address details data dictionary is used to collect

> information pertaining to an address, which is defined as a collection of information used for describing the location of an entity, and/or details describing how the entity can be contacted. It is based on the Standards prepared by Standards Australia Subcommittee IT-027-01, Personal and

Corporate Data-Representation and Management, for Committee IT-027, Data Management and Interchange to

supersede AS 4590-1999.

The revised AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard is a result of industry concern at the numerous data interchange formats used within the information technology industry. The objective of the Standard is to provide industry with a common client data

interchange standard.

Wherever possible, the definitions of data elements are

based on existing standards.

Reference has been made to International and Australian Standards, and to standards from the Australian Bureau of

Statistics.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Address details data dictionary is one of a suite of data

dictionaries based on the AS 4590 - 2006 Interchange of

client information standard. This suite of data

dictionaries is not limited to a specific data collection. The aim is to enable data developers to select appropriate data

elements to use in meeting the needs of their data

collection. These data dictionaries are:

Party identifier details data dictionary

- Electronic contact details data dictionary
- Organisation details data dictionary
- Person details data dictionary

A table has been created to show the mapping between the data elements within the Address details data

dictionary and the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. See: **Address details mapping**

The AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard recommends using a number of components for the following address items:

Primary address

Components of the primary address are:

- (i) Address site (or Primary Complex) name.
- (ii) Address number or number range.
- (iii) Road name (name/type/suffix).
- (iv) Locality.
- (v) State/Territory.
- (vi) Postcode (optional).
- (vii) Country (if applicable).

Addressing within a complex

Complex addresses provide for the unique identification of secondary address sites within

a larger, primary address site. A complex address requires both parts (secondary and primary) to provide unique definition.

Components of the secondary address are:

- (i) Sub-dwelling (sub-complex) unit type and number or identifier.
- (ii) Level type/level number (if applicable).
- (iii) Private road number and Private road name or an equivalent identifier (if applicable).
- (iv) Secondary Complex (or Utility) name (if applicable).

NOTE: Components (iii) and (iv) may be reversed where the sub-dwelling type/number is an

integral part of the Secondary Complex, e.g. an office within a building, or where the

secondary complex has no addressable sub-complex components and is unique to the private

road in question, e.g. the Sergeants Mess in an army barracks.

Geocode

A geocode describes the coordinates that define the position of an address point. Geocodes

apply to a variety of address sites and features. It caters for the needs of a variety of users,

with a particular focus on the needs of emergency and other essential service providers.

There are a number of elements needed to define a unique address geocode. Geocoded addresses fundamentally consist of coordinates associated with an address site feature. The geocode component of an address site shall contain—

- (a) the datum and coordinate system being used (usually as metadata);
- (b) the coordinates; and
- (c) the address site feature being referenced (by individual record).

The geocode component should also contain geocode accuracy (by individual record).

Note that users of latitude and longitude metadata may have different requirements. Therefore in addition to the latitude and longitude data elements using the decimal degrees representation, (based on the AS 4590 standard) two additional data elements have been created. These items use the traditional degrees, minutes and seconds representation, and are based on the AS 6709:2008 Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point locations standard.

The addressing information interchange section of AS 4590

has been aligned with AS/NZS 4819, Geographic

information – Rural and urban addressing. AS/NZS 4819 was compiled to direct authorities required to allocate physical addresses, whether they be to properties, features or facilities. This revision of AS 4590 has been extended to cater for new address provisions noted in AS/NZS 4819 and has been reviewed and amended to minimise ambiguity and maximise understanding in client data

interchange.

Source and reference attributes

Comments:

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2008. AS/NZS ISO6709:2008 – Standard representation of latitude, longitude and altitude for geographic point

locations. Sydney/Wellington: Standards

Australia/Standards NZ.

Reference documents: Originated as part of AS 4212-1994.

Previous edition AS 4590-1999.

Second edition 2006.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Electronic contact details data dictionary

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Party identifier details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Disability data dictionary Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Metadata items in this Data Set Specification

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Address currency	Optional	1
-	Address end date	Optional	1
-	Address end time	Optional	1
-	Address site name	Optional	1
-	Address start date	Optional	1
-	Address start time	Optional	1
-	Address status identifier	Optional	1
-	Australian postcode (address)	Optional	1
-	Australian state/territory identifier of address	Optional	1
-	Building/complex sub-unit type	Optional	1
-	Complex road name	Optional	1
-	Complex road number 1	Optional	1
-	Complex road number 2	Optional	1
-	Complex road suffix	Optional	1
-	Complex road type	Optional	1
-	Country code of address	Optional	1
-	Floor/level type	Optional	1
-	Geocode containment indicator	Optional	1
-	Geocode feature	Optional	1
-	Geocode geographic datum	Optional	1
-	Geocode height	Optional	1
-	Geocode latitude decimal degrees	Optional	1
-	Geocode latitude sexagismal	Optional	1

-	Geocode longitude decimal degrees	Optional	1
-	Geocode longitude sexagismal	Optional	1
-	Geocode positional uncertainty	Optional	1
-	Geocode vertical datum	Optional	1
-	Level number identifier	Optional	1
-	Location descriptor	Optional	1
-	Lot number	Optional	1
-	Physical address indicator	Optional	1
-	Postal delivery number	Optional	1
-	Postal delivery point identifier	Optional	1
-	Postal delivery service type identifier	Optional	1
-	<u>Purpose of address</u>	Optional	1
-	Road name	Optional	1
-	Road number 1	Optional	1
-	Road number 2	Optional	1
-	Road suffix	Optional	1
-	Road type	Optional	1
-	Secondary complex name	Optional	1
-	Sub-dwelling unit number	Optional	1
-	Suburb/town/locality name within address	Optional	1
-	<u>Unstructured address line</u>	Optional	1

Adoptions DSS 2011-13

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 467027

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The Adoptions Australia collection contains data relating to

two populations of children, those subject to:

• Finalisations- children who were the subject of a finalised adoption order during the reporting period. This includes orders that were made in Australia and in the case of some intercountry adoptions, where the full adoption order was made in the country of origin.

 Placements- children, regardless of the status of their adoption order, who were placed with their adoptive family during the reporting period. 'Placed with their adoptive families' refers to when the child enters the home.

Adoption is the legal process by which a person legally becomes a child of the adoptive parent(s) and legally ceases to be a child of his/her existing parent(s). Adopted children include people aged 18+ years. The Adoptions data set specification (DDS) describes data collected from state/territory departments responsible of adoptions within the specified reporting period.

The DSS excludes adoptions by Australian citizens or permanent residents who have lived overseas for 12 months or more and have adopted a child through an overseas agency or government authority. This type of intercountry adoption falls outside the jurisdiction of the Australian state and territory departments responsible for adoption.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Adoption categories

Intercountry adoptions — adoptions of children from countries other than Australia who are legally able to be placed for adoption, but who generally have had no previous contact or relationship with the adoptive parents. Expatriate adoptions are not included in this category of adoption.

Local adoptions—adoptions of children who were born or permanently residing in Australia before the adoption, who are legally able to be placed for adoption, but who generally have had no previous contact or relationship with the adoptive parents.

'Known' child adoptions—adoptions of children who were born or permanently residing in Australia before the adoption, who have a pre-existing relationship with the adoptive parent(s) and who are generally not able to be adopted by anyone other than the adoptive parent(s). Known child adoptions include adoptions by step-parents, other relatives and. Intercountry known adoptions are not included in this category of adoption.

Hague/non-Hague countries

An adopted child's country of origin is categorised as either a 'Hague' or a 'non-Hague' country. A Hague intercountry adoption is where the adoptive child's country of origin has ratified or acceded to the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in Respect of Intercountry Adoption, and the applicant(s) file was sent after the Convention entered into force in that country. By ratifying or acceding to the Hague Convention a country is legally bound to apply the Convention.

In some cases, the categorisation of a country as either 'Hague' or 'non-Hague' may vary at different stages of the overseas adoption process (for example, a country may have signed but not yet ratified or acceded to the Hague Convention when an applicant's file is sent to that country, but by the time the adopted child enters Australia and is placed with their adoptive parent(s), the country may have ratified or acceded to the Convention and the Convention has come into force). By signing the Hague Convention a country expresses, in principle, its intention to become a party to the Convention. However, signature does not, in any way, oblige a country to take further action (towards ratification or not). A country is party to the Hague Convention if it has ratified or acceded to the Convention - this involves the legal obligation for the country to apply the Convention.

The lists of 'Hague' countries, (ie. countries that ratified or acceded to the Hague Convention) can be found here. The listed date the Convention came into effect can be used to determine which countries had ratified the Convention before the end of the reporting period for the Adoptions DSS 2011-13 (i.e. 30 June 2013).

Implementation start date: 01/07/2011
Implementation end date: 30/06/2013

Comments: For local and intercountry adoptions, children are placed with

their adoptive families before their adoption order is finalised. Some children placed for adoption during the reporting period may not have their adoption finalised until a following year. In addition, some adoption orders finalised in the reporting period may relate to children who were placed in previous years.

Metadata items in this Data Set Specification

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Adoption arranging organisation sector	Conditional	1
-	Adoption consent	Optional	1
-	Adoption type	Optional	1
-	Adoptive family sibling composition	Optional	1
-	Adoptive parent marital status	Optional	1
-	Age	Optional	4
-	Application identifier	Optional	3
-	Approved intercountry adoption clients	Optional	1
-	Birth mother marital status	Conditional	1
-	Country of origin	Optional	1
-	<u>Indigenous status</u>	Optional	3
-	Intercountry adoption client files sent overseas	Optional	1
-	Intercountry adoption order type	Conditional	1
-	Living arrangement post arrival	Conditional	1
-	Number of adoption placements	Conditional	1
-	Number of adoptions finalised	Optional	1
-	Number of applications for information lodged	Optional	1
-	Number of children adopted as part of a sibling group	Conditional	1
-	Number of intercountry adoption clients	Optional	0
-	Number of placements not finalised	Optional	1
-	Number of sibling groups	Optional	1
-	Number of vetoes in place	Optional	0
-	Number of vetoes lodged	Optional	1
-	Other sibling composition	Conditional	1
-	Relationship of person who lodged an application	Optional	1
-	Relationship to adoptive parents	Conditional	1

-	Sex	Optional	3
-	Type of access arrangement	Optional	1
-	Type of application for information	Optional	1
_	<u>Veto type</u>	Optional	1

Electronic contact details data dictionary

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 433419

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The electronic contact details data dictionary is used to

collect electronic contact details for a person or organisation, including telephone contact details. It is based on the Standards prepared by Standards Australia Subcommittee IT-027-01, Personal and Corporate Data-Representation and Management, for Committee IT-027, Data Management and Interchange to supersede AS 4590-

1999.

The revised AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard is a result of industry concern at the numerous data interchange formats used within the information technology industry. The objective of the Standard is to provide industry with a common client data interchange standard.

Wherever possible, the definitions of data elements are based on existing standards.

Reference has been made to International and Australian Standards, and to standards from the Australian Bureau

of Statistics.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The Electronic contact details data dictionary is one of a suite of data dictionaries based on the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. This suite of data dictionaries is not limited to a specific data collection. The aim is to enable data developers to select appropriate data elements to use in meeting the needs of their specific data collection. These data dictionaries are:

- Party identifier details data dictionary
- Address details data dictionary
- Organisation details data dictionary
- Person details data dictionary

A table has been created to show the mapping between the data elements within the Electronic contact details data dictionary and the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. See: <u>Electronic contact</u>

details mapping

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Reference documents: Originated as part of AS 4212-1994.

Previous edition AS 4590-1999.

Second edition 2006.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Party identifier details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Metadata items in this Data Set Specification

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Australian area code	Optional	1
-	Electronic communication address	Optional	1
-	Electronic communication usage	Optional	1
-	Electronic contact preference indicator	Optional	1
-	International country code	Optional	1
-	Internet voice product identifier	Optional	1
-	Internet voice product name	Optional	1
-	Internet voice service provider	Optional	1
-	Telephone non-standard functionality	Optional	1
-	Telephone number	Optional	1
-	Telephone service line	Optional	1
-	Telephone standard functionality	Optional	5

<u>Uniform Resource Locator</u>

Optional 1

Functioning and Disability DSS

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 320319

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The Functioning and Disability DSS aims to ensure national

consistency in relation to defining and measuring human functioning and disability. This DSS has been developed to be consistent with the International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health (ICF).

Functioning and disability are dual concepts in a broad

framework.

Functioning is the umbrella term for any or all of: body functions, body structures, activities and participation.

Functioning is a multidimensional concept denoting the neutral aspects of the interaction between an individual (with a health condition) and that individual's environmental and personal factors.

Disability is the umbrella term for any or all of: an impairment of body structure or function, a limitation in activities, or a restriction in participation. Disability is a multi-dimensional and complex concept and is conceived as a dynamic interaction between health conditions and environmental and personal factors (WHO 2001:6).

A health condition may be a disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma. Environmental factors make up the physical, social and attitudinal environment in which people live and conduct their lives. Personal factors relate to the individual, such as age, sex and Indigenous status.

The components of functioning and disability are classified and defined in the ICF as **body structures** and **body functions**, **activities** and **participation** and **environmental factors**. Each component is composed of various domains; these are sets of related physiological functions, anatomical structures, actions, tasks, areas of life, and external influences. Qualifiers, the numeric measures coded after the relevant domain, are usually essential to the meaningful use of the classification because of the neutral terms of the domains.

Many different 'definitions' of disability are used in Australia,

both in administrative data collections and in Acts of Parliament. The consistent identification of disability in national data collections has been recommended in a number of reports, for instance to enable:

- the monitoring of access to generic services by people with disability;
- the collection of more consistent data on disability support and related services, including data on service use by different groups;
- population data and service data to be related, thereby improving the nation's analytical capacity in relation to the need for and supply of services; and
- improved understanding of the relationship between disability, health conditions and other health outcomes.

Defining disability makes it possible to determine the number of people in the population with disability, those who are accessing services, both disability specific and generic, and those with a disability in the general population with unmet need. Better definition of disability will aid better targeting of resources to those in need.

The concept 'Disability' can be operationalised in a wide variety of settings and for various purposes, using a combination of related metadata items as building blocks.

The metadata items selected for a particular application may vary depending on the approach to functioning and disability. For example, in hospital rehabilitation, the focus may be on the impairment and activity dimensions, and in community-based care the focus may be primarily on participation. Some applications may require a broad scope for inclusion (e.g. discrimination legislation). Data collections relating to services will select combinations of the data elements, which best reflect the eligibility criteria for the service.

The Functioning and Disability DSS comprises the following four clusters to describe level of human functioning:

- 1 Body functioning, qualified by extent of impairment
- 2 Body structure, qualified by extent, nature and location of impairment
- Activities and participation, qualified by level of difficulty and need for assistance with undertaking activities and extent of and satisfaction with participation
- 4 Environmental factors, qualified by extent of influence of the environment

Data collected using this DSS can be related to national data collections which use ICF concepts such as the Commonwealth State Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) NMDS collection and the ABS Survey of Ageing, Disability and Carers and, from

2006, the Census.

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

Each of the four clusters that make up the Functioning and Disability DSS should be recorded for a complete description of human functioning. This information can be gathered over time by a range of health and community care providers.

Completion of the DSS will record a person-centred description of the experience of functioning of the individual who is the subject of the data. The experience of functioning is in relation to a health condition, and does not consider decrements in functioning that may be associated with social factors such as ethnic background or economic status. For example, the level of communication is recorded in relation to the heath condition, not to the fact that a person does not speak English at home.

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an umbrella term for 'disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as:

- Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN{.N[N]}
- Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN $\{.N[N]$.

This DSS may be used in data collections in the community services, housing and health sectors.

Comments:

The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002). The ICF is grounded in a human rights philosophy, and its relationship to the UN Standard Rules on Equalization of Opportunities for Persons with Disabilities endorsed by the United Nations in 1994 is acknowledged. The purpose of the Rules is to ensure that people with disabilities, as members of their societies, may exercise the same rights and obligations as others.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the

> Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Steward: Advisory Committee on Australian and International Disability

Data (ACAIDD)

Origin: WHO 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning,

Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

AIHW 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra:

AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF, including more detailed codes,

can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User

Guide (AIHW 2003), at the following websites:

 WHO ICF website http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Activities and Participation cluster	Optional	1
-	Body functions cluster	Optional	1
-	Body structures cluster	Optional	1
-	Environmental factors cluster	Optional	1

Juvenile Justice NMDS 2009

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 378088

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

DSS type: National Minimum Data Set (NMDS)

Scope: The Juvenile Justice NMDS contains information about

young people under juvenile justice supervision in

Australia. Young people under juvenile justice supervision are defined as those who are under the supervision or case management of a juvenile justice agency because they have:

• committed or allegedly committed an offence between the ages of 10–17 years

OR

• committed or allegedly committed an offence when aged over 17 years and who are treated as young people due to their vulnerability or immaturity.

It does not contain information on young people who are not supervised or case managed by a juvenile justice agency (for example, young people supervised by an adult correctional agency).

Files

The JJ NMDS contains five files: client file, order file, detention file, order types file and centre file.

Client file

The client file contains demographic information on young people under juvenile justice supervision.

Order file

The order file contains information about the supervised orders handed down by courts and parole boards to young people under juvenile justice supervision.

Detention file

The detention file contains information about the periods of detention of young people under juvenile justice supervision. A detention period relates to the period of time a young person is detained in a juvenile justice remand or detention centre in relation to a particular detention type. A new reception into a detention centre, a

change in legal status and a transfer to another detention centre all start a new detention period, while a release from a detention centre, a transfer to another centre or another jurisdiction, a change in legal status, an escape and an abscond all end a detention period.

Order types file

The order types file links the orders available in jurisdictions with the national order categories.

Centre file

The centre collection contains details on the centres administered and operated by juvenile justice agencies where young people are detained while under the supervision of the relevant juvenile justice agency on a supervised order or legal arrangement.

Juvenile justice departments

The relevant juvenile justice departments whose clients are included in the JJ NMDS as at May 2009 are:

- Department of Juvenile Justice, New South Wales
- Department of Human Services, Victoria
- Department of Communities, Queensland
- Department of Corrective Services, Western Australia
- Department for Families and Communities, South Australia
- Department of Health and Human Services, Tasmania
- Department of Disability, Housing and Community Services, Australian Capital Territory
- Department of Justice, Northern Territory

In addition, other agencies have been included in the JJ NMDS where they supervise or case manage clients who are within the scope of the JJ NMDS, but are not administered by the above mentioned departments. These may include agencies such as police watch houses, for example.

Collection and usage attributes

Statistical unit:

Juvenile Justice NMDS redevelopment

Previous versions of the JJ NMDS comprised a client file, an episode file and a centre file. The episode file contained information on a young person's most serious supervised order, that is, if a young person was being supervised in relation to more than one order at any one time, only information on the most serious order was collected.

Following the review of the JJ NMDS by KPMG in 2008 and 2009, the JJ NMDS was redeveloped and the episode file was replaced with an order file and a detention file and an order type file was added to the NMDS. The client file and

the centre file were not altered. A number of data items were added to the JJ NMDS and existing data item names were updated to match the data item names used in METeOR.

The five files of the JJ NMDS have been replicated in METeOR as DSS clusters, and contain the Data Elements listed as follows:

Juvenile Justice Client file cluster

Person identifier

Letters of family name

Letters of given name

Date of birth

Sex

Indigenous status

First service contact date

Juvenile Justice Order file cluster

Person identifier

Order identifier

Episode start date

Episode end date

Episode type (juvenile justice)

Order cessation reason

Suburb/town/locality name (person)

Postcode - Australian (person)

Juvenile Justice Detention file cluster

Person identifier

Episode start date

Episode end date

Detention type (juvenile justice)

Detention end reason

Suburb/town/locality name (person)

Postcode - Australian (person)

Organisation name

Postcode - Australian (service provider organisation)

Juvenile Justice Order types file cluster

Episode type, local

Episode type (juvenile justice)

Reporting period

Juvenile Justice Centre file cluster

Organisation name

Postcode - Australian (service provider organisation)

Design capacity

Number of detainees

Custody escapes cluster

Custody location

Number of escapes

Reporting period

Implementation start date: 01/07/2009

Comments: Last reviewed September 2011.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Juvenile Justice Data Sub-Committee

Steward: Australasian Juvenile Justice Administrators

Origin: Juvenile Justice National Minimum Data Set Version 1.3

Data Dictionary. AIHW Nov 2004.

Reference documents: Juvenile Justice National Minimum Data Set. Data

Collection Manual for 2005-06. AIHW July 2006.

Juvenile Justice National Minimum Data Set Version 3 Data

Dictionary. AIHW July 2006.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Juvenile Justice NMDS 2007</u> Community

Services, Superseded 19/05/2010

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
1	Juvenile Justice Client file cluster	Mandatory	1
2	Juvenile Justice Order file cluster	Mandatory	1
3	Juvenile Justice Detention file cluster	Mandatory	1
4	Juvenile Justice Order types file cluster	Mandatory	1
5	Juvenile Justice Centre file cluster	Mandatory	1
6	Custody Escapes cluster	Conditional	1

Organisation details data dictionary

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 431158

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The organisation details data dictionary is used to collect

details for an organisation, including the name of the organisation. It is based on the Standards prepared by Standards Australia Subcommittee IT-027-01, Personal and Corporate Data-Representation and Management, for Committee IT-027, Data Management and Interchange to

supersede AS 4590-1999.

The revised AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard is a result of industry concern at the numerous data interchange formats used within the information technology industry. The objective of the Standard is to provide industry with a common client

data interchange standard.

Wherever possible, the definitions of data elements are

based on existing standards.

Reference has been made to International and Australian Standards, and to standards from the Australian Bureau

of Statistics.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The Organisation details data dictionary is one of a suite of data dictionaries based on the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. This suite of data dictionaries is not limited to a specific data collection. The aim is to enable data developers to select appropriate data elements to use in meeting the needs of their specific data collection. These data dictionaries are:

- Party identifier details data dictionary
- Electronic contact details data dictionary
- Address details data dictionary
- Person details data dictionary

A table has been created to show the mapping between the data elements within the Organisation details data dictionary and the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. See: <u>Organisation details mapping</u>

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Reference documents: Originated as part of AS 4212-1994.

Previous edition AS 4590-1999.

Second edition 2006.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Electronic contact details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Party identifier details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Industry of operation	Optional	1
-	Organisation name	Optional	1
-	Organisation name end date	Optional	1
-	Organisation name start date	Optional	1
-	Organisation name type	Optional	1
-	Organisation registration end date	Optional	1
-	Organisation registration start date	Optional	1
-	Organisation registration type	Optional	1
-	Organisation type	Optional	1
-	Trading activity status	Optional	1
-	Trading activity status end date	Optional	1
_	Trading activity status start date	Optional	1

Party identifier details data dictionary

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 466213

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The party identifier details data dictionary contains items

which describe the identification details for people or organizations. A party may have multiple identification details and identifier statuses. It is based on the Standards prepared by Standards Australia Subcommittee IT-027-01,

Personal and Corporate Data-Representation and

Management, for Committee IT-027, Data Management and

Interchange to supersede AS 4590-1999.

The revised AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information standard is a result of industry concern at the numerous data interchange formats used within the information technology industry. The objective of the Standard is to provide industry with a common client data

interchange standard.

Wherever possible, the definitions of data elements are

based on existing standards.

Reference has been made to International and Australian Standards, and to standards from the Australian Bureau of

Statistics.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Party identifier details data dictionary is one of a suite

of data dictionaries based on the AS 4590 - 2006

Interchange of client information standard. This suite of data dictionaries is not limited to a specific data collection. The aim is to enable data developers to select appropriate data elements to use in meeting the needs of their specific

data collection. These data dictionaries are:

- Person details data dictionary
- Organisation details data dictionary
- Address details data dictionary
- Electronic contact details data dictionary

A table has been created to show the mapping between the data elements within the Party identifier details data

dictionary and the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. See: <u>Party identifier details</u>

mapping

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also <u>Address details data dictionary</u> Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Electronic contact details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Person details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Identifier designation	Optional	1
-	<u>Identifier issuer</u>	Optional	1
-	<u>Identifier name</u>	Optional	1
-	<u>Identifier status</u>	Optional	1
-	Identifier status end date	Optional	1
-	Identifier status start date	Optional	1

Person details data dictionary

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Data Set Specification**

METeOR identifier: 430772

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The person details data dictionary contains the data

elements to identify the name and demographic characteristics of a person defined as a human being, whether man, woman or child. It is based on the Standards prepared by Standards Australia

Subcommittee IT-027-01, Personal and Corporate Data-Representation and Management, for Committee IT-027, Data Management and Interchange to supersede AS 4590-

1999.

The revised AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard is a result of industry concern at the numerous data interchange formats used within the information technology industry. The objective of the Standard is to provide industry with a common client data interchange standard.

Wherever possible, the definitions of data elements are

based on existing standards.

Reference has been made to International and Australian Standards, and to standards from the Australian Bureau

of Statistics.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The Person details data dictionary is one of a suite of data

dictionaries based on the AS 4590 - 2006 Interchange of

client information standard. This suite of data

dictionaries is not limited to a specific data collection. The aim is to enable data developers to select appropriate data elements to use in meeting the needs of their specific data

collection. These data dictionaries are:

- Party identifier details data dictionary
- Electronic contact details data dictionary
- Organisation details data dictionary
- Address details data dictionary

A table has been created to show the mapping between the data elements within the Person details data dictionary and the AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client information standard. See: <u>Person details mapping</u>

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Reference documents: Originated as part of AS 4212-1994.

Previous edition AS 4590-1999.

Second edition 2006.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Address details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Electronic contact details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also Organisation details data dictionary Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

See also <u>Party identifier details data dictionary</u> Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Citizenship country	Optional	99
-	Country of birth	Optional	1
-	Date of birth	Optional	1
-	Date of death	Optional	1
-	Family name	Optional	1
-	Given name(s)	Optional	99
-	Main occupation of person	Optional	1
-	Marital status	Optional	1
-	Name suffix	Optional	99
-	Name title	Optional	99
-	Name usage type	Optional	1
-	Name usage type end date	Optional	1

Name usage type start date Optional 1 Optional <u>Sex</u> 1

Standardised disability flag module

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 521050

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

DSS type: Data Set Specification (DSS)

Scope: The Standardised disability flag is a module comprising

questions and output data items to identify people with disabilities or long term health conditions who experience difficulties and/or need assistance in various areas of their life.

The module looks at how people function in everyday

activities, as well as whether they have a specific restriction in

participating in education or in employment.

The module is designed to provide consistent and comparable information across services in all Australian jurisdictions over time and across data collections. Services in scope are those that

people encounter in everyday life—such as healthcare, education, housing, transport, and community services.

While information is available on services especially designed for people with disabilities, information on the experience of

people with disabilities in other services is not.

Collection and usage attributes

Statistical unit: Persor

Guide for use: The Standardised disability flag comprises a set of questions

and associated derived items:

- Activity and participation need for assistance cluster (this is a matrix of two items)
- Education participation restriction indicator
- Employment participation restriction indicator
- Extent of activity limitation (derived from the *Activity and participation need for assistance cluster*)
- [Optional] Activity limitation flag (summary version of *Extent of activity limitation*)
- [Optional] Extent of core activity limitation (derived from the *Activity and participation need for assistance cluster*).

The questions comprising the Standardised disability flag need to be asked directly of a respondent or via proxy, and answers to these questions should not be substituted/ transferred from existing records. The Flag does not include a question on

disability type: this information may be collected in addition to the Flag by individual organisations, as required.

The input items for the module comprise:

- Activity and participation need for assistance cluster: a matrix of two items, with a preamble and a question
- Education participation restriction indicator: a single item, with a preamble and a question
- Employment participation restriction indicator: a single item, with a preamble and a question.

The output items for the module comprise:

- Extent of activity limitation (derived from the Activity and participation need for assistance cluster)
- Education participation restriction indicator (equals the corresponding input item)
- Employment participation restriction indicator (equals the corresponding input item)
- [Optional] Activity limitation flag (summary version of *Extent of activity limitation*)
- [Optional] Extent of core activity limitation (derived from the Activity and participation need for assistance cluster).

The education participation restriction flag and the employment participation restriction flag are independent input/output items, and these are in turn independent from the activity limitation extent and flag items.

It is expected that the presentation and wording will be standard across all services and settings, although there is some flexibility in terms of the grammar of questions to allow a proxy/carer to answer the Standardised Disability Flag questions on behalf of a person who would be unable to complete the questions themselves.

All components of the Standardised disability flag should be collected in the context of a long-term health condition or disability.

A long-term health condition is one that has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or more. Examples of long-term health conditions that might restrict a person's everyday activities include severe asthma, epilepsy, mental health condition, hearing loss, arthritis, depression, autism, kidney disease, chronic pain, speech impairment, stroke.

Disability is a general term that covers:

- impairments in body structures or functions (for example, loss or abnormality of a body part)
- limitations in everyday activities (such as difficulty bathing or managing daily routines)

• restrictions in participation in life situations (such as needing special arrangements to attend work).

Note that in the context of this definition, for a person to be fully assessed as having disability (as conceived by the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health), the person has to report:

- an activity limitation, and/or
- a specific education participation restriction, and/or
- a specific employment participation restriction

as captured by the output items described above. Hence, if only the *Extent of activity limitation* or *Activity limitation flag* items are reported, then some clients who *only* have a specific education and/or employment participation restriction (that is, do not have an activity limitation in one of the eight life areas covered by the *Activity and participation need for assistance cluster*) may be excluded from the identified group of people with disability.

As noted above, the Extent of activity limitation, Activity limitation flag and Extent of core activitiy limitation items are derived from the Activity and participation need for assistance cluster, and the output and input items use different but complementary terminology. The relationship between these terms is described in the following table:

Need for assistance term	Activity limitation term
Always/sometimes need assistance and/or supervision	Profound/severe limitation or restriction
Have difficulty, but don't need help/supervision	Moderate limitation or restriction
Don't have difficulty, but use aids/equipment/medications	Mild limitation or restriction
Have no difficulty	No limitation or restriction

Collection methods:

The mandatory data items required for analysis of the Standardised disability flag are:

- Activity and participation need for assistance cluster
- Education participation restriction flag
- Employment participation restriction flag.

It is recommended that data covering socio-demographic factors – such as age, gender, Indigenous status, country of birth, living arrangements, student status and employment situation—also be collected to provide contextual information about clients and assist in the analysis of client needs. However, as such data are likely to already be collected by each organisation, there is no further information about these data items in the following sections.

The Flag questions can be completed by the client (or the client's proxy, such as parent, guardian or carer), or by a staff member 'interviewing' the client or their proxy. It can be completed using paper forms or an online form as part of the organisation's systems.

Each organisation will need to determine which mode of data collection is most suited to its operation and currently used data collection systems. For example, educational institutions or libraries may consider directing their clients to fill in an online form, while health or housing services may administer the Flag using a paper form at the time of service, or the services' electronic registration system.

The Standardised Disability Flag questions can be completed directly by the respondent, although the Flag has been designed in such a way that if it is completed by a proxy or staff member there is little risk of it being misinterpreted.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 2006. Disability variables, 2006. ABS cat. no. 1200.0.55.001. Canberra: ABS. Viewed 24th

August 2001,

ABS 2009. Disability, aging and carers, Australia: user guide. ABS cat. no. 4431.0.55.001. Canberra: ABS. Australian Government 2011. National Carer Strategy. Viewed October

2012.

COAG (Council of Australian Governments) 2011. National Disability Strategy 2010–2020. Viewed September 2012.

COAG 2012. National Disability Agreement (2012). Viewed September 2012.

Productivity Commission 2011. Disability care and support: Report no. 54. Canberra: Productivity Commission.

SCRGSP (Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision) 2011, National Agreement Performance Information 2010-11: National Affordable Housing Agreement. Viewed March 2013, http://www.pc.gov.au/gsp/national-

agreements/affordable-housing>

World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health. Geneva: WHO

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
1	Activity and participation need for assistance cluster (disability flag)	Mandatory	1
2	Education participation restriction indicator	Conditional	1
3	Employment participation restriction indicator	Conditional	1
4	Derived extent of activity limitation (disability flag)	Mandatory	1
5	Derived activity limitation (disability flag)	Optional	1
6	Derived extent of core activity limitation (disability flag)	Optional	1

Data element clusters

Activities and Participation cluster

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 320111

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: This data cluster is one of four clusters that make up the

Functioning and Disability DSS. To ensure a complete

description of human functioning it is recommended that this cluster be collected along with the following three clusters over time and by a range of health and community care providers:

1 Body functions cluster

- 2 Body structures cluster
- 3 Environmental factors cluster

In the context of health, activity refers to the execution of a task or action by an individual, and participation refers to involvement in a life situation.

The Activities and Participation cluster collects information on a person's level of difficulty with activities, assistance needed to perform activities, extent of participation, and satisfaction with participation in the following life areas:

- 1. Learning and applying knowledge
- 2. General tasks and demands
- 3. Communication
- 4. Mobility
- 5. Self-care
- 6. Domestic life
- 7. Interpersonal interactions and relationships
- 8. Major life areas
- 9. Community, social and civic life

The use of this cluster to collect information on activity limitations and participation restrictions should enhance data quality for medical purposes as well as for a range of purposes related to understanding human functioning. This data cluster should be complementary to information on diseases.

The information collected in the Activities and Participation cluster may also indicate the sorts of interventions that could result in improved functioning. This could be in the form of rehabilitation, health-related interventions, equipment, or support for example.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The following four measures are used to describe activities and participation in life areas:

- **Difficulty** with activities may include pain involved, time taken, effort, number of errors, clumsiness, and modification of the manner in which the activity is performed. Difficulty is the combination of the frequency with which the problem exists, the duration of the problem and the intensity of the problem.
- 2 **Need for assistance** with activities includes personal assistance and/or supervision.
- 3 **Extent of participation** indicates the level of participation restriction. This corresponds to an externally observable measure of participation.
- Satisfaction with participation corresponds to the person's own perspective on their participation, and reflects their attitude to their participation in the various life areas. It is essentially a summary measure in which are embedded the concepts of choice, opportunity and importance.

For each life area code recorded there can be one response for each of the measures. The choice of measure will depend on the user and their information requirements.

There are numerous possible methods for collecting activity, activity limitation, participation and participation restriction. A decision could be made to collect information:

- about every domain;
- on domains of particular relevance; or
- on a number of domains which are prioritised according to specified criteria.

See also the ICF Australian User Guide for further guidelines.

Collection methods:

The Person – activities/participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] data element is supported by a value domain -Activities and participation code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] representing a single list of activity and participation domains that are grouped together.

The World Health Organization suggests the list be used in one of four operational ways.

- a) To designate some domains as activities and others as participation, not allowing any overlap.
- b) Same as (a) above, but allowing partial overlap.
- c) To designate all detailed domains as activities and the broad category headings as participation.

d) To use all domains as both activities and participation.

The ICF Australian User Guide proposes the use of either option (b) or (d) with the use of additional qualifiers to delineate between activity and participation.

The Person—activities and participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] data element can be used on its own as a neutral list of tasks, actions and life situations, or together with the four additional data elements in this cluster to record positive or neutral performance as well as activity limitations and participation restrictions. (It is important to note that the Person—activities and participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] data element must always be used when recording any of the other four data elements.)

This cluster is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF is a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications (endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001) and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as:

- Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN{.N[N}
- Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN{.N[N}.

The ICF recognises two constructs that can be used with 'Activities and Participation': performance and capacity. 'Performance' is what the person does in their usual environment. 'Capacity' describes 'an individual's ability to execute a task or an action in a standardised environment, where a standardised environment may be:

- an actual environment commonly used for assessment in test settings; or
- in cases where this is not possible, an assumed environment which can be thought to have a uniform impact (WHO 2001).

The standardised environment has not been generally operationalised. However, the recognition of these two constructs in the ICF underscores the importance of recording the environment in which activities are being performed.

Comments:

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the

> Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Activity and participation life area	Mandatory	1
-	Assistance with activities	Optional	1
-	<u>Difficulty with activities</u>	Optional	1
-	Extent of participation	Optional	1
-	Satisfaction with participation	Optional	1

Activity and participation need for assistance cluster (disability flag)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 505770

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: These data elements are used together to assess the functional status of a

person across a range of life areas, leading to a classification of 'Activity

limitation' under the Standardised disability flag.

The activity and participation need for assistance cluster combines the two

data elements:

Person – activity and participation life area, disability flag code N and

Person – need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N, to

complete the following matrix:

	Always/sometimes need help and/or supervision	Have difficulty, but don't need help/ supervision	Don't have difficulty, but use aids/ equipment/ medications	Have no difficulty
Self-care				
Mobility				
Communication				
Learning and applying knowledge				
Managing things around the home				
Managing tasks and handling situations				
Personal relationships				
Community life				

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The data elements in this cluster are collected to help assess access to and use of mainstream services by people with varying levels of support need. It is the respondent's perception about whether a long-term health condition or disability restricts their everyday activities that is important.

It is expected that for children aged 5–14 years, the items in this cluster would be collected from a proxy (parent/guardian/teacher answering on the child's behalf).

Collection methods:

This data cluster is designed for the whole mainstream population and should be used to collect information from the respondent or a proxy/carer answering on their behalf. Note that all people, both adults and children, are in scope for the Standardised Disability Flag questions. The cluster is seeking to identify the extent to which, due to a long-term health condition or disability, a respondent cannot undertake everyday activities that other people in a similar age group would normally be able to carry out. Explain to the respondent that the question is asked in the context of a long-term health condition or disability that has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or more. The responses are phrased in response to the question 'For each of the following activities, do you need help/supervision, have difficulty, or use aids/equipment/medications? (choose one answer for each row)'.

Also required is the following standard preamble to the question:

The next question is about whether a long-term health condition or disability restricts your everyday activities.

A long-term health condition is one that has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or more.

Examples of long-term health conditions that might restrict your everyday activities include severe asthma, epilepsy, mental health condition, hearing loss, arthritis, depression, autism, kidney disease, chronic pain, speech impairment, stroke.

Disability is a general term that covers:

- impairments in body structures or functions (for example, loss or abnormality of a body part)
- limitations in everyday activities (such as difficulty bathing or managing daily routines)
- restrictions in participation in life situations (such as needing special arrangements to attend work).

Note that:

• A long-term health condition or disability does not have to be medically diagnosed—it should be self-reported from the perspective of the respondent or a proxy/carer answering on their behalf. For example, the service worker may presume that the respondent is experiencing difficulty but the respondent may have found ways of overcoming their limitations and report that they have no difficulty. Alternatively, the respondent may be experiencing difficulties that are not readily

- apparent to the worker.
- Pregnancy is not considered to be a disability or long-term health condition although it lasts more than 6 months. If a respondent has developed an adverse health condition as a result of their pregnancy which has lasted, or is expected to last, 6 months or more, then the respondent should report any restrictions that arise from having this long-term health condition.
- Clients, including children, who do not have any limitations due to a long-term health condition or disability should be recorded as 'Have no difficulty'. It is important to collect data on every client so that the proportion of clients who have a restriction due to long-term health condition or disability can be measured.
- Children should be assessed on the basis of their age and appropriateness of activities that other children in a similar age group would normally be able to carry out.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

in Data Set

Implementation Standardised disability flag module Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Specifications:

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Activity and participation life area (Standardised Disability Flag)	Mandatory	1
-	Assistance with activities (Standardised Disability Flag)	Mandatory	1

Body functions cluster

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 320117

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: This data cluster is one of four clusters that make up the

Functioning and Disability DSS. To ensure a complete description of human functioning it is recommended that it be collected along with the following three clusters over time and

by a range of health and community care providers:

1 Body Structures cluster

2 Activities and Participation cluster

3 Environmental factors cluster

Body functions are the physiological functions of body systems (including psychological functions). The term 'body' refers to the human organism as a whole; hence it includes the brain and its functions, that is, the mind.

The Body functions cluster collects information on the presence and extent of impairment of the eight body function domains listed below:

- 1 Mental functions
- 2 Sensory functions and pain
- 3 Voice and speech functions
- 4 Functions of the cardiovascular, haematological, immunological and respiratory systems
- 5 Functions of the digestive, metabolic and the endocrine system
- 6 Genitourinary and reproductive functions
- 7 Neuromusculoskeletal and movement-related functions
- 8 Functions of the skin and related structures

Impairments of body functions, as defined in the ICF, are problems in body functions such as a loss or significant departure from population standards or averages. The ICD uses impairment as 'signs and symptoms', a 'component of disease' or sometimes 'reason for contact with health services'.

Impairments are recorded in terms of their extent or magnitude, nature and/or location. Determination of impairment is undertaken primarily by those qualified to evaluate physical and mental functioning or structure according to these standards.

Impairments should be detectable or noticeable by others or the person by direct observation or by inference from indirect observation. Impairments are not the same as the underlying pathology, but are manifestations of that pathology.

Impairments can be temporary or permanent; progressive, regressive or static; intermittent or continuous. The deviation from the population norm may be slight or severe and may fluctuate over time. Impairments may result in other impairments.

Impairments may be part, or an expression of a health condition, but do not necessarily indicate that a disease is present or that the individual should be regarded as sick.

The use of this cluster to collect information on impairments of body functions should enhance data quality for medical purposes as well as for a range of purposes related to human functioning. This data cluster should be complementary to information on diseases.

The information collected in the Body functions cluster may also indicate the sorts of interventions that could result in improved functioning. This could be in the form of rehabilitation, health-related interventions, equipment, or support for example.

Collection and usage attributes

Collection methods:

The Person—body function, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] data element is a neutral list of functions that can be used to record positive or neutral body function, as well as impairment of a specified body function when used in conjunction with Person—extent of impairment of body function, code (ICF 2001)N. For each body function code recorded there should be a code for impairment of body functions.

There are numerous possible methods for collecting body functions and impairments. A decision could be made to collect information:

- about every domain;
- on domains of particular relevance; or
- on a number of domains which are prioritised according to specified criteria.

See also the ICF Australian User Guide for further guidelines.

Comments:

This cluster is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications

(endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as:

- Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) $ANN\{.N[N]$
- Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) $ANN\{.N[N].$

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set *Specifications:*

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Body function	Mandatory	1
-	Impairment of body function	Mandatory	1

Body structures cluster

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 320151

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: This data cluster is one of four clusters that make up the

Functioning and Disability DSS. To ensure a complete description of human functioning it is recommended that this cluster be collected along with the following three clusters over

time and by a range of health and community care providers:

1. Body functions cluster

2. Activities and participation cluster

3. Environmental factors cluster

Body structures are anatomical parts of the body such as organs, limbs and their components.

The Body structures cluster collects information on the presence and extent of impairment, the nature of the change and the location of the impairment for the eight body structure domains listed below:

- 1. Structures of the nervous system
- 2. The eye, ear and related structures
- 3. Structures involved in voice and speech
- 4. Structures of the cardiovascular, immunological and respiratory systems
- 5. Structures related to the digestive, metabolism and endocrine systems
- 6. Structures related to genitourinary and reproductive systems
- 7. Structures related to movement
- 8. Skin and related structures

Impairments of body structures, as defined in the ICF, are problems in body structure such as a loss or significant departure from population standards or averages. The ICD uses impairment as 'signs and symptoms', a 'component of disease' or sometimes 'reason for contact with health services'.

Impairments are recorded in terms of their extent or magnitude, nature and/or location. Determination of impairment is undertaken primarily by those qualified to evaluate physical and mental functioning or structure according to population standards or averages.

Impairments should be detectable or noticeable by others or the person by direct observation or by inference from indirect observation. Impairments are not the same as the underlying pathology, but are manifestations of that pathology.

Impairments can be temporary or permanent; progressive, regressive or static; intermittent or continuous. The deviation from the population norm may be slight or severe and may fluctuate over time. Impairments may result in other impairments.

Impairments may be part, or an expression of a health condition, but do not necessarily indicate that a disease is present or that the individual should be regarded as sick.

The use of this cluster to collect information on impairments should enhance data quality for medical purposes as well as for a range of purposes related to understanding human functioning. This data cluster should be complementary to information on diseases.

The information collected in the Body structures cluster may also indicate the sorts of interventions that could result in improved functioning. This could be in the form of rehabilitation, health-related interventions, equipment, or support for example.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

The Person – body structure, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] is a data element supported by the value domain Body structure code (ICF 2001) AN(NNNN) that represents a neutral list of structures from the ICF. This data element can be used to record positive or neutral body structure, as well as impairment of a specified body structure when used in conjunction with Person – extent of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) N.

It is optional to record the location and nature of the impairment using Person – nature of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) X and Person – location of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) X respectively.

There are numerous possible methods for collecting body structures and impairments. A decision could be made to collect information:

- about every domain;
- on domains of particular relevance; or
- on a number of domains which are prioritised according to specified criteria.

Comments:

This cluster is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as:

- Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN{.N[N}
- Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN{.N[N}

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation:

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

<u>Disability and need for assistance cluster</u> Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Body structure	Mandatory	1
-	Change to body structure	Optional	1
-	Impairment of body structure	Mandatory	1
_	Location of impairment	Optional	1

Cultural and language diversity cluster

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Data Set Specification**

METeOR identifier: 491352

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: Standards for Statistics on Cultural and Language Diversity

> have been developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) to provide a means of standardising the way the ABS and other agencies collect and disseminate information relating to the origins of individuals and cultural diversity in Australia.

The minimum core set for the purposes of collecting

information relevant to cultural diversity in respect of people who have migrated to Australia, and their descendants are;

- Country of birth
- Main language other than English spoken at home and
- Proficiency in spoken English.

Additional items may be considered to more fully describe Cultural and Language Diversity such as;

- Country of birth (Mother)
- Country of birth (Father)
- Year of arrival in Australia
- First language spoken
- Religious affiliation and
- Indigenous Status.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Steward: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Standards for Statistics on

Cultural and Language Diversity. Cat no. 1289.0. Canberra.

1999.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Country of birth	Optional	3
-	First language spoken	Optional	1
-	<u>Indigenous status</u>	Optional	1
-	Main language other than English spoken at home	Optional	1
-	Proficiency in spoken English	Optional	1
-	Religious affiliation	Optional	1
-	Year of arrival in Australia	Optional	1

Environmental factors cluster

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 320195

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: This data cluster is one of four clusters that make up the

Functioning and Disability DSS. To ensure a complete description of human functioning it is recommended that this cluster be collected along with the following three clusters over

time and by a range of health and community care providers:

1. Body functions cluster

2. Body structures cluster

3. Activities and participation cluster

Environmental factors make up the physical, social and attitudinal environment in which people live and conduct their lives. These factors can have a positive or negative influence on a person's participation as a member of society, on performance of activities, or on a person's body function or structure.

The Environmental Factors cluster collects information on the extent to which each of the domains in the five chapters listed below influence the body function or structure, activity or participation of a person:

- 1. Products and technology
- 2. Natural environment and human-made changes to environment
- 3. Support and relationships
- 4. Attitudes
- 5. Services, systems and policies

Each chapter contains categories at different levels ordered from general to detailed. For detailed information the user should follow the structure of the ICF; the codes should be drawn from the same hierarchical level within any particular chapter.

Codes at the ICF chapter headings may be recorded. If further detail is required the Environmental Factors classification includes 3 and 4 digit codes:

e5 Services, systems and policies

e580 Health services, systems and policies

e5800 Health services

Where multiple environmental factors and the extent of influence are recorded, the following prioritising system may be useful:

- The first recorded environmental factor is the one having the greatest impact on the individual.
- Second and subsequent environmental factors are also of relevance to the individual.

The Environmental factors cluster may be used in health, community services and other disability-related data collections to record the environmental factors that facilitate or inhibit optimum functioning at the body, person or societal level. Identifying whether, and by how much, these environmental factors are influencing an individual's level of functioning, and whether the influence is a facilitator or barrier, may indicate the sorts of interventions that will optimise the individual's functioning. This information may be useful for policy development, service provision, or advocacy purposes. Preventative strategies could also be indicated by this information.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

For each environmental factor code recorded there should be one response for the influence of the environmental factor.

There are numerous possible methods for collecting environmental factors. Information can be collected on:

- all environmental factors:
- environmental factors of particular relevance;
- a number of environmental factors, prioritised according to specified criteria;
- one environmental factor per person; or
- record environmental factors for each recorded body function, body structure, and activities and participation.

See also the ICF Australian User Guide for further guidelines.

Comments:

This cluster is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an

'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as:

- Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) ANN{.N[N}
- Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 5th Ed) $ANN\{.N[N].$

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) which is the

> Australian Collaborating Centre for the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications.

Relational attributes

Implementation in Data Set Specifications:

Disability and need for assistance cluster Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard

16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Environmental factor	Mandatory	1
-	Influence of environmental factor	Mandatory	1

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) cluster 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 477111

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: The person level geographical location data elements in this

cluster refer to the person's usual residence. This is defined

below.

When collecting the geographical location of a person's usual place of residence, the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) recommends that 'usual' be defined as: 'the place where the person has or intends to live for 6 months or more, or the place that the person regards as their main residence, or where the person has no other residence, the place they currently reside.' Apart from collecting a person's usual place of residence there is also a need in some collections to collect area of residence immediately prior to or after assistance is provided, or at some other

point in time.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

SEIFA is a suite of four summary measures that have been created from 2006 Census information. The indexes can be used to explore different aspects of socio-economic conditions by geographic areas. For each index, every geographic area in Australia is given a SEIFA number which shows how disadvantaged that area is compared with other areas in Australia.

Each index summarises a different aspect of the socioeconomic conditions of people living in an area. They each summarise a different set of social and economic information. The indexes provide more general measures of socio-economic status than is given by measuring income or unemployment alone, for example.

The four indexes in SEIFA 2006 are:

• Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage: is derived from Census variables related to disadvantage, such as low income, low educational attainment,

unemployment, and dwellings without motor vehicles.

- Index of Relative Socio-economic Advantage and Disadvantage: a continuum of advantage (high values) to disadvantage (low values) which is derived from Census variables related to both advantage and disadvantage, like household with low income and people with a tertiary education.
- Index of Economic Resources: focuses on Census variables like the income, housing expenditure and assets of households.
- Index of Education and Occupation: includes Census variables relating to the educational and occupational characteristics of communities, like the proportion of people with a higher qualification or those employed in a skilled occupation.

The concept of relative socio-economic disadvantage is neither simple, nor well defined. SEIFA uses a broad definition of relative socio-economic disadvantage in terms of people's access to material and social resources, and their ability to participate in society. While SEIFA represents an average of all people living in an area, SEIFA does not represent the individual situation of each person. Larger areas are more likely to have greater diversity of people and households.

SEIFA 2006 is released for the following geographic levels:

- Census Collection District (CD);
- Postal Area (POA);
- Statistical Local Area (SLA); and
- Local Government Area (LGA).

The basic geographic level used to create SEIFA is the CD. The CD is the smallest spatial unit in the Australian Standard Geographic Classification (ASGC) (ABS cat no 1216.0). SLAs and LGAs are larger units in the ASGC. POAs are a CD-based approximation of Australia Post postcodes, and are part of the Census Geographic Areas classification (ABS cat no 2905.0).

Collection methods:

The data elements listed below do not lead directly to the four SEIFA measures. Rather, they are used to determine the geographic location which can be examined on the SEIFA indexes. As SEIFA is collected at the Collection District level, the collection of information about a person's or service provider organisation's locality and postcode

enables the user to ascertain the Collection District or larger geographical entity which can then be found in the relevant SEIFA index.

A number of tools have been designed to assist users to assign geographic area codes on the basis of localities and postcodes. Chief amongst these has been the National Localities Index (NLI). The NLI consists of two parts - a Localities Index and a Streets Sub-Index. The Localities Index contains a list of all Localities in Australia. In broad terms, a Locality is a place where people live or work - or say they live or work. Localities are assigned their full ASGC Main Structure code (i.e. S/T, SD, SSD and SLA codes). The majority of Localities lie wholly within one SLA but where they are split between two or more SLAs, street information is recorded in the Streets Sub-Index.

The NLI is not available beyond the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) 2007. The final edition of the NLI was released in July 2007; it was current up until 30 June 2008. The NLI has been replaced by the 'Locality to SLA Concordance' which is a list of State, Locality and Postcode combinations that can be used to determine an ASGC Statistical Local Area (SLA) code. This list has been derived from various geographic information sources. Currently the 'Locality to SLA Concordance' is revised and released each year.

Similar concordances may be made available for the forthcoming Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS).

SEIFA indexes are assigned to areas, not to individuals. They indicate the collective socio-economic status of the people living in an area. A relatively disadvantaged area is likely to have a high proportion of relatively disadvantaged people. However, such an area is also likely to contain people who are not disadvantaged, as well as people who are relatively advantaged.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Reference documents: Information Paper: An Introduction to Socio-Economic

Indoxes for Areas (SEIEA), 2006 (ARS set no 2020.0)

Indexes for Areas (SEIFA), 2006 (ABS cat no 2039.0)

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) - Technical

Paper 2006 (ABS cat no 2039.0.55.001)

National Localities Index, Australia, Jul 2007 Final (ABS cat

no 1252.0.55.001)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA)

cluster 2010 Community Services, Superseded 09/03/2012,

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012

Metadata items in this Data Set Specification

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
-	Area of usual residence	Optional	1
-	Australian postcode (address)	Optional	1
-	Geographic location of organisation (CD)	Optional	1

Statistical linkage key 581 cluster

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Data Set Specification

METeOR identifier: 349510

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

DSS type: Data Element Cluster

Scope: Statistical data linkage refers to the bringing together of

data from different sources to gain a greater understanding of a situation or individual from the combined (or linked) dataset. This facilitates a better understanding of the patterns of service use by groups of clients for research, statistical or policy analysis, planning and evaluation

purposes.

Its form is: XXXXXDDMMYYYYN

The sequence in which the linkage key is completed is as

follows:

Family name (the first 3 Xs)

Given name (the 4th and 5th X)

Date of birth by day, month and four-digit year

Sex

XXX 2nd, 3rd and 5th letters of the family name.

In the first three spaces the agency should record the 2nd, 3rd and 5th letters of the client's family name.

For example: If the client's family name is Smith the reported value should be MIH. If the client's family name is Jones the reported value should be ONS.

Regardless of the length of a person's name, the reported value should always be three characters long. If the legal family name is not long enough to supply the requested letters (i.e. a legal family name of less than five letters) then agencies should substitute the number '2' to reflect the missing letters. The placement of a number '2' should always correspond to the same space that the missing letter would have within the 3-digit field. A number (rather than a letter) is used for such a substitution in order to clearly indicate that an appropriate corresponding letter from the

person's name is not available.

Cases where the family name has less than 5 letters:

If a person's family name is Farr, then value reported would be AR2 because the 2 is substituting for a missing 5th letter of the family name. Similarly, if the person's family name was Hua, then the value reported would be UA2 because the 2 is substituting for the missing 5th letter of the family name.

If a client's family name is missing altogether the agency should record the number 999 for all three spaces associated with the family name, (not the number 2). In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies should always ask the person to specify their legal first given name and their legal family name separately. These should then be recorded as first given name and family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

If the client's family name includes non-alphabetic characters – for example hyphens (as in Lee-Archer), apostrophes (as in O'Mara) or blank spaces (as in De Vries) – these non-alphabetic characters should be ignored when counting the position of each character.

XX 2nd and 3rd letters of given name

In the fourth and fifth spaces the agency should record the 2nd and 3rd letters of the client's given name.

For example: If the client's given name is Elizabeth the reported value should be LI. If the client's given name is Robert the reported value should be OB.

If the client's given name includes non-alphabetic characters – for example hyphens (as in Jo-Anne) or apostrophes (as in D'Arcy), these non-alphabetic characters should be ignored when counting the position of each character.

Regardless of the length of a person's given name, the reported value should always be two characters long. If the given name of the person is not long enough to supply the requested letters (i.e. a name of less than three letters) then agencies should substitute the number '2' to reflect the missing letters. The placement of a number '2' should always correspond to the same space that the missing letter would have within the 2-digit field. A number (rather than a letter) is used for such substitutions in order to clearly indicate that an appropriate corresponding letter from the

person's name is not available.

For example: If the person's legal name was Jo then the value reported would be O2 because the 2 is substituting for the missing 3rd letter of the given name.

If the person's given name is missing altogether the agency should record 99 for the two spaces associated with the given name. In some cultures it is traditional to state the family name first. To overcome discrepancies in recording/reporting that may arise as a result of this practice, agencies should always ask the person to specify their given name and their family name separately. These should then be recorded as first given name and family name as appropriate, regardless of the order in which they may be traditionally given.

Date of Birth

DD represents the day in the month a person was born MM represents the month in the year a person was born

YYYY represents the year a person was born

If date of birth is not known or cannot be obtained, provision should be made to collect or estimate age. Collected or estimated age would usually be in years for adults and to the nearest three months (or less) for children aged less than two years. Additionally, an estimated date flag or a date accuracy indicator should be reported in conjunction with all estimated dates of birth.

For data collections concerned with children's services, it is suggested that the estimated date of birth of children aged under 2 years should be reported to the nearest 3 month period, i.e. 0101, 0104, 0107, 0110 of the estimated year of birth. For example, a child who is thought to be aged 18 months in October of one year would have his/her estimated date of birth reported as 0104 of the previous year. Again, an estimated date flag or date accuracy indicator

http://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/ itemId/294429 should be reported in conjunction with all estimated dates of birth.

Sex

N represents whether or not the person is a 1. Male or 2. Female.

Operationally, sex is the distinction between male and female, as reported by a person or as determined by an interviewer.

When collecting data on sex by personal interview, asking the sex of the respondent is usually unnecessary and may be inappropriate, or even offensive. It is usually a simple matter to infer the sex of the respondent through observation, or from other cues such as the relationship of the person(s) accompanying the respondent, or first name. The interviewer may ask whether persons not present at the interview are male or female.

A person's sex may change during their lifetime as a result of procedures known alternatively as sex change, gender reassignment, transsexual surgery, transgender reassignment or sexual reassignment. Throughout this process, which may be over a considerable period of time, the person's sex could be recorded as either Male or Female.

In data collections that use the ICD-10-AM classification, where sex change is the reason for admission, diagnoses should include the appropriate ICD-10-AM code(s) that clearly identify that the person is undergoing such a process. This code(s) would also be applicable after the person has completed such a process, if they have a procedure involving an organ(s) specific to their previous sex (e.g. where the patient has prostate or ovarian cancer).

Code 3 Intersex or indeterminate

Is normally used for babies for whom sex has not been determined for whatever reason.

Should not generally be used on data collection forms completed by the respondent.

Should only be used if the person or respondent volunteers that the person is intersex or where it otherwise becomes clear during the collection process that the individual is neither male nor female.

Not stated/inadequately described

Is not to be used on primary collection forms. It is primarily for use in administrative collections when transferring data from data sets where the item has not been collected.

Data that has been produced by linkage for statistical and research purposes should not be used subsequently for client management purposes.

This data cluster contains a set of specific data elements to be reported on in a predetermined combination.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use:

Where a date of birth is estimated the date accuracy indicator should be used. Please see Relational attributes.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Steward: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: AIHW 1998. Home and Community Care (HACC) Data

Dictionary Version 1.0. Report prepared for the

Commonwealth and State/Territory government HACC

Officials.

Reference documents: NCSIMG 2001. Statistical Data Linkage in Community

Services Data Collections. Canberra: Australian Institute of

Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Date—accuracy indicator, code AAA Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Housing assistance,

Standard 23/08/2010, Health, Standard 04/05/2005, Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010, Homelessness, Standard

23/08/2010

Implementation in Data Set

Specifications:

Disability services carer details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability services client details cluster Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Disability Services NMDS 2012-14 Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Implementation start date: 01/07/2012

Implementation end date: 30/06/2014

Metadata items in this Data Set Specification

Seq No.	Metadata item	Obligation	Max occurs
1	Letters of family name	Mandatory	1
2	Letters of given name	Mandatory	1
3	Date of birth	Mandatory	1
4	Sex	Mandatory	1
5	Statistical linkage key 581	Mandatory	1
6	Date accuracy indicator	Conditional	1

Supporting metadata items

Object classes

Address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Object Class**

METeOR identifier: 428657

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012 National Health Performance Authority, Standard 28/11/2013

Definition: A collection of information used for describing the location of

an entity and/or details describing how the entity can be

contacted.

Specialisation of: Location

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Address – address currency status Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Address – address end date Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Address – address end time Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Address – address site name Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – address start date Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Address – address start time Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Address – address status identifier Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Address – Australian area code Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Address – Australian postcode Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014 Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

Address – Australian state/territory identifier Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Address – building/complex sub-unit type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – complex road name Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – complex road number 1 Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – complex road number 2 Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address—complex road suffix Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – complex road type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – country identifier Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address — electronic communication address Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – electronic communication usage code Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – electronic contact preference indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – floor/level type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode containment indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode feature Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode geographic datum Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode height Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Address – geocode latitude Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Address – geocode longitude Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Address – geocode positional uncertainty Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode vertical datum Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – international country code Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – Internet voice product name Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – Internet voice product user identifier Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – Internet voice service provider Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – level number Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – location descriptor Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Address – lot number Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Address – physical address indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Address – postal delivery number Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Address – postal delivery point identifier Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – postal delivery service type identifier Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Address – purpose of address Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – road name Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – road number 1 Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – road number 2 Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – road suffix Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – road type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – secondary complex name Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – statistical area Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

National Health Performance Authority, Standard 28/11/2013

Address – sub-dwelling unit number Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address – suburb/town/locality name Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Address – telephone non-standard functionality Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – telephone number Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – telephone service line Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – telephone standard functionality Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – Uniform Resource Locator Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Address – unstructured address line Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Adoption

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 470086

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A legal process by which a person legally becomes a child of the

adoptive parent(s) and legally ceases to be a child of his/her

existing parent(s).

Specialisation of: Life event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Adoption – access arrangement type Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – adoption consent Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Adoption – adoption organisation sector Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – application for information type Community

Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – application type Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Adoption – number of adoptions finalised Community

Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of applications for information lodged

Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of children adopted as part of a sibling

group Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of placements Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of placements not finalised Community

Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of sibling groups Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of vetoes in place Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of vetoes lodged Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – person who lodged an application for information

Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013 Adoption – veto type Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoptive family

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 468184

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The **family** into which a person is adopted.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Adoptive family – sibling composition Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Birth mother

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 468484

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The biological mother of a child.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Birth mother – marital status Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Child

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 268987

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/12/2004

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 25/02/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An individual under the age of 18 years.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australia Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Child – abuse and neglect type Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Child – body mass index Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Child—care arrangements Community Services, Standard

30/04/2008

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Child – eligibility for subsidy indicator Community Services,

Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Child – fees charged in the census week Community Services,

Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013

Child – household parental care type Community Services,

Standard 30/04/2008

Child – maximum preschool program hours available Early

Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Child – maximum preschool program hours available per week

Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Child – preschool program attendance indicator Early

Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Child – preschool program enrolment indicator Community

Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Child – preschool program fees charged per week Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Child—preschool program hours attended Community Services, Retired 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Child – preschool program hours enrolled Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Child—Preschool program received from a qualified teacher indicator Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Child – preschool program repeater indicator Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Child – preschool service enrolment indicator Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013

Child – preschool service received indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013

Child—recorded as fully immunised indicator Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Child protection notification

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 314464

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: A child protection notification is a report made to an authorised

department by persons or other bodies about an allegation of child abuse or neglect, child maltreatment or harm to a child.

Specialisation of: Service/care event

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This item should not include reports regarding wider concerns

about children or families which are classified as child concern

reports.

A notification can involve only one child; where it is claimed that two children have been abused or neglected, this is counted as two notifications, even if the children are from one family. Where there is more than one notification about the same 'event', this is counted as only one notification. Where there is more than one notification within a financial year, but relating to different events, these notifications should be

counted as separate notifications.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Child protection notification – assessment decision date Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – assessment decision type

Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification—care and protection order flag

Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification—contact date Community

Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – employment service type

Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – finalised investigation outcome

indicator Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – investigation commencement

date Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – investigation conclusion date

Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – investigation outcome Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – out-of-home care flag Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – relationship to child of source of notification Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Child protection notification – unborn child status Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Client

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

Synonymous names: Client

METeOR identifier: 268969

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A person, group or organisation eligible to receive services

either directly or indirectly from an agency.

Context: Agencies may provide assistance to individual persons,

groups of persons (e.g. support groups) or to other

organisations. All of these may be considered clients of an agency. Specific data collections may circumscribe the Type of clients that are included in the collection. For example, at

the current stage of development of the Home and Community Care (HACC) Minimum Data Set (MDS), HACC funded agencies are only required to report on clients who are individual persons. Future developments may extend the coverage of the HACC MDS collection to

include organisational or group clients.

The definition of a 'client' may also be circumscribed by the definition of 'assistance'. What is included as 'assistance' may depend on what activities are considered significant enough to warrant separate recording and reporting of the nature and/or amount of the assistance provided to a person. For example, an agency worker answering a telephone call from an anonymous member of the public seeking some basic information (e.g. a phone number for someone) would not usually consider that this interaction constituted assistance of sufficient significance to warrant recording that person as a 'client'.

Furthermore, what constitutes 'assistance' may be influenced by the type of assistance the agency was established to provide. In the above example, the agency in question was funded specifically to provide telephone advice, and referral information, to members of the public or specific sub-groups of the public. The agency may have a policy that all persons telephoning the agency for information are classified as clients, albeit anonymous clients.

The level of support or the amount of support given to a person by an agency can also be used to define them as a

client or not. For example in the Supported

Accommodation Assistance Program (SAAP) National data collection, clients are defined by either taking up an amount of time of an agency; being accommodated by an agency; or by entering an ongoing support relationship

with an agency.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Client, version 1, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG,

Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.7 KB)

Data Element Concepts Client – amount of assistance Community Services,

implementing this Object Class: Standard 27/04/2007

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Client – case management goal status Community Services,

Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Client – case management plan indicator Community

Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Client – case plan review date Community Services,

Standard 18/12/2007

Client – caseworker allocation date Community Services,

Standard 18/12/2007

Client - consent indicator Community Services, Standard

30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Client – first care and protection order indicator Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Client – group type Community Services, Standard

15/09/2007

Client – initial case plan date Community Services,

Standard 18/12/2007

Client—injecting drug use status Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Client—method of drug use (principal drug of concern) Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Client – reason case management plan does not exist Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Client – reason support plan does not exist Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Client – service activity type needed Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Client – service activity type provided Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Client – service activity type referral arranged Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Client – support plan achievement level Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Client – support plan goal achievement level Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Client – support plan goal identifier Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Client – support plan goal status Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Client – support plan indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Client – support plan last review date Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 294409

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The day of the month and year as specified by a number.

Specialisation of: Service/care event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Oxford English dictionary.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Date – accuracy indicator Community Services, Standard

30/09/2005

Class: Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Date – estimate indicator Community Services, Standard

27/04/2007

Dwelling

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

Synonymous names: Dwelling

METeOR identifier: 268982

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A structure or a discrete space within a structure intended for

people to live in or where a person or group of people live. Thus a structure that people actually live in is a dwelling regardless of its intended purpose, but a vacant structure is only a dwelling if intended for human residence. A dwelling may include one or more rooms used as an office or workshop

provided the dwelling is in residential use.

Context: Dwellings are the main counting unit in the housing sector.

Dwellings are reported for a variety of purposes including number of untenantable or tenantable, and occupied or vacant dwellings. Dwellings may be owned and/or, managed, and/or available for a use by a specific program, including headleased

stock from **private** and **government** sources. A dwelling

includes a **boarding house building** and **boarding house units**.

Specialisation of: Environmental factors

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: **Boarding house rooms** or beds are not identified as separate

dwellings unless they are self-contained. Self-contained rooms are therefore defined as units and are counted as a separate

dwelling.

For the public rental housing and state owned and managed Indigenous housing data collections, the number of tenancy (rental) units is used as a proxy for counting the number of

dwellings.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Housing Data Development Committee

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics: 2001 Census Data Dictionary

(Cat. no. 2901.0). Reference through: http://www.abs.gov.au.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Dwelling – number of bedrooms Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Dwelling – number of occupants Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Dwelling – number of tenancies Housing assistance, Standard

01/05/2013

Entity

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 429110

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Candidate 08/02/2013

Early Childhood, Proposed 31/05/2011

Definition: An individual, association, or other legal or administrative unit

treated as a discrete and particular unit.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: LexisNexis Butterworths 2002. Business and Law Dictionary.

Australia: LexisNexis Butterworths Australia

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Entity – Australian business number (ABN) Community

implementing this Object Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Class: Health, Candidate 08/02/2013

Early Childhood, Proposed 31/05/2011

Female

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 269000

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A human being of the sex which conceives and brings forth

young.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australia Institute of Health and Welfare

Macquarie University 2003. The Macquarie Dictionary 3rd ed. Origin:

Sydney: The Macquarie Library Pty Ltd.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Female – age at first pregnancy Community Services, Standard

implementing this Object 06/02/2012

Class: Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Household

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 351492

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: One of more persons, at least one of whom is at least 15

years of age, usually resident in the same private dwelling.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Together with family, household is considered one of the

basic groups of social aggregation. Information on household numbers and composition aids in identifying groups within the population such as Indigenous

households or the number of people living alone.

For the Commonwealth-State Housing Agreement (CSHA) data collections, the number of tenancy agreements is a practical proxy for calculating the number of households

receiving housing assistance.

The persons in the group may pool their incomes and have a common budget to a greater or lesser extent: they may be related or unrelated persons, or a combination of both.

Only usual residents of the household are included as members of the household. Visitors to a household are, by

definition, excluded from the household.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: CSHA Public rental housing data manual 2001-02

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and

income unit variables. Cat. no. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Viewed on 29/09/2006.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Household Community Services, Superseded

27/04/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005,

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Supersedes Household family Community Services,

Superseded 27/04/2007

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class: Household – family composition Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Household – household type Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Household – number of parents of child Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 466219

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Proposed 13/08/2013

Definition: A piece of information that establishes the identity of an entity.

Specialisation of: Party

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Identifier – identifier designation Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Identifier – identifier issuer Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Identifier – identifier name Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Identifier – identifier status Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Identifier – identifier status end date Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Identifier – identifier status start date Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Income unit

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

Synonymous names: Income unit

METeOR identifier: 268986

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: One person or a group of related persons within a

> household, whose command over income is shared, or any person living in a non private dwelling who is in receipt of

personal income.

Context: Income units are restricted to relationships of marriage

(registered or de facto) and of parent/dependant who usually reside in the same household. This means that an

income unit can be defined as:

a married couple or sole parent, and dependent

children only

a married couple only with no dependent children

present

a person who is not related to any other household

member either by marriage or by the parent/dependant relationship.

This is the standard statistical unit for analyses of economic wellbeing, and can be an important measure in assessing the needs and circumstances of individuals and families.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National Housing Data Development Committee

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Centrelink income unit Housing assistance,

Standard 11/04/2005

Supersedes Income unit, version 1, DEC, NHADD, NHDAMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (13.9 KB)

Supersedes Income unit, version 2, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.0 KB)

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Income unit – income unit type Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Individual service provider

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 269021

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A person who provides a service and/or care.

Specialisation of: Service/care provider

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Individual service provider – occupation (self-identified)

Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Individual service provider – occupation end date Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Individual service provider – occupation start date Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Informal carer

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 268964

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An informal carer includes any person, such as a family

member, friend or neighbour, who is giving regular, ongoing assistance to another person without payment for

the care given.

Care and support networks where the carers are unpaid

(other than pension or benefit) play a critical role in community services provision, especially in caring for frail aged and younger people with disability within the

community.

Information about informal carers is therefore of

fundamental importance in assessing the ongoing needs of clients and their carers, and in service planning. The presence of an informal carer is often a key indicator of a person's ability to remain at home, especially if the person requires assistance. The absence of an informal carer, where a vulnerable client lives alone, is an indicator of client risk. Information on client living arrangement and informal carer availability provides an indicator of the potential inhome support and the extent to which the burden of care is

absorbed by the informal caring system.

The stability or otherwise of the informal carer's availability may be significant in the capacity of the client continuing to

remain at home.

Existing carer definitions (e.g. for purposes of establishing

eligibility for Domiciliary Nursing Care Benefits

(DNCB/Carer Allowance; Carer's Pension/Carer Payment) definitions used in ABS population, surveys of disability,

ageing and carers) vary in context and purpose.

Specialisation of: Service/care provider

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The definition excludes formal care services such as

homecare, care provided by volunteers or foster care that is arranged by formal services. It also excludes unregistered child carers who are receiving payment for their services. Where a potential carer is not prepared to undertake the caring role, the carer is considered to be not available.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Informal carer, version 2, DEC, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.6 KB)

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class: Informal carer – activity and participation life area supported Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – age range Community Services, Standard

13/03/2013

Informal carer – co-residency status Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Informal carer – financial assistance type Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – main activity and participation life area supported Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – main carer indicator Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – number of days available to provide care

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – number of hours available to provide care

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – number of hours of care provided

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – primary status Community Services,

Standard 27/04/2007

Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment

indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – relationship to care recipient Community

Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Organisation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 354505

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Definition: The smallest type of accounting unit within a management unit

within a State or Territory of Australia which controls its

productive activities and for which a specified range of detailed data is available, at least on an annual basis, thus enabling

measures such as value added to be calculated.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic Sector

Classifications of Australia (SESCA). ABS cat. no. 1218.0.

Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

 $Organisation-capital\ consumption\ expenses\ Health, Standard$

01/04/2009

 $Organisation-employee\ related\ expenses\ Health, Standard$

05/12/2007

Organisation – expenses Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Organisation – industry of operation Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – name end date Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Organisation – name start date Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Organisation – name type Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Organisation – net recurrent administration housing expenditure Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Organisation – net recurrent operational housing expenditure

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Organisation – organisation name Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standardisation pending 27/02/2014

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Organisation – organisation type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – purchase of goods and services Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Organisation – registration end date Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – registration start date Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – registration type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – revenue Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Organisation – trading activity status Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – trading activity status end date Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – trading activity status start date Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Organisation – type of health or health related function Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Parent/guardian

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 314980

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: One who is legally responsible for the care and management of

an incompetent or a minor, whether it be because they are that

person's father or mother (parent), or a guardian.

Specialisation of: Person/group of persons

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Parent/guardian – receipt of Carer Allowance (Child) indicator

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Person

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 268955

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

National Health Performance Authority, Standard

07/11/2013

Definition: A human being, whether man, woman or child.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Macquarie University 2003. The Macquarie Dictionary 3rd ed.

Sydney: The Macquarie Library Pty. Ltd

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Person (address) – address line Community Services,

Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) – address type Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – Australian postcode Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person (address) – building/complex sub-unit type

Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – country identifier Community Services,

Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) — electronic communication address Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) – electronic communication medium Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) – electronic communication usage code Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) – floor/level type Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – international postcode Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) – lot/section identifier Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – non-Australian state/province Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (address) – postal delivery point identifier Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – postal delivery service type identifier Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – street suffix Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (address) – suburb/town/locality name Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012
Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010
Health, Superseded 07/12/2011
Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012
Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person (employed) – education field of highest qualification Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person (employed) – education field of highest relevant qualification Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Person (employed) — education field of highest relevant qualification Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Person (employed) – employment related study indicator

Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) – employment type Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) – full-time/part-time status Community Services, Standard 14/12/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person (employed) – highest level of qualification in employment field Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person (employed) – hours worked Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) – hours worked (per week) Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (employed) – hours worked in preschool program delivery Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Person (employed) – length of employment in current service Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) — length of experience in industry sector Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) — level of highest qualification in employment field Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Person (employed) – paid employment indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Person (employed) – Preschool program delivered by teacher indicator Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Person (employed) – status in employment Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (employed) – tertiary qualification related to industry indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) – type of children's service work performed Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person (name) - family name Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 28/07/2005 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (name) – given name Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (name) – given name sequence number Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (name) – name conditional use flag Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (name) – name suffix Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (name) – name suffix sequence number Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (name) – name title Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (name) – name title sequence number Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person (name) — name type Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (telephone) – telephone number type Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – accommodation assistance urgency status Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – accommodation offer accepted indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – accommodation offered Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person—activity and participation life area Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006
Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013
Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person—activity limitation indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Person – adoption order type Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person – adoption type Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person – age Community Services, Standard 04/05/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 17/06/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Person—age at onset of disability Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person – age range Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person – area of usual residence Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Person – arrival time at service Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – Australian state/territory identifier Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – blow to the head indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – bodily location of main injury Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – body function Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – body structure Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person - child indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – citizenship country Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person – co-existing disability group Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person – communication method Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – contact method Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person – country of birth Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 27/07/2005 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Person—country of origin Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person – date accommodation sought Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – date of birth Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 27/07/2005 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012, Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Person—date of death Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005, Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person – departure time from service Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – disability group Community Services, Standard 08/05/2006

Person – education participation restriction indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Person—effective communication indicator Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Person—eligibility status Community Services, Standard 04/01/2006, Health, Standard 04/01/2006

Person—employment participation restriction indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Person—environmental factor Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – Estimated resident population of Australia Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Person—extent of activity limitation in a life area Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Person—extent of core activity limitation Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Person—extent of environmental factor influence Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006 Person – extent of impairment of body function Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person—extent of impairment of body structure Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – extent of participation in a life area Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006, Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – field of education Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – financial assistance amount Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – financial assistance type Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – first accommodation attempt Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – first language spoken Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005,

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005 Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Person – first service request indicator Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – funding indicator Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Person – funding source Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person – geographic location Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – geographic remoteness Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standardisation pending 06/05/2014

Person – government funding identifier Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – gross income Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person – highest year of school completed Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – housing tenure type Community Services, Standard

15/09/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – Indigenous status Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Person—individualised disability funding indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person – informal carer existence indicator Community Services, Standard 02/05/2006, Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Person—intercountry adoption living arrangement post arrival Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person – interpreter service required Community Services, Standard 10/04/2006 Health, Standard 08/02/2006

Person—interpreter service required (community services) Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person—labour force status Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person—legal order/arrangement type Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person—letters of family name Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person—letters of given and family name Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Person—letters of given name Community Services,

Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/01/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person—level of difficulty with activities in a life area Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person—level of highest educational attainment Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Person – level of highest non-school qualification Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person—level of satisfaction with participation in a life area Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – living arrangement Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Health, Standard 19/04/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – location of impairment of body structure Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – main language other than English spoken at home Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Person – main reason accommodation not offered Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person – marital status Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – medical condition Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Person – medication for mental health disorder indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – mental health disorder indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – mental health services received indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – mother's original family name Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – myocardial infarction Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person—name usage type Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Proposed 11/04/2013

Person—name usage type end date Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person—name usage type start date Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person – nature of impairment of body structure Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Health, Standard 29/11/2006 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – new client indicator Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person—non-school qualification indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person—number of people in the presenting unit Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – number of persons accommodated Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – occupation (main) Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 10/08/2007 Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Person—one-off assistance offered Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person—one-off assistance type offered Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person – other significant disability type Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Person – person identifier Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Person – pre-adoption relationship to adoptive parents Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person – preferred language Community Services, Standard 10/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Person – previously resided in institution/facility indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – primary disability group Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Person – principal role Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person – principal source of cash income Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – proficiency in spoken English Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – reason accommodation offer not accepted Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person – reason earlier accommodation attempt unsuccessful Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Person – reason for seeking assistance Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – reference person status (household) Community Services, Standard 30/08/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 30/08/2007

Person—referral for accommodation Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – registered/awaiting government payment indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person-regular client indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Person—relationship to household reference person Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person—religious affiliation Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person—residential setting Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – role of early childhood education and care worker Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Person—school attendance indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Person – school enrolment and attendance status Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – self-harm ideation in the last 12 months Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person—self-harm indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person—service activity type Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Person—service received indicator Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Person—sex Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006 Health, Standard 01/03/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012 Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Person—source of cash income (all) Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010, Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – source of cash income (principal) Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Person—source of information on a mental health condition Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Person – student type Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – student/employment training indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – substance used illicitly indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – telephone number Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – time elapsed since last permanent residence Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – transgender indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – type of interpreter services required Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Person—type of opioid pharmacotherapy treatment Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – type of substance used illicitly Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – type of work activity Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Person – unique identifier used indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013, Health, Standard 07/02/2013

Person—urgency of requested assistance Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – year of first arrival in Australia Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Health, Standard 04/05/2005 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Record

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Object Class**

300208 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 04/03/2014

Definition: An account of something, preserved in a lasting form.

Specialisation of: Service/care event

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Health, Standard 07/12/2011 WA Health, Endorsed 04/03/2014

Record – linkage key Community Services, Standard

Record – identifier Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007,

21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Referral

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 269015

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Tasmanian Health, Draft 23/07/2012

Definition: A recommendation for further care or services.

Specialisation of: Service/care event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australia Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Referral – contact method Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Referral – referral receipt date Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Referral – referral source Community Services, Standard 02/06/2005, Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service episode

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 320994

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A period of time during which a client receives assistance

from an agency.

Context: Service provision and planning:

The concept of a service episode (and associated metadata items) is necessary for the analysis, of the length of provision of assistance to clients. In conjunction with information about the amount and type of assistance received by clients, information about the length of the service episode also gives some indication of the intensity of assistance provided by agencies

of assistance provided by agencies.

A client's service episode always begins and ends with dates that mark the first and last time that the person received assistance from the agency. That is, a service episode will always begin and end with service event (see metadata item the service event).

The pathway or process followed by a person entering or exiting from a service episode varies from one agency to another and from one type of assistance to another. It cannot be assumed, for example, that every client has undergone an assessment (or the same type of assessment) before entering a service episode. At times, a client may receive services from an agency on the basis of a referral from an established source with which the agency has well-developed referral protocols. At other times, a client who has been previously assisted by the agency may begin to receive services again without undergoing the same level of assessment on entry into a subsequent service episode.

The definition of service episode has not assumed that any standard sequence of events applies to all service episodes for all clients across all types of agencies and across all programs. Rather, the definition of a service episode allows for the receipt of any of the types of assistance to serve as a trigger for the beginning of a service episode. That is, the service activity associated with the beginning of a service episode (i.e. the first service event) will vary across

agencies.

While agency policies and practices will impact upon the determination of a Service episode to some extent (e.g. different policies for taking clients 'off the books') the basic feature across agencies remain the first and the last Service events received by a client within a period of receipt of assistance. Establishing greater consistency in the determination of Service episodes would require a national cross-program approach to standardising entry and exit procedures across the community service sector.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service episode, version 1, DEC, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.3 KB)

Data Element Concepts *implementing this Object Class:* Service episode – care and protection order type Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Service episode – detention end reason Community

Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Service episode – detention type Community Services,

Standard 14/09/2009

Service episode – duration of service Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Service episode – episode end date Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service episode – episode identifier Community Services,

Standard 27/03/2007

Service episode – episode start date Community Services,

Standard 16/05/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service episode – financial payment indicator Community

Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Service episode – legal order indicator Community

Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Service episode – legal order/arrangement indicator

Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Service episode—legal order/arrangement type Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Service episode – order end reason Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Service episode – order identifier Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Service episode – placement type Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Service episode – reason for order expiry Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Service episode – reporting period Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Service episode – reporting period (financial year) Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Service episode – service cessation reason Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service episode – service ongoing indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service episode – service ongoing indicator Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service episode – transfer source Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Service episode – type of goods and equipment received Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service event

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 320989

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 07/03/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: An instance or occasion of assistance received by a client from a

service provider.

Context: Information about individual instances of the receipt of

assistance by a client from a service agency is of fundamental interest to service providers, but may or may not be required for national reporting purposes. However, information about an individual service event is a basic building block for other information that is of relevance to national reporting and statistical analysis. For example, if information about the length of time that certain types of persons have received particular types of assistance from specific types of agencies is required, then information about each instance of service provision should be recorded in a standard way. This should enable reliable, valid and comparable data to be reported nationally.

Generally, a service event is described by a cluster of data elements that provide information about when it happened, where it happened, what assistance was received, how much and from whom. The need for information about service events reflects an interest in locating community service assistance to clients in time. This information may help to identify the intensity of assistance received by a person during a time period. Knowing when a person received assistance from an agency also helps to identify those records that are of interest to particular data collections. For example, an agency may be required to report on all assistance provided to clients during, say 1999-2000.

As with the definition of *client*, what constitutes a *service event* is influenced by the definition of 'assistance'. That is, every interaction between an agency and a client may not be considered of sufficient significance to warrant recording as a *service event*. Furthermore, decisions about what is included or excluded from the definition of 'assistance' may be affected by specific program requirements as well as practical considerations related to the amount of time and resources it

takes to record every interaction between an agency and a client.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australia Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary Version

1.0, 1998

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Service event – accommodation period end date Community

Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – accommodation period start date Community

Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – amount of assistance Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – assessment date Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Service event – assistance received date Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service event – assistance request date Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – assistance type Community Services, Standard

30/04/2008

Service event – assistance urgency Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Service event – duration of service Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – first service contact date Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – funding source Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Service event—last service provision date Community Services,

Standard 07/03/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event—number of clients receiving services Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – number of workers providing services Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – planned service event indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – purchase method Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – purchase of goods and services Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – reason assistance not provided Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service event – service activity type Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – service commencement date Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – service commencement time Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – service delivery setting Community Services, Standard 02/05/2006

Service event – service end date Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – service end time Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – service event frequency Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – service event length Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – supported accommodation type Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – type of assistive product received Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service provider organisation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 269022

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An organisation that provides services and/or care.

Specialisation of: Organisation

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Community housing provider Housing

assistance, Superseded 01/05/2013

Supersedes Housing assistance agency Housing assistance,

Standard 10/02/2006

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object Class:

Service provider organisation (address) – address line

Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Housing assistance, Candidate 19/10/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation (address) – address type

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) –

building/complex sub-unit type Community Services,

Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – electronic

communication address Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) — electronic communication medium Community Services, Standard

30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – floor/level type Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – international postcode Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) — lot/section identifier Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – non-Australian state/province Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – postal delivery point identifier Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – street suffix Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (name) – name type Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (name) – organisation name Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Health, Standard 04/05/2005 Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012

Service provider organisation (service type) – mobile service indicator Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Service provider organisation (service type) – session end time Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation (service type) – session start time Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation - number of preschool enrolments Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – accommodation places Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – Australian state/territory identifier Community Services, Standard 07/12/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Health, Standard 04/05/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Tasmanian Health, Draft 23/07/2012

Service provider organisation – carer participation arrangement indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service provider organisation – client participation arrangements Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service provider organisation – common waitlist indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – corporation indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation—custody location Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Service provider organisation – day of operation Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service provider organisation — design capacity Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Service provider organisation—eligibility for subsidy indicator Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – fee schedule amount Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007 Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation—fee schedule for activity type Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – feedback collection indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – feedback collection method Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – full financial year funding indicator Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation – full-time equivalent staff Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service provider organisation – full-time equivalent staff Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation – funded service type Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Service provider organisation – funding allocated

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation—funding end date Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – funding indicator Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – funding source Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation – funding start date Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – geographic location Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standardisation pending 14/11/2011 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – government funding type Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Service provider organisation – gross capital expenditure Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – hours worked Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation—housing maintenance expenditure Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – Indigenous specific organisation indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Service provider organisation—level of government Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation—level of service delivery Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – main service activity type indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – management type Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – management type Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation – maximum preschool program hours available per week Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – number of approved intercountry adoption clients Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Service provider organisation – number of available places Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Service provider organisation – number of children attending preschool Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation – number of clients Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007 Health, Candidate 19/02/2014

Service provider organisation – number of detainees Community Services, Standard 22/05/2007

Service provider organisation – number of escapes Community Services, Standard 22/05/2007

Service provider organisation—number of Indigenous children attending a preschool program Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Indigenous, Endorsed 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation—number of Indigenous children attending preschool Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation — number of Indigenous children enrolled in a preschool program Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Indigenous, Endorsed 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation – number of Indigenous children enrolled in preschool Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation—number of intercountry adoption client files sent overseas Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Service provider organisation – number of intercountry adoption clients Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Service provider organisation – number of licensed places Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Service provider organisation – number of permanent dwellings managed Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation—number of preschool program enrolments Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation – number of preschool program hours enrolled Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation—number of preschool program hours enrolled per week Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation – number of preschool program service operation weeks Early Childhood, Standard 11/07/2011

Service provider organisation – number of service operation days Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service provider organisation – number of service operation hours Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service provider organisation – number of service operation weeks Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011 Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service provider organisation – organisation end date Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation – organisation identifier Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service provider organisation – organisation start date Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation – partner organisation type Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – recurrent funding commitments Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – region identifier Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Service provider organisation—sector Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation – service activity type Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – service delivery setting Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006 Health, Standard 05/12/2007 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – service standards type Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service provider organisation – standards assessment date Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service provider organisation – standards assessment indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – standards assessment level Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – standards assessment method Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013 Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Service provider organisation – support service type Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – survey response indicator Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – tax exempt indicator Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation – temporary closure end date Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – temporary closure start date Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service provider organisation – waiting list Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013
Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service/care provider

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 269017

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A person or group of persons who provide services and/or

care.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australia Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

Service/care provider – remuneration indicator Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

State or Territory Government

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Object Class

METeOR identifier: 301333

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Health, Standard 07/12/2005

Definition: A separately constituted legal entity established by political

processes which have legislative, judicial or executive authority over a specific state or territory and is responsible for the governance, administration and financial management of that

state or territory.

Specialisation of: Party

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2002. Standard Economic Sector

Classifications of Australia (SESCA). ABS Cat No. 1218.0.

Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Object

Class:

State or Territory Government – mental health services grants to non-government organisations by non-health departments

Health, Standard 07/12/2005

State or Territory Government – recurrent funding

commitments Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Properties

Abuse and neglect type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269167

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type of actions or inactions which have resulted in, or may

result in, significant harm or injury to another person.

Property group: Crisis event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child—abuse and neglect type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Access arrangement type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475851

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A descriptor of type of arrangement made between relevant

parties in relation to having access to an individual, and/or

access to information about an individual.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – access arrangement type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Accommodation assistance urgency status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 352356

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of the immediacy of need for accommodation

assistance.

Property group: Entry into service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—accommodation assistance urgency status Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Accommodation offer accepted indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 331561

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The taking up of an offer of accommodation.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – accommodation offer accepted indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Accommodation offered

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 329990

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An offer of accommodation.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—accommodation offered Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Accommodation period end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

350906 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date at which a period of lodging is completed.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – accommodation period end date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Accommodation period start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 350925

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date at which a period of lodging commences.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Service event – accommodation period start date Community

Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Accommodation places

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336722

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Accommodation places funded, provided or available.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – accommodation places

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Accuracy indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 294414

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The level of detail to which recorded information is correct.

Property group: Performance indicators

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Date – accuracy indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Activity and participation life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 324432

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: Life areas in which individuals may participate or undertake

activities.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – activity and participation life area Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Activity and participation life area supported

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 501260

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A life area in which an individual is supported to participate or

undertake activities.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal assistance event – activity and participation life area implementing this Property: supported Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – activity and participation life area supported

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Activity limitation indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Property**

Synonymous names: Activity limitation indicator; Participation restriction indicator

METeOR identifier: 533809

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether there is an activity limitation or

participation restriction in a life area.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Activities and Participation list in the International

> Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health – the list of life areas – can be viewed as either individual functioning (activities) or societal functioning (participation) (WHO 2001).

Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – activity limitation indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 19/09/2013

Address currency status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428990

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of the relationship between

an organisation or person and an address at the time of

interchange.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – address currency status Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Address end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428702

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which a collection of information used for

describing the location of an entity and details describing how

the entity can be contacted is no longer used.

Communication characteristics *Property group:*

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client Origin:

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – address end date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Address end time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428730

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The time of day that a collection of information used for

describing the location of an entity and details describing how

the entity can be contacted stopped being used.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – address end time Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Address line

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 292741

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Candidate 19/10/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: A composite of one or more standard address components

that describes a low level of geographical/physical

description of a location.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Health address line</u> Health, Superseded

04/05/2005

Data Element Concepts

implementing this Property:

Person (address) – address line Community Services,

Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – address line

Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Housing assistance, Candidate 19/10/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Address site name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429196

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The official place name or culturally accepted name for an

address site, including the name of a building, homestead,

building complex, agricultural property, park or

unbounded address site.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Building/property name</u> Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts Address – address site name Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Address start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428664

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which a collection of information used for

describing the location of an entity and details describing how

the entity can be contacted were first utilised.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – address start date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Address start time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428876

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The time of day when a collection of information used for

describing the location of an entity and details describing how

the entity can be contacted was first utilised.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – address start time Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Address status identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

428975 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An identifier of the category of an address, as officially assigned

> by an addressing authority authorised by the Jurisdictional State or Territory, or Australia Post for postal type address.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client Origin:

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – address status identifier Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Adoption consent

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 468453

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The parental consent obtained or dispensed with to an

adoption.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – adoption consent Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 20/05/2013

Adoption order type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 470131

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of judicial or administrative order by which the

adoptive parent(s) become the legal parent(s) of a child.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – adoption order type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 20/05/2013

Adoption organisation sector

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Adoption arranging agency

METeOR identifier: 468243

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: An organisation sector authorised under adoption legislation to

make the decision about the placement of an adoptive child.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – adoption organisation sector Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 467120

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A descriptor of the category by which a person legally becomes

a child of the adoptive parent(s) and legally ceases to be a child

of his/her existing parent(s).

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—adoption type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 20/05/2013

Age

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269152

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 04/05/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Definition: The length of life or existence.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Macquarie University 2003. The Macquarie Dictionary 3rd ed.

Sydney: The Macquarie Library Pty Ltd

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Dwelling – age Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Person – age Community Services, Standard 04/05/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 17/06/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Age at first pregnancy

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

399567 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The age at which a person first carried a developing embryo or

fetus within their body.

Property group: Physical wellbeing

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Female – age at first pregnancy Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Age at onset of disability

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 490477

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The age at which an individual first experiences an impairment,

activity limitation or participation restriction.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—age at onset of disability Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Age range

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

290491 METeOR identifier:

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: A chronological grouping of age.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Informal carer – age range Community Services, Standard Data Element Concepts

implementing this Property: 13/03/2013

Person – age range Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Amount of assistance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 308133

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The amount of assistance provided to a person.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Client – amount of assistance Community Services, Standard

27/04/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – amount of assistance Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Application for information type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 470474

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The type of application lodged seeking information about an

individual.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – application for information type Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Application type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 462476

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Definition: The categorisation of a formal request or appeal.

Property group: Entry into service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Applicant type Housing assistance, Standard

01/03/2005

Data Element Concepts Adoption—application type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Approved intercountry adoption clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475573

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The number of intercountry adoption clients approved as being

eligible and suitable to adopt a child.

Property group: Client characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – number of approved

implementing this Property: intercountry adoption clients Community Services, Standard

20/05/2013

Area of usual residence

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269104

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Definition: The geographical region in which a person or group of people

usually reside.

Property group: Location characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—area of usual residence Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 21/05/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Arrival time at service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

 $METeOR\ identifier:$ 314956

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The time of arrival at a service.

Property group: Entry into service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—arrival time at service Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 30/11/2007

Assessment date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269248

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The date on which the need for assistance, appropriateness of

service provision and/or circumstances was assessed.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—assessment date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Assessment decision date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 331076

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The day on which an assessment decision was made.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification – assessment decision date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Assessment decision type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316522

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: A determined course of action arising from an assessment

process.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—assessment decision type

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Assistance received date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269249

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Definition: The date on which assistance is formally received.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – assistance received date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Assistance request date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269250

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

The date on which assistance is formally requested.

Property group: Entry into service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Definition:

Data Element Concepts Service event—assistance request date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Assistance urgency

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269124

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The assessed time period within which assistance is needed.

Property group: Service/care urgency

Source and reference attributes

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare *Submitting organisation:*

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – assistance urgency Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Assistance type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 307880

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Definition: A class of service activity.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – assistance type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 30/04/2008

Australian area code

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 434184

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A two-digit number that identifies a telephone service region

within Australia.

Communication characteristics Property group:

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – Australian area code Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Australian business number (ABN)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: ABN

METeOR identifier: 429119

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Candidate 08/02/2013

Definition: A unique identifier allocated to an entity for the purposes of

identification in dealings with the Australian Government, or for other Commonwealth purposes, in particular with respect

to taxation laws.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Origin: LexisNexis Butterworths 2002. Business and Law Dictionary.

Australia: LexisNexis Butterworths Australia

Reference documents: Australian Taxation Office, 2010. ABN specific questions.

Australian Taxation Office, Canberra. Viewed 18 February 2011,

http://www.abr.business.gov.au/ (kw4prb55dzkowt55asotjoq0)/ content.aspx?page=FAQabn#WhatIs

Australian Taxation Office, 2010. ABN Essentials. Australian

Taxation Office, Canberra. Viewed 18 February 2011,

http://www.ato.gov.au/businesses/pathway.asp?pc=001/003/021/001

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Entity — Australian business number (ABN) Community implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Candidate 08/02/2013

Early Childhood, Proposed 31/05/2011

Australian postcode

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269316

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

Definition: The numeric descriptor for a postal delivery area, aligned with

locality, suburb or place.

Context: Postcode is an important part of a postal address and facilitates

written communication. It is one of a number of geographic identifiers that can be used to determine a geographic location.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Address – Australian postcode Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

Person (address) – Australian postcode Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Australian state/territory identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269056

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013 Tasmanian Health, Draft 23/07/2012

Definition: An identifier of the Australian state or territory.

Context: This is a **geographic indicator** which is used for analysis of the

distribution of clients or patients, agencies or establishments

and services.

Property group: Location characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Address – Australian state/territory identifier Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Dwelling – Australian state/territory identifier Housing

assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Establishment – Australian state/territory identifier

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Household – Australian state/territory identifier Housing

assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Housing assistance agency – Australian state/territory identifier Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Jurisdiction – Australian state/territory identifier Health,

Standard 05/12/2007

Medical indemnity claim management episode – Australian state/territory identifier Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Person – Australian state/territory identifier Community

Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Service provider organisation – Australian state/territory identifier Community Services, Standard 07/12/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Health, Standard 04/05/2005 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Blow to the head indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 358829

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a blow to the head resulting in a loss of

consciousness has ever been experienced.

Property group: Physical wellbeing

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – blow to the head indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Body function

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320237

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The physiological or psychological function of body system.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – body function Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320249

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: An anatomical part of the body such as organs, limbs or their

components.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – body structure Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Building/complex sub-unit type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269380

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The specification of the type of a separately identifiable portion

within a building/complex, marina, etc. to clearly distinguish it

from another.

Context: Australian addresses.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Health Data Standards Committee

Origin: Australia Post Address Presentation Standard.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address—building/complex sub-unit type Community implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person (address) – building/complex sub-unit type

Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – building/complex sub-unit type Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Care and protection order flag

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 331684

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator of the presence of a care and protection order.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification – care and protection order flag

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Care and protection order type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316340

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The category of a care and protection order.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – care and protection order type Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Care arrangements

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 367634

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A descriptor of the class of care arrangements.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child—care arrangements Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 30/04/2008

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Carer participation arrangement indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498438

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Arrangements to encourage the involvements of carers in the

planning, delivery and evaluation of a service.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—carer participation arrangement

implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Case management goal status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 348557

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The extent to which case management goals have been

achieved.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client—case management goal status Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Case management plan indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269312

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator of the extent to which a case management plan has

been implemented in the provision of a service.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client—case management plan indicator Community Services, implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Case plan review date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316404

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 18/12/2007

Definition: The day on which a written plan of action for a person was

reviewed.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – case plan review date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 18/12/2007

Caseworker allocation date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 317369

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 18/12/2007

Definition: The point in time when a caseworker is set aside for a specific

purpose.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – caseworker allocation date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 18/12/2007

Child indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 491668

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an individual is under 18 years of age.

Property group: Client characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—child indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Citizenship country

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 431022

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The country in which the legislative requirements for becoming

a citizen have been acquired.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—citizenship country Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Client participation arrangements

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498459

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Arrangements to encourage the involvements of clients in the

planning, delivery and evaluation of a service.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—client participation

implementing this Property: arrangements Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Co-existing disability group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 492156

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The impairment of body structure or function, limitations in

activities or restrictions in participation that exist at the same

time and are equally responsible for the disability.

Property group: Impairment characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—co-existing disability group Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Co-residency status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269168

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An indicator of whether a person resides with another person.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer—co-residency status Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Common waitlist indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 465118

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a list of applicants waiting for the

provision of services is part of a common consolidated

jurisdiction waiting list.

Property group: Material resource characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation — common waitlist indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Communication method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269178

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The method used to exchange information.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Communication may be in a language other than English, even

where the person can speak fluent English.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—communication method Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Complex road name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429363

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The name of the road or thoroughfare within a complex.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Street name Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts Address – complex road name Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Complex road number 1

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429183

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The number, or start number in a ranged address, of

the building/dwelling in the road or thoroughfare within a

complex.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes House/property identifier Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

* Concepts Address – complex road number 1 Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Complex road number 2

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429257

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The last number for a ranged address in the road or

thoroughfare in which a complex is located.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>House/property identifier</u> Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts

implementing this Property:

Address – complex road number 2 Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Complex road suffix

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429391

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The abbreviation used to represent the suffix of a road or

thoroughfare within a complex site.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Street suffix Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Data Element Concepts Address – complex road suffix Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Complex road type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429381

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A descriptor of the class of road or thoroughfare within a

complex.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Street type Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts Address—complex road type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Consent indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 338733

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indication of consent obtained.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – consent indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Contact date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314524

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The date of communication.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—contact date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Contact method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269108

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The method by which contact with an agency was made.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—contact method Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 15/09/2007

Referral – contact method Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Corporation indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315183

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indication of whether a service provider is a corporation.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—corporation indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Country identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288063

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The country component of an address.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address—country identifier Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Person (address) - country identifier Community Services,

Standard 30/09/2005

Country of birth

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269206

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Definition: The country in which an individual was born.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—country of birth Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 27/07/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Country of origin

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 471371

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A person's country of habitual residence.

Property group: Demographic characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—country of origin Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 20/05/2013

Custody location

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Type of custody

METeOR identifier: 387447

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: Whether the location in which a person is being held in legal

custody is within a secure perimeter, or at another location

including being transported.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—custody location Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Date accommodation sought

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336194

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date accommodation was sought from the agency.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—date accommodation sought Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Date of birth

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269318

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: The date on which an individual was born.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – date of birth Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 27/07/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Date of death

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 287292

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which an individual died.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – date of death Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 30/09/2005

Day of operation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315116

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The day of the week that a service is available.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – day of operation Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Departure time from service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314964

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The time of leaving from a service.

Property group: Exit/leave from service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—departure time from service Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Design capacity

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314046

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Definition: The useable design capacity.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—design capacity Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Detention end reason

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 398588

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: The reason why custody or confinement ends.

Property group: Exit/leave from service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – detention end reason Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 14/09/2009

Detention type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 398436

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: Type of custody or confinement.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – detention type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 14/09/2009

Disability group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315314

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 08/05/2006

Definition: The disability group that most clearly expresses the experience

of disability of a person.

Property group: Impairment characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – disability group Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 08/05/2006

Duration of service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 342970

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The length of time between the service commencement date

and last service date.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – duration of service Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Service event – duration of service Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Education participation restriction indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 520892

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether the ability to participate in

the transfer of knowledge or skill, obtained or

developed through a learning process, is limited in any way.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – education participation restriction indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Effective communication indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 345056

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: An indicator of the ability to communicate more than just basic

needs.

Property group: Physical wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – effective communication indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Electronic communication address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Property**

METeOR identifier: 287451

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The characters used for the purpose of communication by

electronic means.

Location characteristics *Property group:*

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – electronic communication address Community *implementing this Property:*

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person (address) – electronic communication address

Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – electronic

communication address Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012

Electronic communication medium

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 287501

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The type of mechanism used for electronic communication.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (address) — electronic communication medium

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) — electronic communication medium Community Services, Standard

30/09/2005

Electronic communication usage code

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 287523

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The manner of use of an electronic communication address.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – electronic communication usage code Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person (address) – electronic communication usage code

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Electronic contact preference indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433695

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An indicator of whether one electronic contact method

is preferred over any other electronic contact methods that an

entity may have.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – electronic contact preference indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Eligibility for subsidy indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 395874

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: An indicator of whether somebody or something is entitled to

receive financial assistance towards the cost of some purchase

or endeavour.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Child – eligibility for subsidy indicator Community Services,

Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation—eligibility for subsidy indicator

Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Eligibility status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 304551

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 04/01/2006

Health, Standard 05/01/2006

Definition: An indicator of eligibility for services.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—eligibility status Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 04/01/2006

Employment participation restriction indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 520916

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether the ability to participate in work

including to take actions, perform tasks and exhibit behaviours

to obtain and retain employment, is limited in any way.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – employment participation restriction indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Employment related study indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 356316

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of formal engagement in a course of study related

to employment.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) — employment related study indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Employment service type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316610

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: A descriptor of the class of employment service.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—employment service type

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Employment type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314858

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The nature of employment in relation to expected continuity of

employment and eligibility for basic leave entitlements.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) – employment type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Environmental factor

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320223

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Environmental factors make up the physical, social and

attitudinal environment in which individuals live and conduct

their lives.

Property group: Environmental characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – environmental factor Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Episode end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269252

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/05/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Definition: The date on which an episode is completed.

Property group: Exit/leave from service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Episode of residential care – episode end date Health, Standard

07/03/2014

Non-admitted patient emergency department service episode –

episode end date Health, Standard 30/01/2012

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Service episode – episode end date Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Episode start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269253

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/05/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The date on which an episode commenced.

Property group: Entry into service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – episode start date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 16/05/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Estimate indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 306544

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: An indicator that reported data is an estimation.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Date—estimate indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 27/04/2007

Estimated resident population of Australia

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 388661

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: The official measure of the population of Australia.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – Estimated resident population of Australia

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Extent of activity limitation in a life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Activity limitation; Participation restriction

METeOR identifier: 506001

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: The extent of activity limitation or participation restriction in a

life area.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Activities and Participation list in the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health—the list of life areas—can be viewed as either individual functioning (activities) or societal functioning (participation) (WHO 2001).

Activity limitations are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities. Participation restrictions are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – extent of activity limitation in a life area Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Extent of core activity limitation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Core activity limitation; Core participation restriction

METeOR identifier: 541537

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Definition: The extent of activity limitation or participation restriction in the

core life areas of self-care, mobility and communication.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The 'core' activity areas are generally considered to be self-care,

mobility and communication (ABS 2010).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

organisation:

Reference documents: WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International

classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva: WHO.

ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) 2010. Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2009. ABS Cat. No. 4430.0.

Viewed September 2013,

http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/Latestproducts/4430.0Glossary12009?opendocument&tabname=Notes&prodno=44

30.0&issue=2009&num=&view=>.

Relational attributes

Data Element Person—extent of core activity limitation Community Services,
Concepts Standard 19/09/2013

implementing this

Property:

Extent of environmental factor influence

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320232

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree to which specified environmental factors influence

functioning and disability.

Property group: Environmental characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – extent of environmental factor influence Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Extent of impairment of body function

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320240

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree of impairment in a specified body function.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – extent of impairment of body function Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Extent of impairment of body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320252

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree of impairment in a specified body structure.

Property group: Physical characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – extent of impairment of body structure Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Extent of participation in a life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 324449

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The degree of participation in a life area.

Property group: Lifestyle characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – extent of participation in a life area Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Family composition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 351190

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: A descriptor of the class of family in terms of members

present.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Family type Community Services, Superseded

27/04/2007

Data Element Concepts Household—family composition Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 27/04/2007

Family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269355

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A designation for a family.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – family name Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 28/07/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Fee schedule amount

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 326576

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: The monies paid by a service user in return for service access.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – fee schedule amount

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Feedback collection indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 290389

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether feedback relating to services and

service delivery is actively and routinely collected.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—feedback collection indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Feedback collection method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 356484

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: The method employed to actively and routinely collect

feedback.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – feedback collection method

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Field of education

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269173

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The subject matter of an educational activity.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Australian Standard

Classification of Education (ASCED). Cat No. 1272.0. Canberra:

ABS

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—field of education Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Finalised investigation outcome indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 367333

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator of whether the result of a finalised investigation is

classified as having reasonable cause to believe a particular set

of facts.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification – finalised investigation outcome

implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Financial assistance amount

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 401987

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The value of monetary assistance.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Household – financial assistance amount Housing assistance,

Standard 01/05/2013

Person – financial assistance amount Community Services,

Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Financial assistance type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 401974

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The type of financial assistance.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Informal carer – financial assistance type Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Person – financial assistance type Housing assistance, Standard

23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Financial payment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316463

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator of whether a financial payment has been made.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – financial payment indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/04/2008

First accommodation attempt

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 329772

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: First request for accommodation.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – first accommodation attempt Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

First language spoken

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269243

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Definition: The language first used for oral communication.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – first language spoken Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

First order flag

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314537

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator that a legal order has been applied to an

individual for the first time.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – first care and protection order indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/04/2008

First service contact date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269346

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Date on which the first service contact occurs.

Property group: Entry into service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Health service event – first service contact date Health, implementing this Property: Standard 07/12/2011

Service event – first service contact date Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

First service request indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 400249

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether this is the first request for a service.

Property group: Entry into service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts *implementing this Property:* Person – first service request indicator Community Services,

Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Floor/level type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269379

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: Descriptor used to classify the type of floor or level of a multi-

storey building/complex.

Context: Australian addresses.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Health Data Standards Committee

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adiimplementing this Property: 06,

Address – floor/level type Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Person (address) – floor/level type Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – floor/level type

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Full financial year funding indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 347537

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether funding has been received for the full financial year.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation — full financial year funding implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service type outlet – full financial year funding indicator

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Full-time equivalent staff

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269172

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 13/05/2005

Definition: Hours actually worked divided by the number of normal hours

worked by a full-time staff member.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation — full-time equivalent staff

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation — full-time equivalent staff

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service type outlet—full-time equivalent staff Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Full-time/part-time status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 318676

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/12/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A categorisation by actual hours worked or intent to work.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) – full-time/part-time status Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 14/12/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Funded service type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336677

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Definition: A descriptor of the types of services that are funded and can be

provided.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—funded service type

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Funding allocated

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 321035

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: A descriptor of funding allocated.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – funding allocated Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Funding end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336771

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which funding ceased.

Property group: Funding characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: SAAP Data Sub Committee

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Data Dictionary, Version 2,

November 2001.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – funding end date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Funding indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 322172

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of the funding status of an entity.

Property group: Funding characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—funding indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 27/04/2007

Service provider organisation – funding indicator Community

Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Funding source

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 292093

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Candidate 08/02/2013

Definition: The source from which funding is derived.

Property group: Funding characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – funding source Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Service event – funding source Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Service provider organisation – funding source Community

Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service type outlet – funding source Community Services,

Standard 13/03/2013

Funding start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336742

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which funding commenced.

Property group: Funding characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: SAAP Data Sub Committee

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Data Dictionary, Version 2,

November 2001.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – funding start date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Geocode containment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430388

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An indicator of whether the code representing the location of an

object is completely enclosed within an area.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ESRI 2011. Geographic information systems dictionary. ESRI.

Viewed 1 July 2011,

http://support.esri.com/en/knowledgebase/

Gisdictionary/browse>

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode containment indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode feature

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430309

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A physical or virtual reference for the **geocode**.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode feature Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Geocode geographic datum

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430316

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The reference model of the earth's surface used in the

measurement of the **geocode** position of an object or location.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode geographic datum Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode height

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430479

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The height of a point on the earth above or below a specified

reference vertical datum.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode height Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Geocode latitude

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430352

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The angular distance of a point on the earth north or south of

the equator measured along a meridian.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode latitude Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Geocode longitude

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430459

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The angular distance of a point on earth east or west of the

Greenwich Meridian.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode longitude Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Geocode positional uncertainty

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430486

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The horizontal uncertainty of the coordinates representing the

location/position of an object.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode positional uncertainty Community Services,

Geocode vertical datum

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430331

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The reference datum of the height above sea level used in the

measurement of the **geocode** position of an object or location.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – geocode vertical datum Community Services,

Geographic location

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269234

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Retired 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: A description of physical location.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Establishment – geographic location Health, Standard

01/03/2005

Person – geographic location Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Service delivery outlet – geographic location Health, Standard

01/03/2005

Service provider organisation – geographic location

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standardisation pending 14/11/2011 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Geographic remoteness

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Property**

METeOR identifier: 396537

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The remoteness of a location, based on the physical road

distance to the nearest urban centre and its population size.

Context: Geographic remoteness is essentially a measure of a physical

location's level of access to goods and services. Large

population centres tend to have a greater range of goods and services available than small centres. Typically, a population centre is not likely to provide a full range of goods and services

until its population reaches around 250,000 people.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – geographic remoteness Community Services, Standard *implementing this Property:*

10/04/2013

Health, Standardisation pending 06/05/2014

Given name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269222

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A designation for an individual within the family group or by

which the individual is socially identified.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – given name Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Given name sequence number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 287587

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: An order of given name or initials.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – given name sequence number Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Goal identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Goal ID

METeOR identifier: 513112

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The identity reference of a specific goal.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – support plan goal identifier Community Services,

Goal status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 509754

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The activity status of a goal.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – support plan goal status Community Services,

Government funding identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269238

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An identifier allocated by a government department for the

purpose of identifying those eligible for specific services.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – government funding identifier Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Gross income

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269270

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The total income before business and tax deductions are

accounted for.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian taxation office 2004. Definitions. Australian taxation

office, Canberra. Viewed 22 October 2004

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—gross income Community Services, Standard implementing this Property: 06/02/2012, Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Highest year of school completed

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 375992

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The highest level of schooling completed.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – highest year of school completed Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Hours worked

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269066

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The amount of time devoted to a work activity over a specified

period.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) - hours worked Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Person (employed) – hours worked (per week) Community

Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation – hours worked Community

Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service type outlet – hours worked Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Household parental care type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 367616

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: A descriptor of the class of parental care within a household.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child—household parental care type Community Services,

Household type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269322

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the class of household in terms of members

present.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Household – household type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 27/04/2007

Housing tenure type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269296

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The type of legal right to occupy a dwelling.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—housing tenure type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 323304

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A sequence of characters which uniquely identifies an entity.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Record—identifier Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

implementing this Property: Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Identifier designation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 466229

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A number or code assigned to an entity by an organisation,

establishment or agency in order to uniquely identify that

entity.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Identifier – identifier designation Community Services,

Identifier issuer

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 466237

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name of the party that issues the information which is used

to identify an entity.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Identifier – identifier issuer Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Identifier name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 466217

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name or label of the information or document that is used

for identification purposes.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Identifier – identifier name Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Identifier status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 466243

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The status of a piece of information that is used to establish the

identity of an entity.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Identifier – identifier status Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Identifier status end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 466258

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the status of a piece of information used to

identify an entity ceased to be in effect.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Identifier – identifier status end date Community Services,

Identifier status start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 466252

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the status of a piece of information used for

establishing the identity of an entity came into effect.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Identifier – identifier status start date Community Services,

Income unit type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269153

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the class of income unit.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Centrelink income unit – income unit type Housing assistance,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Income unit – income unit type Community Services, Standard

31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Indigenous specific organisation indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 456795

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An indicator of whether an organisation is specific to people

identifying as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander

origin.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Service provider organisation – Indigenous specific organisation indicator Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Indigenous status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269161

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Definition: An indicator of identification as an Aboriginal and/or Torres

Strait Islander.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—Indigenous status Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Individualised disability funding indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 473753

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The recipient of an individualised funding package for the

provision of their disability services.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—individualised disability funding indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Industry of operation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 453851

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of the type of industry in which an entity operates.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation—industry of operation Community Services,

Informal carer existence indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 313244

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 02/05/2006

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether or not an informal carer exists.

Property group: Informal assistance characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Carer availability status Community Services,

Superseded 02/05/2006, Health, Superseded 04/07/2007

Data Element Concepts Person—informal carer existence indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 02/05/2006

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Initial case plan date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Date of initial case plan

METeOR identifier: 316395

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 18/12/2007

Definition: The day on which the first case plan was developed and agreed

to by relevant parties.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – initial case plan date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 18/12/2007

Injecting drug use status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269129

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An indicator of the administration of psychoactive substances

by injection.

Property group: Lifestyle characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – injecting drug use status Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Intercountry adoption client files sent overseas

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475630

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of intercountry adoption client files sent

overseas.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—number of intercountry implementing this Property: adoption client files sent overseas Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Intercountry adoption living arrangement post arrival

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 471063

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The current living arrangement of an **adoption** 12 months after

entering Australia.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—intercountry adoption living arrangement post arrival

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

International country code

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433923

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A one-to-five digit number that identifies an international

region for telephone service.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – international country code Community Services,

International postcode

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288969

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: A descriptor for a postal delivery area, aligned with locality,

suburb or place.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (address) — international postcode Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – international postcode Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Internet voice product name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 452876

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name of a product that enables an entity to use the Internet

as the transmission medium for telephone calls.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – Internet voice product name Community Services,

Internet voice product user identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433820

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An identifier assigned to a user of a product that enables the

user to use the Internet as the transmission medium for

telephone calls.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – Internet voice product user identifier Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Internet voice service provider

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433778

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The name of the organisation that provides a service to enable

voice communication over the Internet.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – Internet voice service provider Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Interpreter service required status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269289

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Retired 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An indicator of a need for a translation service.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—interpreter service required Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2006

Health, Standard 08/02/2006

Person—interpreter service required (community services)

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Investigation commencement date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316532

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The day an investigation began.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—investigation commencement

implementing this Property: date Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Investigation conclusion date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316541

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The day a decision is made regarding the investigation

outcome.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—investigation conclusion date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Investigation outcome

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316556

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The conclusion of an investigation.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—investigation outcome

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Labour force status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: **Property**

Synonymous names: **Employment status**

METeOR identifier: 269067

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator of participation in paid employment or economic

inactivity.

Labour characteristics *Property group:*

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – labour force status Community Services, Standard *implementing this Property:*

01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Last service provision date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269246

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Date on which the last service occurred.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event — last service provision date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 07/03/2006

> Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Legal order indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 350168

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator of whether legal order was in existence.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode—legal order indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/04/2008

Legal order/arrangement indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 350150

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator of whether a legal order is in effect.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode—legal order/arrangement indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Legal order/arrangement type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269313

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type of legal order or legal arrangement.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—legal order/arrangement type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Service episode — legal order/arrangement type Community

Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Length of employment in current service

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315079

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The duration of employment in the organisation in question.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed)—length of employment in current service

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Length of experience in industry sector

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314895

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The duration of experience in the industry field in question.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed)—length of experience in industry sector

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Letters of family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 349486

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A specific combination of letters selected from a family name

(surname).

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – letters of family name Community Services, Standard

27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Letters of given and family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 411355

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: A specific combination of letters selected from a person's given

and family name.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—letters of given and family name Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 14/09/2009

Letters of given name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314125

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A specific combination of letters selected from a person's first

name.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – letters of given name Community Services, Standard

27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/01/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Level number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429053

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The number used to distinguish the floor or level of a

multi-storey building/sub-complex.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Floor/level identifier Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts Address—level number Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Level of difficulty with activities in a life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320312

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: An expression of the ease of which tasks and actions in a life

area are performed.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—level of difficulty with activities in a life area

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Level of educational attainment

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 321057

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Definition: The level of academic qualification achieved.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The concept of level of education used is broadly consistent

with the concept used in the ASCED which takes its meaning from the ISCED 1997, which states that "the notion of 'levels' of education is taken to be broadly related to gradations of

education is taken to be broadly related to gradations of learning experiences...", and that "the level is related to the

degree of complexity of the content of the programmes." (UNESCO 1997, p.10).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—level of highest educational attainment Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Level of government

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Government level

METeOR identifier: 348916

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: A descriptor of the level of government.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—level of government

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Level of highest non-school qualification

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Level of education

METeOR identifier: 398736

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The highest level of post-secondary school education attained.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—level of highest non-school qualification Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Level of satisfaction with participation in a life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 324441

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The level of satisfaction with participation in a life area, in

relation to current life goals.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—level of satisfaction with participation in a life area

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Linkage key

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 349889

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A key that enables the bringing together of two or more things.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Record—linkage key Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 21/05/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Living arrangement

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269314

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 19/04/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An arrangement of living alone or with others.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—living arrangement Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 19/04/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Location descriptor

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 430298

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A description of the position of a particular location relative to

another physical site.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – location descriptor Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Location of impairment of body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320262

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The site where a specified body structure differs from the

accepted population standard.

Property group: Impairment characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—location of impairment of body structure Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Lot number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429529

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The number given to a property for subdivison

administration purposes prior to road numbering.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Lot/section identifier Community Services,

Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Data Element Concepts Address—lot number Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Main activity and participation life area supported

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Main life area supported

METeOR identifier: 501263

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The main life area in which an individual is supported to

participate or undertake activities.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer – main activity and participation life area implementing this Property: supported Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Main carer indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Main carer flag

METeOR identifier: 496084

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a carer is a main carer.

Property group: Informal assistance characteristics

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: A main carer is the carer who provides the most significant care

and assistance related to the care recipient's capacity to remain

living in their current environment.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer – main carer indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Main language other than English spoken at home

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269176

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Definition: The primary language spoken at home, excluding English.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Household – main language other than English spoken at home

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – main language other than English spoken at home

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Main service activity type indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 355201

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of the main (or most commonly provided) service

activity type.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation — main service activity type implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Marital status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269101

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An indicator of involvement in a couple relationship or

marriage.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Birth mother — marital status Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 20/05/2013

Person – marital status Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Maximum preschool program hours available per week

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 395298

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: The maximum number of hours of preschool program available

at this service, per week.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Child – maximum preschool program hours available per week

Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service provider organisation – maximum preschool program hours available per week Community Services, Standard

21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Medical condition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 491651

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A disease, condition or injury incurred by an individual.

Property group: Illness and/or Injury event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—medical condition Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 10/04/2013

Medication for mental health disorder indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 376077

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of the current use of a legally prescribed

medication for a mental health disorder, including drug and

alcohol abuse.

Property group: Mental wellbeing

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—medication for mental health disorder indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Mental health disorder indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 358778

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a doctor, psychiatrist, psychologist or

mental health nurse has reported the existence of a mental

health disorder (including drug and alcohol abuse).

Property group: Mental wellbeing

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—mental health disorder indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Mental health services received indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 508403

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether mental health services have been

received.

Property group: Entry into service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—mental health services received indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Method of drug use

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269130

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The manner in which a psychoactive substance is administered.

Property group: Lifestyle characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client—method of drug use (principal drug of concern)

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Mobile service indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315160

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Definition: An indication of whether a service is provided on a mobile

basis.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation (service type) — mobile service

implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Mother's original family name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Mother's maiden name

METeOR identifier: 269229

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The family name of an individual's mother before the mother's

first marriage.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—mother's original family name Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Name conditional use flag

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 287051

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: An indicator of specific conditions which should be applied

to a recorded name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Name context flag Community Services,

Superseded 25/08/2005, Health, Superseded 04/05/2005

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – name conditional use flag Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 25/08/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Name end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 431192

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the name of an entity is no longer used.

Property group: Name characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – name end date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Name start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 431145

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the name of an entity takes effect.

Property group: Name characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation—name start date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Name suffix

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269224

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An additional term following a name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – name suffix Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Name suffix sequence number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288187

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: An order of additional terms at the conclusion of a name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – name suffix sequence number Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Name title

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269225

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An honorific form of address commencing a name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – name title Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Name title sequence number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288244

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The numeric order of an honorific form of address commencing

a name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (name) – name title sequence number Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Name type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269227

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the class of name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – name type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Person (name) – name type Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation (name) – name type Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Name usage type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 453708

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Proposed 11/04/2013

Definition: A descriptor of the usage of a family name and/or given name

that enables differentiation between the roles of each recorded

or interchanged name.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—name usage type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Health, Proposed 11/04/2013

Name usage type end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 453789

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which a descriptor of the usage of a family name

and/or given name was no longer applicable.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—name usage type end date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Name usage type start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 453777

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which a descriptor of the usage of a family name

and/or given name was first applicable.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – name usage type start date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Nature of impairment of body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 320276

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The qualitative or quantitative change to the characteristics of a

specified body structure compared with accepted population

standards.

Property group: Impairment characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—nature of impairment of body structure Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Need for assistance with activities in a life area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 324428

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The need for personal assistance and/or supervision to perform

tasks and actions in a life area.

Property group: Functional wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

New client indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 400371

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: Whether the person has previously been a client.

Property group: Client characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts *implementing this Property:* Person – new client indicator Community Services, Standard

17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Non-Australian state/province

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288616

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The designation applied to an internal, political or geographic

division of a country other than Australia that is officially

recognised by that country.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person (address) – non-Australian state/province Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – non-Australian state/province Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Non-school qualification indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 398672

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a post-secondary education

qualification has been attained.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – non-school qualification indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Number of adoptions finalised

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 482193

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of adoption resulting in the child being

placed in the adoptive parents home.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – number of adoptions finalised Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Number of applications for information lodged

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475511

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of applications lodged seeking

information.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – number of applications for information lodged

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Number of bedrooms

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 489862

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The number of rooms which are used or intended to be

used primarily for the purpose of sleeping.

Property group: Material resource characteristics

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Number of bedrooms</u> Housing assistance,

Standard 01/03/2005

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

ncepts Dwelling – number of bedrooms Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Number of children adopted as part of a sibling group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475367

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of children adopted at the same time

and into the same family as part of a sibling group.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – number of children adopted as part of a sibling

implementing this Property: group Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Number of clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 321265

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Health, Candidate 19/02/2014

Definition: The number of people who are clients in receipt of care or

services.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Service provider organisation – number of clients Community

Services, Standard 27/04/2007 Health, Candidate 19/02/2014

Service type outlet – number of clients Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Number of clients receiving services

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 425392

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Superseded 07/02/2013

Definition: The number of people or clients receiving services from

a service provider.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—number of clients receiving services Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of days available to provide care

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Days available

METeOR identifier: 496105

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The number of days a person is available to provide care.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer – number of days available to provide care

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of detainees

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314056

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 22/05/2008

Definition: Number of people held in custody or confinement relating to an

offence or hearing.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – number of detainees

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 22/05/2007

Number of escapes

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314069

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 22/05/2007

Definition: The total number of escapes.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—number of escapes Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 22/05/2007

Number of hours available to provide care

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 496096

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The number of hours available to provide physical needs, help,

or comfort.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer – number of hours available to provide care

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of hours of care provided

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498125

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The number of hours of physical needs, help, or comfort were

actually provided.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer—number of hours of care provided Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of intercountry adoption clients

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475533

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of clients who applied for an

intercountry adoption.

Property group: Client characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—number of intercountry implementing this Property: adoption clients Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Number of licensed places

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315194

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Definition: The quantity of places an entity is legally authorised to operate.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—number of licensed places

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Number of occupants

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 443860

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A count of the people living in a building.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Dwelling – number of occupants Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Number of persons accommodated

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 352408

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: A count of the number of persons accommodated by an agency.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – number of persons accommodated Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Number of placements

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 470095

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The placement of a person in residential accommodation.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption—number of placements Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of placements not finalised Community

Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Number of places available

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 315202

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Definition: A quantity of spaces that are able to be used.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—number of available places

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/12/2007

Number of preschool enrolments

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 390335

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013

Definition: The number of recorded enrolments in a preschool service

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation - number of preschool implementing this Property: enrolments Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Number of preschool program hours enrolled per week

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 397188

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Definition: The number of preschool program hours enrolled in a

preschool service per week.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Service provider organisation – number of preschool program hours enrolled per week Community Services, Standard

21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Number of service operation days

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269309

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A count of days during a specified period that a service

provider is open to provide services.

Property group: Performance indicators

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – number of service operation

implementing this Property: days Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service type outlet – number of service operation days

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of service operation hours

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269310

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A count of hours during a specified period a service provider is

open to provide services.

Property group: Performance indicators

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – number of service operation

implementing this Property: hours Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Service type outlet—number of service operation hours

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of service operation weeks

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269311

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: A count of the number of weeks during a specified period that

a service provider is open to provide services.

Property group: Performance indicators

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Service provider organisation—number of service operation

weeks Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Service type outlet—number of service operation weeks

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Number of sibling groups

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 468600

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of people who have one or more parents

in common.

Property group: Family characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption—number of sibling groups Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Number of vetoes in place

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 512903

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of vetoes in place at the end of a

reporting period.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – number of vetoes in place Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Number of vetoes lodged

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 470365

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A count of the number of vetoes lodged blocking contact or the

release of identifying information.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – number of vetoes lodged Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Number of workers providing services

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 503371

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The number of workers providing services.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—number of workers providing services

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Occupation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269099

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the class of job based on similarities in the tasks

undertaken.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Individual service provider – occupation (self-identified)

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Person – occupation (main) Community Services, Standard

27/03/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 10/08/2007

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Occupation end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 289049

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: When the class of job based on similarities in the tasks

undertaken concludes.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Individual service provider – occupation end date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Occupation start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 289055

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: When the class of job based on similarities in the tasks

undertaken commences.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Individual service provider – occupation start date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

One-off assistance offered

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 333892

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether one-off assistance was offered.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—one-off assistance offered Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Order end reason

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 398320

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: The reason the order ended.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – order end reason Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 14/09/2009

Order identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 395465

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Definition: A sequence of characters which identify an order.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode—order identifier Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 14/09/2009

Organisation end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288650

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which operations or practice were concluded.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – organisation end date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Organisation identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269367

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

Definition: A sequence of characters which identify an organisation.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – organisation identifier

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Organisation name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288901

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Definition: The appellation by which an establishment, agency or

organisation is known or called.

Property group: Name characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – organisation name Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standardisation pending 27/02/2014 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Service provider organisation (name) – organisation name

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012

Organisation start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 288941

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Definition: The date on which operations or a service commenced.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – organisation start date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Organisation type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 292046

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the kind of organisation.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – organisation type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Other significant disability type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 491602

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Definition: The impairment of body structure or function, limitations in

activities, or restrictions in participation that exist at the same

time as the primary disability.

Property group: Impairment characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – other significant disability type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 13/03/2013

Out-of-home care flag

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 331667

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indicator of placement in out-of-home care.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—out-of-home care flag

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Paid employment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314807

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Definition: The status of a worker in terms of being paid or unpaid.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) – paid employment indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Person identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269369

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: A sequence of characters which identify a person.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National minimum data set working parties

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – person identifier Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 25/08/2005

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Person who lodged an application for information

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 470486

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The person who lodged an application to seek information

about an individual.

Property group: Client characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption – person who lodged an application for information

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Physical address indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428944

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an address reflects a geographical

place.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – physical address indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Placement type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314501

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: A descriptor of the class of placement.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – placement type Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/04/2008

Planned service event indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498837

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a service event is planned or

unplanned.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – planned service event indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Postal delivery number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 450751

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An identification number for the channel of postal delivery.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – postal delivery number Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Postal delivery point identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269334

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A sequence of assigned characters which uniquely identify a

postal delivery point.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Acimplementing this Property: Sta

Address – postal delivery point identifier Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Person (address) – postal delivery point identifier Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – postal delivery point

identifier Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Postal delivery service type identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269381

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The specification of the identification of a postal delivery

service such as General Post Office Box, Community Mail Bag, etc. to clearly distinguish it from another when applicable.

Context: Australian addresses.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Health Data Standards Committee

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – postal delivery service type identifier Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Person (address) – postal delivery service type identifier

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Preferred language

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269244

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Definition: The language most preferred for communication.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – preferred language Community Services, Standard

10/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Preschool program delivered by teacher indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 401063

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Definition: An indicator of face to face delivery of a structured, play-based,

educational program by a person with a relevant university

qualification.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) – Preschool program delivered by teacher

implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Preschool program enrolment hours

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 388619

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Definition: The number of hours enrolled in a preschool program.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child—preschool program hours enrolled Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Preschool program enrolment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 436122

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person is enrolled to attend

a structured, play-based, educational program, primarily aimed at children in the year before they commence full-

time schooling.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group (ECDSG)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Preschool service enrolment indicator</u>

Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010, Early

Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013

Data Element Concepts Child – preschool program enrolment indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Previously resided in institution/facility indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 403703

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person has previously resided in an

institution or facility.

Property group: Entry into service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – previously resided in institution/facility indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Primary disability group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 491874

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Definition: The impairment of body structure or function, limitations in

activities or restrictions in participation that are responsible for

the primary disability.

Property group: Impairment characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – primary disability group Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 13/03/2013

Primary status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 342697

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether assistance is provided in one or more

of the core activities (communication, mobility and self-care).

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer – primary status Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 27/04/2007

Principal source of cash income

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 462226

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: The main source from which cash income is derived.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: This property relates to a cash income, as opposed to all income

that includes income in kind (e.g. barter for goods or services

etc).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – principal source of cash income Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Proficiency in spoken English

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269192

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An indicator of the level of skill in speaking English.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – proficiency in spoken English Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Purchase method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498612

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The way in which a good or service is acquired.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – purchase method Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Purchase of goods and services

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 360134

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: Expenditure incurred for the purchase of goods and services.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – purchase of goods and services Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Purpose of address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 428722

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The role or use of a person's contact details.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – purpose of address Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Reason assistance not provided

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269088

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The reason goods, services, time or funds were not provided.

Property group: Entry into service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—reason assistance not provided Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Reason case management plan does not exist

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 350391

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The reason a case management or personal support plan does

not exist.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – reason case management plan does not exist

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Reason for order expiry

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314554

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The reason why a legal order no longer applies.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode—reason for order expiry Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/04/2008

Reason support plan does not exist

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 509833

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The reason a support plan does not exist.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client—reason support plan does not exist Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Receipt of Carer Allowance (Child) indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 323276

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: An indicator of the receipt of the 'Carer Allowance (Child)'.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Parent/guardian – receipt of Carer Allowance (Child) indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 509129

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person receives **carer allowance** or

carer payment.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer—receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Recurrent funding commitments

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336815

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Recurrent funds which are committed to a project, agency or

service.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—recurrent funding commitments

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

State or Territory Government – recurrent funding

commitments Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Reference person status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269215

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An indicator of whether an individual has been designated as a

reference person.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – reference person status (household) Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 30/08/2007

Referral for accommodation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 333665

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Referral for accommodation arranged.

Property group: Referral event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—referral for accommodation Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

Referral receipt date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269047

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The day on which a referral notification is received.

Property group: Referral event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: See also Service request received date Health, Standard

06/10/2010, Independent Hospital Pricing Authority,

Standard 01/11/2012

Data Element Concepts Referral – referral receipt date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Referral source

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269061

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 02/06/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Tasmanian Health, Draft 17/09/2012

Definition: A person or organisation from which a person or group of

people is referred.

Property group: Referral event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Referral – referral source Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 02/06/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Region identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269057

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An identifier for a defined geographic or administrative area.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—region identifier Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Registered/awaiting government payment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 350303

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator of whether an application has been made for a

government benefit, pension or allowance, with the first

payment is still being awaited.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—registered/awaiting government payment indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Registration end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433253

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which an entity's registration ceases to be effective.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – registration end date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Registration start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433241

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date from which the formal enrolment of an entity into

register a takes effect.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation—registration start date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Registration type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433111

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of the type of registration that an entity may

acquire over time.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – registration type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Regular client indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 436655

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a client is a regular client of an

organisation or agency.

Property group: Client characteristic

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The definition of a regular client can vary depending on the

context and/or collection in which the term is being applied, but generally involves a minimum number of visits to an organisation or agency or uses of a facility, occurring over a specific period of time. For example, in the primary health care context a regular client may be someone who has visited a particular primary health care provider 3 or more times in the

last 2 years.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—regular client indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Relationship to care recipient

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269078

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The association between a person receiving care and another

person, organisation or group of people.

Property group: Informal assistance characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Informal carer—relationship to care recipient Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Relationship to child

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314746

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: The association between a child and another person,

organisation or group of people.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—relationship to child of source of

implementing this Property: notification Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Relationship to reference person

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269216

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The type of relationship an individual has with a designated

person.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – pre-adoption relationship to adoptive parents

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person – relationship to household reference person

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Religious affiliation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269030

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: An association or connection with a particular theology or

spiritual belief.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—religious affiliation Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Remuneration indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Paid worker status

METeOR identifier: 500408

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a person receives payment or

remuneration for providing a service.

Context: An organisation may operate with a mixture of paid and

unpaid/volunteer staff.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service/care provider—remuneration indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Reporting period

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 387416

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

The timeframe during which information is related.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Definition:

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Service episode – reporting period Community Services,

Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Service episode – reporting period (financial year) Community

Services, Standard 14/09/2009

Residential setting

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269116

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The accommodation in which a person, family or group of

people lives.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—residential setting Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 01/03/2005

Road name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429740

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The name given to a road or thoroughfare.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Street name</u> Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts Address—road name Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Road number 1

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429548

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The number, or start number in a ranged address, of the

building/dwelling in the road or thoroughfare.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>House/property identifier</u> Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts

implementing this Property:

Address – road number 1 Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Road number 2

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429588

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The last number for a ranged address in a road or

thoroughfare.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>House/property identifier</u> Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health, Superseded

07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Address – road number 2 Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Road suffix

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429864

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The abbreviation used to represent the suffix of a road or

thoroughfare.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Street suffix Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Data Element Concepts Address—road suffix Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Road type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429752

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: An identifier used to distinguish a type of road or

thoroughfare.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Street type Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012, Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts Address—road type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

School attendance indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314945

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: Whether either primary or secondary school is attended.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—school attendance indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 30/11/2007

School enrolment status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 401799

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A categorisation of school enrolment and attendance.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – school enrolment and attendance status Community

Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Secondary complex name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429399

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The name associated with a building or area within a complex

site.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – secondary complex name Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Sector

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269055

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A categorisation of an organisation based on its funding,

management and ownership arrangements.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Establishment – sector Health, Standard 01/03/2005 implementing this Property:

Service provider organisation – sector Community Services,

Standard 27/04/2007

Self-harm ideation in the last 12 months

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Thoughts of self-harm in the last 12 months

METeOR identifier: 358871

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of having thoughts, in the last 12 months, of

inflicting harm upon one's self.

Property group: Mental wellbeing

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – self-harm ideation in the last 12 months Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Self-harm indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 358866

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of the deliberate infliction of harm to one's self

such as cutting or slashing, blunt force, burning, hanging, strangulation, suffocation, biting, refusing food or water, binge

eating or self-poisoning.

Property group: Physical wellbeing

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—self-harm indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Service activity type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 406069

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The nature of a service activity type.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Service activity type needed Community

Services, Superseded 13/03/2013, Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013, Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013, Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Client – service activity type Housing assistance, Standard

23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – service activity type Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Service provider organisation – service activity type

Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007 Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Service activity type needed

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269332

Registration status: Community Services, Superseded 13/03/2013

> Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Early Childhood, Superseded 08/04/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A descriptor of the class of service activity needed.

Property group: Client characteristic

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – service activity type needed Community Services, *implementing this Property:*

Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Person – service activity type Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Service type outlet – service activity type Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Service cessation reason

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269358

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The reason why the delivery of a service ceased.

Property group: Exit/leave from service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – service cessation reason Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service commencement date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 313941

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2005

Definition: The date on which a service event commences.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Non-admitted patient emergency department service episode – service commencement date Health, Standard 07/12/2005

Service event – service commencement date Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service commencement time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269045

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The time at which a service event starts.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Non-admitted patient emergency department service episode – service commencement time Health, Standard 07/12/2005

Service event – service commencement time Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service delivery setting

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269375

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 02/05/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Definition: The setting in which assistance or services are provided.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Episode of treatment for alcohol and other drugs—service

delivery setting Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Health-care incident – service delivery setting Health, Standard

07/12/2011

Non-admitted patient service event – service delivery setting

Health, Standard 06/10/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Service event – service delivery setting Community Services,

Standard 02/05/2006

Service provider organisation – service delivery setting

Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Specialised mental health service organisation—service

delivery setting Health, Standard 07/02/2013

Service end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498698

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date on which a service ends.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—service end date Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 10/04/2013

Service end time

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498585

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The time at which a service finishes.

Property group: Exit/leave from service event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—service end time Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 10/04/2013

Service event frequency

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 498852

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: How often a service event recurs.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – service event frequency Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Service event length

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 503254

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The duration of time between the commencement and the end

of a service event.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – service event length Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Service ongoing indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 338781

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator of the provision of ongoing assistance and

support.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – service ongoing indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Service episode – service ongoing indicator Community

Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service received indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 323505

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: An indicator of the receipt of services.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—service received indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 27/04/2007

Service standards type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 497372

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The type of service standards used for quality assessment.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—service standards type

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service type outlet identifier

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 495935

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A sequence of characters which identifies a service type outlet

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Desirable components of a unique service type outlet identifier

include Australian state/territory identifier, agency sector,

agency identifier, and service type outlet number.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service type outlet – service type outlet identifier Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Sex

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269231

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Definition: The biological distinction between male and female.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Standards for Social,

Labour and Demographic Variables Demographic Variables,

<u>Sex</u>

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—sex Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

implementing this Property: Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Indigenous, Final 15/08/2013

Sibling composition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 475287

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: The composition of brothers and/or sisters within a family.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoptive family—sibling composition Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 20/05/2013

Source of cash of income

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269271

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The source from which cash income is derived.

Property group: Financial characteristics

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: This property relates to a cash income, as opposed to all income

that includes income in kind (e.g. barter for goods or services

etc).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – source of cash income (all) Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 29/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Person – source of cash income (principal) Community

Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Source of information on a mental health condition

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 400467

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The origin of information regarding a person's mental health

condition.

Property group: Mental wellbeing

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – source of information on a mental health condition

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Standards assessment date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 496727

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date of assessment undertaken against defined industry

standards.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – standards assessment date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Standards assessment indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 356459

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether routine assessment against

defined industry standards occurs.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – standards assessment indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Standards assessment level

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 359010

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: The level of assessment undertaken or undergone by an

organisation against defined industry standards

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – standards assessment level

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Standards assessment method

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 287989

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Definition: The method used for standards assessment.

Property group: Performance indicators

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—standards assessment method

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 05/12/2007

Statistical area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 457283

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

National Health Performance Authority, Standard 28/11/2013

Definition: A designated region with a pre-determined population range

primarily for statistical usage. Based on the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) structure of six

hierarchical statistical area levels comprised in ascending order. Each level directly aggregates to the level above. This principle continues up through the remaining levels of the hierarchy.

Property group: Location characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Address – statistical area Community Services, Standard

06/12/2011

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

National Health Performance Authority, Standard 28/11/2013

Status in employment

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Relative employment position

METeOR identifier: 269068

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A categorisation of a population of job holders by their

perception of the relationship between themselves and the 'main' enterprise for which they work, together with the legal

status of the enterprise where this can be established.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Labour Statistics Concepts,

Sources and Methods. Cat No. 6102.0. Canberra: ABS.

Reference through:

http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/StatsLibrary and choose 'Other ABS Statistical Standards/Standards for Social, Labour and Demographic Variables/Labour Force Variables'.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) – status in employment Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Student type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 337602

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A descriptor of the class of a student based on level and type of

study.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – student type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 15/09/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Student/employment training indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 349604

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: An indicator of formal engagement in a course of study or

employment training.

Property group: Labour characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—student/employment training indicator Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Sub-dwelling unit number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 429006

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: A number used to distinguish location within a

building/sub-complex or marina.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Building/complex sub-unit identifier</u>

Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012, Health,

Superseded 07/12/2011

Data Element Concepts

implementing this Property:

Address – sub-dwelling unit number Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Substance used illicitly indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 365204

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a substance has been possessed

illegally, or used in an illegal manner.

Property group: Lifestyle characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—substance used illicitly indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Suburb/town/locality name

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269335

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2011 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010 Tasmanian Health, Draft 23/07/2012

Definition: The full name of the general locality containing the specific

address.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Address – suburb/town/locality name Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Person (address) – suburb/town/locality name Community

Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Support plan achievement level

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 509816

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The extent to which a set of goals in a support plan have been

achieved.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – support plan achievement level Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan goal achievement level

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 509752

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The extent to which a specific goal in a support plan has been

achieved.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client—support plan goal achievement level Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Support plan indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 512977

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether a current support plan for an

individual exists.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – support plan indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 10/04/2013

Support plan last review date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 513060

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: The date on which a person's support plan was last reviewed.

Property group: Service provision event

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: If the current plan is a new plan (that is, due for review at a

future point), record the plan initiation date.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Client – support plan last review date Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 10/04/2013

Support service type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 292134

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the types of assistance that can be provided.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—support service type

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Supported accommodation type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 350876

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A descriptor of the class of supported accommodation.

Property group: Accommodation/living characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event – supported accommodation type Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Tax exempt indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 344870

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: Whether an entity is endorsed by the Australian Tax Office as

income tax exempt.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—tax exempt indicator

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Telephone non-standard functionality

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433878

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The communication features available through a telephone

that are not currently available through all telephones.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – telephone non-standard functionality Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Telephone number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269232

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A sequence of digits.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – telephone number Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Person – telephone number Community Services, Superseded

06/02/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Telephone number type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269239

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The class of telephone number.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (telephone) – telephone number type Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Telephone service line

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 452813

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of how a telephone service is physically provided

to an entity.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address—telephone service line Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Telephone standard functionality

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433828

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The key known communication features available through a

telephone.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address—telephone standard functionality Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Temporary closure end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336871

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which a period of temporary closure ends.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation – temporary closure end date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Temporary closure start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 336864

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: The date on which a period of temporary closure starts.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—temporary closure start date

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Tertiary qualification related to industry indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314887

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: An indicator of whether a tertiary qualification is related to the

industry of employment.

Property group: Educational characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person (employed) – tertiary qualification related to industry

implementing this Property: indicator Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Trading activity status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 432236

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A descriptor of the status of the activities that an entity engages

in, in the course of carrying on its business, at a point in time. Trading is not limited to buying or selling goods, and trading activities are not necessarily profit-making or profit motivated

activities.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Buttersworths 2002. Business and Law Dictionary Second

Edition. Australia: Lexis Nexis Butterworths

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – trading activity status Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Trading activity status end date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 432392

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the status of the activities that an entity

engages in, in the course of carrying on its business status ceases to be effective. Trading is not limited to buying or selling goods, and trading activities are not necessarily profit-making

or profit motivated activities.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – trading activity status end date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Trading activity status start date

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 432354

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The date on which the status of the activities that an entity

engages in, or will engage in, in the course of carrying on its business takes effect. Trading is not limited to buying or selling goods, and trading activities are not necessarily profit-making

or profit motivated activities.

Property group: Organisational characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Reference documents: Buttersworths 2002. Business and Law Dictionary Second

Edition. Australia: Lexis Nexis Butterworths

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Organisation – trading activity status start date Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Transfer source

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 314112

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/03/2007

Definition: The location or system from which a person has transferred.

Property group: Entry into service event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – transfer source Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 27/03/2007

Transgender indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Transgender status

METeOR identifier: 375981

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: An indicator of whether a person identifies as **transgender**, or

is undergoing gender reassignment.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – transgender indicator Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Type of assistive product received

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 513177

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A descriptor of the class of assistive product received.

Property group: Service provision event

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: An assistive product is any product (including device,

equipment, instrument, technology and software)

especially produced or generally available, for preventing, compensating for, monitoring, relieving or neutralizing impairments, activity limitations and participation

restrictions.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2011.

Assistive products for persons with disability –

Classification and terminology, AS/NZS ISO 9999:2011.

Sydney: SAI Global Limited.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service event—type of assistive product received implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Type of goods and equipment received

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269305

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A descriptor of the class of material assistance received.

Property group: Service provision event

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service episode – type of goods and equipment received

implementing this Property: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service event – type of goods and equipment received

Community Services, Superseded 10/04/2013

Type of interpreter services required

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 323179

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Definition: A descriptor of the class of interpreter services required.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—type of interpreter services required Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Type of substance used illicitly

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 365390

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: The type of substance which is possessed illegally, or used in an

illegal manner.

Property group: Lifestyle characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – type of substance used illicitly Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Unborn child status

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 316507

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An indication of whether the child was unborn.

Property group: Birth event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Child protection notification—unborn child status Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Uniform Resource Locator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 433726

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A compact string representation of the location for a resource

that is available via the Internet.

Property group: Communication characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – Uniform Resource Locator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Unique identifier used indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 493273

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Health, Standard 07/02/2013

Definition: An indicator of whether an identifier is unique within an

establishment or agency.

Property group: Identifier characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: National minimum data set working parties

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person—unique identifier used indicator Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 19/09/2013

Health, Standard 07/02/2013

Unstructured address line

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 453241

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A composite of address components, that do not conform with

the commonly used address format, that describe a low level of geographical/physical information regarding of a location.

Property group: Location characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of client

information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Address – unstructured address line Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Urgency of requested assistance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 400297

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The time period in which services are needed.

Property group: Service/care urgency

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts implementing this Property:

Person – urgency of requested assistance Community Services,

Standard 17/11/2010

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Veto type

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 470339

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Definition: A descriptor of a veto put in place to block contact with an

individual or the release of identifying information about an

individual.

Property group: Legal characteristics

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Adoption—veto type Community Services, Standard

implementing this Property: 20/05/2013

Waiting list

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

Synonymous names: Wait list

METeOR identifier: 463123

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Definition: A list of people waiting for a service event.

Property group: Service provision event

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Service provider organisation—waiting list Community

implementing this Property: Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Year of first arrival in Australia

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Property

METeOR identifier: 269050

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The calendar year in which an individual first arrived in

Australia.

Property group: Demographic/social/cultural characteristics

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Data Element Concepts Person – year of first arrival in Australia Community Services,

implementing this Property: Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Classification schemes

AS/NZS ISO 9999:2011 Assistive products for persons with disability—classification and terminology

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ISO 9999:2011

METeOR identifier: 508624

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A logical and integrated taxonomy and terminology for

assistive technology products.

Context: This International Standard establishes a classification of

assistive products, especially produced or generally available,

for persons with disability.

Classification structure: The classification consists of three hierarchical levels and the

codes each consist of three pairs of digits. For each level, codes, titles, explanatory notes, inclusions, exclusions and cross-

references are given.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: All assis

All assistive products in this classification are primarily intended for use outside of health care settings; however, some of the products can be used in facilities such as rehabilitation centres to teach clients how to use these products.

It should be noted that the titles of some subclasses and divisions in class 28 refer to the 'workplace'. This term does not refer to a specific setting or geographical location; instead, it refers to any setting in which employment-related activities or vocational training are performed.

The definition of 'assistive product' used by this Standard has been revised to align it with the terminology of the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF).

The following items are specifically excluded from this Standard:

- items used for the installation of assistive products
- solutions obtained by combinations of assistive products that are individually classified in this Standard
- medicines
- assistive products and instruments used exclusively by

healthcare professionals

- non-technical solutions, such as personal assistance, guide dogs or lip-reading
- implanted devices
- financial support.

Comments: In 2003, ISO 9999 was accepted as a related member of the

> WHO Family of International Classifications (WHO-FIC), and makes use of the terminology of the International Classification

of Functioning, Disability and Health (WHO, 2001).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand.

Reference documents: Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand 2011. Assistive

> products for persons with disability – Classification and terminology, AS/NZS ISO 9999:2011. Sydney: SAI Global

Limited.

WHO (World Health Organization) 2001. International classification of functioning, disability and health. Geneva:

WHO.

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Assistive products for persons with disability (AS/NZS ISO 9999:2011) code NN [NN NN] Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, 2013, Version 1.2

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ANZSCO, 2013 Version 1.2

METeOR identifier: 529549

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/10/2013

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) classification for

occupations.

Classification structure: The structure of ANZSCO has five hierarchical levels -

major group, sub-major group, minor group, unit group and occupation. The categories at the most detailed level of the classification are termed 'occupations'. These are grouped together to form 'unit groups', which in turn are grouped into 'minor groups'. Minor groups are aggregated to form 'sub-major groups' which in turn are aggregated at

the highest level to form 'major groups'.

Conceptual model

ANZSCO is a skill-based classification used to classify all occupations and jobs in the Australian and New Zealand labour markets.

To do this, ANZSCO identifies a set of occupations covering all jobs in the Australian and New Zealand labour markets, defines these occupations according to their attributes and groups them on the basis of their similarity into successively broader categories for statistical and other types of analysis. The individual objects classified in ANZSCO are jobs.

In ANZSCO, occupations are organised into progressively larger groups on the basis of their similarities in terms of both skill level and skill specialisation.

The conceptual model adopted for ANZSCO uses a combination of skill level and skill specialisation as criteria to design major groups which are meaningful and useful for most purposes. The eight major groups are formed by grouping together sub-major groups using aspects of both skill level and skill specialisation. In designing the major groups, intuitive appeal and usefulness in both statistical and administrative applications were also important considerations.

The skill level criterion is applied as rigorously as possible at the second level of the classification, the sub-major group level, together with a finer application of skill specialisation than that applied at the major group level. Each sub-major group is made up of a number of minor groups.

Minor groups are distinguished from each other mainly on the basis of a finer application of skill specialisation than that applied at the sub-major group level. Within minor groups, unit groups are distinguished from each other on the basis of skill specialisation and, where necessary, skill level.

Virtually all unit groups are at one skill level. There are only eight unit groups which contain occupations at more than one skill level. In all but two of these unit groups, the vast majority of jobs classified to the unit group are at one skill level only. Data stored at unit group level can therefore be aggregated by skill level with a high degree of validity.

Within unit groups, the distinction between occupations amounts to differences between tasks performed in occupations. All occupations are at one skill level.

As a result, data classified at the major group level will provide only a broad indication of skill level. Data at the sub-major group level will provide a satisfactory indication of skill level for many analytical purposes. Data classified at the unit group level will provide an accurate indication of skill level. Unit groups can, therefore, be aggregated by skill level to provide an indicative measure of occupations classified by skill level.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006. Australian and New

Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations, 2013, Version 1.2, ABS cat. no. 1220.0 Canberra: ABS. Viewed

05 July 2013.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Australian and New Zealand Standard

Classification of Occupations, First edition, 2006

Community Services, Superseded 01/10/2013, Health,

Standard 04/07/2007

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

based on this Occupation code (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2)

N[NNN]{NN} Community Services, Standard 01/10/2013

Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification, Second edition, 2006

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

METeOR identifier: 453855

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics classification of industries.

Classification structure: The structure of ANZSIC is a hierarchical classification with

four levels: Divisions (the broadest level), Subdivisions, Groups

and Classes (the finest level).

At the Divisional level, the main purpose is to provide a limited number of categories which provide a broad overall picture of the economy and are suitable for the publication of summary tables in official statistics. The Subdivision, Group and Class levels provide increasingly detailed dissections of these categories for the compilation of more specific and detailed

statistics.

Conceptual framework

The conceptual framework adopted for the development of ANZSIC 2006 uses supply-side based industry definitions and groupings. Business units engaged in similar productive

activities are grouped together.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This 2006 edition of the ANZSIC replaces the 1993 edition.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006. Australian and New

Zealand Standard Classification of Industries, Second Edition,

Cat no. 1292.0 Canberra: ABS. Viewed 7 July 2011.

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Industry type (ANZSIC 2nd edition) code NN[NN] Community

Classification Scheme: Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Australian Classification for Source of Income 2010

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

METeOR identifier: 412558

Registration status: Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) classification for

> sources from which persons, income units, families and households receive income. 'Sources of income' applies to all persons, income units, families and households reporting a

value for 'Total income' in surveys.

Classification structure: The classification is a three level hierarchal classification that

groups sources of income at the broad, narrow and detailed

levels.

At the broad, or top, level of the classification for 'Total income', the income components are grouped according to whether they are received from:

- an employer, including their own incorporated business
- a profit or loss from their own unincorporated business
- a government pension or allowance paid by a government entity under social security and related government programs
- any other source. This is output as 'Other income'.

At the narrow, or second, level of the classification, 'Any other source' is classified according to whether income is received from:

- investments, that is income received as a result of the ownership of financial and non-financial assets
- superannuation pensions and annuities
- other current transfers.

At the detailed, or third, level of the classification, investment income, government pensions and allowances and other current transfers are further broken down into their component groupings.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: An individual may receive income from more than one source.

> 'Total income' is the sum of the following income components, before income tax and the Medicare Levy are taken out:

employee income

- profit or loss from self employment (own unincorporated business income)
- government pensions and allowances
- investment income
- superannuation pensions and annuities
- other current transfers received.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2010. <u>Standards for Income</u>

Variables, 2010 Cat no. 1287.0 Canberra: ABS. Viewed 2 August

2010.

Revision status: If you require further information about this classification

please email: social.classifications@abs.gov.au or telephone the

Standards Support Hotline on (02) 6252 5736.

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Sources of income code NNNN Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ASCDC 2011

METeOR identifier: 466899

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics' classification for data

relating to drugs which are considered to be of concern in

Australian society.

The main classification of the ASCEDC has a three level Classification structure:

hierarchical structure. It is essentially a classification of type

of drug of concern based on the chemical structure,

mechanism of action and effect on physiological activity of

the drugs of concern.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Indexes in alphabetical and numerical order are available,

see the *Origin*: attribute.

Source and reference attributes

Steward: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS)

Origin: The Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern

(ASCDC). ABS Cat No. 1248.0 (2011)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of

Concern 2000 Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Drug of concern (ASCDC 2011 extended) code NNNN

Value Domains based on this

Classification Scheme:

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Australian Standard Classification of Education 2001

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ASCED 2001

METeOR identifier: 270551

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics classification for fields of

education.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: ASCED comprises two classifications: Level of Education and

Field of Education. Both the level and field of education components can be used to report statistics on various aspects of educational activity, such as student enrolments by level of course or by field of study; teaching resources by level of course; financial resources by field; or educational attainment

by level and field.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2001. Australian Standard

Classification of Education (ASCED). Cat No. 1272.0. Canberra:

ABS. (last viewed 21 March 2006)

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Education level code NN Community Services, Standard

29/04/2006

Field of education code (ASCED 2001) NN[{NN}{NN}]

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Highest education level code (ASCED 2001) N[NN]

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Highest level of qualification (early childhood education and care), code N[N] Community Services, Standard 21/05/2010

Early Childhood, Superseded 07/06/2011

Highest level of qualification (early childhood education and care), code N[N] Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Australian Standard Classification of Languages 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ASCL 2011

METeOR identifier: 460114

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 17/11/2011

Health, Standard 17/11/2011

Homelessness, Standard 17/11/2011

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) classification for

the languages spoken by Australians.

Classification structure: The Australian Standard Classification of Languages

(ASCL) has a three-level hierarchical structure.

Languages are grouped together into progressively broader categories on the basis of their evolution from a common ancestral language, and on the basis of geographic

proximity of areas where a particular language originated.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The ASCL is intended for use in the collection, aggregation

and dissemination of data relating to the language use of the Australian population, or subsets of the population.

Indexes in alphabetical and numerical order are available,

see the *Origin*: attribute.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2005. Australian Standard

Classification of Languages (ASCL) 2011. Cat No.

1267.0. Canberra: ABS. 16/8/2011.

Revision status: If you require further information about this classification

please email: standards@abs.gov.au.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Australian Standard Classification of

<u>Languages 2005</u> Community Services, Superseded 17/11/2011, Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006,

Health, Superseded 17/11/2011

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Language code (ASCL 2011) NN{NN} Community Services, Standard 13/10/2011
Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011
Health, Standard 13/10/2011
Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011
Tasmanian Health, Draft 13/09/2012

Australian Standard Classification of Religious Groups 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ASCRG 2011

METeOR identifier: 493238

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/09/2012

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics classification for

religions of the Australian population.

Classification structure: The ASCRG has a three level hierarchical structure. In the

classification religions are grouped into progressively broader categories on the basis of similarity in terms of religious beliefs, religious practices and cultural heritage

adherents.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Indexes in alphabetical and numerical order and

concordance 1991 to 1996 and 1996 to 1991 available, see

Origin.

Source and reference attributes

Steward: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. Australian Standard

Classification of Religious Groups. Cat No. 1266.0.

Canberra: ABS. Viewed 21 August 2012.

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. 1998. A Guide to Major ABS

Classifications 1998. Cat No. 1291.0. ABS, Canberra. Viewed

4 January 2005.

Revision status: Original 1996 - Standard

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Australian Standard Classification of Religious</u>

Groups 2005 Community Services, Superseded 07/11/2012

Value Domains based on this

Classification Scheme:

Religious group code (ASCRG 2011) N[NNN] Community

Services, Standard 07/11/2012

Australian Standard Geographical Classification 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ASGC 2011

METeOR identifier: 455481

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 26/10/2011

Health, Standard 22/11/2011

Early Childhood, Proposed 14/07/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics classification for the

classification of geographical locations.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006. Australian Standard

Geographical Classification (ASGC). Cat No. 1216.0.

Canberra: ABS. Viewed on 14/07/2011

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Australian Standard Geographical</u>

Classification 2010 Community Services, Superseded

26/10/2011, Health, Superseded 22/11/2011

Value Domains based on this

Classification Scheme:

Geographical location CD code, (ASGC 2011) NNNNNNN

Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Geographical location code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN

Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Health, Standard 22/11/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ASGS 2011

METeOR identifier: 437772

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics framework for statistical

geography. The main purpose of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) is the dissemination of geographically classified statistics. It provides a common framework of statistical geography which enables the publication of statistics that are comparable and spatially

integrated.

Context: From July 2011, the ABS will progressively replace the current

Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) with the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) as its

geographical framework.

Classification structure: The ASGS classification structures are split into two broads

groups, the ABS Structures and the Non-ABS Structures.

The ABS Structures are hierarchies of regions defined and maintained by the ABS. The regions that comprise the ABS Structures will remain unchanged until the next Census of

Population and Housing in 2016.

The ABS Structures are built directly from mesh blocks. Non-ABS Structures are approximated by mesh blocks, the Statistical Areas Level 1 (SA1s), or the Statistical Areas Level 2 (SA2s).

The ABS Structures comprise six interrelated hierarchies of regions. They are:

- Main Structure
- Indigenous Structure
- Urban Centres and Localities/Section of State Structure
- Remoteness Area Structure
- Greater Capital City Statistical Area (GCCSA) Structure
- Significant Urban Area Structure.

The Non-ABS Structures comprise eight hierarchies of regions which are not defined or maintained by the ABS, but for which the ABS is committed to providing a range of statistics. They

generally represent administrative regions and are approximated by mesh blocks, SA1s or SA2s. They are:

- Local Government Areas (LGAs)
- Postal Areas
- State Suburbs
- Commonwealth Electoral Divisions
- State Electoral Divisions
- Australian Drainage Divisions
- Natural Resource Management Regions
- Tourism Regions.

Source and reference attributes

Origin:

Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. 1270.0.55.001 - Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 1 - Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas, July 2011 http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/1270.0.55.001July%202011?OpenDocument

Canberra: ABS. Viewed on 15/07/2011.

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Statistical area level 1 (SA1) code (ASGS 2011) N(11)

Community Services, Standard 06/12/2011 Health, Standardisation pending 06/05/2014 Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9) Community

Services, Standard 06/12/2011 Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 01/11/2012

Family, household and income unit variables (family composition) 2005

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

METeOR identifier: 343211

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Definition: 'Family composition' is the Australian Bureau of Statistics'

(ABS) standard variable for identifying the composition of

families within households.

Context: Household and family statistics.

Classification structure: The 'Family, household and income unit variables' has a

four level hierarchical classification for family composition. In the classification, family composition types are grouped in to progressively broader categories on the basis of similarity in

terms of family structure.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The ABS classification for family composition is a subset of the

suite of standards called 'Family, household and income unit variables'. It is used to measure family structure and size and is an essential variable for the analysis of the social and economic well-being of both the family unit and the individuals within

those families.

Source and reference attributes

Steward: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and income

unit variables. Cat No. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS. Viewed on

29/09/2006

Reference documents: Family, household and income unit variables

Revision status: Revised 2005 - Standard

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Family composition code N[NNN] Community Services,

Classification Scheme: Standard 27/04/2007

Family, household and income unit variables (relationship in household) 2005

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

METeOR identifier: 343349

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Definition: Relationship in household' is the Australian Bureau of Statistics'

(ABS) standard variable for identifying the familial and other

relationships between persons in a given household.

Context: Household and family statistics.

Classification structure: The 'Family, household and income unit variables' has a four

level hierarchical classification for relationship in household. In the classification, relationship in household type are grouped in

to progressively more detailed categories on the basis of

similarity in terms of relationship type.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The ABS classification for relationship in household is a subset

of the suite of standards called 'Family, household and income unit variables'. 'Relationship in household' underlies the suite of standards for Family statistics. It identifies and classifies the key relationships between persons usually resident in a given household. Although some collections output directly to the classification of 'Relationship in household', its major use is in providing the basis for derivation of 'Family composition', 'Income unit composition', 'Household composition' and 'Social marital status'. The 'Relationship in household' standard facilitates the definition, collection and classification of

facilitates the definition, collection and classification of household relationship data in statistical collections.

Source and reference attributes

Steward: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and income

unit variables. Cat No. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS. Viewed on

29/09/2006

Reference documents: Family, household and income unit variables

Revision status: Revised 2005 Standard

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme: Relationship to household reference person code NN Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health 2001

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ICF 2001

METeOR identifier: 270548

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/12/2004

Health, Standard 23/02/2005

Definition: The World Health Organization's (WHO) system for classifying

functioning, disability and health.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The International Classification of Functioning, Disability and

Health (ICF) was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 and is a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National

Health Information Management Group in 2002).

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health. Geneva:

WHO

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF itself

and the ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0 (AIHW 2003), at

the following websites:

WHO ICF website:

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website:

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Activities and participation code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN]

Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity difficulty level code (ICF 2001) N Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity need for assistance code N Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Body function code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Body structure code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Environmental factor code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Extent of environmental factors influence code (ICF 2001) [X]N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment extent code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment location code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment nature code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Participation extent code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

International Standards Organisation codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions, Part 1: Country codes (ISO 3166, 2006)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

METeOR identifier: 454505

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: The International Standard for country codes, Part one.

Classification structure: The purpose of ISO 3166 is to establish codes for the

representation of names of countries, territories or areas of

geographical interest, and their subdivisions.

Part 1: Country codes

First published in 1974, it has since then become one of the world's most widely used standard solution for coding country names. It contains a two-letter code which is recommended as the general purpose code, a three-letter code which has better mnemonic properties and a numeric-3 code which can be useful

if script independence of the codes is important.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: There are three related documents which, taken together, make

> up ISO 3166; Part 1: Country codes, Part 2: Country subdivision code and Part 3: Code for formerly used names of countries.

ISO 3166-1 is by far the most important of the three standards and the only standard in scope for this classification scheme.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Maintenance Agency for International Standards Organisation

(ISO) 3166 Country Codes 2006. International Standard for

Country Codes. Geneva: ISO. Viewed 11 July 2011,

http://www.iso.org/iso/

english_country_names_and_code_elements

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this

Country code (ISO 3166) AA Community Services, Standard

Classification Scheme: 06/02/2012

International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, **Australian Modification 8th edition**

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: ICD-10-AM 8th edn

METeOR identifier: 514003

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 02/05/2013

Definition: The National Centre for Classification in Health

classification of diseases and related health problems

Classification structure: ICD-10-AM is comprised of:

> Tabular List of Diseases - contains core three character codes with some expansion to four and five character codes. Two appendices are specified: Morphology of neoplasms; and Special tabulation lists for mortality

and morbidity.

Alphabetic Index of Diseases - consists of three sections: Section I is the index of diseases, syndromes, pathological conditions, injuries, signs, symptoms, problems and other reasons for contact with health services. Section II is the index of external causes of injury. The terms included here are not medical diagnoses but descriptions of the circumstances in which the violence occurred. Section III is the index of drugs and other chemical substances giving rise to poisoning or other adverse effects (also known as the

Table of drugs and chemicals).

Source and reference attributes

Origin: National Centre for Classification in Health (NCCH) 2010.

> The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM) - Seventh Edition - Tabular list of diseases and Alphabetic index of diseases. Sydney: NCCH, Faculty of Health Sciences, The University of

Sydney.

Revision status: ICD-10-AM was developed by the National Centre for

> Classification in Health (NCCH). During the development, the NCCH was advised by members of the NCCH Coding

Standards Advisory Committee (CSAC) and the Clinical Classification and Coding Groups (CCCG), consisting of expert clinical coders and clinicians nominated by the Clinical Casemix Committee of Australia.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes International Statistical Classification of

Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification 7th edition Health, Superseded

02/05/2013

Value Domains based on this Classification Scheme:

Diagnosis code (ICD-10-AM 8th edn) ANN $\{.N[N]\}$

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Health, Standard 02/05/2013

National Classifications of Community Services version 2.0

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: NCCS v. 2.0

METeOR identifier: 270558

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The Australian Institute of Health & Welfare classification for

the delivery of community services activities and the setting in

which such services are delivered.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2003. National

<u>classifications of community services</u>. Version 2.0. AIHW Cat No. HWI. Canberra: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Service activity type code (NCCS v2.0) ANN{.N{.NN}}

Classification Scheme: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service delivery setting code (NCCS v2.0) AN{.N{.NN}}

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Postcode datafile

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

METeOR identifier: 270561

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Standard 01/03/2005 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

Definition: The numeric descriptor for a postal delivery area, aligned with

locality, suburb or place for the address of a party (person or

organisation), as defined by Australia Post.

Context: Postcode is an important part of a persons or organisations

postal address and facilitates written communication. It is one of a number of geographic identifiers that can be used to determine a geographic location. Postcode may assist with

uniquely identifying a person or organisation.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The postcode book is updated more than once annually as

postcodes are dynamic entities and are constantly changing.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australia Post Postcode book. Reference through:

http://www1.auspost.com.au/postcodes/

Relational attributes

Value Domains based on this Australian postcode code (Postcode datafile) {NNNN}

Classification Scheme: Community Services, Superseded 06/02/2012

Housing assistance, Standard 10/02/2006

Health, Superseded 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Superseded 09/03/2012 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Australian postcode code (Postcode datafile) {NNNN}

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Housing assistance, Standard 02/05/2013

Health, Standard 07/12/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012 WA Health, Endorsed 06/03/2014

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard 31/10/2012

Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Classification Scheme

Synonymous names: SACC 2011

METeOR identifier: 459967

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 17/11/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 17/11/2011

Health, Standard 17/11/2011

Homelessness, Standard 17/11/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Definition: The Australian Bureau of Statistics classification for

countries.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2011

(SACC) Edition 1 supersedes the Australian Standard Australian Classification of Countries 2008 (SACC) Edition

2.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2011. Standard Australian

Classification of Countries 2011 (SACC). Cat No. 1269.0.

Canberra: ABS (last viewed 22 August 2011)

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Standard Australian Classification of Countries

2008 Community Services, Superseded 22/11/2011, Housing assistance, Superseded 22/11/2011, Health,

Superseded 22/11/2011

Value Domains based on this

Classification Scheme:

Country code (SACC 2011) NNNN Community Services,

Standard 13/10/2011

Housing assistance, Standard 13/10/2011

Health, Standard 13/10/2011

Homelessness, Standard 13/10/2011

Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, Standard

01/11/2012

Glossary items

Accommodation period

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 357096

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: The period during which a client was in supported

accommodation. A client may have no accommodation periods or one or more accommodation periods within a

support period.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: The dates on which each accommodation period began and

ended during the support period are collected for clients but not for accompanying children. However, it can be reasonably assumed that an accompanying child will have the same accommodation period start and end dates as their parent(s) or guardians(s) in the majority of cases.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this Service event – accommodation period end date,

glossary item: DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Service event – accommodation period start date,

DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Activity—functioning, disability and health

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

Synonymous names: Activity

METeOR identifier: 327296

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: In the context of health, an activity is the execution of a task

or action by an individual.

Context: 'Activities and participation' is one of three components

that define the concept 'Disability', along with 'Body functions and structures' and 'Environmental factors'. 'Activities and participation' is also encompassed within

the concept 'Functioning'.

The concept 'Activity', as defined here and as measured in the metadata item Activity difficulty level code (ICF) N, may be relevant to people and human services not related

to disability.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Activity limitations are difficulties an individual has in the

execution of an activity.

The performance of an activity is what the individual does in his or her current environment. The environment includes all aspects of the physical, social and attitudinal world. Activity limitation varies with the environment and is assessed in relation to a particular environment and in the absence or presence of assistance, including aids and equipment.

In time, a related and more generic data element may be developed. In the meantime, the addition of 'functioning, disability and health' to the concept of 'ability' indicates that the current concept is based on the concept and framework developed by World Health Organization to assist in the classification and description of functioning and disability, as contained in the ICF.

The ICF recognises two constructs that can be used with 'Activities and Participation': performance and capacity. 'Performance' is what the person does in their usual environment. 'Capacity' describes 'an individual's ability to execute a task or an action in a standardised environment,

where a standardised environment may be:

- an actual environment commonly used for assessment in test settings; or
- in cases where this is not possible, an assumed environment which can be thought to have a uniform impact (WHO 2001).

The standardised environment has not been generally operationalised. However, the recognition of these two constructs in the ICF underscores the importance of recording the environment in which activities are being performed.

This glossary item is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002). The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd Ed) ANN{.N[N} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM $3rd Ed) ANN{.N[N].$

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF

itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en

Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Activity - functioning, disability and health,

version 1, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (17.9 KB)

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Activities and participation code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity difficulty level code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Disability Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Extent of environmental factors influence code (ICF 2001) [X]N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – disability group, code N Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Address

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327278

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 08/05/2006

Housing assistance, Candidate 01/10/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standardisation pending 07/05/2014

Definition: The referential description of a location where an entity is

located or can be otherwise reached or found.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The following attributes are commonly used in the formation of a full address:

- Address line; (address line is a composite data element containing many attributes of the specific location of a full address - see the current version of the Address line metadata item for further description and a list of its components for addresses located in Australia)
- Address type
- Australian state/territory identifier
- Country identifier
- Non-Australian State/province
- Postal delivery point identifier
- Postcode Australian
- Postcode international
- Suburb/town/locality

Some attributes of an address, located within Australia, also provide the elements to determine the **Statistical Local Area** (SLA) (Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ABS cat. no. 1216.0, effective up until 1 July 2011)) or the Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2) (Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ABS cat. nos. 1270.0.55.001 to 1270.0.55.005, effective from 1 July 2011)). This enables:

- comparison of the use of services by persons residing in different geographical areas,
- characterisation of catchment areas and populations for facilities for planning purposes, and
- documentation of provision of services to clients who reside in other states or territories. The address is also a

relevant element in the unambiguous identification of a Health Care Client and a Health Care Provider.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Health Data Standards Committee

Reference documents: AS5017 Health Care Client Identification, 2002, Sydney:

Standards Australia

AS4846 Health Care Provider Identification, 2004, Sydney:

Standards Australia

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Address (community services)</u> Community

Services, Superseded 08/05/2006

Supersedes Address, version 2, DEC, NHDD, NHIMG,

<u>Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf</u> (15.3 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Person (address) – address line, text [X(180)] Community

Services, Standard 30/09/2005 Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Service provider organisation (address) – address line, text

[X(180)] Community Services, Standard 30/09/2005

Housing assistance, Superseded 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 04/05/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010

Adoption

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327208

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: Adoption is the legal process by which a person legally

becomes a child of the adoptive parents and legally ceases

to be a child of his/her existing parents.

Context: Children and family services.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The adoption order severs the legal relationship between

the biological parents and the child. A new birth certificate is issued to the child bearing the name(s) of his/her adoptive parent(s) as the natural parent(s) and the new

name of the child, where a change has occurred.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW)

Origin: Adoptions Australia (AIHW). Data collection standards, tables

and counting rules, 1998-99.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Adoption, version 2, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG,

Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (12.3 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Adoption – access arrangement type, code N Community

Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – adoption consent, code N Community Services,

Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – adoption organisation sector, code N Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – application for information type, code N

Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of applications for information lodged, total N[NN] Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – number of vetoes lodged, total N[NN]

Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – relationship of person who lodged an application, code N[N] Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Adoption – veto type, code N Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Intercountry adoption living arrangement post arrival Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)] Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person – adoption type Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Person—adoption type, code N[N] Community Services, Standard 20/05/2013

Assistance received

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327202

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: The goods or services, or time or money received by a

person (client) during a service episode or event.

Context: This is important for client centred collections. It may be

used to measure the amounts and nature of assistance that are received directly by clients, which can be used to help assess the appropriateness and effectiveness of programs.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: This is a client centred measure of amounts of assistance.

This is not necessarily the same as an agency's total outlay to a particular client as it does not include administration

costs, travel time for service providers, etc.

For example, a client that receives meals from a meals on wheels service. In this instance only that which is directly received by the client is recorded (i.e. the number of meals). The administration costs of providing this service, the costs of making the meal and the time and costs of the person delivering the meal are not included in the amount of

assistance received.

This is only a measure of money, time or quantity of goods or services directly received by clients. It will not accrue to give a total of assistance provided on an agency basis (in terms of money, time or quantity of goods or services). Therefore it should not be used for National Accounts

reporting.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Home and Community Care (HACC) Data Dictionary

Version 1.0, 1998.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assistance received, version 1, DEC, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (13.8 KB)

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Service event—assistance received date Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Service event—assistance received date, DDMMYYYY Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Assistance request reason

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327204

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 02/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 02/08/2010

Definition: The reason(s) why a person has sought or requires

assistance from an agency.

Context: To better identify the needs of clients, to identify needs that

are not being met and to target assistance to clients more

effectively.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: A person may seek or require assistance for a number of

reasons, some of which are the immediate presenting reason, while others will be underlying or longer term reasons. These will require particular and usually different

responses and services.

For example, a person's immediate reason for seeking assistance may be that they have lost their accommodation and require accommodation support. However, the underlying reasons as to why they have no accommodation may be because of a psychiatric condition, alcohol or drug dependency, a gambling addiction, or because they are being abused at home. These underlying reasons may or

may not have directly resulted in the homelessness, but

have been contributing factors.

Underlying reasons for a person requiring a service are likely to be complex and more difficult to ascertain than the

immediate presenting reason.

A second example is in child protection. Many children that come to the attention of community services agencies as being in need of care and protection come from families in crisis (for example, parents have psychiatric illnesses, financial stress, domestic violence etc.). Without providing a service to the family as well as the child then the child is likely to be re-notified.

Providing a service for the client's immediate need will not necessarily assist the client in the longer term, resulting in the client continually requiring short term assistance, while at the same time continuing to have an underlying problem or need that is not being addressed.

Therefore by attempting to collect information on both the immediate and the underlying reasons for a person's current situation, agencies may be able to better assist them both in the short and longer term, while at the same time more effectively utilising the services available.

Many children that come to the attention of community services agencies as being in need of care and protection come from families in crisis (for example, parents have psychiatric illnesses, financial stress, domestic violence etc.).

Further research is required to develop a data domain to enable the measurement of this concept.

It is possible that a number of data elements could be developed out of this concept, such as 'Immediate reason for seeking assistance' and 'Underlying reason for seeking assistance'. Such items would need a great deal of consultation with input from community service agencies to develop meaningful and well structured data domains.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assistance request reason, version 1, DEC,

NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.6 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Service event – assistance request date, DDMMYYYY

Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Assistance with activities and participation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327298

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: The help that a person receives or needs from another

person, because of their difficulty in performing an activity

or in participating in an area of life.

Context: 'Assistance' is an important subset of Environmental factors

that may facilitate (or hinder) the activities or participation of people with disability. Assistance is a key policy and service component in the disability and aged care services field in Australia. Further, it is recognised in the ICF as a crucial factor whose presence (or absence) must be noted when recording measures of functioning and disability.

Recording measures of assistance needed or provided will provide further information about activity limitations.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The concept can be used to describe aspects of the

environment. Depending on which environment is present or being considered, the measure of assistance indicates what assistance is currently received (in the current or usual environment) and what would be needed (in an optimum environment). 'Need' more generally relates to environmental factors (including personal assistance, equipment and environmental modifications) that are present in an optimum environment but not in the person's current environment. That is, changes may be needed to environmental factors in order to improve a person's functioning and reduce their disability. While these ideas apply generally to 'Environmental Factors' and the related metadata item, Extent of environmental factors influence code [X]N, the concept of 'Assistance' focuses solely on the

factor of personal assistance.

Measures of assistance and need for assistance are under active development in a number of disciplines and service programs. Assistance may be measured in various ways, for instance in relation to duration, frequency and intensity of assistance. Related data elements are therefore likely to emerge in the future.

This glossary item is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd Ed) ANN{.N[N} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd Ed) ANN{.N[N}.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF

itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Assistance with activities and participation,

version 1, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (17.4 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Activity difficulty level code (ICF 2001) N Community

Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – disability group, code N Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Boarding house building

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327408

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A separate building (also referred to as a rooming or

lodging house) containing multiple

boarding/rooming/lodging house bedrooms and/or

boarding house units.

Context: The identification of boarding house buildings from

individual **boarding house rooms** or **units** is important in calculating the operational costs for this type of dwelling.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: In Victoria, the term 'rooming house' is used and the term

'boarding house' is used to distinguish cases where meals

are also provided.

Section 5A of the Social Security Act 1991 states that:

5A(5A) A person's accommodation is exempt

accommodation (i.e. they are eligible for Commonwealth Rent Assistance (CRA) at the full single rate) if it is in premises that are, in the Secretary's opinion, a boarding house, guest house, hostel, private hotel, rooming house,

lodging house or similar premises.

5A(5B) In forming an opinion about a person's accommodation for the purpose of subsection (5A), the Secretary is to have regard to the characteristics of the accommodation including, in particular, whether or not the

following are characteristics of the accommodation:

(a) the premises are known as a boarding house, guest house, hostel, hotel, private hotel, rooming house, lodging

house or similar premises;

(b) a manager or administrator (other than a real estate agent) is retained to manage the premises or administer the accommodation on a daily or other frequent regular basis;

(c) staff are retained by the proprietor or manager of the premises to work in the premises on a daily or other

frequent regular basis;

(d) the residents lack control over the day-to-day

management of the premises;

- (e) there are house rules, imposed by the proprietor or manager, that result in residents having rights that are more limited than those normally enjoyed by a lessee of private residential accommodation (for example, rules limiting the hours of residents' access to their accommodation or limiting residents' access to cooking facilities in the premises);
- (f) the person does not have obligations to pay for his or her costs of gas, water or electricity separately from the cost of the accommodation;
- (g) the accommodation is not private residential accommodation, having regard to:
- the number and nature of bedrooms in the premises; or
- the number of people who are not related to one another living at the premises; or
- the number and nature of bathrooms in the premises;
- (h) the person's accommodation has not been offered to the person on a leasehold basis;
- (i) there is no requirement that the person pay a bond as security for either the payment of rent or the cost of any damage caused by the person, or for both;
- (j) the person's accommodation is available on a daily or other short-term basis.

5A(5C) Each of the characteristics set out in subsection 5(B) points towards the accommodation in question being exempt accommodation (i.e. the person is eligible for CRA at the full single rate)

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: New South Wales Department of Housing

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: CSHA Community housing data collection manual 2001-02.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Boarding house building, version 1, DEC,

NHADD, NHDAMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.3

KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Boarding house room Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Boarding house unit Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Dwelling Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Dwelling – number of bedrooms, total N[NN] Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013
Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Boarding house room

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327410

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A bedroom within a boarding house (also referred to as a

rooming or lodging house) that is not self-contained, and usually shares a common kitchen and/or bathroom. Boarding house bedrooms are usually accessed via a

common entrance such as a foyer or hallway.

Context: The identification of individual boarding house **bedrooms**

or **units** from boarding house **buildings** is important in calculating the operational costs for this type of dwelling.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Section 5A of the Social Security Act 1991 states that:

5A(5A) A person's accommodation is exempt accommodation (i.e. they are eligible for Commonwealth Rent Assistance (CRA) at the full single rate) if it is in premises that are, in the Secretary's opinion, a boarding house, guest house, hostel, private hotel, rooming house,

lodging house or similar premises.

5A(5B) In forming an opinion about a person's accommodation for the purpose of subsection (5A), the Secretary is to have regard to the characteristics of the accommodation including, in particular, whether or not the following are

characteristics of the accommodation:

- (a) the premises are known as a boarding house, guest house, hostel, hotel, private hotel, rooming house, lodging house or similar premises;
- (b) a manager or administrator (other than a real estate agent) is retained to manage the premises or administer the accommodation on a daily or other frequent regular basis;
- (c) staff are retained by the proprietor or manager of the premises to work in the premises on a daily or other frequent regular basis;
- (d) the residents lack control over the day-to-day management of the premises;
- (e) there are house rules, imposed by the proprietor or

manager, that result in residents having rights that are more limited than those normally enjoyed by a lessee of private residential accommodation (for example, rules limiting the

hours of residents' access to their accommodation or limiting residents' access to cooking facilities in the premises);

- (f) the person does not have obligations to pay for his or her costs of gas, water or electricity separately from the cost of the accommodation;
- (g) the accommodation is not private residential accommodation, having regard to:
- the number and nature of bedrooms in the premises; or
- the number of people who are not related to one another living at the premises; or
- the number and nature of bathrooms in the premises;
- (h) the person's accommodation has not been offered to the person on a leasehold basis;
- (i) there is no requirement that the person pay a bond as security for either the payment of rent or the cost of any damage caused by the person, or for both;
- (j) the person's accommodation is available on a daily or other short-term basis.

5A(5C) Each of the characteristics set out in subsection 5(B) points towards the accommodation in question being exempt accommodation (i.e. the person is eligible for CRA at the full single rate).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: New South Wales Department of Housing

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: CSHA Community housing data collection manual 2001-02

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Boarding house room, version 1, DEC,

NHADD, NHDAMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (16.2)

KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Boarding house building Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Boarding house room Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Boarding house unit Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Dwelling Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Dwelling – number of bedrooms, total N[NN] Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013
Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Boarding house unit

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327412

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A self-contained unit within a boarding house (also

referred to as a rooming or lodging house) with separate cooking, bathroom and toilet facilities. Boarding house units are usually accessed via a common entrance such as a

foyer or hallway.

Context: The identification of individual **boarding house bedrooms**

or units from **boarding house buildings** is important in calculating the operational costs for this type of dwelling.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Section 5A of the Social Security Act 1991 states that:

5A(5A) A person's accommodation is exempt accommodation (i.e. they are eligible for Commonwealth Rent Assistance at the full single rate) if it is in premises that are, in the Secretary's opinion, a boarding house, guest house, hostel, private hotel, rooming house, lodging house or similar premises.

5A(5B) In forming an opinion about a person's accommodation for the purpose of subsection (5A), the Secretary is to have regard to the characteristics of the accommodation including, in particular, whether or not the following are characteristics of the accommodation:

- (a) the premises are known as a boarding house, guest house, hostel, hotel, private hotel, rooming house, lodging house or similar premises;
- (b) a manager or administrator (other than a real estate agent) is retained to manage the premises or administer the accommodation on a daily or other frequent regular basis;
- (c) staff are retained by the proprietor or manager of the premises to work in the premises on a daily or other frequent regular basis;
- (d) the residents lack control over the day-to-day management of the premises;
- (e) there are house rules, imposed by the proprietor or

manager, that result in residents having rights that are more limited than those normally enjoyed by a lessee of private residential accommodation (for example, rules limiting

the hours of residents' access to their accommodation or limiting residents' access to cooking facilities in the premises);

- (f) the person does not have obligations to pay for his or her costs of gas, water or electricity separately from the cost of the accommodation;
- (g) the accommodation is not private residential accommodation, having regard to:
- the number and nature of bedrooms in the premises; or
- the number of people who are not related to one another living at the premises; or
- the number and nature of bathrooms in the premises;
- (h) the person's accommodation has not been offered to the person on a leasehold basis;
- (i) there is no requirement that the person pay a bond as security for either the payment of rent or the cost of any damage caused by the person, or for both;
- (j) the person's accommodation is available on a daily or other short-term basis.

5A(5C) Each of the characteristics set out in subsection 5(B) points towards the accommodation in question being exempt accommodation (i.e. the person is eligible for CRA at the full single rate)

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NSW Department of Housing

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: CHSA Community housing data collection manual 2001-02.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Boarding house building Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Boarding house room Community Services, Standard

19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Dwelling Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Body functions

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327294

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Body functions are the physiological functions of body

systems (including psychological functions).

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Body functions are organised according to body systems.

The term 'body' refers to the human organism as a whole

and includes mental or psychological functions.

Body functions are classified in neutral terms. To indicate that there is a problem with a body function requires the use of the impairment extent code to denote the extent or magnitude of the problem together with the body functions

code.

Comments: This glossary item is based on the International

> Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of

International Classifications and of the Australian Family of

Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the

National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of the ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health

condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or

chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd ed) ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM

 $3rd ed) ANN{.N[N]}.$

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW Reference documents:

Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites:
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en/Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Body function code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Body structures

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327300

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Body structures are anatomical parts of the body such as

organs, limbs and their components.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: Body structures are classified according to body systems.

Impairments of body structure can involve anomaly, defect, loss and significant deviation. These are identified by use of the impairment extent, impairment location and

impairment nature codes.

Comments: This glossary term is based on the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of

International Classifications and of the Australian Family of

Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health

condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd ed) ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM

3rd ed) ANN{.N[N]}.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents:

Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/enhttp://www.who.int

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – disability group, code N Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Carer Allowance

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 515353

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: A supplementary payment for parents or carers who provide

daily care to an adult or dependent child who has a disability or

medical condition or is frail aged.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Department of Human Services 2013. Department of Human

Services, Canberra. Viewed 13 March 2013,

http://www.humanservices.gov.au/customer/services/centreli

nk/carer-allowance

Relational attributes

Metadata items which Informal c use this glossary item: Communi

Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator,

code N Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Type of informal carer benefit code N Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Carer Payment

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 515394

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Definition: Support if you are unable to work in paid employment because

you provide full-time care to someone with a severe disability,

medical condition, or is frail aged.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Department of Human Services 2013. Department of Human

Services, Canberra. Viewed 13 March

2013, http://www.humanservices.gov.au/customer/services/cent

relink/carer-payment

Relational attributes

Metadata items which Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator use this glossary item:

Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Informal carer – receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator,

code N Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Receipt of carer allowance or payment indicator Community

Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Type of informal carer benefit code N Community Services,

Standard 10/04/2013

Collection District (CD)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 397490

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 09/12/2010

Definition: The CD is the smallest spatial unit in the Australian Standard

Geographical Classification (ASGC).

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Australian Standard Geographical Classification

(ASGC) is a hierarchical classification system of

geographical areas and consists of a number of interrelated structures. It provides a common framework of statistical geography and enables the production of statistics which

are comparable.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australian Standard

Geographic Classification (ASGC 2009).

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Person – area of usual residence, geographical location CD code, (ASGC 2011) NNNNNNN Community Services,

Standard 14/07/2011

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Service provider organisation – geographic location (CD), code (ASGC 2011) NNNNNNN Community Services,

Standard 21/02/2012

Early Childhood, Standard 09/03/2012

Corporation

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 354894

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: A corporation is a legal entity that:

is created for the purpose of producing goods and

services for the market

• may be a source of profit or other financial gain to its

owner(s)

• is collectively owned by shareholders who have the authority to appoint directors responsible for its general

management.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Standard Economic Sector Classifications of Australia

(SESCA 2002). Canberra: Australian Bureau of Statistics.

Reference documents: Reference online through:

Standard Economic Sector Classifications of Australia

(SESCA)

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Service provider organisation – corporation indicator,

yes/no code N Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Dependant

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327458

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A dependant is defined as someone who lives in the

primary care of parent(s), carer or guardian, is aged 24

years and under, and:

is studying full-time (ages 5 and over); and/or

• is not in receipt of a pension, payment or benefit (e.g. Youth Allowance) or a Prescribed Education Scheme

payment (e.g. ABSTUDY); and/or

 has an annual income of no more than the amount specified by Centrelink for basic eligibility for Family

Tax Benefit Part A.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Centrelink 2005. A guide to Australian Government

payments - 20 March to 30 June 2005.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Income unit Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Relationship to household reference person code NN

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Disability

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327304

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Disability is the umbrella term for any or all of: an

impairment of body structure or function, a limitation in

activities, or a restriction in participation.

Disability is a multi-dimensional and complex concept and is conceived as a dynamic interaction between health conditions and environmental and personal factors (WHO

2001:6).

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

Many different 'definitions' of disability are used in Australia, both in administrative data collections and in Acts of Parliament. The consistent identification of disability in national data collections has been recommended in a number of reports, for instance to enable:

- the monitoring of access to generic services by people with disability
- the collection of more consistent data on disability support and related services, including data on service use by different groups
- population data and service data to be related, thereby improving the nation's analytical capacity in relation to the need for and supply of services
- improved understanding of the relationship between disability, health conditions and other health outcomes.

Defining disability makes it possible to determine the number of people who are accessing services, both disability specific and generic, and also those with a disability in the general population with unmet need. Better definition of disability will aid better targeting of resources to those in need.

Disability arises from the interaction between health conditions and environmental and personal factors. A health condition may be a disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma. Environmental factors make up the physical, social and attitudinal environment in which people live and conduct their lives. Personal factors relate to the individual, such as age, sex and Indigenous status.

The concept 'Disability' can be described using a combination of related metadata items as building blocks.

The metadata items selected may vary depending on the definition of disability used. For example, in hospital rehabilitation, the focus may be on the impairment and activity dimensions and in community-based care the focus may be primarily on participation. Some applications may require a broad scope for inclusion (e.g. discrimination legislation). Data collections relating to services will select combinations of the data elements, which best reflect the eligibility criteria for the service.

This glossary item is based on the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd Edn) ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd Edn) ANN{.N[N]}.

Source and reference attributes

World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

> the following websites • WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

1390 National community services data dictionary: version 8

Origin:

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Activities and participation code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity difficulty level code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity need for assistance code N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Activity need for assistance disability code N Community Services, Standard 13/03/2013

Body function code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Body structure code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Environmental factor code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Extent of environmental factors influence code (ICF 2001) [X]N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment extent code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment location code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment nature code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Participation extent code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Participation satisfaction level code N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Environmental factors

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327286

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Environmental factors make up the physical, social and

attitudinal environment in which people live and conduct

their lives.

Context: Environmental factors are external to the individual and

> can have a positive or negative influence on a person's participation as a member of society, on performance of activities, or on a person's body function or structure.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: In the ICF classification scheme Environmental factors are

> organised to focus on two different levels, individual and societal. Environmental factors interact with the Body structures/Body functions and Activities and participation

components.

A person's functioning and disability is conceived as the dynamic interaction between health conditions and

environmental and personal factors.

Comments: This glossary item is based on the International

> Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of

International Classifications and of the Australian Family of

Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the

National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or

chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care

principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd edn)

ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code

(ICD-10-AM 3rd edn) ANN{.N[N]}.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF

itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/enhttp://www.who.int

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Extent of environmental factors influence code (ICF 2001)

[X]N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – disability group, code N Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Person—extent of environmental factor influence, code (ICF 2001) [X]N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Family

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 351499

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Housing assistance, Standard 01/05/2013

Health, Standard 31/08/2007

Definition: Two or more people related by blood, marriage (registered

or de facto), adoption, step or fostering who may or may

not live together.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Family, household and

income unit variables. Cat No. 1286.0. Canberra: ABS.

Viewed on 01/03/2007.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Family Community Services, Superseded

31/08/2007, Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Household – family composition, code N[NNN]

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Informal carer Community Services, Standard 03/05/2007

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Living arrangement code N Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Person (name) – family name, text [X(40)] Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person (name) – given name Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 01/08/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Person (name) – given name, text [X(40)] Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Person – informal carer existence indicator, code N

Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Functioning

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327292

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Functioning is the umbrella term for any or all of: body

> functions, body structures, activities and participation. Functioning is a multidimensional concept denoting the neutral aspects of the interaction between an individual

(with a health condition) and that individual's

environmental and personal factors.

Context: An individual's functioning in a specific domain is an

> interaction or complex relationship between health conditions and environmental and personal factors.

Functioning and disability are dual concepts in a broad framework, with disability focussing on the more negative

aspects of this interaction.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: This glossary term is based on the International

> Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of

International Classifications and of the Australian Family of

Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the

National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or

chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care

principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd edn)

ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code

(ICD-10-AM 3rd edn) ANN{.N[N]}.

Source and reference attributes

World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. ICF: International Origin:

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003.

ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF

itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/enhttp://www.who.int

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Functioning</u>, version 1, DEC, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (15.4 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Geocode

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 454203

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: A description of the coordinates representing the

location/position of an object.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: A geocode caters for the needs of a variety of users, with a

particular focus on the needs of emergency and other

essential service providers.

There are a number of elements needed to define a unique address geocode. The elements comprise a: reference datum, the way coordinates are expressed, the units, the coordinates themselves and the accuracy or uncertainty of

the coordinate values.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: ESRI 2011. Geographic information systems dictionary.

ESRI. Viewed 1 July 2011,

http://support.esri.com/en/knowledgebase/

Gisdictionary/browse>

Standards Australia 2006. AS 4590 – 2006 Interchange of

client information. Sydney: Standards Australia.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Address – geocode containment indicator Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode containment indicator, yes/no code N

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode feature, text [X(30)] Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode geographic datum Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode geographic datum, text [X(10)]

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode positional uncertainty, total metres N[NNN].NNN Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Address – geocode vertical datum, text [X(10)] Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode feature Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode geographic datum Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geocode vertical datum Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Geographic indicator

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327306

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standardisation pending 07/05/2014

Homelessness, Standard 22/10/2005

Definition: A classification scheme that divides an area into mutually

exclusive sub-areas based on geographic location. Some

geographic indicators are:

 <u>Australian Standard Geographical Classification</u> (ASGC, ABS cat. no. 1216.0, effective up until 1 July

2011)

• <u>Australian Statistical Geography Standard</u> (ASGS, ABS cat. nos. 1270.0.55.001 to 1270.0.55.005, effective from 1

July 2011)

• administrative regions

electorates

Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA)

• Rural, Remote and Metropolitan Area Classification

(RRMA)

• country.

To enable the analysis of data on a geographical basis.

Facilitates analysis of service provision in relation to

demographic and other characteristics of the population of

a geographic area.

Collection and usage attributes

Context:

Comments: The data element 'Person (address) – Australian postcode

(*Postcode datafile*), *code* [*NNNN*]' is not included in the above listing, as it is, strictly speaking, not a geographic indicator.

Sometimes postcodes are used in the analysis of data on a

geographical basis, which involves a conversion to

Statistical Local Area or Statistical Area Level 2 (Australian Bureau of Statistics geographical structures). This

conversion results in some inaccuracy of information. However, in some data sets 'Person (address) – Australian postcode (Postcode datafile), code [NNNN]' is the only geographic identifier, therefore the use of other more accurate indicators (for example, conversion from address

line to Statistical Local Area or Statistical Area Level 2) is not always possible.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Geographic indicator, version 2, DEC, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.0 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Australian state/territory identifier Community Services,

Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 22/10/2005

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standard 21/05/2010 Homelessness, Standard 01/05/2013

Head-leased dwelling (government)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327318

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: Dwellings owned by state and territory governments that

are leased to other government or non-government

organisations via head-leasing arrangements.

Context: Head-leasing involves at least two leases: one between the

dwelling owner and the lessee, and one between the provider and the tenant. The Residential Tenancies Act

applies to both leases.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this Dwelling Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

glossary item: Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Head-leased dwelling (private)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327414

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: Dwellings owned by private individuals or private

corporations that are leased to Commonwealth-State Housing Agreement (CSHA) housing providers via headleasing arrangements. The CSHA housing provider is usually responsible for tenant selection and tenancy

management functions.

Context: Head-leasing involves at least two leases: one between the

dwelling owner and the lessee, and one between the provider and the tenant. The Residential Tenancies Act

applies to both leases.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Head-leasing is commonly undertaken in the community

housing sector, where non-Government organisations head-lease housing stock from the private sector and state and territory Governments, and sublease it directly to the tenants. It is important to identify those dwellings that are head-leased from the private sector, as maintenance and other management costs are generally incurred by the owner, and therefore may not be captured in the annual

CSHA data collections.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: NSW Department of Housing

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.

Origin: Department of Housing - Policy EST0012A: Headleasing

CSHA Community housing data collection manual 2001-02

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Head-leased dwelling (private), version 1,

DEC, NHADD, NHDAMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf

(14.4 KB)

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Dwelling Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005 Housing assistance, Standard 01/03/2005

Homeless

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327244

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A person is homeless if he or she does not have access to

safe, secure and stable housing. Hence even if a person has a physical home, they would be considered homeless if:

they were not safe at home,

• they had no legal right to continued occupation of their

home (security of tenure), or

• the home lacked the amenities or resources necessary

for living.

Context: There is considerable concern over the number of homeless

people in society and the assistance they require. Collecting information on homeless people is problematic, as the concept of 'homelessness' encompasses elements in

addition to whether, someone resides in a dwelling or not.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: SAAP National Data Collection Agency

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: SAAP (Supported Accommodation Assistance Program)

National Data Collection Agency 2001. *National Data Collection Data Dictionary*. Version 2. Unpublished

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Homelessness, version 1, DEC, NCSDD,

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (13.0 KB)

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Residential setting code N Community Services, Standard

01/03/2005

Illicit drug

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

Synonymous names: Illegal drug

METeOR identifier: 413485

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Definition: An illicit drug is defined as any drug which is illegal to

possess or use or any legal drug used in an illegal manner,

for example:

• a drug obtained on prescription but given or sold to

another person to use

• glue or petrol which is sold legally, but is used in a manner that is not intended, such as inhaling fumes

• stolen pharmaceuticals sold on the black market (e.g.

Pethidine)

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The 2007 National Drug Strategy Household Survey report

defines illicit drugs as illegal drugs (such as

marijuana/cannabis), prescription or over-the-counter pharmaceuticals (such as analgesics/pain-killers or tranquillisers/sleeping pills) used for illicit purposes, and other substances used inappropriately (such as naturally

occurring hallucinogens and inhalants).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2008.

2007 National Drug Strategy Household Survey: first results. Drug Statistics Series number 20.Cat. no. PHE 98.

Canberra: AIHW.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Person—substance used illicitly indicator, yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Impairment of body structure

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327288

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: Impairments of body structure are problems in body

structure such as a loss or significant departure from

population standards or averages.

Context: Body structures are classified in ICF in neutral terms. To

> indicate that there is a problem with a body structure requires the use of the body structures code for the

structure affected and the impairment extent code to denote

the extent or magnitude of the problem.

The impairment nature and impairment location codes can be used to expand the description of a problem with a body

structure.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Comments

This glossary term is based on the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in

2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of

International Classifications and of the Australian Family of

Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the

condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or

National Health Information Management Group in 2002). The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health

chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care

principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd edn)

ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code

(ICD-10-AM 3rd edn) ANN{.N[N]}.

Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF

itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and the following websites

• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

 $\underline{http://www.aihw.gov.au/international\text{-}collaboration/}$

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Body structures Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Impairment nature code (ICF 2001) N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Person – body structure, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN] Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Income unit

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327218

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: One person or a group of related persons within a

household, whose command over income is shared, or any person living in a non-private dwelling who is in receipt of

personal income. Income units are restricted to

relationships of marriage (registered or de facto) and of parent/dependent child who usually resides in the same household. This means that an income unit can be defined

as:

• a married couple or sole parent, and dependent children only; or

 a married couple only with no dependent children present; or

• a person who is not related to any other household member either by marriage or by the parent/dependent

child relationship.

Context: This is the standard statistical unit for analyses of economic

well being, and in the community services context is an

important measure in assessing the needs and circumstances of individuals and families.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: It should be noted that the reference to 'dependent child' in

this context is guided by the following definition, 'a dependent child is any person aged under 15 years, or person aged 15 to 24 years who is a full-time student and lives with a parent(s), guardian or other relative and who does not have a spouse or offspring of the person living in

the same location'.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Bureau of Statistics

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 1995. A Provisional

Framework for Household Income, Consumption, Saving and

Wealth. Cat No. 6549.0. Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Income unit, version 2, DEC, NCSDD,</u>

NCSIMG, Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (14.0 KB)

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Income unit – income unit composition, code N Community Services, Standard 31/08/2007

Relationship to household reference person code NN

Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Informal carer

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 353420

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 03/05/2007

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Definition: An informal carer includes any person, such as a **family**

member, friend or neighbour, who is giving regular,

ongoing assistance to another person.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this
Informal carer—relationship to care recipient,

glossary item: interpersonal code N[N] Community Services, Standard

10/04/2013

Person – informal carer existence indicator Community

Services, Standard 02/05/2006 Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Person – informal carer existence indicator, code N

Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Health, Standard 04/07/2007

Investigation (child protection)

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 367345

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/04/2008

Definition: An investigation is the process whereby state and territory

> child protection and support services obtain more detailed information about a child who is subject of a notification and make assessment about the harm or degree of harm to the child and the child's protective needs. An investigation includes the interviewing or sighting of the subject child

where it is practicable to do so.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2007.

Child Protection Australia 2005-06. Child welfare series no.

40. Cat no. CWS 28. Canberra: AIHW.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Child protection notification – finalised investigation outcome indicator Community Services, Standard

30/04/2008

Child protection notification – finalised investigation outcome indicator, code N Community Services, Standard

30/04/2008

Local Government Area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

Synonymous names: LGA

METeOR identifier: 354357

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: A spatial unit which represents the whole geographical

area of responsibility of an incorporated Local Government Council, an Aboriginal or Island Council in Queensland, or a Community Government Council (CGC) in the Northern

Territory.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australian Standard

Geographic Classification (ASGC 2006).

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Service provider organisation – geographic location (LGA), code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN Community Services, Standard

21/02/2012

Mental health disorder

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

Synonymous names: Mental disorder

METeOR identifier: 403575

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: A clinically diagnosable disorder that significantly

> interferes with an individual's cognitive, emotional or social abilities. The diagnosis of mental illness is generally made according to the classifications systems of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) or the International Classification of Diseases (ICD).

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: DoHA (Department of Health and Ageing) 2009. Fourth

> national mental health plan: An agenda for collaborative government action in mental health 2009-2014. DoHA,

Canberra, Viewed March 8 2011.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Medication for mental health disorder indicator Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Mental health disorder indicator Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – medication for mental health disorder indicator

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – medication for mental health disorder indicator, yes/no code N Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – mental health disorder indicator Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – mental health disorder indicator, yes/no code N

Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Participation—functioning, disability and health

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

Synonymous names: Participation

METeOR identifier: 327312

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/06/2005

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Definition: In the context of health, participation is involvement in a

life situation.

Context: Involvement refers to the lived experience of people in the

actual context in which they live. This context includes 'Environmental Factors' - all aspects of the physical, social

and attitudinal world.

The individual's degree of involvement can be reflected by this glossary item when combined with Participation extent code (ICF 2001) X and Participation satisfaction level code

Χ.

'Activities and participation' is one of three components that define the concept 'Disability', along with 'Body functions and structures' and 'Environmental factors'. 'Activities and participation' is also encompassed within

the concept 'Functioning'.

The concept 'Participation', as defined here and as measured in the metadata items Participation extent code (ICF 2001) X and Participation satisfaction level code X, may be relevant to people and human services not related

to disability.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Participation restrictions are problems an individual may

experience in involvement in life situations.

In time, a related and more generic data element may be developed. In the meantime, the addition of 'functioning, disability and health' to the name of this glossary item indicates that the current concept is based on the concept and framework developed by World Health Organization to assist in the classification and description of functioning

and disability, as contained in the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF).

This glossary item is based on the International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF). The ICF was endorsed by the World Health Assembly in 2001 as a reference member of the WHO Family of International Classifications and of the Australian Family of Health and Related Classifications (endorsed by the National Health Information Management Group in 2002).

The ICF provides a framework for the description of human functioning and disability. The components of ICF are defined in relation to a health condition. A health condition is an 'umbrella term for disease (acute or chronic), disorder, injury or trauma' (WHO 2001). A health condition may be recorded, for example, as Episode of care principal diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd edn) ANN{.N[N]} and Episode of care additional diagnosis, code (ICD-10-AM 3rd edn) ANN{.N[N]}.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: World Health Organization (WHO) 2001. International

Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health.

Geneva: WHO

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003. ICF Australian User Guide Version 1.0. Canberra: AIHW

Reference documents: Further information on the ICF can be found in the ICF

itself and the ICF Australian User Guide (AIHW 2003) and

the following websites
• WHO ICF website

http://www.who.int/classifications/icf/en

• Australian Collaborating Centre ICF website

http://www.aihw.gov.au/international-collaboration/

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes Participation - functioning, disability and

health, version 1, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG, Superseded

01/03/2005.pdf (17.2 KB)

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Activities and participation code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN]

Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Extent of environmental factors influence code (ICF 2001)

[X]N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Functioning and Disability DSS Community Services,

Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Participation extent code (ICF 2001) N Community

Services, Standard 16/10/2006

Health, Standard 29/11/2006

Participation satisfaction level code N Community Services, Standard 16/10/2006 Health, Standard 29/11/2006

 $\begin{array}{l} Person-disability\ group, code\ N\ Community\ Services,\\ Standard\ 01/03/2005 \end{array}$

Preschool program

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

Synonymous names: Early childhood education and care program

METeOR identifier: 436132

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 07/06/2011

Definition: A preschool program is a structured, play based learning

program, delivered by a degree qualified teacher primarily aimed at children in the year before they commence full-time schooling, irrespective of the type of institution that provides it or whether it is government funded or privately provided. Programs may be delivered in a variety of

service settings including separate preschools or

kindergartens, long day care centres, in association with a

school etc.

The terms most commonly used to describe preschool programs in states and territories are:

- Kindergarten Queensland, Western Australia, Tasmania.
- Kindergarten or Preschool Victoria, South Australia.
- Preschool New South Wales, Northern Territory, Australian Capital Territory.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments:

A preschool program may or may not be delivered in such a way that meets the Universal Access goal. The requirements for Universal Access are listed below.

The National Partnership Agreement on Early Childhood Education is a commitment to joint Commonwealth, State and Territory action to deliver universal access to quality early childhood education in the year before full-time schooling.

Universal access means that every child, in the year before they commence full-time school, has access to a preschool program that is:

- delivered by a four year university qualified early childhood teacher in accordance with the National Early Years Learning Framework
- available for at least 15 hours a week, 40 weeks a year
- delivered across a diversity of settings that meets the

needs of parents and at a cost that does not present a

barrier to participation.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Early Childhood Data Sub Group

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Child – preschool program enrolment indicator, yes/no

code N Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

Child – preschool program hours enrolled (per week), total hours N[N] Community Services, Standard 19/09/2013

Early Childhood, Standard 08/04/2013

SAAP accommodation place

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 336726

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: A permanent bed which is owned or managed by a SAAP

agency or paid for using SAAP funds.

Collection and usage attributes

Guide for use: This does not include any additional temporary beds which

the agency may use.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: SAAP Data Sub Committee

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: SAAP National Data Collection Data Dictionary, Version 2,

November 2001.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Service provider organisation – accommodation places, total N[N(8)] Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Total places N[N(8)] Community Services, Standard

30/11/2007

Statistical Local Area

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327460

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2006

Health, Standardisation pending 15/11/2011

Definition: The smallest level of geography contained in the Australian

Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC).

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The Australian Standard Geographical Classification

(ASGC) is a hierarchical classification system of

geographical areas and consists of a number of interrelated structures. It provides a common framework of statistical geography and enables the production of statistics which

are comparable.

The product ASGC 2005 contains four comma delimited files showing the levels and hierarchy of those ASGC structures current for the edition: the Local Government Area Structure, the Main Structure, the Statistical District

Structure and the Statistical Region Structure.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australian Standard

Geographic Classification (ASGC 2005).

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this Addre

glossary item:

Address Community Services, Standard 08/05/2006

Housing assistance, Candidate 01/10/2012

Health, Standard 01/03/2005

Early Childhood, Standardisation pending 07/05/2014

Person – geographic location (SLA), code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN Community Services, Standard 21/02/2012

Service provider organisation – geographic location (SLA), code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN Community Services, Standard

26/10/2011

Student

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 350359

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Definition: A person who is formally enrolled and active in a course of

study.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006. Schools Australia. Cat

No. 4221.0. Canberra: ABS.

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this Pe

glossary item:

Person (employed) – employment related study indicator, code N[N] Community Services, Standard 30/11/2007

Target group

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 333455

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Definition: A group of people sharing a common characteristic or set of

characteristics which a particular government policy or program,

or agency seeks to assist.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: Target group is used in describing service provider agencies, in

service planning and in comparing community needs and service availability. Target groups may relate to population groups or communities, families/households, individuals, organisations or labour force groups. Characteristics may

include age, cultural identity, geographic location, specific needs

and other relevant characteristics.

Source and reference attributes

Reference documents: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2003.

National classifications of community services, Version 2.0. AIHW Cat No. HWI 40. Canberra: AIHW. Reference through: http://www.aihw.gov.au/publications/hwi/nccsv2/index.html

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use

this glossary item:

Person – service activity type, (requested) code (NCCS v2.0) ANN{.NN}} Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Transgender

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 398610

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Definition: A transgender person is a person who:

(a) identifies as a member of a different sex by living, or

seeking to live, as a member of that sex; or

(b) has identified as a member of a different sex by living as

a member of that sex; whether or not the person is a

recognised transgender person.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: A person's sex may change during their lifetime as a result

of surgical procedures known alternatively as sex change, gender reassignment, transsexual surgery, transgender reassignment or sexual reassignment. Throughout this process, which may be over a considerable period of time,

sex could be recorded as either male or female.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Reference documents: Australian Capital Territory Legislation (Gay, Lesbian and

Transgender) Amendment Act 2003

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Person – transgender indicator Community Services,

Standard 06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Person – transgender indicator, code N Community

Services, Standard 06/02/2012 Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Transgender indicator Community Services, Standard

06/02/2012

Health, Standard 25/08/2011

Unincorporated business

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327462

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 04/04/2006

Housing assistance, Standard 23/08/2010 Homelessness, Standard 23/08/2010

Definition: A business that does not possess a separate legal identity

from its owner(s). The owner(s) bear full liability for any action or inaction of the business: they may sue and be sued

for business activity or inactivity. Unincorporated

enterprises include sole proprietorships, partnerships and

family trusts.

Source and reference attributes

Origin: Statistical concepts library, Standards for Social, Labour

and Demographic Variables, Cash Income Variables, Framework for Standard Cash Income Variables,

Classification and Coding, Canberra: Australian Bureau of

Statistics.

Reference documents: Reference online through:

Ausstats Standards for Social, Labour and Demographic

Variables, Cash Income Variables

Relational attributes

Metadata items which use this

glossary item:

Person – source of cash income (all) code NN Community

Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Person – source of cash income (principal), code N

Community Services, Standard 29/04/2006

Source of cash income code N Community Services,

Standard 29/04/2006

Source of cash income code NN Community Services,

Standard 29/04/2006

Volunteer

Identifying and definitional attributes

Metadata item type: Glossary Item

METeOR identifier: 327272

Registration status: Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Health, Candidate 06/06/2013

Definition: A person who willingly gives unpaid help in the form of

time, service or skills through an organisation or group.

Context: Voluntary work is an important contribution to national

life. It meets needs within the community at the same time as it develops and reinforces social networks and cohesion.

Collection and usage attributes

Comments: The reimbursement of expenses in full or part (for example,

token payments) or small gifts (for example, sports club T-shirts or caps) is not regarded as payment of salary, and people who receive these are still considered to be

voluntary workers.

People who receive payment in kind for the work they do (for example, receiving farm produce as payment for work done on a farm, rather than cash) are not considered to be

volunteers.

An organisation or group is any body with a formal structure. It may be as large as a national charity or as small as a local book club. Purely ad hoc, informal and temporary gatherings of people do not constitute an organisation.

Persons on Community Service Orders and other similar

work programs are not considered volunteers.

Source and reference attributes

Submitting organisation: Australian Bureau of Statistics

Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

Origin: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2000 Voluntary Work,

Australia Cat No. 4441.0. Canberra: ABS

Relational attributes

Related metadata references: Supersedes <u>Volunteer</u>, version 2, DEC, NCSDD, NCSIMG,

Superseded 01/03/2005.pdf (13.8 KB)

Metadata items which use this glossary item:

Reason for community service cessation code N Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation—full-time equivalent staff (volunteer/unpaid), total N[NNN{.N}] Community Services, Standard 01/03/2005

Service provider organisation – hours worked (volunteer/unpaid staff), total NNNNN Community Services, Standard 27/04/2007

Service type outlet—average full-time equivalent staff (volunteer/unpaid), N[NNN(.N)] Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

Service type outlet—hours worked (volunteer/unpaid staff), total hours NNNNN Community Services, Standard 10/04/2013

4 Companion guide

4.1 Why use metadata standards?

4.1.1 Making data count

Metadata standards promote the quality, accuracy, interpretability, reliability, relevance, interchangeability, transparency, currency, accessibility, coherence and comparability of data and information.

Without metadata standards there is the potential for data to fail to measure what they are supposed to measure, or not be comparable across collections or over time.

Metadata standards enable consistent and comparable reporting of information about services, including describing what services are available, where they are located and how much they cost. Such standards also achieve consistency when reporting about people, for instance, who delivered a service and when, who received the service, and what happened to them as a result.

By making endorsed metadata standards readily available, users are assured that they can use these standards with confidence and that they will enable maximum re-use of their data for future research. In other words, 'Create once, use often'.

4.1.2 Who benefits from using metadata standards?

Information managers use standard formats and definitions to support the receipt, transfer, storage and management of data.

Program managers use data standards as the basis for: describing information requests (that is, data required under formal service or funding agreements, and contracts); measuring service activity, client flows, client characteristics and service usage; understanding demand; better planning of services; describing unmet need (need comparability of population and survey data); and understanding ways to integrate service delivery, resulting in better targeting and usage of services and ultimately cost savings.

Researchers use data standards as the common language to support survey work, as well as to integrate data from other sources.

Policy makers need aggregated information for future policy, management and funding decisions, that is, information to support comparisons across jurisdictions, programs and sectors.

Statisticians use data standards for interpreting and analysing data, analysing results, linking data sets for statistical purposes, carrying out time series analysis (results over time, or trends) and for longitudinal studies (results over time within particular groups).

4.2 Metadata development process and structure

4.2.1 How are metadata standards developed?

Creating metadata standards is part of data development. Data development is the process of building a data set for a specific purpose. For example, one might wish to build a data set that supports research into cancer diagnoses, treatment and outcomes, or one that supports statistical reporting about the functioning of hospital emergency departments.

Data development demands a clear understanding of why the data are needed—for example, to underpin the design and evaluation of community services policy, or to assess the performance of services, or to support research into social inclusion.

It also requires an assessment of the practicalities of collecting the data. Building almost any data set will demand the assembly of data from multiple sources. Thus there must be an understanding of the diverse information systems from which data are drawn, and there must be an effort to apply or develop common standards for concepts, classifications, terminologies, data values and so on.

The quality of data, including its consistency and comparability, is enhanced when metadata standards are used to support the collection and use of a data set.

For more information about the metadata development process, see the AIHW publication *A guide to data development*, available at: < http://www.aihw.gov.au/publication-detail/?id=6442467947 >.

4.2.2 Metadata structure

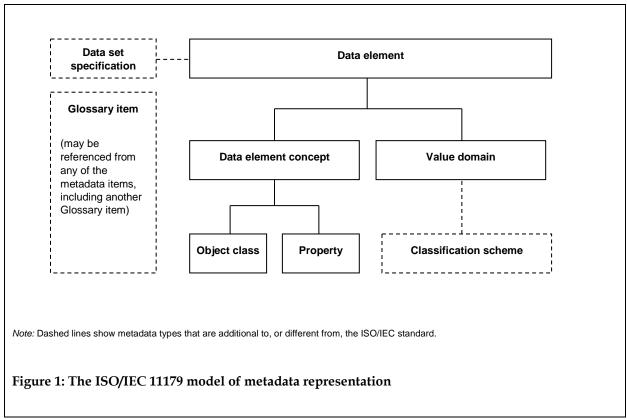
The metadata standards are based on the 2003 version of the ISO/IEC 11179 international standard for metadata registries. Part 3 of the standard is a model for a metadata registry and the formulation of metadata items.

There are six types of metadata defined by ISO/IEC 11179 that have been applied to METeOR and the data dictionaries:

- Object class
- Property
- Data element concept
- Data element
- Value domain
- Classification scheme.

The structure underlying a data element in the dictionary is illustrated in Figure 1.

Types of metadata



4.2.3 Components of data elements

The things that we want to know about include ideas (knowledge), persons, organisations, the environment and events. These things are termed *Object classes*. Some examples of Object classes are 'Person', 'Dwelling' and 'Service provider organisation'. A characteristic of the Object class is known as a *Property*. It is normally the item of interest. For example, the Object class 'Person' can have properties such as 'Sex' and 'Date of birth'.

A *Data element concept* is defined as a concept created by the union of an Object class and a Property. Only one Object class and one Property can be joined for each Data element concept, for example, 'Person – date of birth'.

As can be seen from Figure 1, a *Data element* is formed when a Data element concept is represented in the real world by a set of values (a *Value domain*).

A Value domain specifies how something is to be represented. A Value domain can specify:

- the range of permitted values, for example, a measure of weight in grams represented by three numeric characters
- all permissible values as a set of codes, for example, 'Code 1 Female', 'Code 2 Male'
- the values referenced from a nationally or internationally endorsed classification, such as all codes in the Australian Standard Classification of Languages 2011, or all activity codes listed in the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th revision, Australian Modification, 7th edition.

A *Glossary item* defines the meaning of a term within a specific context. Examples of Glossary items include 'Adoption' and 'Family'. These are not currently defined as Object classes but their meaning must be clarified as part of the data development process.

4.2.4 Data set specifications

A data set specification (DSS) is a grouping of a number of Data elements and the conditions under which they are collected. A DSS defines:

- the scope of the collection, that is, the population that is the target of the data development
- the level at which the data will be collected and reported
- whether the inclusion of each Data element is mandatory, optional or conditional, and the sequence in which Data elements are included.

National minimum data sets

A national minimum data set (NMDS) is a type of DSS, made up of a minimum set of Data elements agreed by the national community services or health information groups for mandatory collection and reporting at a national level. An NMDS may include data elements that are also included in another NMDS.

An NMDS is contingent upon a national agreement to collect uniform data and to supply it as part of the national collection, but does not preclude agencies and service providers from collecting additional data to meet their own specific needs.

An example of an NMDS is the Disability Services NMDS, which is used for the annual collation of nationally comparable data about National Disability Agreement-funded disability services, and to obtain reliable, consistent data with minimal load on staff working in the disability services field.

Non-mandatory data set specifications

DSSs that are not mandated for national collection and reporting (like NMDSs are), are nevertheless recommended as best practice.

For example, the Diabetes (clinical) Data Set Specification is a non-mandatory data set that aims to ensure national consistency in relation to defining, monitoring and recording information on patients diagnosed with diabetes.

4.2.5 Integration of data elements in data dictionaries

The national community services, health, and housing and homelessness data dictionaries contain about 100 integrated data items that can be used consistently across the community services, health, housing assistance, and homelessness sectors. This is especially important for services that straddle sector boundaries, such as aged care, mental health, drug and alcohol services, and services for people with a disability.

Examples of integrated data items are:

- <Accuracy indicator, code AAA>
- <Address line, text [X(180)]>
- <Age at first pregnancy, total years N[N]>
- <Child indicator, code N>
- <Government funding indicator, yes/no code N>
- <Informal carer existence indicator, code N>

- <Interpreter service required, yes/no code N>
- <Labour force status, code N>
- <Organisation name, text [X(200)]>
- <Reporting period, date MMYYYY>
- <Support service type, code N[N]>

5 Data elements listed by technical name

Person – accommodation offer accepted indicator, code N	12
Person—accommodation offered indicator, code N	14
Service event – accommodation period end date, DDMMYYYY	16
Service event—accommodation period start date, DDMMYYYY	17
Person—activity and participation life area, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN]	18
Person—activity and participation life area, disability flag code N	22
Address – address currency status, code A	26
Address – address end date, DDMMYYYY	28
Address – address end time, hhmmss	29
Person (address) – address line, text [X(180)]	31
Service provider organisation (address) – address line, text [X(180)]	34
Address – address site name, text X[(50)]	37
Address – address start date, DDMMYYYY	39
Address – address start time, hhmmss	40
Address – address status identifier, code AAA	42
Adoption – adoption organisation sector, code N	44
Adoption – adoption consent, code N	46
Person—adoption type, code N[N]	48
Adoptive family—sibling composition, type code N	51
Person—adoptive parent marital status, code N	53
Person—age, total years N[NN]	55
Female—age at first pregnancy, total years N[N]	58
Person—age at onset of disability, total years N[NN]	60
Person—age at onset of disability, total months N[N]	62
Person (employed) – age range, code N[N]	64
Client – amount of assistance, total hours NNN	66
Service event—amount of assistance, total hours and minutes NNNN	68
Adoption – application identifier, code N[N]	70
Service provider organisation—number of approved intercountry adoption clients, total number N[N]	71
Person—area of usual residence, geographical location code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN	72
Person—area of usual residence, geographical location CD code, (ASGC 2011) NNNNNNN	75

Person—area of usual residence, statistical area level 2 (SA2) code (ASGS 2011) N(9)	77
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Person—need for assistance with activities in a life area, disability flag code N	94
Address – Australian area code, code NN	97
Entity – Australian business number (ABN), identifier N(11)	99
Address – Australian postcode, code (Postcode datafile) {NNNN}	102
Person—Australian state/territory identifier, code N	105
Service provider organisation — Australian state/territory identifier, code N	107
Address – Australian state/territory identifier, code AA[A]	109
Birth mother—marital status, code N	111
Person — blow to the head indicator, yes/no/not stated/inadequately described code N	113
Person – body function, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNN]	115
Person – body structure, code (ICF 2001) AN[NNNN]	119
Address – building/complex sub-unit type, code AA[AA]	123
Parent/guardian – receipt of Carer Allowance (Child) indicator, code N	127
Informal carer—financial assistance type, carer benefit code N	129
Service provider organisation—carer participation arrangement indicator, code N	131
Client – case management goal status, code N	133
Client – case management plan indicator, yes/no code N	135
Client—case plan review date, DDMMYYYY	137
Client—caseworker allocation date, DDMMYYYY	138
Person – government funding identifier, Centrelink customer reference number N(9)A	139
Person—nature of impairment of body structure, code (ICF 2001) N	141
Child—abuse and neglect type, code N	145
Person—child indicator, code N	147
Person—citizenship country, country code (SACC 2011) NNNN	148
Service provider organisation—client participation arrangements status, code N	150
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Person – extent of activity limitation, disability flag code N	207
Person – extent of core activity limitation, disability flag code N	210
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Service provider organisation – geographic location (SLA), code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN	331
Person – geographic location (SLA), code (ASGC 2011) NNNNN	333
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Person (name) – given name sequence number, code N	339
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Household – family composition, code N[NNN]	364
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Person – adoption order type, intercountry adoption code N	426
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Address – Internet voice product user identifier, text [X(500)]	430
Address – Internet voice product name, text X[(256)]	431
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Person – type of interpreter service required, code N	433
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Person – labour force status, code N	437
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Person – legal order/arrangement type, code N	442
Person (employed) – length of employment in current service, total years code N[NN]	445
Person (employed) — length of experience in industry sector, total years code N[NN]	446
Service event – service event length, total minutes NNNNN	447
Person—letters of family name, text XXX	448
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Address – level number, identifier X[XXXX]	454
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Person – level of highest educational attainment, code NN	458
Person – level of highest non-school qualification, code N	462
Person—living arrangement, code N	466
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Person – occupation (main), code (ANZSCO 2013 Version 1.2) N[NNN]{NN}	486
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Person – new client indicator, code N	520
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Service provider organisation – accommodation places, total N[N(8)]	
Adoption – number of placements, total N[NN]	
Adoption – number of adoptions finalised, total N[NN]	
Service provider organisation – waiting list, total people N[NNN]	
Adoption – number of applications for information lodged, total N[NN]	530
Service provider organisation – number of available places, total N[NN]	531
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Adoption – number of children adopted as part of a sibling group, total N[N]	534
Service provider organisation – number of clients, total people N[NNN]	535
Service provider organisation – number of intercountry adoption clients, total N[N]	537
Service provider organisation (service type) – number of licensed places, N[NN]	539
Dwelling – number of occupants, total N[N]	540
Person – number of people accommodated, total N[N]	541
Adoption – number of placements not finalised, total N[NN]	542
Adoption – number of sibling groups, total N[N]	544
Adoption – number of vetoes in place, total number N[NN]	545
Adoption – number of vetoes lodged, total N[NN]	546
Person – one-off assistance offered indicator, code N	547
Service provider organisation – organisation end date, DDMMYYYY	548
Organisation – organisation name, text [X(200)]	549
Organisation – name end date, DDMMYYYY	551
Organisation – name start date, DDMMYYYY	553
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Related publications

The National Community Services Data Dictionary is one of three national data dictionaries produced biennially under the auspices of the relevant ministerial advisory body.

The other two data dictionaries, which are available on the AIHW website, are:

- AIHW 2012. National health data dictionary: version 16, 2012. Cat. no. HWI 119. Canberra: AIHW.
- AIHW 2013. National housing and homelessness data dictionary: version 1, 2013. Cat. no. HOU 269. Canberra: AIHW.

These two publications can be found at the following link:

http://www.aihw.gov.au/publications/data-standards and in METeOR, at:

http://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/274816.

The National Community Services Data Dictionary (NCSDD) provides national data standards for the community services sector. This latest version (version 8) reflects changes to data standards between July 2012 and end-April 2014. Two data set specifications, 2 data element clusters, 96 data elements, 2 classifications and 8 glossary items have been added to the NCSDD. One national minimum data set, 3 data elements and 2 classifications have been superseded since the previous version of the NCSDD (version 7) was published.